

### FEATURES

- Low power: 180  $\mu$ A typical**
- Very low input bias currents: 0.5 pA typical**
- Low noise: 16 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  typical**
- 3.6 MHz bandwidth**
- Offset voltage: 500  $\mu$ V typical**
- Low offset voltage drift: 4  $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C maximum**
- Low distortion: 0.003% THD + N**
- 2.7 V to 5 V single supply or  $\pm 1.35$  V to  $\pm 2.5$  V dual supply**
- Available in very small 2 mm  $\times$  2 mm LFCSP packages**

### APPLICATIONS

- Photodiode amplifiers
- Sensor amplifiers
- Portable medical and instrumentation
- Portable audio: MP3s, PDAs, and smartphones
- Communications
- Low-side current sense
- ADC drivers
- Active filters
- Sample-and-hold

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADA4691-2/ADA4692-2 are dual and the ADA4691-4/ADA4692-4 are the quad rail-to-rail output, single-supply amplifiers featuring low power, wide bandwidth, and low noise. The ADA4691-2 has two independent shutdown pins, allowing further reduction in supply current. The ADA4691-4 is a quad with dual shutdown pins each controlling a pair of amplifiers and is available in the 16-lead LFCSP. The ADA4692-4 is a quad version without shutdown.

These amplifiers are ideal for a wide variety of applications. Audio, filters, photodiode amplifiers, and charge amplifiers, all benefit from this combination of performance and features. Additional applications for these amplifiers include portable consumer audio players with low noise and low distortion that provide high gain and slew rate response over the audio band at low power. Industrial applications with high impedance sensors, such as piezoelectric and IR sensors, benefit from the high impedance and low 0.5 pA input bias, low offset drift, and enough bandwidth and response for low gain applications.

Table 1.

	Micropower	Low Power	Low Power with Shutdown	Standard Op Amp With Shutdown	High Bandwidth
Single	AD8613			AD8591	AD8691
Dual	AD8617	ADA4692-2	ADA4691-2	AD8592	AD8692
Quad	AD8619	ADA4692-4	ADA4691-4		AD8694

The ADA4691/ADA4692 family is fully specified over the extended industrial temperature range ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). The ADA4691-2 is available in a 10-lead LFCSP and a 9-ball WLCSP. The ADA4692-2 is available in an 8-lead SOIC and 8-lead LFCSP. The ADA4691-4 is available in a 16-lead LFCSP. The ADA4692-4 is available in a 14-lead TSSOP. For pin configurations, see the Pin Configurations section.

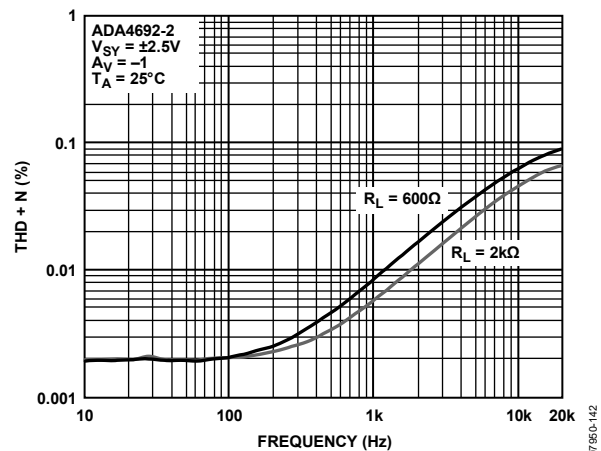


Figure 1. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

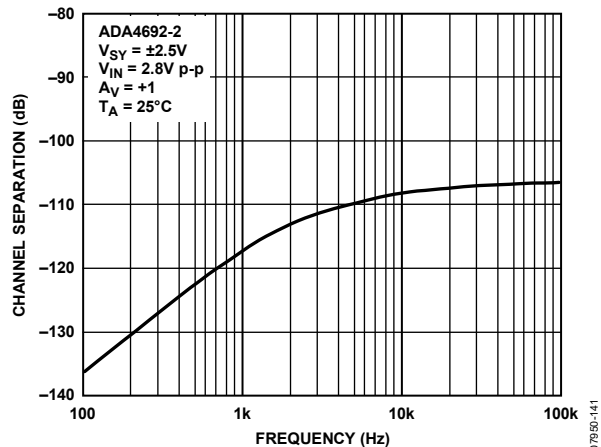


Figure 2. Channel Separation vs. Frequency

Rev. E

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**REVISION HISTORY**

**12/2019—Rev. D to Rev. E**

Changes to Table 1.....	1
Changes to Table 2.....	3
Changes to Table 3.....	5
Updated Outline Dimensions .....	17
Changes to Ordering Guide .....	19

**11/2010—Rev. C to Rev. D**

Changed 5 V to 6 V in Endnote 2, Table 4.....	6
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**12/2009—Rev. B to Rev. C**

Added ADA4691-4, 16-Lead LFCSP .....	Throughout
Added Figure 1, Figure 2, and Table 1; Renumbered Sequentially .....	1
Changes to Applications Section and General Description Section.....	1
Changes to Table 1.....	3
Changes to Table 2.....	4
Changes to Table 4.....	6
Updated Outline Dimensions .....	17
Changes to Ordering Guide .....	20

**9/2009—Rev. A to Rev. B**

Added ADA4691-2, 9-Ball WLCSP; ADA4692-2, 8-Lead LFCSP; and ADA4692-4, 14-Lead TSSOP.....	Throughout
Changes to General Description .....	1
Updated Outline Dimensions.....	16
Changes to Ordering Guide .....	17

**6/2009—Rev. 0 to Rev. A**

Added ADA4691-2, 10 Lead LFCSP.....	Throughout
Changes to Table 1.....	3
Changes to Table 2.....	4
Changes to Captions for Figure 40, Figure 41, Figure 43, and Figure 44 .....	13
Added Shutdown Operations Section .....	15
Updated Outline Dimensions.....	16
Changes to Ordering Guide .....	16

**3/2009—Revision 0: Initial Version**

## SPECIFICATIONS

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—2.7 V OPERATION

Supply voltage ( $V_{SY}$ ) = 2.7 V, common-mode voltage ( $V_{CM}$ ) =  $V_{SY}/2$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Table 2.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = -0.3\text{ V to }+1.6\text{ V}$		0.5	2.5	mV
Dual (ADA469x-2)		$V_{CM} = -0.1\text{ V to }+1.6\text{ V}; -40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			3.5	mV
Quad (ADA469x-4)		$V_{CM} = -0.1\text{ V to }+1.6\text{ V}; -40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			4.0	mV
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		1	4	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	5	pA
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		1	8	pA
Input Voltage Range		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3		+1.6	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = -0.3\text{ V to }+1.6\text{ V}$	70	90		dB
		$V_{CM} = -0.1\text{ V to }+1.6\text{ V}; -40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	62			dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	Load resistance ( $R_L$ ) = 2 k $\Omega$ , output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) = 0.5 V to 2.2 V	90	100		dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$	80			dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	63			dB
		$R_L = 600\ \Omega, V_{OUT} = 0.5\text{ V to }2.2\text{ V}$	85	95		dB
Input Capacitance	$C_{IN}$					
Differential Mode	$C_{INDM}$			2.5		pF
Common Mode	$C_{INCM}$			7		pF
Logic High Voltage (Enabled)	$V_{IH}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	1.6			V
Logic Low Voltage (Power-Down)	$V_{IL}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			0.5	V
Logic Input Current (Per Pin)	$I_{IN}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}, 0\text{ V} \leq \text{shutdown voltage } (V_{SD}) \leq 2.7\text{ V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	$V_{OH}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } V_{CM}$	2.65	2.67		V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	2.6			V
		$R_L = 600\ \Omega \text{ to } V_{CM}$	2.55	2.59		V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	2.5			V
Output Voltage Low	$V_{OL}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } V_{CM}$		24	33	mV
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			43	mV
		$R_L = 600\ \Omega \text{ to } V_{CM}$		78	103	mV
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			138	mV
Short-Circuit Current	$I_{SC}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{SY} \text{ or GND}$		$\pm 15$		mA
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	$Z_{OUT}$	Frequency ( $f$ ) = 1 MHz, voltage gain ( $A_v$ ) = -100		372		$\Omega$
Output Pin Leakage Current		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}, \text{shutdown active}, V_{SD} = \text{negative supply voltage } (V_{SS})$		10		nA
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{SY} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	80	90		dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	75			dB
Supply Current Per Amplifier	$I_{SY}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{SY}/2$		165	200	$\mu\text{A}$
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			240	$\mu\text{A}$
Supply Current Shutdown Mode	$I_{SD}$	All amplifiers shut down, $V_{SD} = V_{SS}$		10		nA
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			2	$\mu\text{A}$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE</b>						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 600 \Omega$ , load capacitance ( $C_L$ ) = 20 pF, $A_v = +1$		1.1		V/ $\mu$ s
		$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$ , $A_v = +1$		1.4		V/ $\mu$ s
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_s$	Step = 0.5 V, $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 600 $\Omega$		1		$\mu$ s
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP	$R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ , $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$ , $A_v = +1$		3.6		MHz
Phase Margin	$\Phi_M$	$R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ , $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$ , $A_v = +1$		49		Degrees
Turn-On/Turn-Off Time		$R_L = 600 \Omega$		1		$\mu$ s
<b>NOISE PERFORMANCE</b>						
Distortion	THD + N	$A_v = -1$ , $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) rms = 0.15 V rms		0.009		%
		$A_v = -1$ , $R_L = 600 \Omega$ , $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN}$ rms = 0.15 V rms		0.01		%
		$A_v = +1$ , $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN}$ rms = 0.15 V rms		0.006		%
		$A_v = +1$ , $R_L = 600 \Omega$ , $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN}$ rms = 0.15 V rms		0.009		%
Voltage Noise	$e_n$ p-p	$f = 0.1 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ Hz}$		3.1		$\mu$ V p-p
Voltage Noise Density	$e_n$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		16		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$		13		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—5 V OPERATION**

$V_{SY} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CM} = V_{SY}/2$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

Table 3.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_{CM} = -0.3 \text{ V to } +3.9 \text{ V}$		0.5	2.5	mV
Dual (ADA469x-2)		$V_{CM} = -0.1 \text{ V to } +3.9 \text{ V}$ ; $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			3.5	mV
Quad (ADA469x-4)		$V_{CM} = -0.1 \text{ V to } +3.9 \text{ V}$ ; $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			4.0	mV
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		1	4	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	5	pA
					360	pA
Input Offset Current	$I_{OS}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$		1	8	pA
					260	pA
Input Voltage Range		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	-0.3		+3.9	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = -0.3 \text{ V to } +3.9 \text{ V}$	75	98		dB
		$V_{CM} = -0.1 \text{ V to } +3.9 \text{ V}$ ; $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	68			dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}$	95	110		dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +85^\circ\text{C}$	80			dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	70			dB
		$R_L = 600 \Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}$	90	100		dB
Input Capacitance						
Differential Mode	$C_{INDM}$			2.5		pF
Common Mode	$C_{INCM}$			7		pF
Logic High Voltage (Enabled)	$V_{IH}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$	2.0			V
Logic Low Voltage (Power-Down)	$V_{IL}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$			0.8	V
Logic Input Current (Per Pin)	$I_{IN}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{SD} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Output Voltage High	$V_{OH}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to $V_{CM}$	4.95	4.97		V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	4.90			V
		$R_L = 600\ \Omega$ to $V_{CM}$	4.85	4.88		V
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	4.80			V
Output Voltage Low	$V_{OL}$	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to $V_{CM}$		30	40	mV
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$			55	mV
		$R_L = 600\ \Omega$ to $V_{CM}$		100	128	mV
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$			173	mV
Short-Circuit Limit	$I_{SC}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{SY}$ or GND		$\pm 55$		mA
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	$Z_{OUT}$	ADA4691-2, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $A_V = -100$		364		$\Omega$
		ADA4691-2, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $A_V = -100$		246		$\Omega$
Output Pin Leakage Current		$-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < +125^\circ\text{C}$ , shutdown active, $V_{SD} = V_{SS}$		10		nA
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{SY} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	80	90		dB
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$	75			dB
Supply Current Per Amplifier	$I_{SY}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{SY}/2$		180	225	$\mu\text{A}$
Supply Current Shutdown Mode	$I_{SD}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$			275	$\mu\text{A}$
		All amplifiers shut down, $V_{SD} = V_{SS}$		10		nA
		$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$			2	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE</b>						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $600\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ , $A_V = +1$		1.3		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Settling Time to 0.1%	$t_s$	$V_{IN} = 2\text{ V}$ step, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ or $600\ \Omega$		1.5		$\mu\text{s}$
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ , $A_V = +1$		3.6		MHz
Phase Margin	$\Phi_M$	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$ , $A_V = +1$		52		Degrees
Turn-On/Turn-Off Time		$R_L = 600\ \Omega$		1		$\mu\text{s}$
<b>NOISE PERFORMANCE</b>						
Distortion	THD + N	$A_V = -1$ , $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN\text{ rms}} = 0.8\text{ V rms}$		0.006		%
		$A_V = -1$ , $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN\text{ rms}} = 0.8\text{ V rms}$		0.008		%
		$A_V = +1$ , $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN\text{ rms}} = 0.8\text{ V rms}$		0.001		%
		$A_V = +1$ , $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN\text{ rms}} = 0.8\text{ V rms}$		0.003		%
Voltage Noise	$e_n$ p-p	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz}$ to $10\text{ Hz}$		3.2		$\mu\text{V p-p}$
Voltage Noise Density	$e_n$	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		16		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		13		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 4.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage	6 V
Input Voltage	$V_{SS} - 0.3 \text{ V}$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3 \text{ V}$
Input Current <sup>1</sup>	$\pm 10 \text{ mA}$
Shutdown Pin Rise/Fall Times	50 $\mu\text{s}$ maximum
Differential Input Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$\pm V_{SY}$
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND	Indefinite
Temperature	
Storage Temperature Range	$-65^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	$-40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature Range	$-65^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec)	$300^\circ\text{C}$

<sup>1</sup> Input pins have clamp diodes to the supply pins. Limit the input current to 10 mA or less whenever the input signal exceeds the power supply rail by 0.3 V.

<sup>2</sup> Differential input voltage is limited to 6 V or the supply voltage, whichever is less.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

$\theta_{JA}$  is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages and measured using a standard 4-layer board, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5. Thermal Resistance

Package Type	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{JC}$	Unit
8-Lead SOIC_N (R-8)	120	45	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
8-Lead LFCSP (CP-8-6)	125	40	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
9-Ball WLCSP (CB-9-3)	77	N/A <sup>1</sup>	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
10-Lead LFCSP (CP-10-11)	115	40	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
16-Lead LFCSP (CP-16-22)	75	12	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
14-Lead TSSOP (RU-14)	112	35	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

<sup>1</sup> N/A = not applicable.

## ESD CAUTION



**ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.** Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

# PIN CONFIGURATIONS

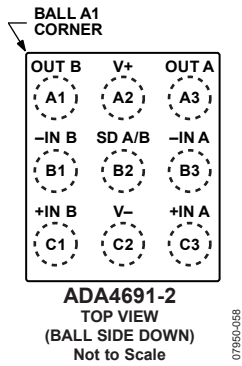


Figure 3. 9-Ball Wafer Level Chip Scale WLCSP (CB-9-3)

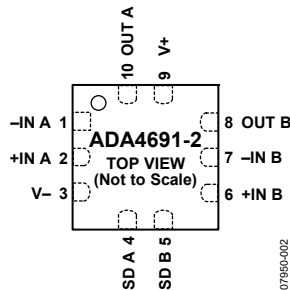
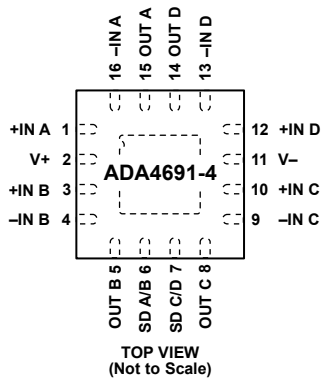


Figure 4. 10-Lead, 2 mm x 2 mm LFCSP (CP-10-11)



NOTES  
1. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE EXPOSED PAD BE CONNECTED TO V-.

Figure 5. 16-Lead, 3 mm x 3 mm LFCSP (CP-16-22)

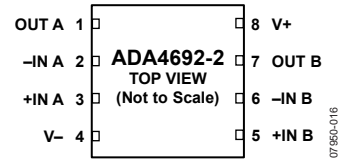


Figure 6. 8-Lead, 2 mm x 2 mm LFCSP (CP-8-6)

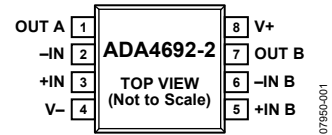


Figure 7. 8-Lead SOIC\_N (R-8)

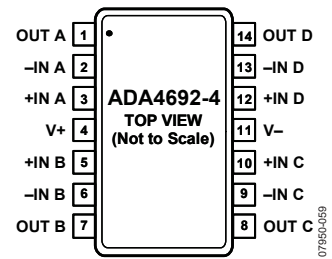


Figure 8. 14-Lead TSSOP (RU-14)

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

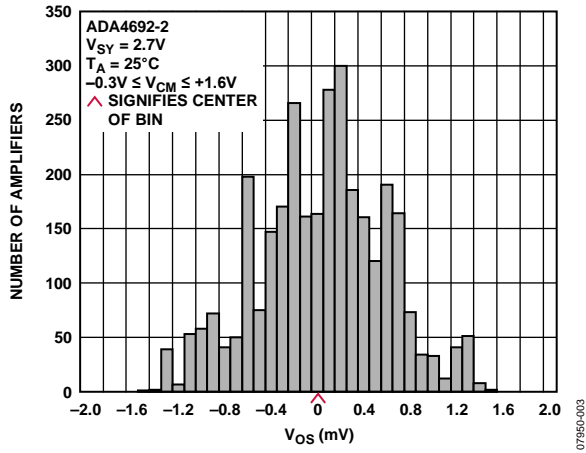


Figure 9. Input Offset Voltage Distribution

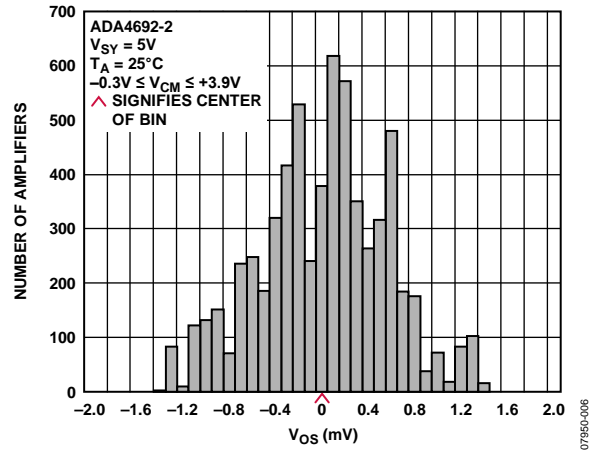


Figure 12. Input Offset Voltage Distribution

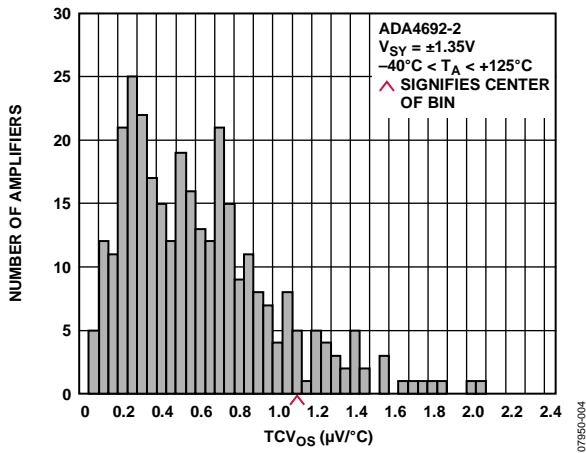


Figure 10. Input Offset Voltage Drift Distribution

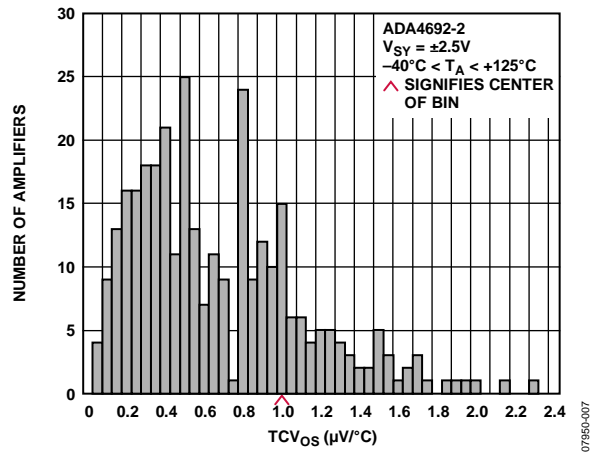


Figure 13. Input Offset Voltage Drift Distribution

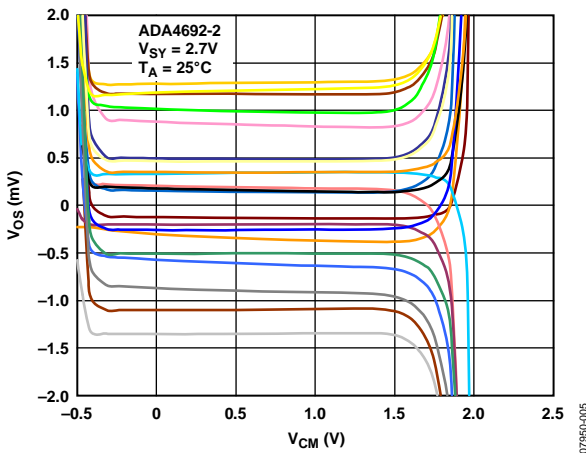


Figure 11. Input Offset Voltage vs. Common-Mode Voltage

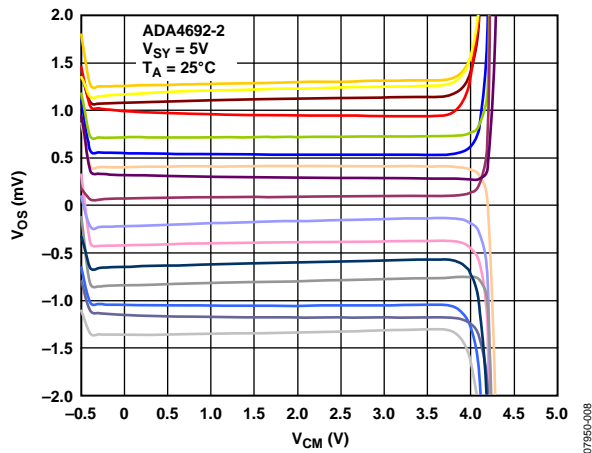


Figure 14. Input Offset Voltage vs. Common-Mode Voltage



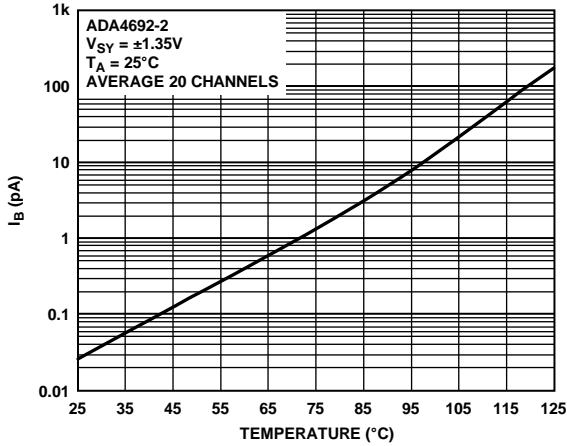


Figure 15. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

07950-009

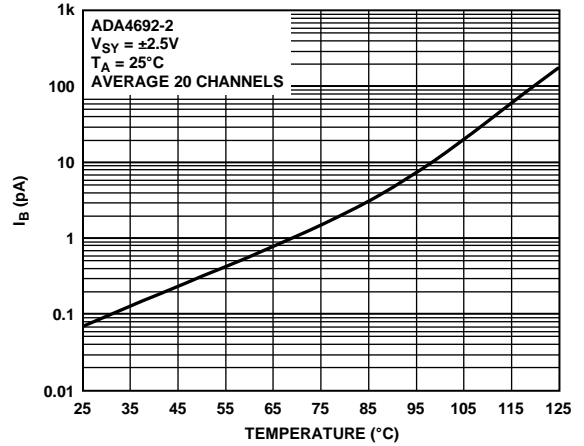


Figure 18. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

07950-012

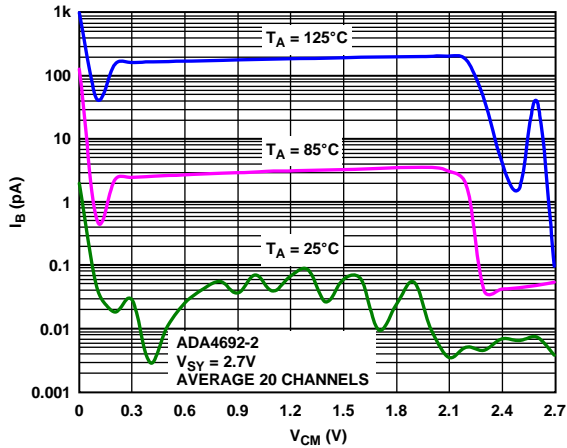


Figure 16. Input Bias Current vs. Common-Mode Voltage

07950-010

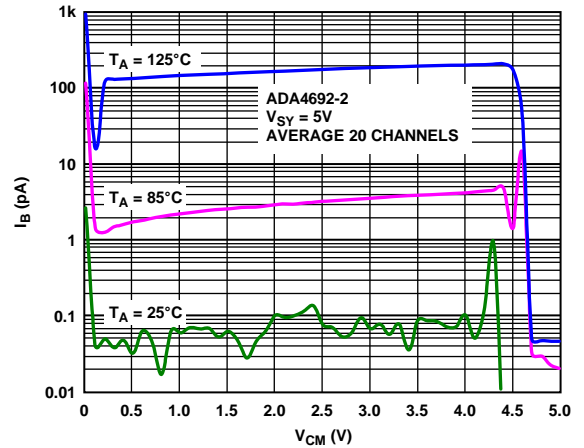


Figure 19. Input Bias Current vs. Common-Mode Voltage

07950-013

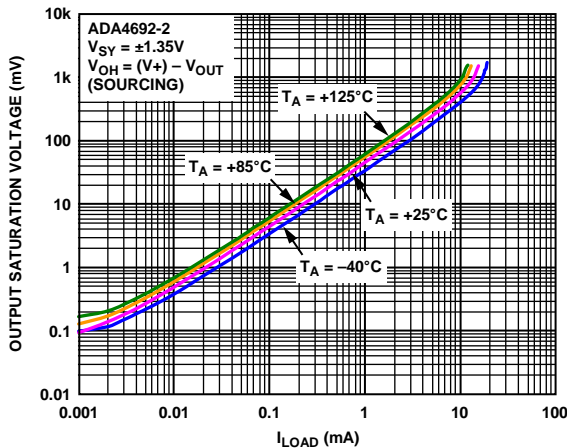


Figure 17. Output Voltage ( $V_{OH}$ ) to Supply Rail vs. Load Current

07950-011

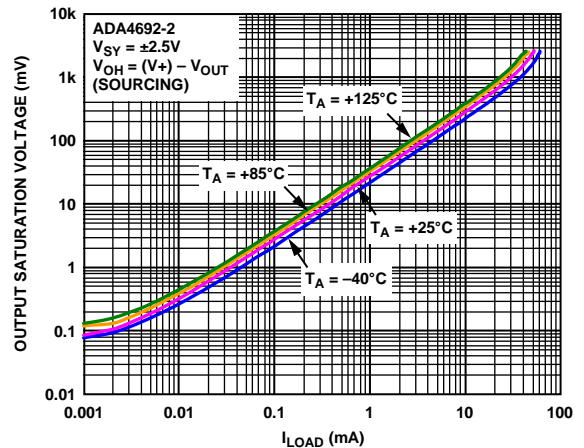


Figure 20. Output Voltage ( $V_{OH}$ ) to Supply Rail vs. Load Current

07950-014

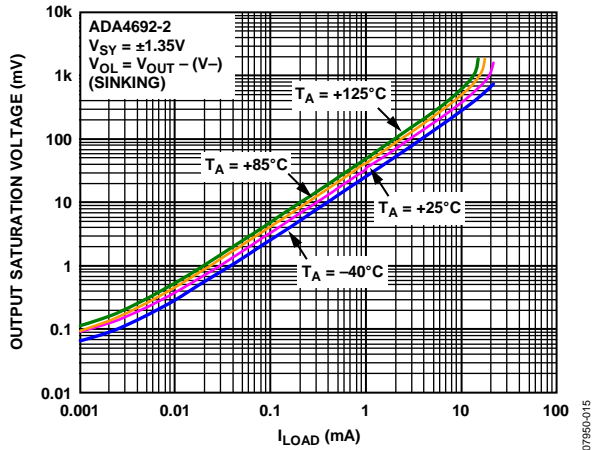


Figure 21. Output Voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) to Supply Rail vs. Load Current

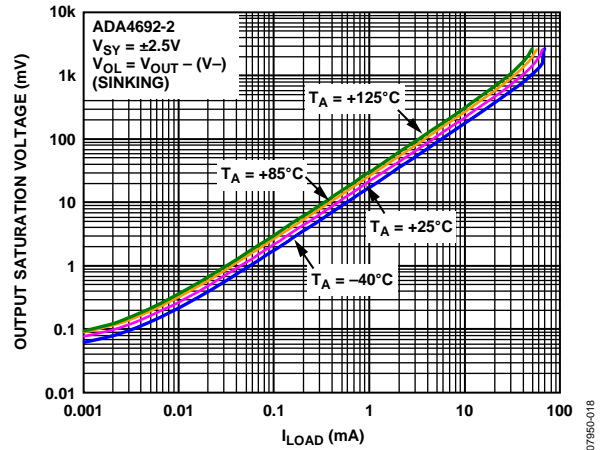


Figure 24. Output Voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) to Supply Rail vs. Load Current

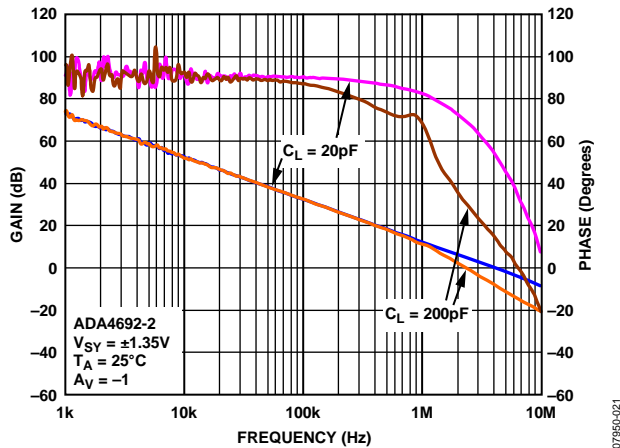


Figure 22. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency

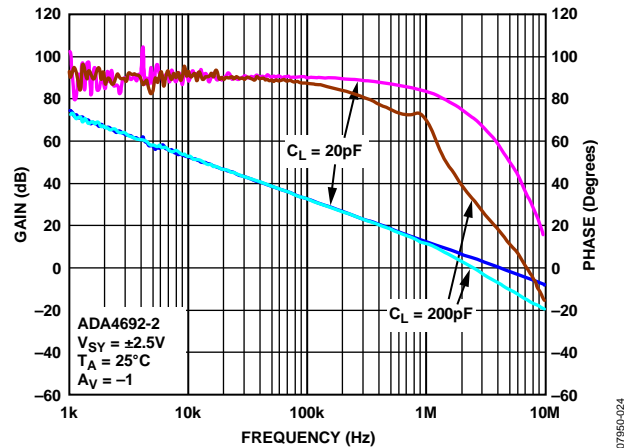


Figure 25. Open-Loop Gain and Phase vs. Frequency

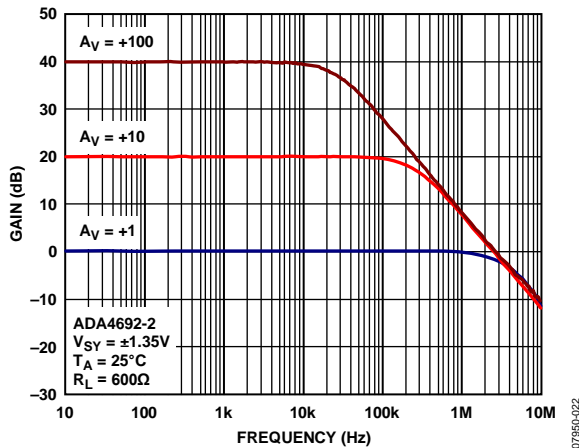


Figure 23. Closed-Loop Gain vs. Frequency

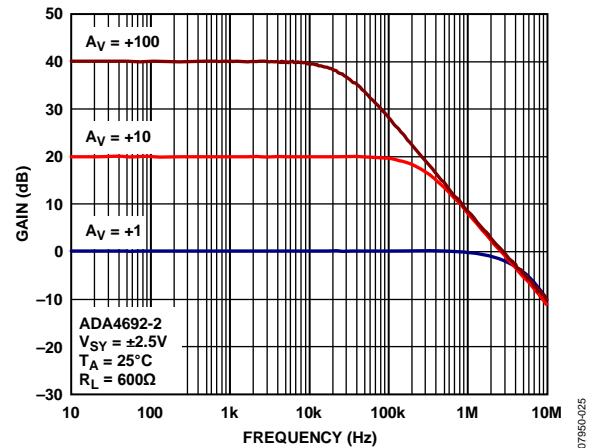


Figure 26. Closed-Loop Gain vs. Frequency

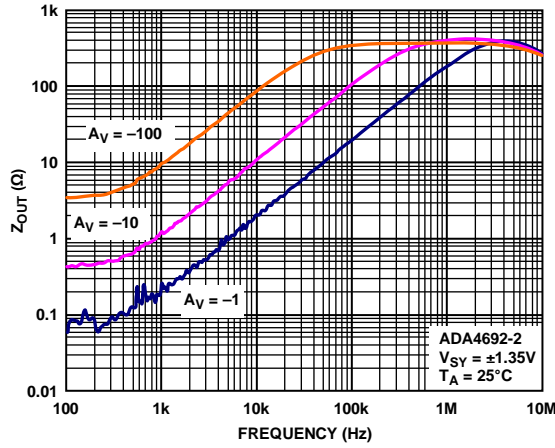


Figure 27. Output Impedance vs. Frequency

07950-023

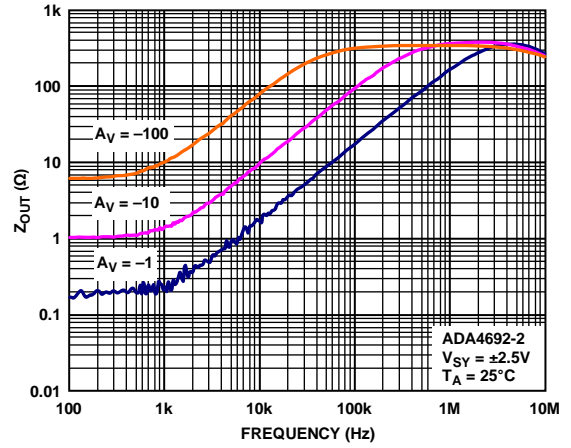


Figure 30. Output Impedance vs. Frequency

07950-026

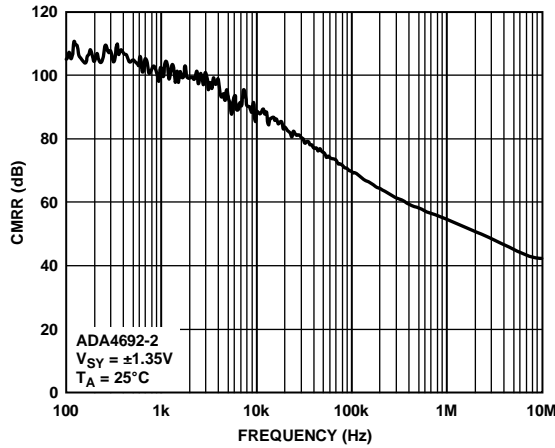


Figure 28. CMRR vs. Frequency

07950-027

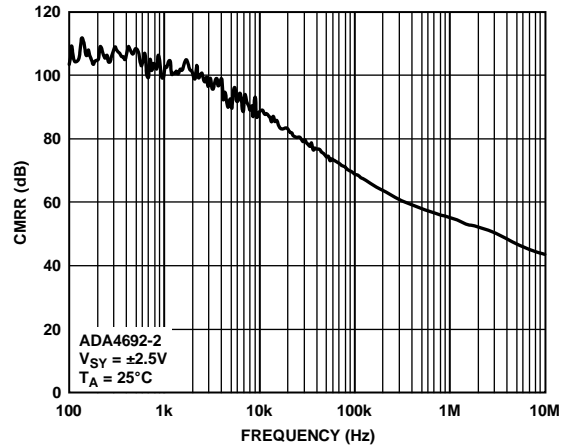


Figure 31. CMRR vs. Frequency

07950-030

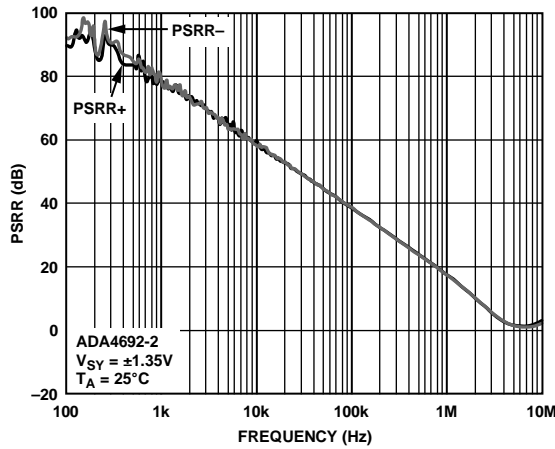


Figure 29. PSRR vs. Frequency

07950-028

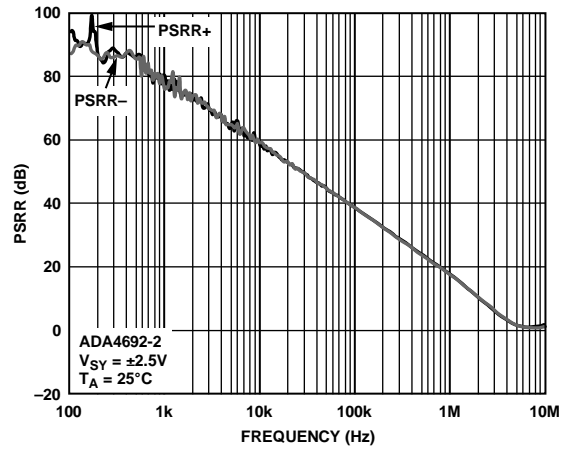


Figure 32. PSRR vs. Frequency

07950-031

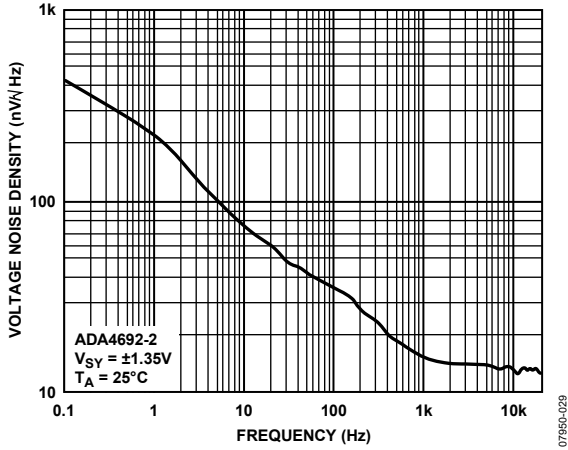


Figure 33. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

07950-029

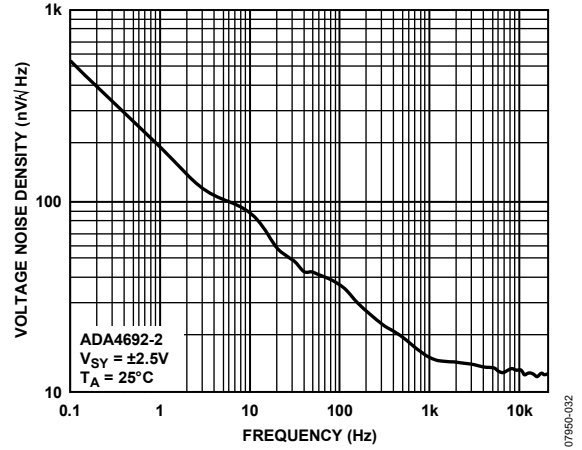


Figure 36. Voltage Noise Density vs. Frequency

07950-032

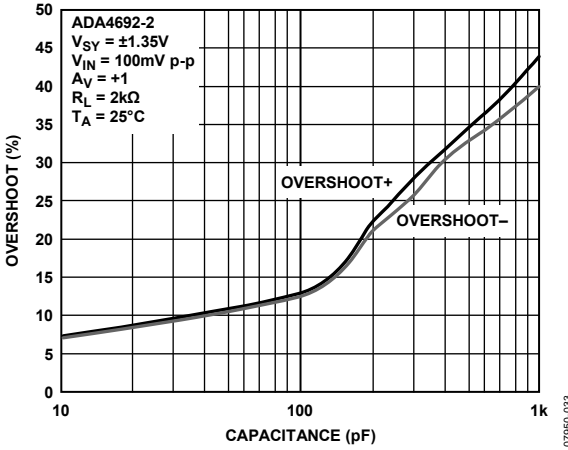


Figure 34. Small Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

07950-033

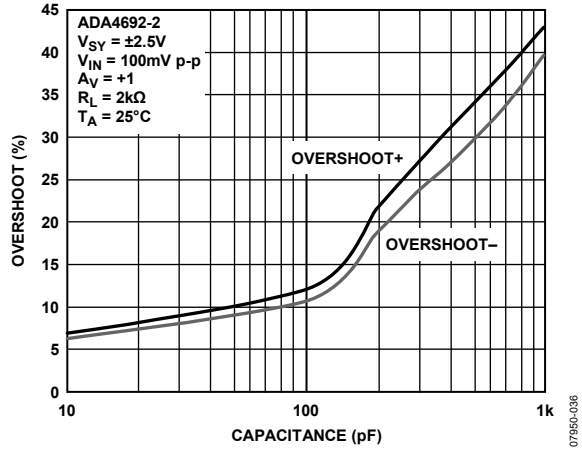


Figure 37. Small Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance

07950-036

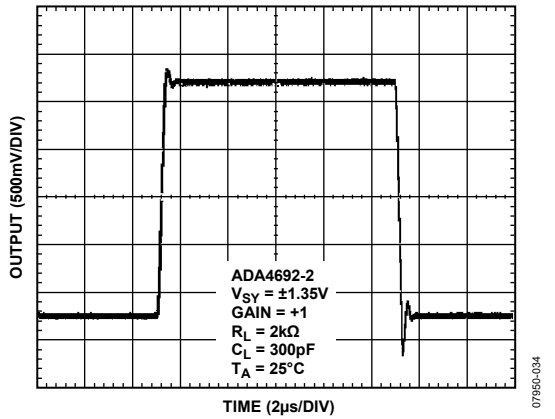


Figure 35. Large Signal Transient Response

07950-034

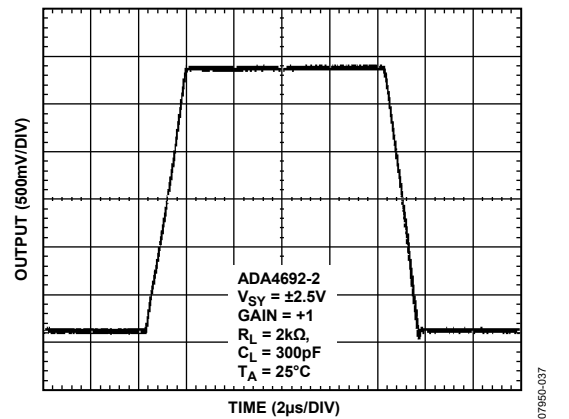


Figure 38. Large Signal Transient Response

07950-037

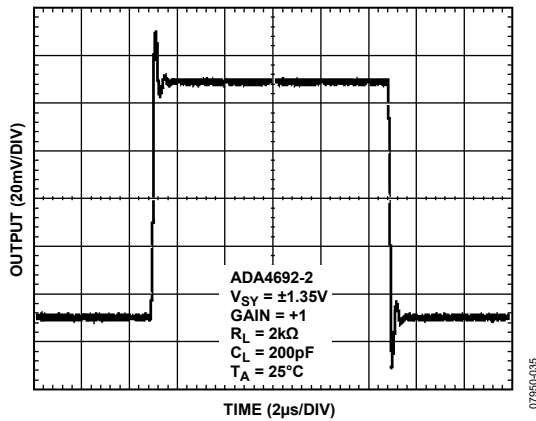


Figure 39. Small Signal Transient Response

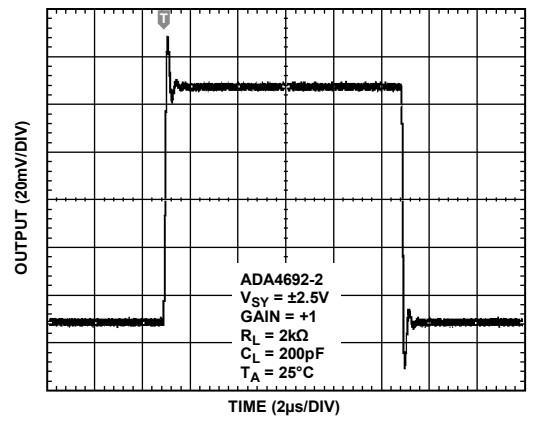


Figure 42. Small Signal Transient Response

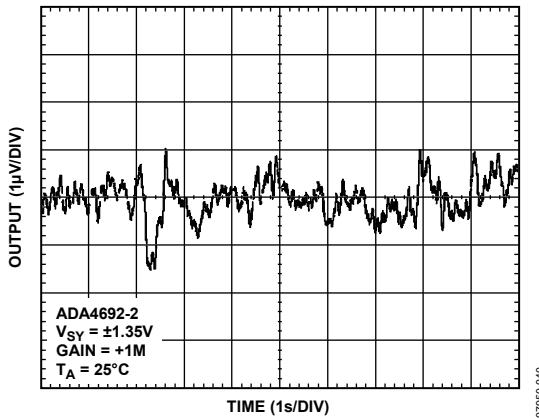


Figure 40. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise

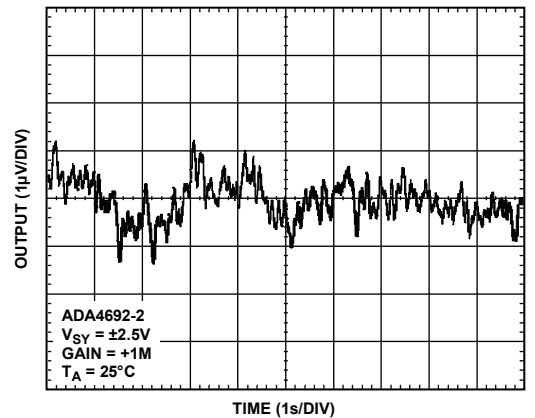


Figure 43. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise

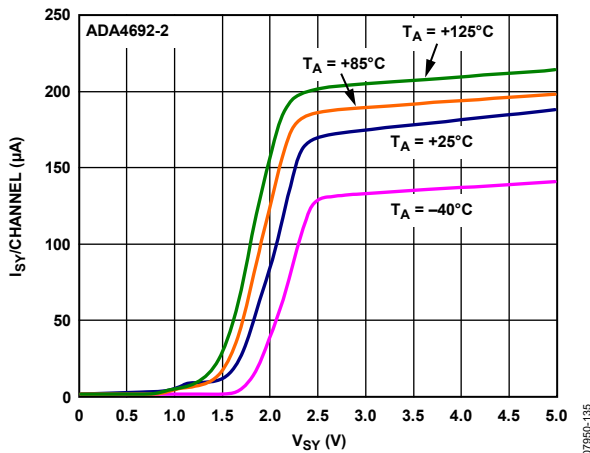


Figure 41. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Supply Voltage

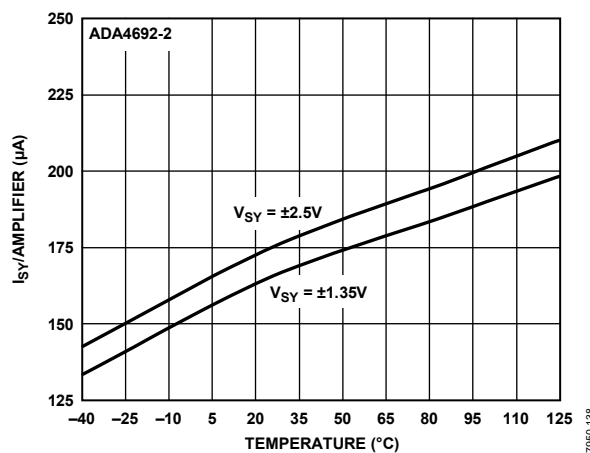


Figure 44. Supply Current per Channel vs. Temperature

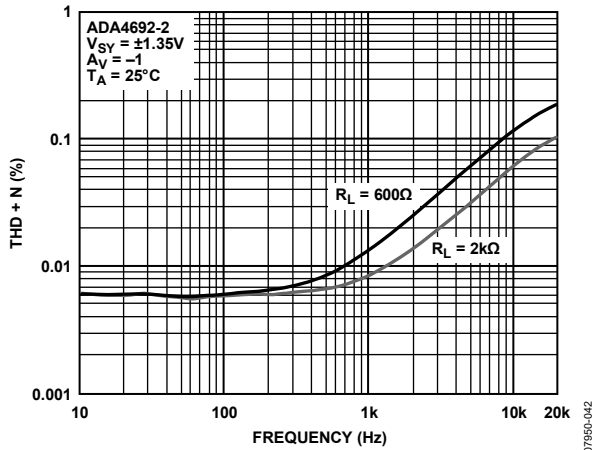


Figure 45. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

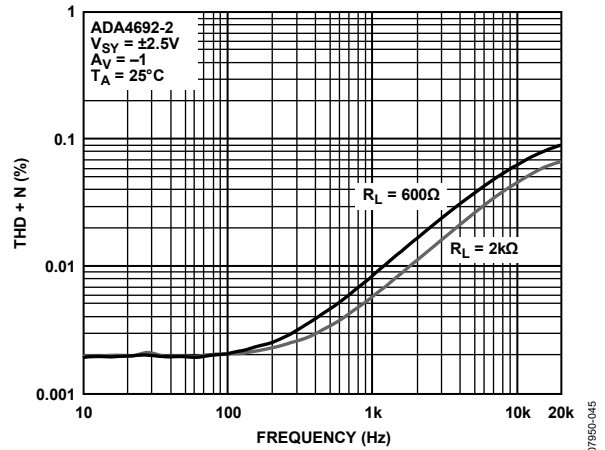


Figure 48. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

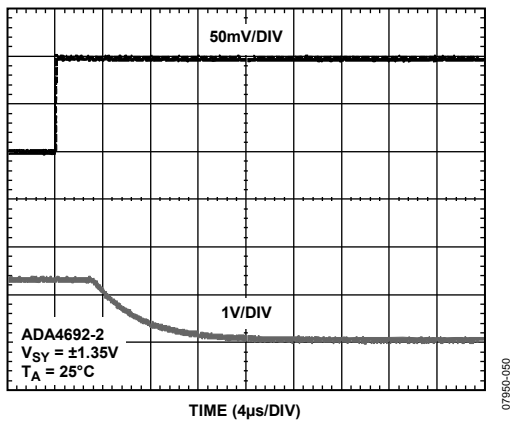


Figure 46. Positive Overload Recovery

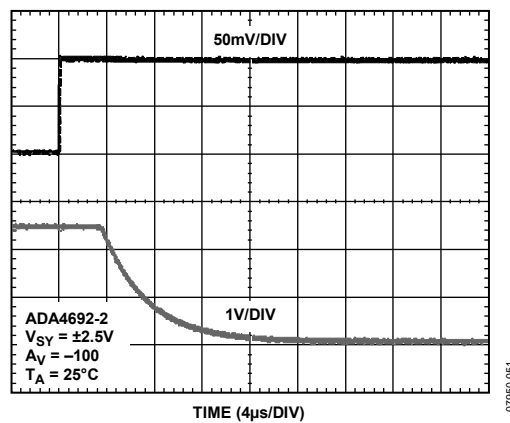


Figure 49. Positive Overload Recovery

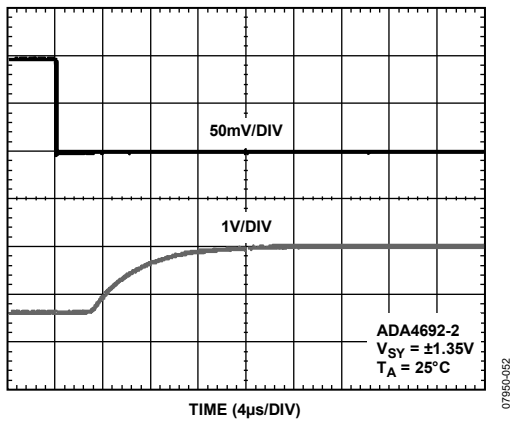


Figure 47. Negative Overload Recovery

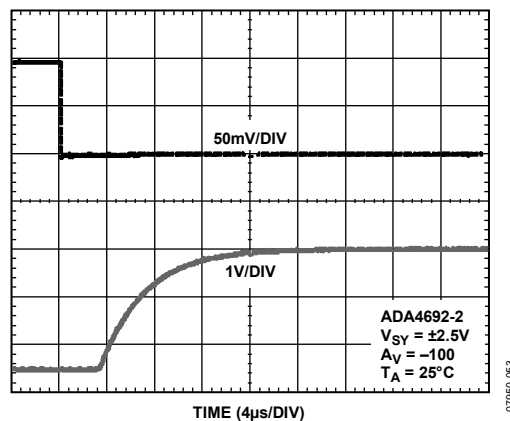


Figure 50. Negative Overload Recovery

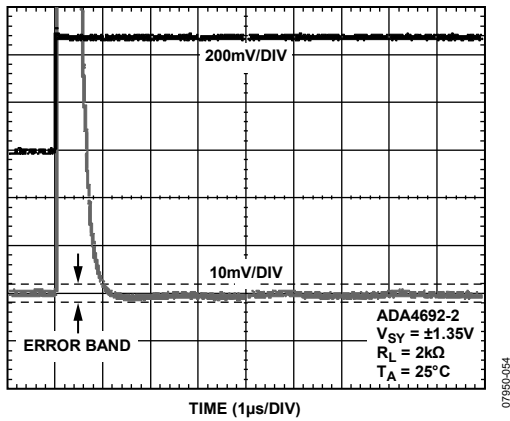


Figure 51. Positive Settling Time to 0.1%

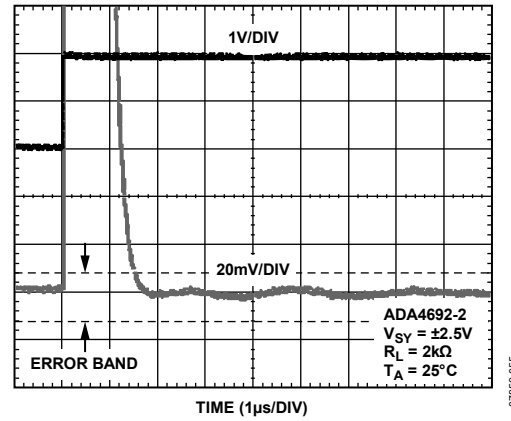


Figure 54. Positive Settling Time to 0.1%

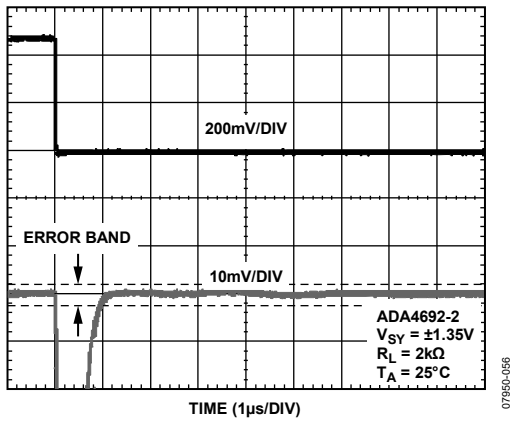


Figure 52. Negative Settling Time to 0.1%

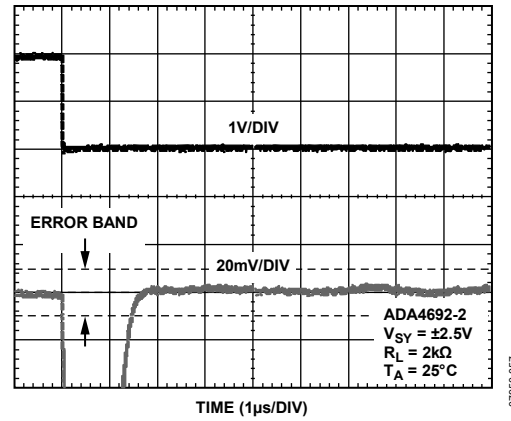


Figure 55. Negative Settling Time to 0.1%

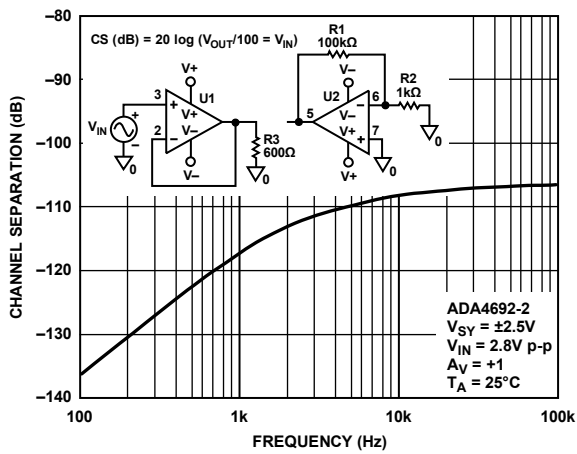


Figure 53. Channel Separation (CS) vs. Frequency

## SHUTDOWN OPERATION

### INPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS

The ADA4691-2 has a classic CMOS logic inverter input for each shutdown pin, as shown in Figure 56.

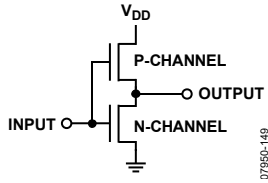


Figure 56. CMOS Inverter

With slowly changing inputs, the top transistor and bottom transistor may be slightly on at the same time, increasing the supply current. This can be avoided by driving the input with a digital logic output having fast rise and fall times. Figure 57 through Figure 59 show the supply current for both sections switching simultaneously with rise times of 1  $\mu$ s, 10  $\mu$ s, and 1 ms. Clearly, the rise and fall times should be faster than 10  $\mu$ s. Using an RC time constant to enable/disable shutdown is not recommended.

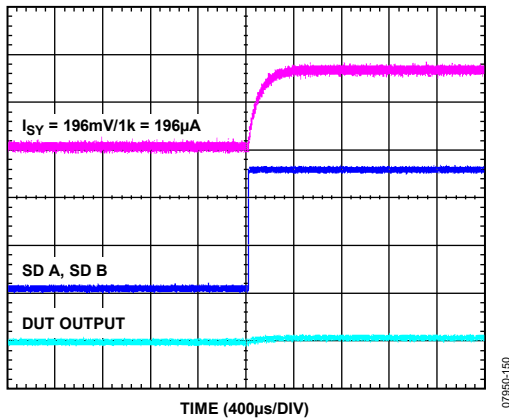


Figure 57. Shutdown Pin Rise Time = 1  $\mu$ s

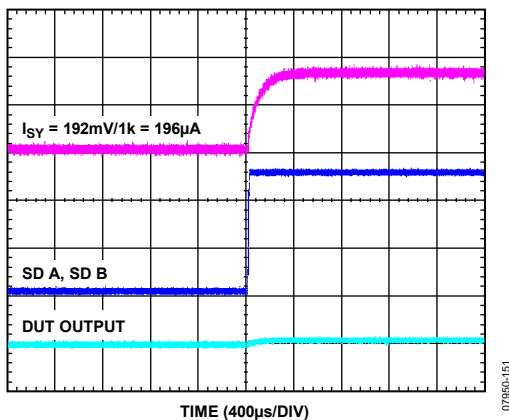


Figure 58. Shutdown Pin Rise Time = 10  $\mu$ s

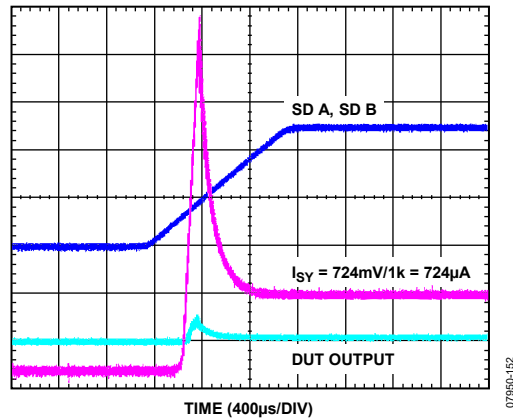


Figure 59. Shutdown Pin Rise Time = 1 ms

### INPUT THRESHOLD

The input threshold is approximately 1.2 V above the V- pin when operating on ground and 5 V and 0.9 V when operating on 2.7 V (see Figure 60 and Figure 61). The threshold is relatively stable over temperature. For operation on split supplies, the logic swing may have to be level shifted.

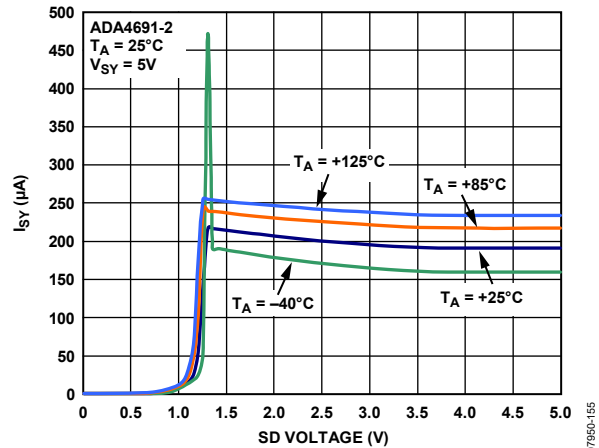


Figure 60. Supply Current vs. Temperature,  $V_{SY} = 5V$

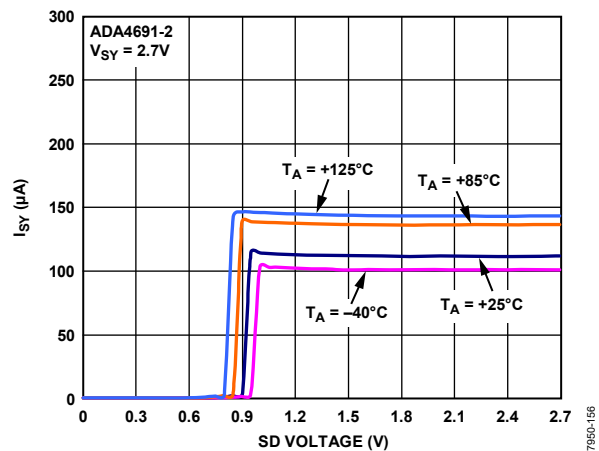
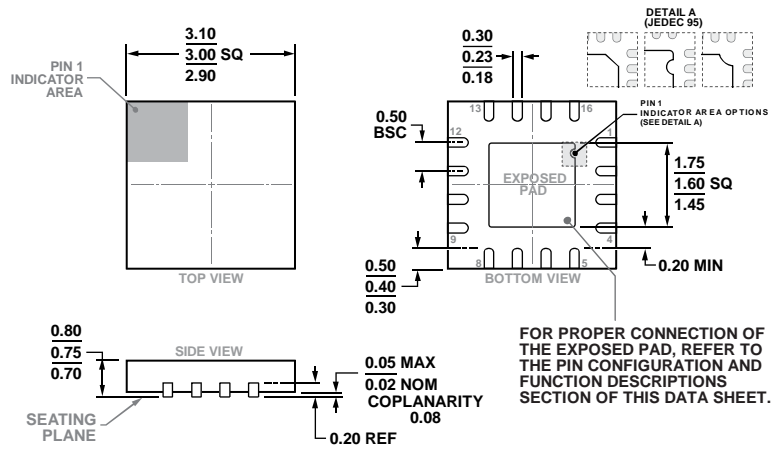


Figure 61. Supply Current vs. Temperature,  $V_{SY} = 2.7V$



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-WEED-6

Figure 62. 16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]  
3 mm x 3 mm Body and 0.75 mm Package Height  
(CP-16-22)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

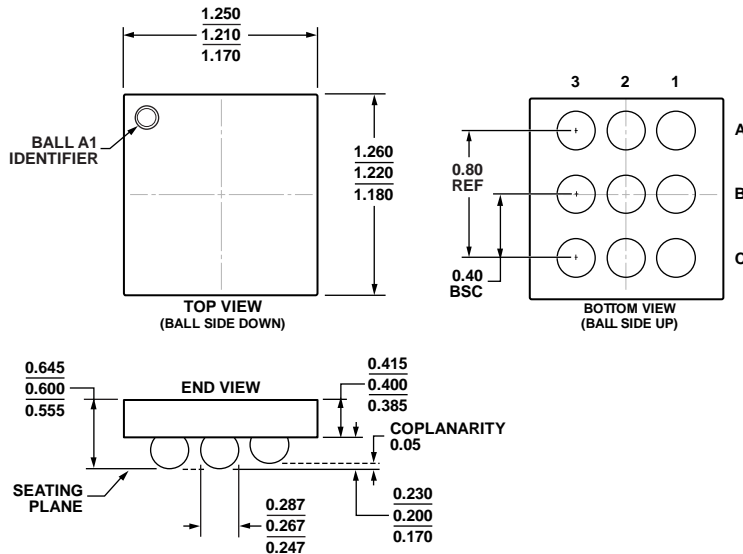


Figure 63. 9-Ball Wafer Level Chip Scale Package [WLCSF]  
(CB-9-3)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

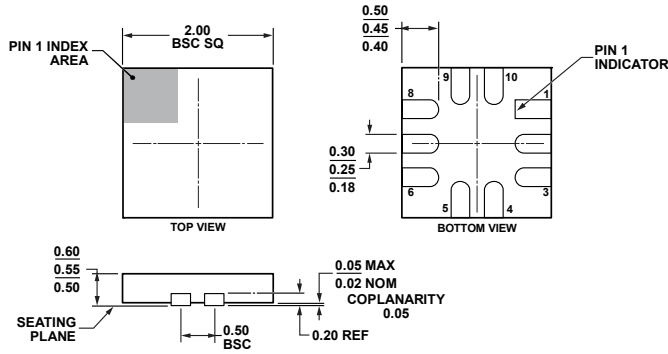


Figure 64. 10-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]  
2 mm × 2 mm Body and 0.55 mm Package Height  
(CP-10-11)  
Dimensions shown in millimeters

081308-D

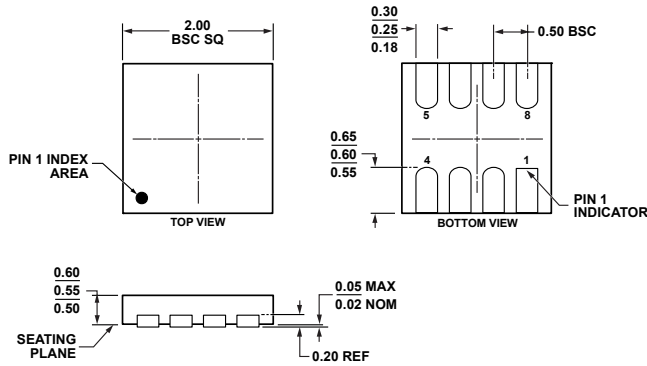
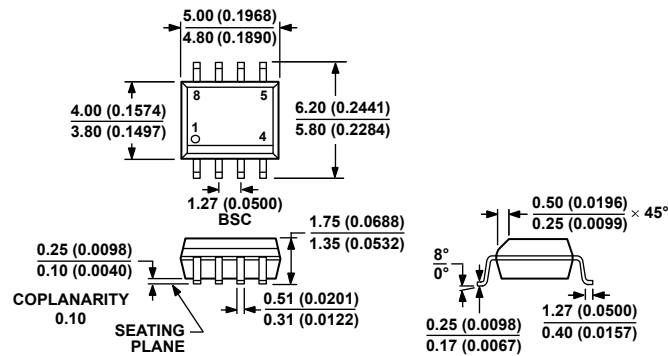


Figure 65. 8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]  
2 mm × 2 mm Body and 0.55 mm Package Height  
(CP-8-6)  
Dimensions shown in millimeters

082409-A



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MS-012-AA  
CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS; INCH DIMENSIONS  
(IN PARENTHESES) ARE ROUNDED-OFF MILLIMETER EQUIVALENTS FOR  
REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT APPROPRIATE FOR USE IN DESIGN.

Figure 66. 8-Lead Standard Small Outline Package [SOIC\_N]  
Narrow Body  
(R-8)  
Dimensions shown in millimeters and (inches)

012407-A