74AVC2T45

Dual-bit, dual-supply voltage level translator/transceiver; 3-state

Rev. 10 — 4 November 2021 **Product data sheet**

1. General description

The 74AVC2T45 is a dual-bit, dual-supply transceiver that enables bidirectional level translation. It features two data input-output ports (nA and nB), a direction control input (DIR) and dual-supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 0.8 V and 3.6 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (0.8 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V and 3.3 V). Pins nA and DIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins nB are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from nA to nB and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from nB to nA.

The device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF}. The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In Suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both A and B are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range:
  - $V_{CC(A)}$: 0.8 V to 3.6 V
  - $V_{CC(B)}$: 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3B exceeds 8000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Maximum data rates:
  - 500 Mbit/s (1.8 V to 3.3 V translation)
  - 320 Mbit/s (<1.8 V to 3.3 V translation)
  - 320 Mbit/s (translate to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
  - 280 Mbit/s (translate to 1.5 V)
  - 240 Mbit/s (translate to 1.2 V)
- Suspend mode
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

nexperia

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AVC2T45DP	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP8	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm	SOT505-2
74AVC2T45DC	-40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74AVC2T45GT	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 × 1.95 × 0.5 mm	SOT833-1
74AVC2T45GF	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT1089
74AVC2T45GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.2 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1116
74AVC2T45GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1203
74AVC2T45GX	-40 °C to +85 °C	X2SON8	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 0.8 × 0.32 mm	SOT1233-2

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code[1]
74AVC2T45DP	B45
74AVC2T45DC	B45
74AVC2T45GT	B45
74AVC2T45GF	B5
74AVC2T45GN	B5
74AVC2T45GS	B5
74AVC2T45GX	B5

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram

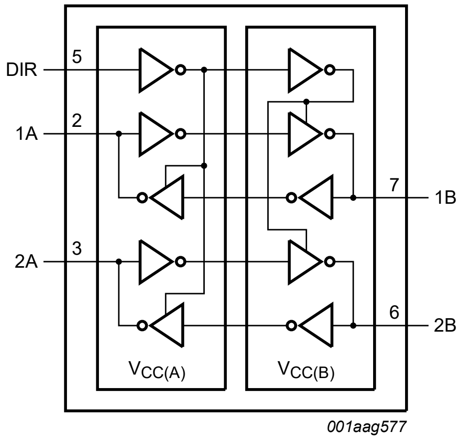


Fig. 1. Logic symbol

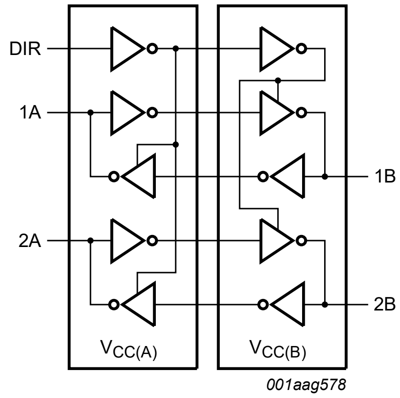


Fig. 2. Logic diagram

6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning

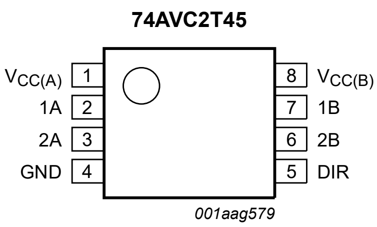


Fig. 3. Pin configuration SOT505-2 (TSSOP8) and SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

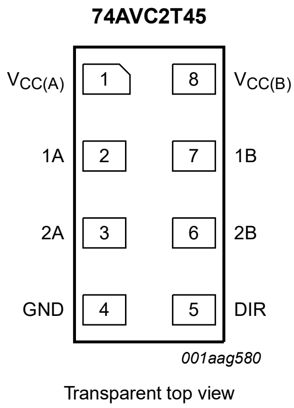


Fig. 4. Pin configuration SOT833-1, SOT1089, SOT1116 and SOT1203 (XSON8)

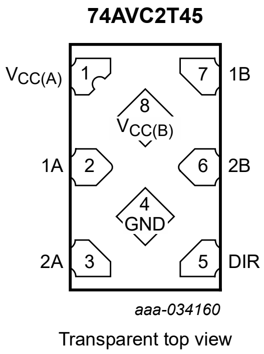


Fig. 5. Pin configuration SOT1233-2 (X2SON8)

6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
$V_{CC(A)}$	1	supply voltage A (referenced to pins 1A, 2A and DIR)
1A	2	data input or output
2A	3	data input or output
GND	4	ground (0 V)
DIR	5	direction control
2B	6	data input or output
1B	7	data input or output
$V_{CC(B)}$	8	supply voltage B (referenced to pins 1B and 2B)

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input	Input/output [1]	
$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$	DIR [2]	nA	nB
0.8 V to 3.6 V	L	nA = nB	input
0.8 V to 3.6 V	H	input	nB = nA
GND [3]	X	Z	Z

[1] The input circuit of the data I/O is always active.
[2] The DIR input circuit is referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$.
[3] If at least one of $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into Suspend mode.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		-0.5	+4.6	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_I	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_O	output voltage	Active mode [1][2][3]	-0.5	V_{CCO} + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode [1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_O	output current	V_O = 0 V to V_{CCO}	-	±50	mA
I_{CC}	supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$	-	100	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		-100	-	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	T_{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C [4]	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage rating and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[3] V_{CCO} + 0.5 V should not exceed 4.6 V.
[4] For SOT505-2 (TSSOP8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.6 mW/K above 96 °C.
For SOT765-1 (VSSOP8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.9 mW/K above 99 °C.
For SOT833-1 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 3.1 mW/K above 68 °C.
For SOT1089 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K above 88 °C.
For SOT1116 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.2 mW/K above 90 °C.
For SOT1203 (XSON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 3.6 mW/K above 81 °C.
For SOT1233-2 (X2SON8) package: P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.7 mW/K above 118 °C.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		0.8	3.6	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		0.8	3.6	V
V_I	input voltage		0	3.6	V
V_O	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	V_{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	3.6	V
T_{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	V_{CCI} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V [2]	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at T_{amb} = 25 °C

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V_I = V_{IH} or V_{IL}; I_O = -1.5 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V	-	0.69	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V_I = V_{IH} or V_{IL}; I_O = 1.5 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V	-	0.07	-	V
I_I	input leakage current	DIR input; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±0.025	±0.25	μA
I_{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V_O = 0 V or V_{CCO}; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V [1][2]	-	±0.5	±2.5	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±0.1	±1	μA
		B port; V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±0.1	±1	μA
C_I	input capacitance	DIR input; V_I = 0 V or 3.3 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.3 V	-	1.0	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	input/output capacitance	A and B port; Suspend mode; V_O = V_{CCO} or GND; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.3 V [2]	-	4.0	-	pF

[1] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

Table 8. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V_{CCI} = 0.8 V	$0.70V_{CCI}$	-	$0.70V_{CCI}$	-	V
		V_{CCI} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	V
		V_{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		V_{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2	-	2	-	V
		DIR input					
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V	$0.70V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.70V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2	-	2	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V_{CCI} = 0.8 V	-	$0.30V_{CCI}$	-	$0.30V_{CCI}$	V
		V_{CCI} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	-	$0.35V_{CCI}$	-	$0.35V_{CCI}$	V
		V_{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V_{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.9	-	0.9	V
		DIR input					
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V	-	$0.30V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.30V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.9	-	0.9	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} [2]					
		I_O = -100 µA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V_{CCO} - 0.1	-	V_{CCO} - 0.1	-	V
		I_O = -3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.1 V	0.85	-	0.85	-	V
		I_O = -6 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.4 V	1.05	-	1.05	-	V
		I_O = -8 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I_O = -9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 2.3 V	1.75	-	1.75	-	V
		I_O = -12 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.0 V	2.3	-	2.3	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}					
		I_O = 100 µA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I_O = 3 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.1 V	-	0.25	-	0.25	V
		I_O = 6 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.4 V	-	0.35	-	0.35	V
		I_O = 8 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I_O = 9 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 2.3 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I_O = 12 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.0 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
I_I	input leakage current	DIR input; V_I = 0 V or 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±1	-	±1.5	µA
I_{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V_O = 0 V or V_{CCO}; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.6 V [2][3]	-	±5	-	±7.5	µA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±5	-	±35	µA
		B port; V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±5	-	±35	µA
I_{CC}	supply current	A port; V_I = 0 V or V_{CCI}; I_O = 0 A [1]					
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	8	-	11.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V	-	8	-	11.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.6 V	-2	-	-8	-	µA
		B port; V_I = 0 V or V_{CCI}; I_O = 0 A [1]					
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	8	-	11.5	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0 V	-2	-	-8	-	µA
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 0 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.6 V	-	8	-	11.5	µA
		A plus B port ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$); I_O = 0 A; V_I = 0 V or V_{CCI}; $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V [1]	-	16	-	23	µA

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
[3] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		$V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
				0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to B	[1]	15.5	8.1	7.6	7.7	8.4	9.2	ns
		B to A	[1]	15.5	12.7	12.3	12.2	12.0	11.8	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	DIR to A	[2]	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	ns
		DIR to B	[2]	11.7	7.9	7.6	8.2	8.7	10.2	ns
t_{en}	enable time	DIR to A	[3]	27.2	20.6	19.9	20.4	20.7	22.0	ns
		DIR to B	[3]	27.7	20.3	19.8	19.9	20.6	21.4	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}
[2] t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}
[3] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}
t_{en} is a calculated value using the formula shown in Section 12.4

Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		$V_{CC(A)}$						Unit
				0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to B	[1]	15.5	12.7	12.3	12.2	12.0	11.8	ns
		B to A	[1]	15.5	8.1	7.6	7.7	8.4	9.2	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	DIR to A	[2]	12.2	4.9	3.8	3.7	2.8	3.4	ns
		DIR to B	[2]	11.7	9.2	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.6	ns
t_{en}	enable time	DIR to A	[3]	27.2	17.3	16.6	16.5	17.1	17.8	ns
		DIR to B	[3]	27.7	17.6	16.1	15.9	14.8	15.2	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}
[2] t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}
[3] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}
t_{en} is a calculated value using the formula shown in Section 12.4

Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ and T_{amb} = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	[1][2]							
		A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	1	2	2	2	2	2	pF
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	9	11	11	12	14	17	pF

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).
$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:
f_i = input frequency in MHz;
f_o = output frequency in MHz;
C_L = load capacitance in pF;
V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;
N = number of inputs switching;
$\sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.
[2] f_i = 10 MHz; V_I = GND to V_{CC}; $t_r = t_f$ = 1 ns; C_L = 0 pF; $R_L = \infty\ \Omega$.

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to B [1]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	1.0	9.0	0.7	6.8	0.6	6.1	0.5	5.7	0.5	6.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.0	8.0	0.7	5.4	0.6	4.6	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	7.7	0.6	5.1	0.5	4.3	0.5	3.4	0.5	3.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	7.2	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.0	0.5	2.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	7.1	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.7	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.4	ns
		B to A [1]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	1.0	9.0	0.8	8.0	0.7	7.7	0.6	7.2	0.5	7.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.0	6.8	0.8	5.4	0.7	5.1	0.6	4.7	0.5	4.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	6.1	0.7	4.6	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.9	0.5	3.7	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	5.7	0.6	3.8	0.5	3.4	0.5	3.0	0.5	2.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	6.1	0.6	3.6	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.6	0.5	2.4	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	DIR to A [2]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	8.8	2.2	8.8	2.2	8.8	2.2	8.8	2.2	8.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.6	6.3	1.6	6.3	1.6	6.3	1.6	6.3	1.6	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.6	5.5	1.6	5.5	1.6	5.5	1.6	5.5	1.6	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.2	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	ns
		DIR to B [2]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	8.4	1.8	6.7	2.0	6.9	1.7	6.2	2.4	7.2	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.0	7.6	1.8	5.9	1.6	6.0	1.2	4.8	1.7	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	7.7	1.8	5.7	1.4	5.8	1.0	4.5	1.5	5.2	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	7.3	2.0	5.2	1.5	5.1	0.6	4.2	1.1	4.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.7	7.2	0.7	5.5	0.6	5.5	0.7	4.1	1.7	4.7	ns
t_{en}	enable time	DIR to A [3][4]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	17.4	-	14.7	-	14.6	-	13.4	-	14.3	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	14.4	-	11.3	-	11.1	-	9.5	-	10.0	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	13.8	-	10.3	-	10.2	-	8.4	-	8.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	13.0	-	9.0	-	8.5	-	7.2	-	7.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	13.3	-	9.1	-	8.6	-	6.7	-	7.1	ns
		DIR to B [3][4]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	17.8	-	15.6	-	14.9	-	14.5	-	14.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	14.3	-	11.7	-	10.9	-	10.0	-	9.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	13.2	-	10.6	-	9.8	-	8.9	-	8.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	11.4	-	8.9	-	8.1	-	7.2	-	6.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	11.8	-	9.2	-	8.4	-	7.5	-	7.1	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}

[2] t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}

[3] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}

[4] t_{en} is a calculated value using the formula shown in Section 12.4

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	A to B [1]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	1.0	9.9	0.7	7.5	0.6	6.8	0.5	6.3	0.5	6.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.0	8.8	0.7	6.0	0.6	5.1	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	8.5	0.6	5.7	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.8	0.5	3.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	8.0	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	7.9	0.5	5.0	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.1	0.5	2.7	ns
		B to A [1]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	1.0	9.9	0.8	8.8	0.7	8.5	0.6	8.0	0.5	7.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.0	7.5	0.8	6.0	0.7	5.7	0.6	5.2	0.5	5.0	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.0	6.8	0.7	5.1	0.5	4.9	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	6.3	0.6	4.2	0.5	3.8	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.0	6.8	0.6	4.0	0.5	3.5	0.5	2.9	0.5	2.7	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	DIR to A [2]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	9.7	2.2	9.7	2.2	9.7	2.2	9.7	2.2	9.7	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.6	7.0	1.6	7.0	1.6	7.0	1.6	7.0	1.6	7.0	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.6	6.1	1.6	6.1	1.6	6.1	1.6	6.1	1.6	6.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.7	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.2	1.5	5.2	ns
		DIR to B [2]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.2	9.2	1.8	7.4	2.0	7.6	1.7	6.9	2.4	8.0	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.0	8.3	1.8	6.5	1.6	6.6	1.2	5.3	1.7	6.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.8	8.5	1.8	6.3	1.4	6.4	1.0	5.0	1.5	5.8	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	8.0	2.0	5.8	1.5	5.7	0.6	4.7	1.1	5.3	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.7	7.9	0.7	6.1	0.6	6.1	0.7	4.6	1.7	5.2	ns
t_{en}	enable time	DIR to A [3][4]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	19.1	-	16.2	-	16.1	-	14.9	-	15.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	15.8	-	12.5	-	12.3	-	10.5	-	11.1	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	15.3	-	11.4	-	11.3	-	9.3	-	9.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	14.3	-	10.0	-	9.5	-	8.0	-	8.4	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	14.7	-	10.1	-	9.6	-	7.5	-	7.9	ns
		DIR to B [3][4]											
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	19.6	-	17.2	-	16.5	-	16.0	-	16.5	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	15.8	-	13.0	-	12.1	-	11.1	-	10.9	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	14.6	-	11.8	-	10.9	-	9.9	-	9.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	12.7	-	9.9	-	9.0	-	8.0	-	7.6	ns
		$V_{CC(A)}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	13.1	-	10.2	-	9.3	-	8.3	-	7.9	ns

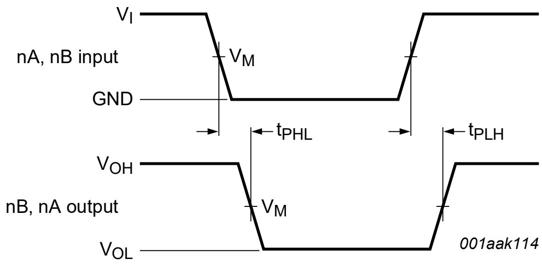
[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}

[2] t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}

[3] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH}

[4] t_{en} is a calculated value using the formula shown in Section 12.4

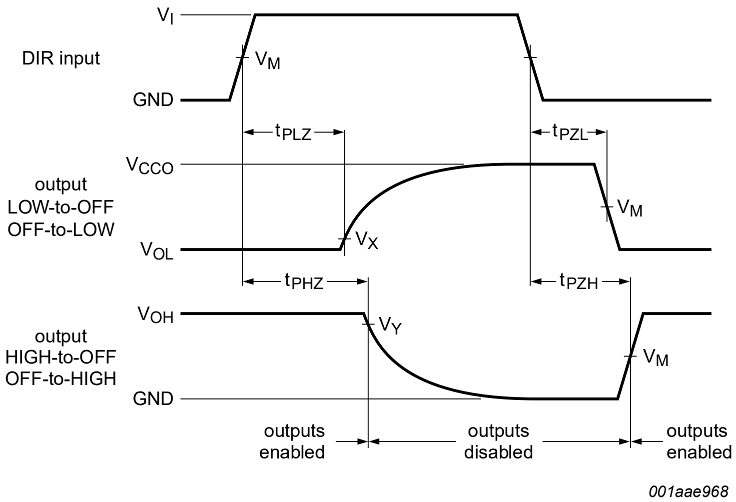
11.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in Table 14.

V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 6. The data input (nA, nB) to output (nB, nA) propagation delay times



Measurement points are given in Table 14.

V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

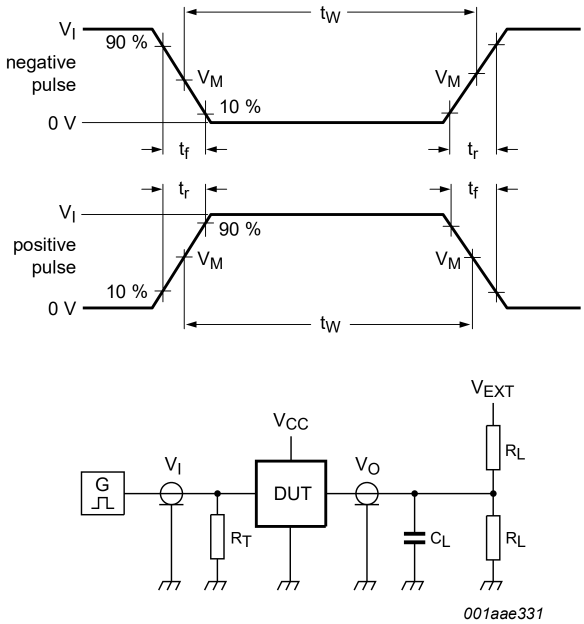
Fig. 7. Enable and disable times

Table 14. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]		
$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$	V_M	V_M	V_X	V_Y
1.1 V to 1.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	V_{OL} + 0.1 V	V_{OH} - 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	V_{OL} + 0.15 V	V_{OH} - 0.15 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	V_{OL} + 0.3 V	V_{OH} - 0.3 V

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



Test data is given in Table 15.

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T = Termination resistance.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig. 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 15. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$	V_I [1]	Δt/ΔV [2]	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} [3]
1.1 V to 1.6 V	V_{CCI}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	V_{CCI}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$
3.0 V to 3.6 V	V_{CCI}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] dV/dt ≥ 1.0 V/ns
[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

12. Application information

12.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in Fig. 9 is an example of the 74AVC2T45 being used in an unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

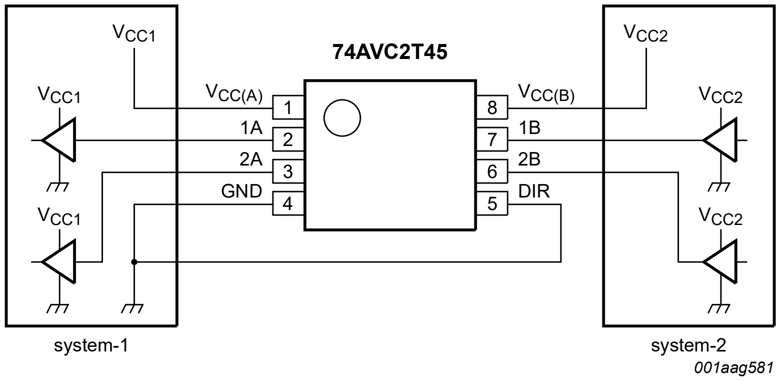


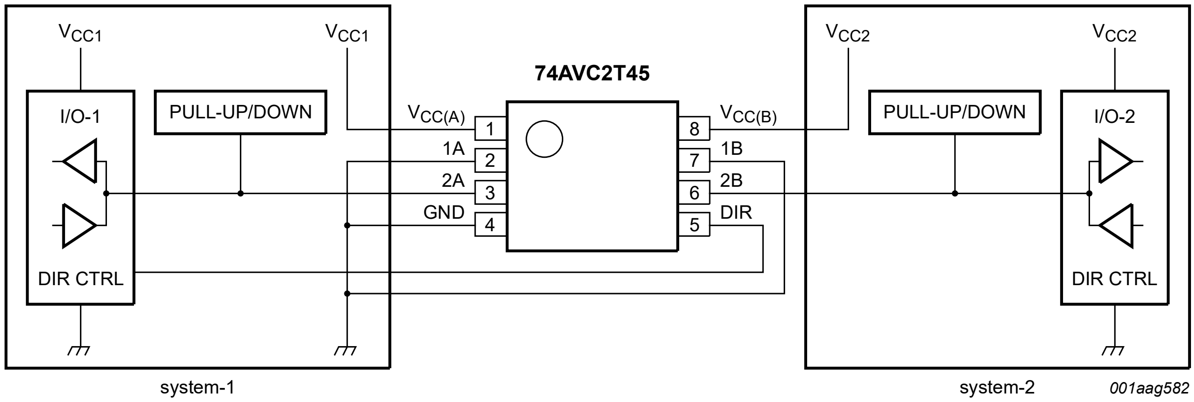
Fig. 9. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Table 16. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	$V_{CC(A)}$	V_{CC1}	supply voltage of system-1 (0.8 V to 3.6 V)
2	1A	OUT1	output level depends on V_{CC1} voltage
3	2A	OUT2	output level depends on V_{CC1} voltage
4	GND	GND	device GND
5	DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
6	2B	IN2	input threshold value depends on V_{CC2} voltage
7	1B	IN1	input threshold value depends on V_{CC2} voltage
8	$V_{CC(B)}$	V_{CC2}	supply voltage of system-2 (0.8 V to 3.6 V)

12.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 10 shows the 74AVC2T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Since the device does not have an output enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between system-1 and system-2 when changing directions.



System-1 and system-2 must use the same conditions, i.e., both pull-up or both pull-down.

Fig. 10. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Table 17 gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 17. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

State	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	H	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	H	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on the pull-up or pull-down.
3	L	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on the pull-up or pull-down.
4	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

System-1 and system-2 must use the same conditions, i.e., both pull-up or both pull-down.

12.3. Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 18. Typical total supply current ($I_{CC(A)}$ + $I_{CC(B)}$)

$V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(B)}$							Unit
	0 V	**0.8 V**	**1.2 V**	**1.5 V**	**1.8 V**	**2.5 V**	**3.3 V**	
0 V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA
0.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	2.3	μA
1.2 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.4	μA
1.5 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	μA
1.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	μA
2.5 V	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA
3.3 V	0.1	2.3	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.1	μA

12.4. Enable times

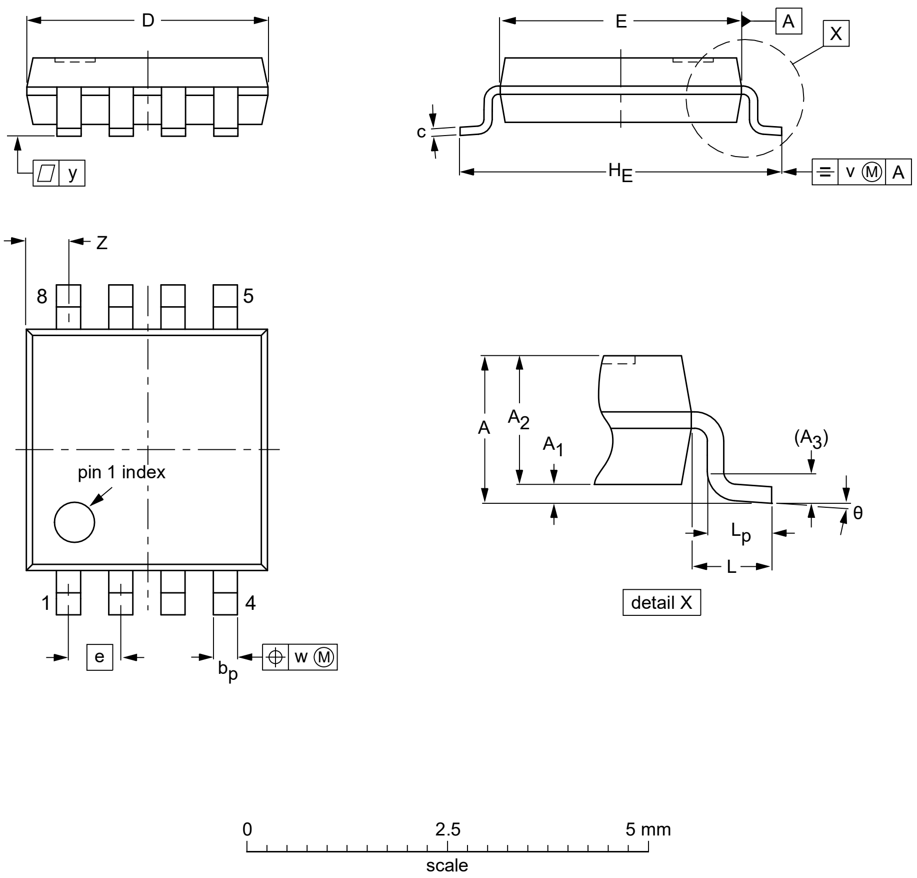
The enable times for the 74AVC2T45 are calculated from the following formulas:

- t_{en} (DIR to nA) = t_{dis} (DIR to nB) + t_{pd} (nB to nA)
- t_{en} (DIR to nB) = t_{dis} (DIR to nA) + t_{pd} (nA to nB)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the 74AVC2T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

13. Package outline

TSSOP8: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3 mm; lead length 0.5 mm SOT505-2



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A_1	A_2	A_3	b_p	c	D(1)	E(1)	e	H_E	L	L_p	v	w	y	Z(1)	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.00	0.95 0.75	0.25	0.38 0.22	0.18 0.08	3.1 2.9	3.1 2.9	0.65	4.1 3.9	0.5	0.47 0.33	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.70 0.35	8° 0°

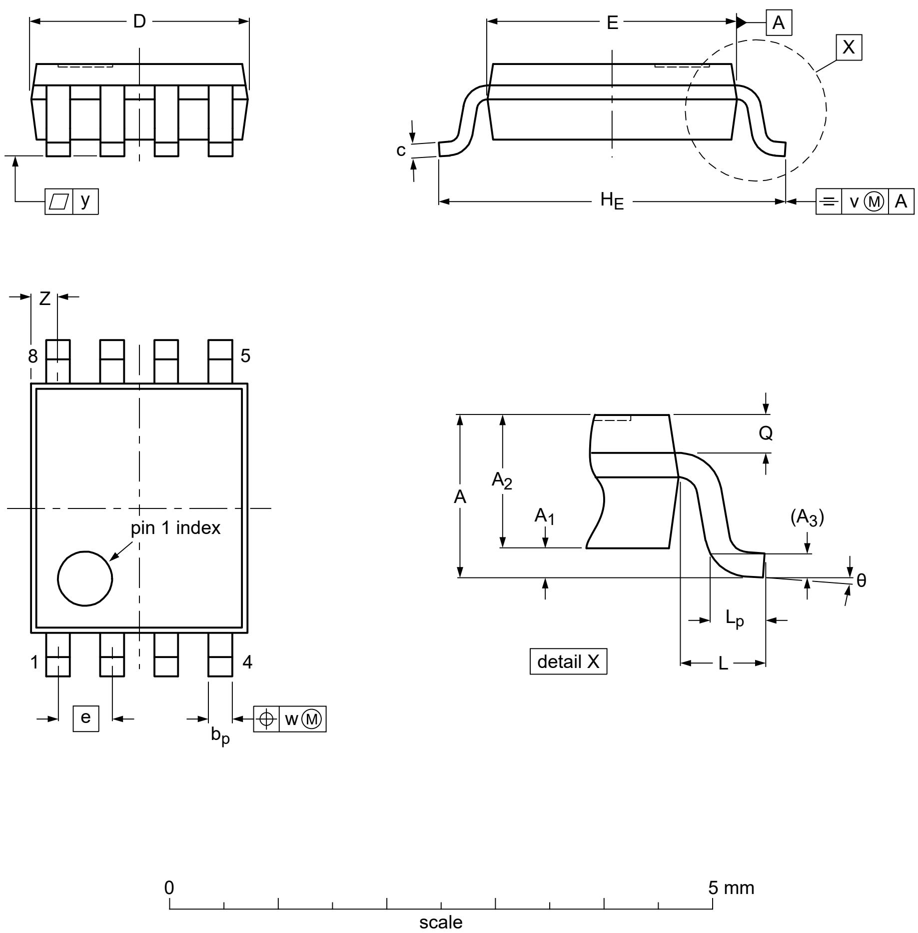
Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT505-2		- - -				02-01-16

Fig. 11. Package outline SOT505-2 (TSSOP8)

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm **SOT765-1**



Dimensions (mm are the original dimensions)

Unit		A max.	A_1	A_2	A_3	b_p	c	D(1)	E(2)	e	H_E	L	L_p	Q	v	w	y	Z(1)	θ
	max		0.15	0.85		0.27	0.23	2.1	2.4		3.2		0.40	0.21				0.4	8°
mm	nom	1			0.12					0.5		0.4			0.2	0.08	0.1		
	min		0.00	0.60		0.17	0.08	1.9	2.2		3.0		0.15	0.19				0.1	0°

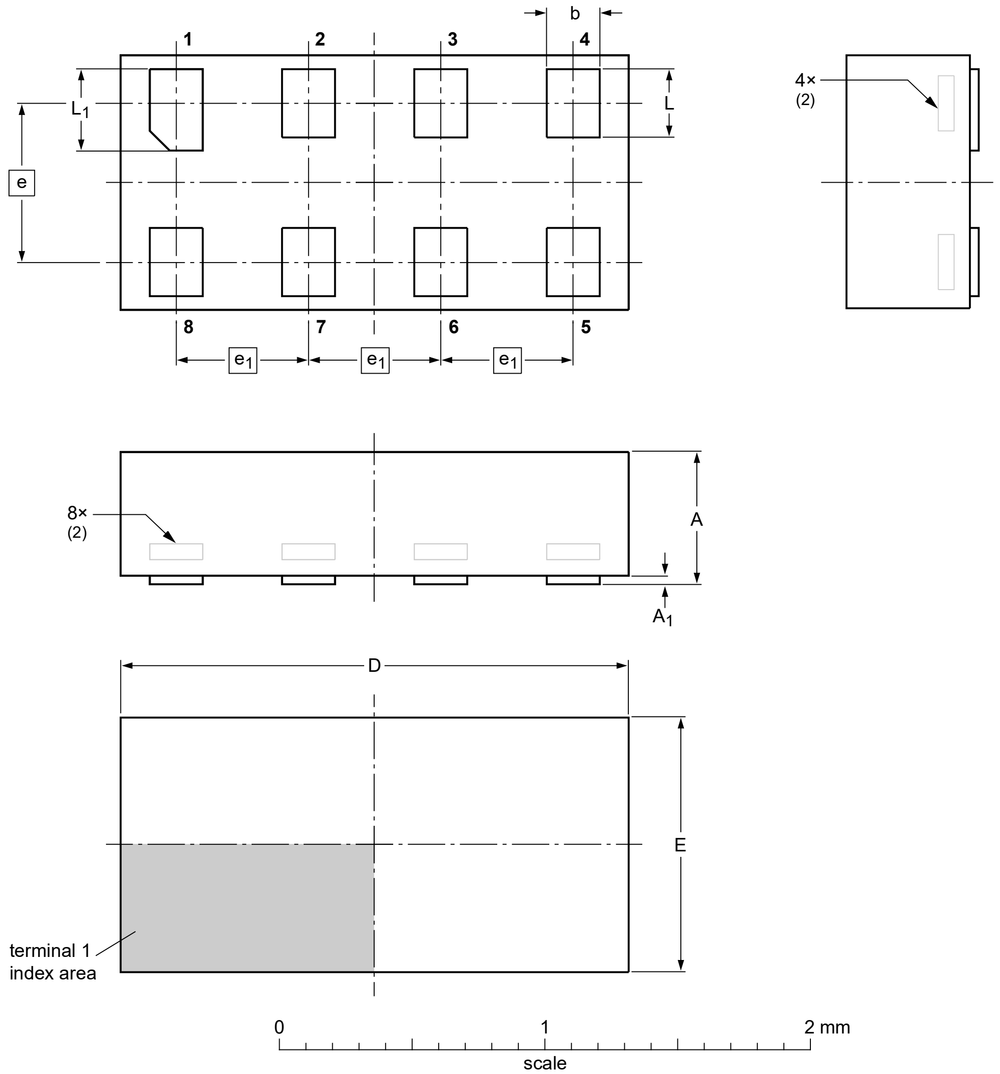
Note
1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

sot765-1_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT765-1		MO-187				~~07-06-02~~ 16-05-31

Fig. 12. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

XSON8: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 x 1.95 x 0.5 mm **SOT833-1**



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A(1) max	A1 max	b	D	E	e	e1	L	L1
mm	0.5	0.04	0.25 0.17	2.0 1.9	1.05 0.95	0.6	0.5	0.35 0.27	0.40 0.32

Notes

1. Including plating thickness.
2. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

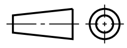
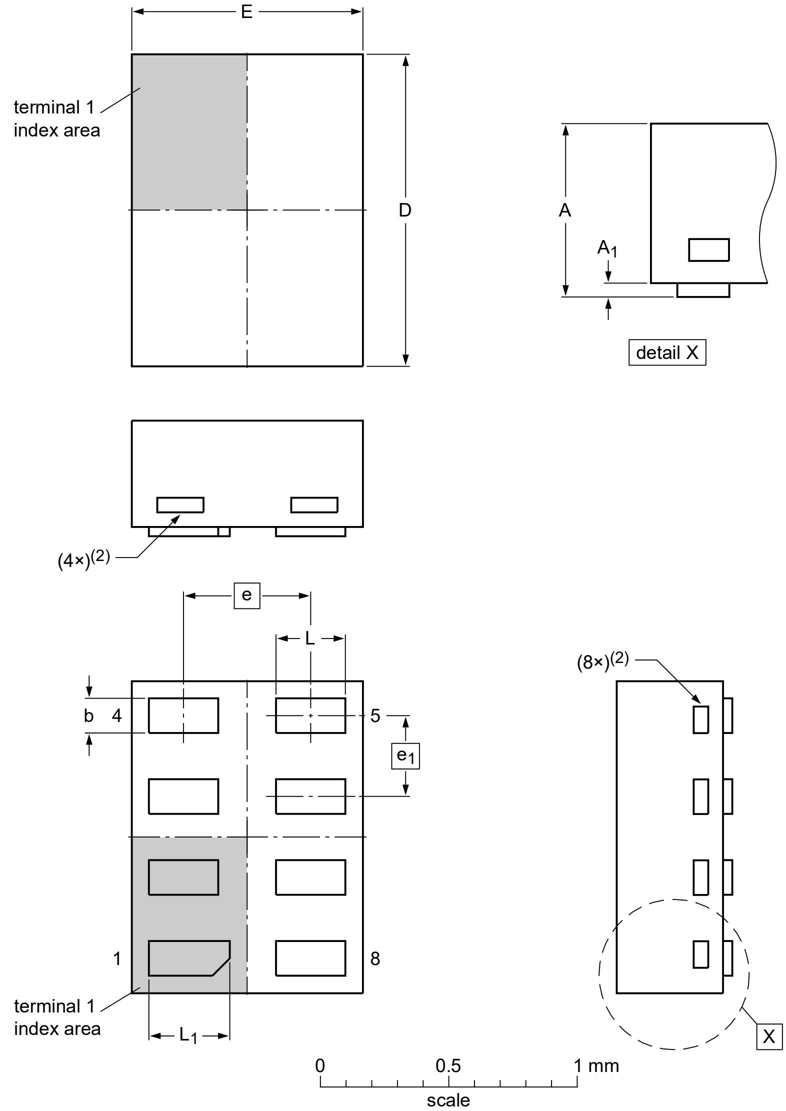
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT833-1	- - -	MO-252	- - -			~~07-11-14~~ 07-12-07

Fig. 13. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

**XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1 x 0.5 mm** **SOT1089**



Dimensions

Unit		$A^{(1)}$	A_1	b	D	E	e	e_1	L	L_1
	max	0.5	0.04	0.20	1.40	1.05			0.35	0.40
mm	nom			0.15	1.35	1.00	0.55	0.35	0.30	0.35
	min			0.12	1.30	0.95			0.27	0.32

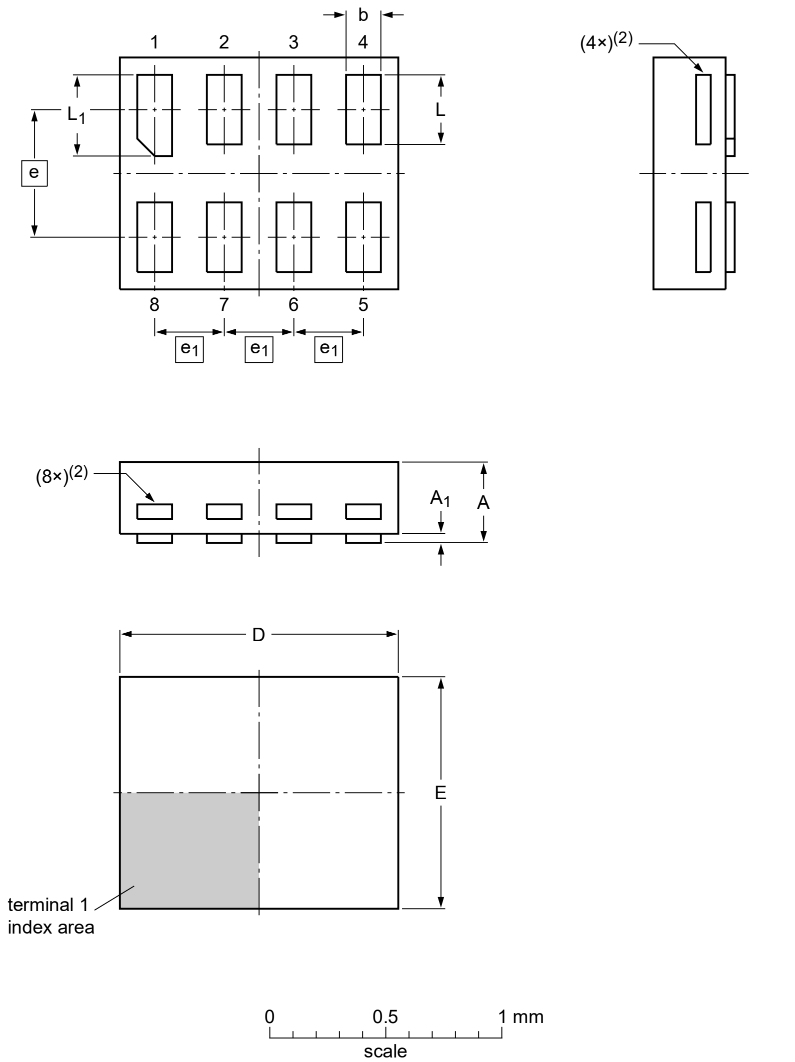
Note
1. Including plating thickness.
2. Visible depending upon used manufacturing technology.

sot1089_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT1089		MO-252				~~10-04-09~~ 10-04-12

Fig. 14. Package outline SOT1089 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.2 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm **SOT1116**



Dimensions

Unit		A(1)	A_1	b	D	E	e	e_1	L	L_1
	max	0.35	0.04	0.20	1.25	1.05			0.35	0.40
mm	nom			0.15	1.20	1.00	0.55	0.3	0.30	0.35
	min			0.12	1.15	0.95			0.27	0.32

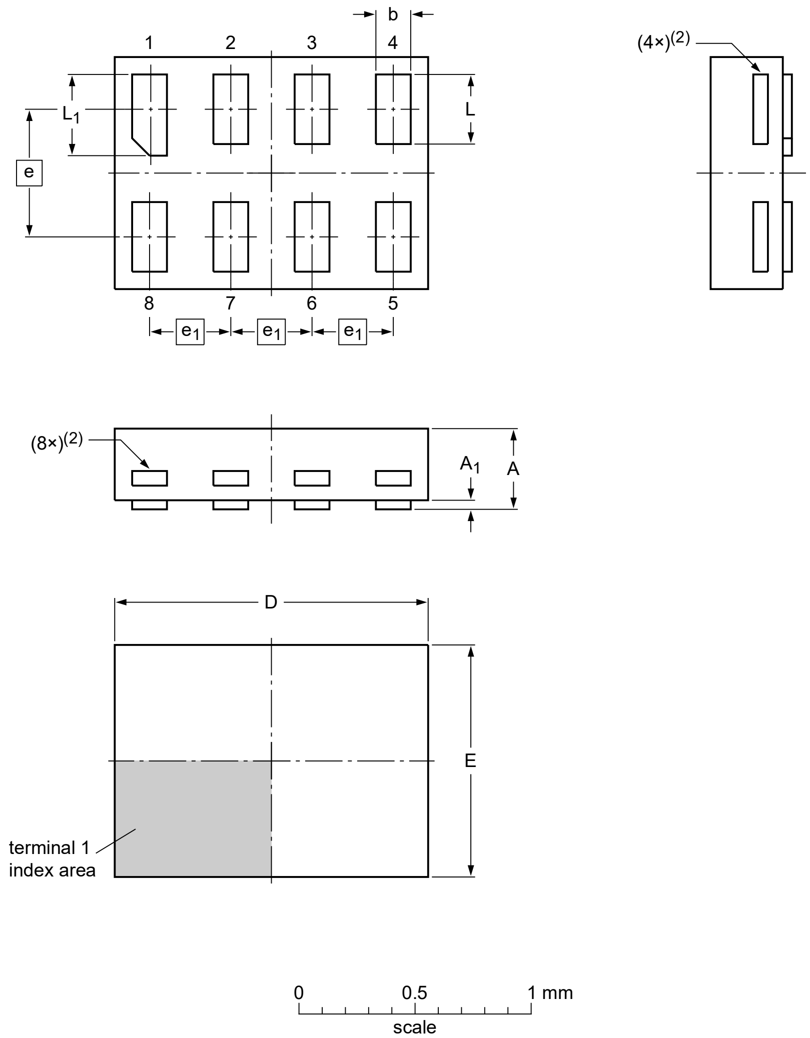
Note
1. Including plating thickness.
2. Visible depending upon used manufacturing technology.

sot1116_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT1116						~~10-04-02~~ 10-04-07

Fig. 15. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm **SOT1203**



Dimensions

Unit		A(1)	A_1	b	D	E	e	e_1	L	L_1
	max	0.35	0.04	0.20	1.40	1.05			0.35	0.40
mm	nom			0.15	1.35	1.00	0.55	0.35	0.30	0.35
	min			0.12	1.30	0.95			0.27	0.32

Note
1. Including plating thickness.
2. Visible depending upon used manufacturing technology.

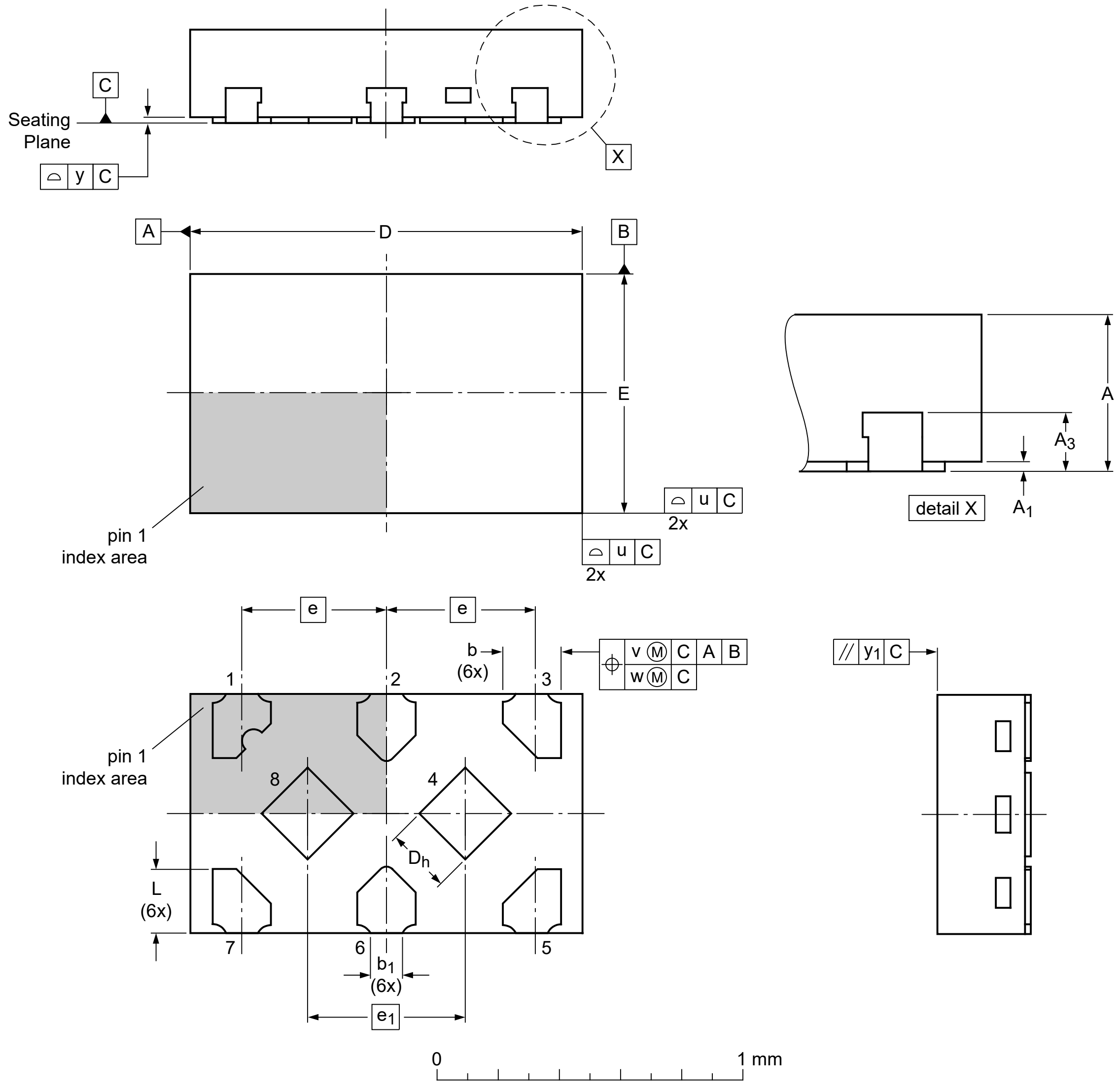
sot1203_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT1203						~~10-04-02~~ 10-04-06

Fig. 16. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

X2SON8: plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 x 0.8 x 0.32 mm

SOT1233-2



Dimensions (mm are the original dimensions)

Unit		A	A_1	A_3	b	b_1	D	D_h	E	e	e_1	L	u	v	w	y	y_1
mm	max	0.35	0.04	0.10 (Typ.)	0.25	0.11 (ref)	1.35	0.27	0.80	0.50	0.54	0.27	0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05
	nom	0.32	0.02		0.20			0.22				0.22					
	min	0.30	0.00		0.15			0.17				0.17					

sot1233-2_po

Outline version	References				European projection	Issue date
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT1233-2		- - -				19-11-12

Fig. 17. Package outline SOT1233-2 (X2SON8)

14. Abbreviations

Table 19. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

15. Revision history

Table 20. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AVC2T45 v.10	20211104	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.9
Modifications:	• Type number 74AVC2T45GX (SOT1233-2/X2SON8) added. • Section 8: Derating values for P_{tot} total power dissipation updated.			
74AVC2T45 v.9	20180925	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.8
Modifications:	• Type number 74AVC2T45GD (SOT996-2) removed.			
74AVC2T45 v.8	20171013	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.7
Modifications:	• The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. • Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.			
74AVC2T45 v.7	20130208	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.6
Modifications:	• For type number 74AVC2T45GD XSON8U has changed to XSON8.			
74AVC2T45 v.6	20111208	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.5
74AVC2T45 v.5	20101130	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.4
74AVC2T45 v.4	20090505	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.3
74AVC2T45 v.3	20090129	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.2
74AVC2T45 v.2	20080620	Product data sheet	-	74AVC2T45 v.1
74AVC2T45 v.1	20070703	Product data sheet	-	-

16. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at https://www.nexperia.com.

Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — Nexperia products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific Nexperia product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. Nexperia accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without Nexperia's warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies Nexperia for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's standard warranty and Nexperia's product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

