First Sensor 6

SI & SA evaluation kits for high-precision inertial sensors

The SI & SA evaluation kits are inertial sensor modules including control board, sensor board and software for easy-to-use read-out and quick evaluation of the sensor data. The capacitive inclinometers and accelerometers from First Sensor are based on single crystal silicon sensor elements and utilize state-of-the-art micromechanical technology (HARMS, AIM) to achieve large signal-to-noise ratios and excellent stability over temperature.



Benefits of the AIM technology

- Ultra-low cross axis sensitivity due to HARMS technology
- Thin-film free mechanical components, single crystal silicon based
- Minimizing of parasitic capacitances due to insulation of the functional components by air gap
- Complete dry processing
- Excellent thermal performance
- Large signal-to-noise ratio
- Mechanical over-damped to reduce parasitic signals
- Customer specific measurement ranges due to flexible adjustment of mass, spring and damping

Features of the sensor system

- Dual axis measurement
- Excellent stability over temperature
- Digital SPI interface
- High resolution ADC offering more than 100 dB dynamic range
- Configurable bandwith output filter
- Shock survival 1500 g
- Hermetically sealed package
- Customized sensor solutions for packaging and signal processing

Applications

- Geoengineering
- Condition monitoring
- Navigation
- Security systems
- Platform control and stabilization
- Tilt sensing and leveling
- Industrial applications

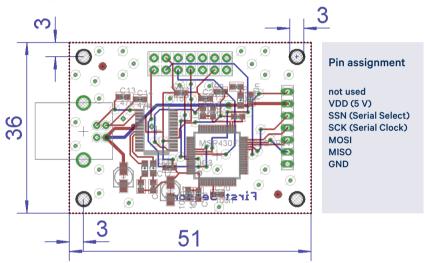


Dimensional drawing and electrical connection

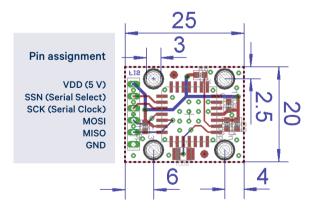
Caution:

The product can be damaged by incorrect connection. Please double check the cable configuration between sensor and control board.

Control board



Sensor board



dimensions in mm



User manual of the terminal software

The software that is used for evaluation of the sensors is a simple terminal program and runs under Windows operating systems. In case of using Linux as operating system please contact us. The evaluation kit is powered using the USB interface. Therefore, no additional reference voltage is necessary. The software is running without an installation. However, it is necessary to install the drivers of the FT232R USB serial converter. Please connect the sensor board "SensB01.SX-XX.S1.C-XX" with the control board "ConB01.SX-SPI" (for the correct connections check the pin assignment) as well as the control board with a PC. When the new hardware is detected automatically, continue the installing using manual selection of the drivers which are located in the folder ".../ First Sensor/driver". The drivers are correctly installed if you have done this procedure two times. In case that the hardware is not detected automatically, it is recommended to use the device manager for selecting the unknown hardware and installing of the required drivers.

Other software, for instance specialized measurement programs, can also be used if they are capable of sending and receiving correct command strings. Each command string send from the controlling computer has to be terminated by a CR-LF sequence (Carriage Return, Line Feed, 0x0D0A). Commands that are not terminated with his sequence are not recognized as valid by the microcontroller. The microcontroller responds to valid commands by executing the requested commands and sending a response string, also terminated with CR-LF sequence. For communication with the control board "ConB01.SX-SPI" it is necessary to setup correct parameters for the additional COM-port. After starting the program using "HTerm.exe" please verify that the preconfigured parameters are selected as shown in Figure 1. The correct COM port that is used for the evaluation kit is obtained by using the device manager of the PC.

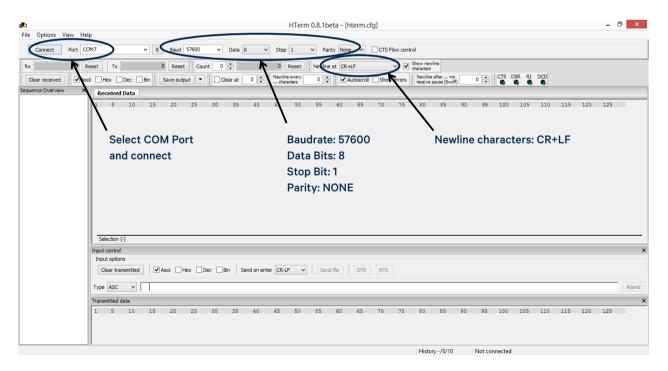


Fig. 1: Control panel of the terminal software and selection of the COM-port parameters



User manual of the terminal software

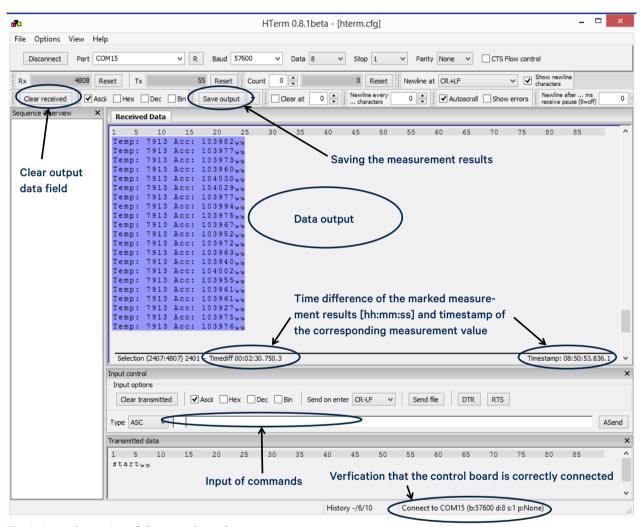


Fig. 2: General overview of the control panel

As shown in Figure 2 the control panel consists of two general buttons (clearing the received data and saving the measurement results), a data output section, a read out of the timing information as well as a command line interface.

To store the measurements results the button "Save output" is used. The default kind of the result file is similar to a text file format. Please note, that the complete data of the output section is stored in the result file. Therefore, clearing the output data field is recommended before starting the measurement. This is done by pressing the "Clear received" button.

Furthermore, after the measurement has been finished it is possible to read out the duration of the measurement. Using "Ctrl+a", all data of the output section is marked and the time difference is shown in the timing information line. Otherwise the timestamp of the operating system could be used to calculate the duration of the measurement. In this case it is necessary to read out the timestamp of the first and the last measurement result.

To adjust the measurement and the sensor parameters some simple commands are necessary. A list of available commands is depicted in Table 16 and shown in the data output section when the command HELP is written in the command line and finished using the enter button.



User manual of the terminal software

Overview of available commands using the terminal software

Using the fo	llowing comma	ands it is possible to configure the measurement parameters and to receive status information of the register values.
START		Starts output of measurement results over serial interface. Output values will be the current chip temperature and the current acceleration of the selected axis. Please note that results are raw data, expressed in [LSB] and without any compensation. To convert the raw data into a corresponding temperature in [°C] or acceleration in [g] please see chapter "5.3 First Measurements".
STOP		Stops output of measurement results over serial interface.
HELP		A list of all available commands and their usage is shown.
RSYS	ADD	Read the 32 bit data from the corresponding address of the system register. The kind of input is RSYS ADD value.
RSYS	ALL	List of all system register values. The kind of input is RSYS ALL.
SET	A or B	SETA or SETB is used to select the sensitive direction of the sensor. Up to now, simultaneous read out of both sensor channels is not possible. However, you can switch between the two channels using the command SETvalue (value A or B is written without space).
PARAM	LIST	List of the configured sensor settings and the corresponding values of the registers. The kind of input is PARAM LIST.
PARAM	AVG	The command PARAM AVG is used to control the averaging factor as well the output data rate of the evaluation kit. Allowed values are 1255. Default value is 1 leading to an output data rate of about 100 Hz in case of using default values of OBW and DSE. Due to the USB interface 200 Hz is the maximum output data rate. To calculate the output data rate equation (4) is used (see chapter "4.3 Filter and Output Data Rate Registers"). If you exceed the maximum output data rate of 200 Hz by configuring OBW and DSE, please use PARAM AVG to decrease the output data rate of the evaluation kit. Usually the noise of the sensor is proportional to the square root of the output data rate. The kind of input is PARAM AVG value.
PARAM	NR	Sets the number of measurement points. Allowed values are 050000. If 0 (default value) is set, the sensor does continuous measurements. The kind of input is PARAM NR value.
LVM		Enables the low voltage mode. Allowed values are 0 (normal operation) or 1 (low voltage mode using 1.2V measurement voltage (default: 1 (SI) and 0 (SA))
WSYS	DOS	Configures the Filter Decimation Output selection. Allowed values are 0 = normal output, 1 = DCF is bypassed and 2 = DCF and HBF are bypassed. (default: 0)
wsys	OBW	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3).
	OBW DSE	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3).
wsys		Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0
wsys wsys	DSE	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0)
wsys wsys wsys	DSE	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using
wsys wsys wsys wsys wsys wsys	DSE CLK VREF	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to
WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS	DSE CLK VREF GAIN1	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) Configures the Sense Gain Control 2 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 07 (default: 5 (SI) and 2 (SA), should be adjusted to
wsys wsys wsys wsys wsys wsys	DSE CLK VREF GAIN1 GAIN2	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) Configures the Sense Gain Control 2 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 07 (default: 5 (SI) and 2 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value)
WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS	DSE CLK VREF GAIN1 GAIN2 ADCA	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) Configures the Sense Gain Control 2 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 07 (default: 5 (SI) and 2 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) ADC digital Gain of Channel SetA. Allowed values are 0524288 (default: 500)
wsys wsys wsys	DSE CLK VREF GAIN1 GAIN2 ADCA ADCB	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) Configures the Sense Gain Control 2 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 07 (default: 5 (SI) and 2 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) ADC digital Gain of Channel SetA. Allowed values are 0524288 (default: 500) ADC digital Gain of Channel SetB. Allowed values are 0524288 (default: 500) Offset Trimming of Channel SetA by adjusting the positive terminal, the negative terminal is configured automatically. Allowed values are
WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS WSYS	DSE CLK VREF GAIN1 GAIN2 ADCA ADCB OFTA	Configures the Filter Decimation Factor. Usually changing the Filter Decimation Factor during operation requires a resetting. However, this is done automatically. Allowed values are 07 (default: 3). Configures the Down Sampling Factor and determines the ration between the output bandwidth and the output data rate. Allowed values are 0 and 1 (default: 0) Configures the Sampling Frequency of the excitation voltage. Allowed values are 1127 (default: 100) Configures the Voltage Reference required for driving the sensors excitation. The voltage can output 2.1V and up to 4.4V that is adjusted using allowed values between 015 (default: 0) Configures the Sense Gain Control 1 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 215 (default: 11 (SI) and 12 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) Configures the Sense Gain Control 2 of both sensor channels. Allowed values are 07 (default: 5 (SI) and 2 (SA), should be adjusted to application specific value) ADC digital Gain of Channel SetA. Allowed values are 0524288 (default: 500) ADC digital Gain of Channel SetB. Allowed values are 0524288 (default: 500) Offset Trimming of Channel SetA by adjusting the positive terminal, the negative terminal is configured automatically. Allowed values are 31418191 (default: 5667) Offset Trimming of Channel SetB by adjusting the positive terminal, the negative terminal is configured automatically. Allowed values are

E / 1 Subject to change without notice www.first-sensor.com contact@first-sensor.com Page 5/6