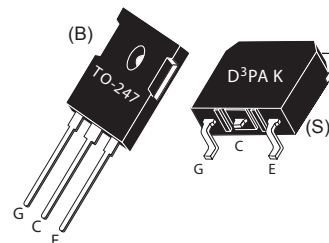



Ultra Fast NPT - IGBT®

The Ultra Fast NPT - IGBT® family of products is the newest generation of planar IGBTs optimized for outstanding ruggedness and the best trade-off between conduction and switching losses.



Features

- Low Saturation Voltage
- Low Tail Current
- RoHS Compliant 
- Short Circuit Withstand Rated
- High Frequency Switching
- Ultra Low Leakage Current

Unless stated otherwise, Microsemi discrete IGBTs contain a single IGBT die. This device is recommended for applications such as induction heating (IH), motor control, general purpose inverters and uninterruptible power supplies (UPS).



MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Unit |
|----------------|--|------------|------------------|
| V_{ces} | Collector Emitter Voltage | 1200 | V |
| V_{GE} | Gate-Emitter Voltage | ± 30 | |
| I_{C1} | Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 75 | A |
| I_{C2} | Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 25 | |
| I_{CM} | Pulsed Collector Current ^① | 100 | |
| SCWT | Short Circuit Withstand Time: $V_{CE} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 10 | μs |
| P_D | Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 521 | W |
| T_J, T_{STG} | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_L | Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec. | 300 | |

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------|---|------|-----|-----------|---------------|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$ | Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 500\mu\text{A}$) | 1200 | | | Volts |
| $V_{GE(TH)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) | 3.5 | 5.0 | 6.5 | |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$ | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 25A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) | | 2.5 | 3.2 | |
| | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 25A, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) | | 3.3 | | |
| | Collector-Emitter On Voltage ($V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 50A, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) | | 3.5 | | |
| I_{CES} | Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 1200V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$) ^② | | 5 | 500 | μA |
| | Collector Cut-off Current ($V_{CE} = 1200V, V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ^② | | 50 | | |
| I_{GES} | Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{GE} = \pm 20V$) | | | ± 250 | nA |

 **CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.**

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|------|
| C_{ies} | Input Capacitance | Capacitance $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1MHz$ | | 2784 | | pF |
| C_{oes} | Output Capacitance | | | 271 | | |
| C_{res} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 75 | | |
| V_{GEP} | Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage | Gate Charge $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CE} = 600V$ $I_C = 25A$ | | 7.5 | | V |
| $Q_g^{(3)}$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 154 | 203 | |
| Q_{ge} | Gate-Emitter Charge | | | 20 | 27 | |
| Q_{gc} | Gate- Collector Charge | | | 76 | 97 | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | Inductive Switching (25°C) $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 25A$ $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$ | | 16 | | ns |
| t_r | Current Rise Time | | | 10 | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 122 | | |
| t_f | Current Fall Time | | | 20 | | |
| $E_{on2}^{(5)}$ | Turn-On Switching Energy | Inductive Switching (25°C) $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$ | | 742 | 1110 | μJ |
| $E_{off}^{(6)}$ | Turn-Off Switching Energy | | | 427 | 640 | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | Inductive Switching (125°C) $V_{CC} = 600V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = 25A$ $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$ $T_J = +125^\circ C$ | | 16 | | ns |
| t_r | Current Rise Time | | | 10 | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 136 | | |
| t_f | Current Fall Time | | | 28 | | |
| $E_{on2}^{(5)}$ | Turn-On Switching Energy | Inductive Switching (125°C) $R_G = 4.3 \Omega^{(4)}$ $T_J = +125^\circ C$ | | 1297 | 1945 | μJ |
| $E_{off}^{(6)}$ | Turn-Off Switching Energy | | | 480 | 720 | |

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|--|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction to Case Thermal Resistance | | | .24 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance | | | 40 | |
| W_T | Package Weight | | .22 | | oz |
| | | | 6.2 | | g |
| Torque | Mounting Torque (TO-247 Package), 4-40 or M3 screw | | | 10 | in-lbf |
| | | | | 6.2 | N·m |

- 1 Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.
 - 2 Pulse test: Pulse Width < 380μs, duty cycle < 2%.
 - 3 See Mil-Std-750 Method 3471.
 - 4 R_G is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)
 - 5 E_{on2} is the clamped inductive turn on energy that includes a commutating diode reverse recovery current in the IGBT turn on energy loss. A combi device is used for the clamping diode.
 - 6 E_{off} is the clamped inductive turn-off energy measured in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD24-1.
- Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

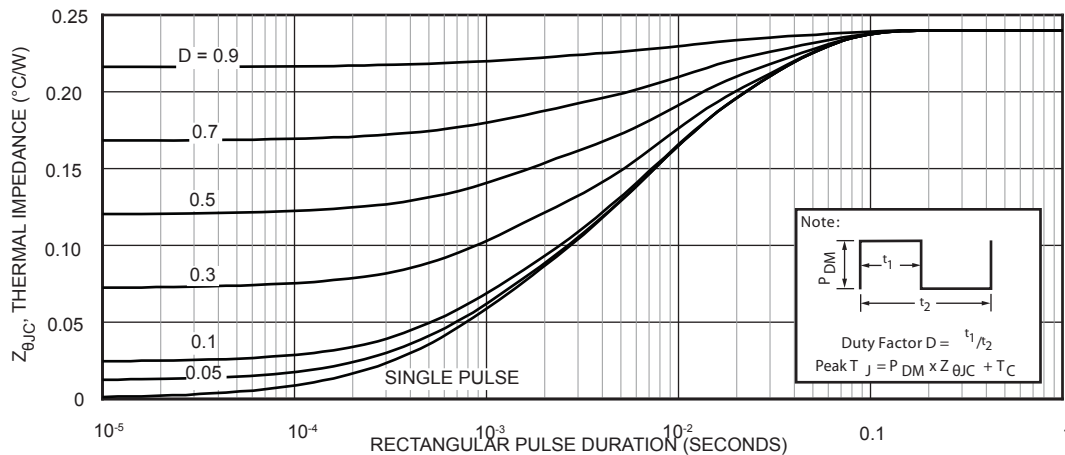


Figure 1, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-To-Case vs Pulse Duration

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT25GR120B_S

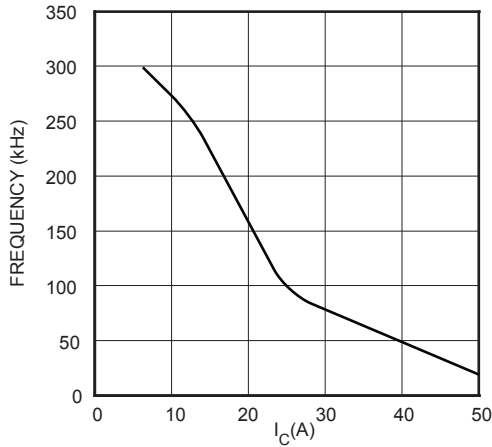


FIGURE 2, Max Frequency vs Current ($T_{case} = 75^{\circ}C$)

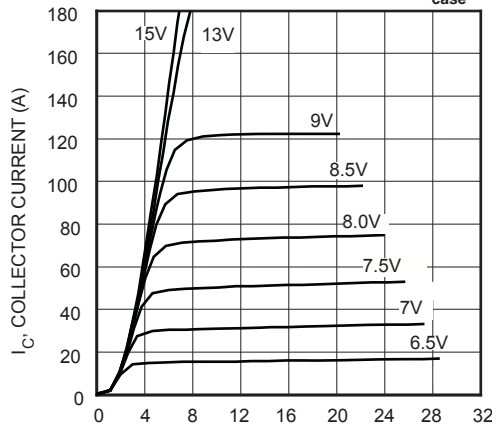


FIGURE 4, Output Characteristics ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$)

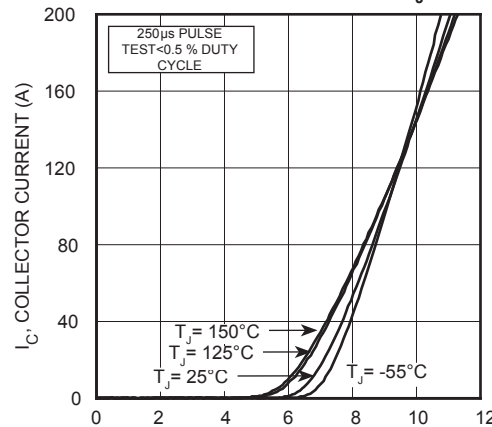


FIGURE 6, Transfer Characteristics

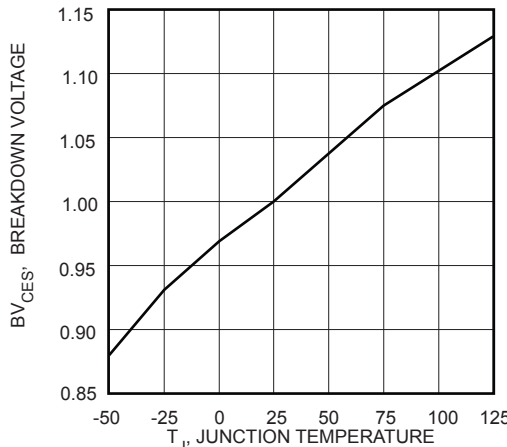


FIGURE 8, Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

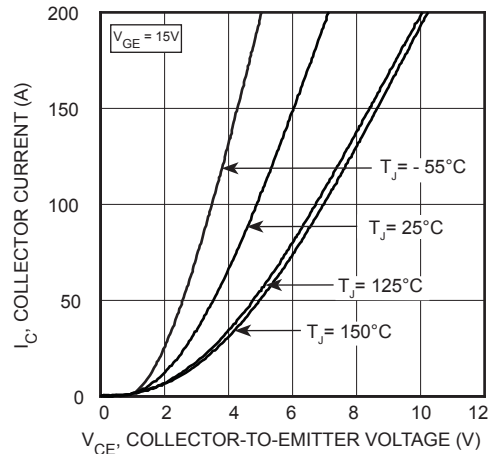


FIGURE 3, Saturation Voltage Characteristics ($T_J = 25^{\circ}C$)

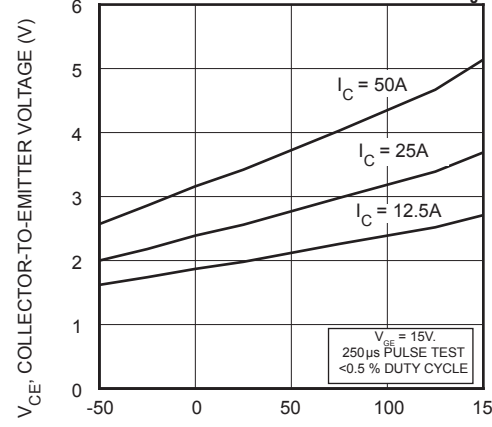


FIGURE 5, On State Voltage vs Junction Temperature

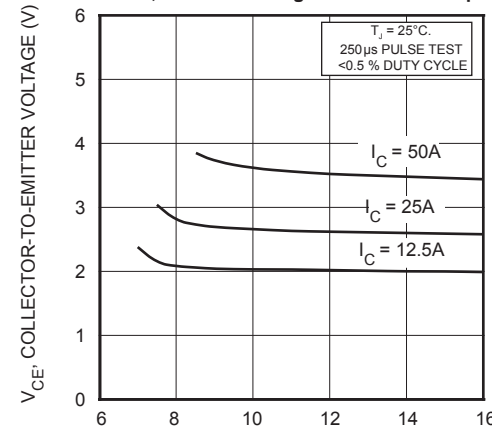


FIGURE 7, On State Voltage vs Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

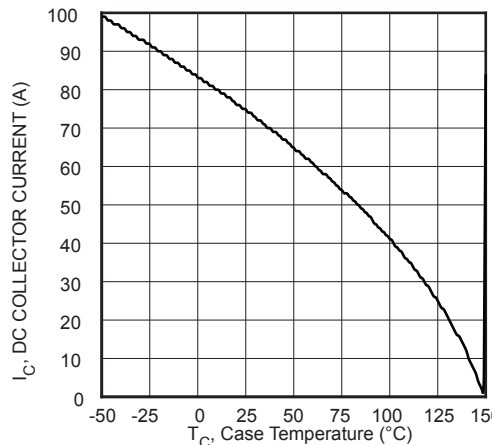


FIGURE 9, DC Collector Current vs Case Temperature

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

APT25GR120B_S

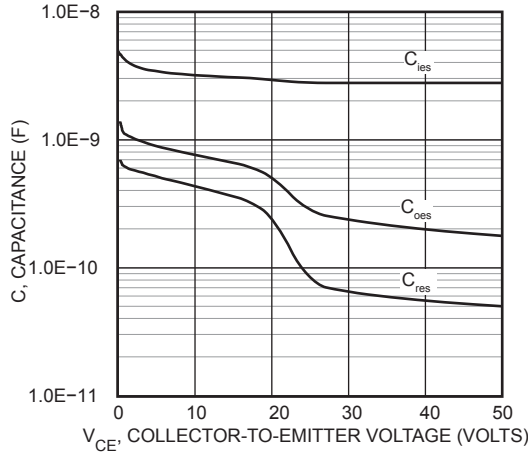


FIGURE 10, Capacitance vs Collector-To-Emitter Voltage

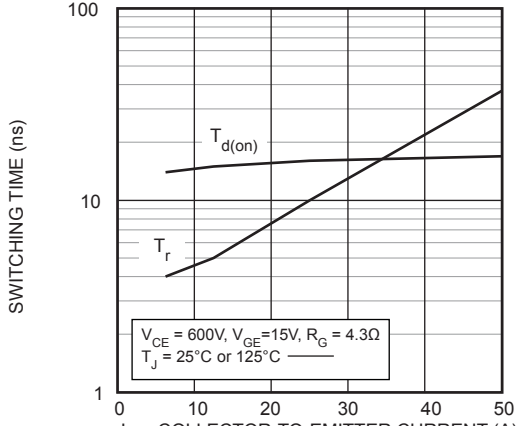


FIGURE 12, Turn-On Time vs Collector Current

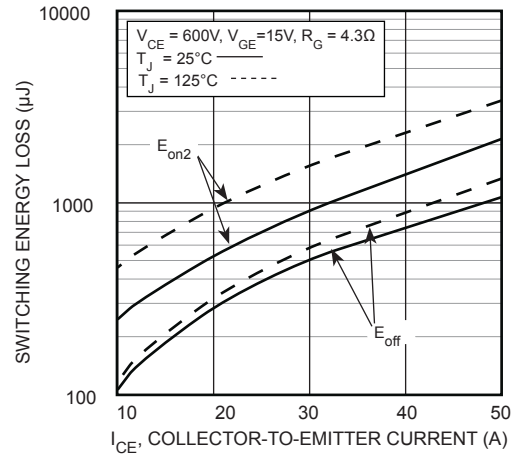


FIGURE 14, Energy Loss vs Collector Current

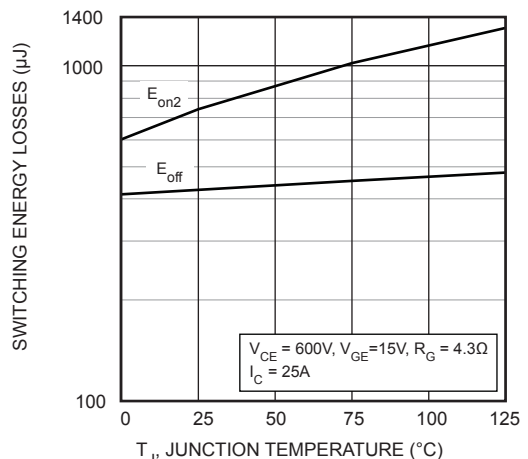


FIGURE 16, Switching Energy vs Junction Temperature

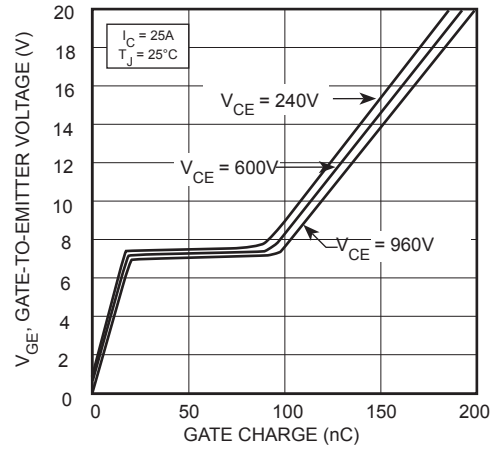


FIGURE 11, Gate charge

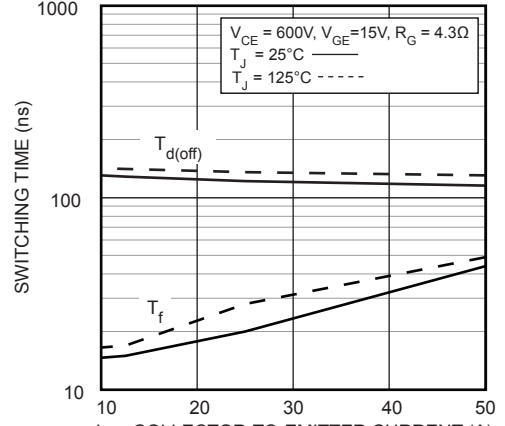


FIGURE 13, Turn-Off Time vs Collector Current

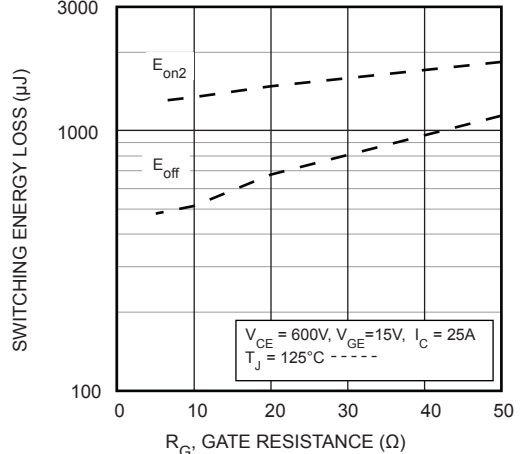


FIGURE 15, Energy Loss vs Gate Resistance

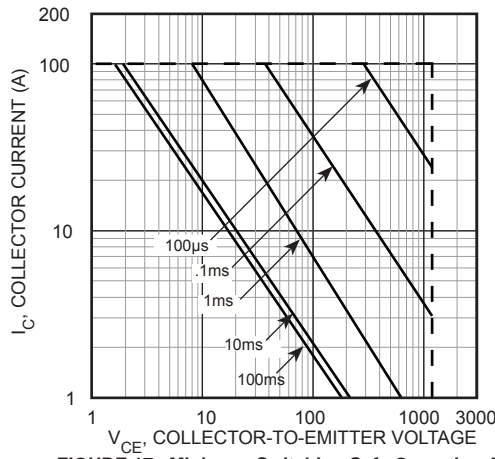
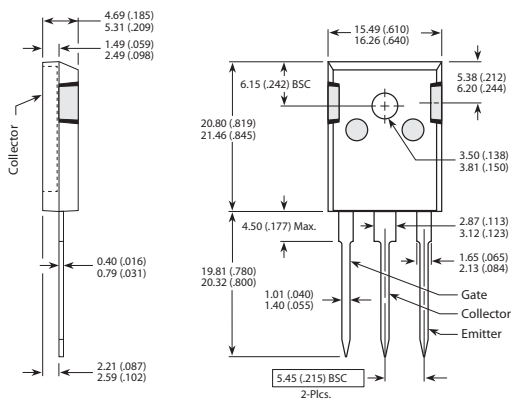


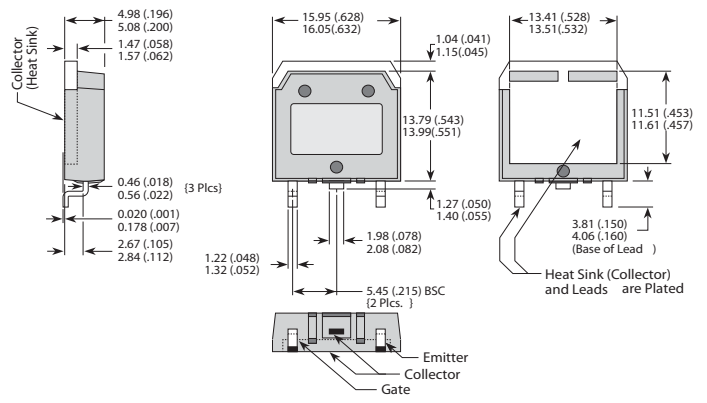
FIGURE 17, Minimum Switching Safe Operating Area

TO-247 Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)

D³PAK Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters (Inches)