

Chip Ferrite Bead BLM21□□□□□BH1□
Murata Standard Reference Specification[AEC-Q200]

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to Chip Ferrite Bead for Automotive Electronics BLM21_BH Series based on AEC-Q200.

2. Part Numbering

(ex.) $\frac{BL}{(1)}$ $\frac{M}{(2)}$ $\frac{21}{(3)}$ $\frac{AG}{(4)}$ $\frac{121}{(5)}$ $\frac{B}{(6)}$ $\frac{H}{(7)}$ $\frac{1}{(8)}$ $\frac{D}{(9)}$

(1)Product ID (7)Category (for Automotive Electronics)
 (2)Type (8)Numbers of Circuit
 (3)Dimension (LxW) (9)Packaging
 (4)Characteristics
 (5)Typical Impedance at 100MHz
 (6)Performance

3. Rating

Customer Part Number	MURATA Part Number	Impedance (Ω) (at 100MHz) (refer to below comment)		Rated Current (mA)*1			DC Resistance (Ω) max. (refer to below comment)		ESD Rank 2:2kV 6:25kV
		Typical		at 85°C	at 125°C	at 150°C	Initial Values	Values After Testing	
	BLM21PG220BH1D	22±25%	22	-	3300	10	0.009	0.018	6
	BLM21PG300BH1D	20 min.	30	-	2300	10	0.014	0.028	
	BLM21PG600BH1D	60±25%	60	-	1900	10	0.02	0.04	
	BLM21PG121BH1D	120±25%	120	-	1550	10	0.03	0.06	
	BLM21PG221BH1D	220±25%	220	-	1250	10	0.045	0.09	
	BLM21PG331BH1D	330±25%	330	-	1000	10	0.07	0.14	
	BLM21SP700BH1D	70±25%	70	6000	4000	10	0.009	0.012	
	BLM21SP111BH1D	110±25%	110	5000	3300	10	0.013	0.016	
	BLM21SP181BH1D	180±25%	180	4000	2600	10	0.020	0.025	
	BLM21SP331BH1D	330±25%	330	2800	1900	10	0.040	0.051	
	BLM21SP471BH1D	470±25%	470	2500	1700	10	0.050	0.063	
	BLM21SP601BH1D	600±25%	600	2300	1500	10	0.060	0.074	
	BLM21SP102BH1D	1000±25%	1000	1600	1100	10	0.120	0.144	
	BLM21AG121BH1D	120±25%	120	-	1000	10	0.09	0.19	2
	BLM21AG151BH1D	150±25%	150	-	1000	10	0.09	0.19	
	BLM21AG221BH1D	220±25%	220	-	900	10	0.12	0.22	
	BLM21AG331BH1D	330±25%	330	-	800	10	0.15	0.25	
	BLM21AG471BH1D	470±25%	470	-	700	10	0.18	0.28	
	BLM21AG601BH1D	600±25%	600	-	700	10	0.2	0.3	
	BLM21AG102BH1D	1000±25%	1000	-	600	10	0.27	0.37	

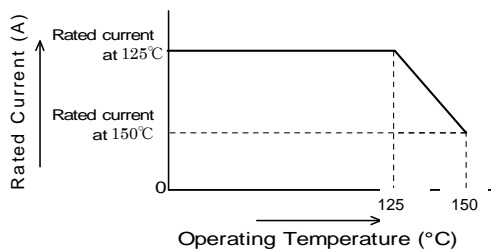
• Operating Temperature : -55°C to +150°C

• Storage Temperature : -55°C to +150°C

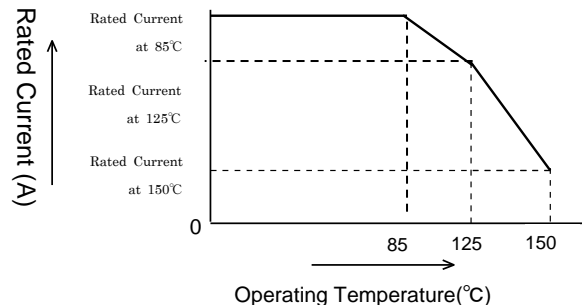
(Note)

As for Rated current marked with *1,
 Rated Current is derated as below figure
 depending on the operating temperature.

***BLM21AG/PG**

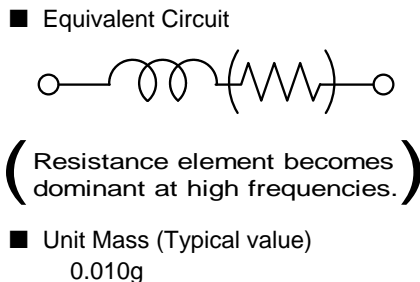
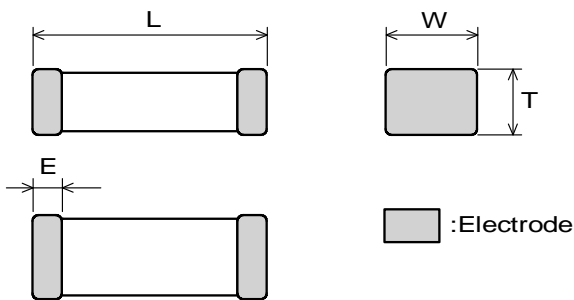


***BLM21SP**



Keep the temperature (ambient temperature plus self-generation of heat) under 155°C.

4. Style and Dimensions



L	W	T	E
2.0±0.2	1.25±0.2	0.85±0.2	0.5±0.2

(in mm)

5. Marking

No marking.

6. Standard Testing Conditions

< Unless otherwise specified >
 Temperature : Ordinary Temp. (15 °C to 35 °C)
 Humidity : Ordinary Humidity (25%(RH) to 85%(RH))

< In case of doubt >
 Temperature : 20°C±2 °C
 Humidity : 60%(RH) to 70%(RH)
 Atmospheric pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

7. Specifications

7-1. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7-1-1	Impedance	Meet item 3.	Measuring Frequency : 100MHz±1MHz Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT 4991A or the equivalent Test Fixture :KEYSIGHT 16197A or the equivalent
7-1-2	DC Resistance	Meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : Digital multi meter *Except resistance of the Substrate and Wire

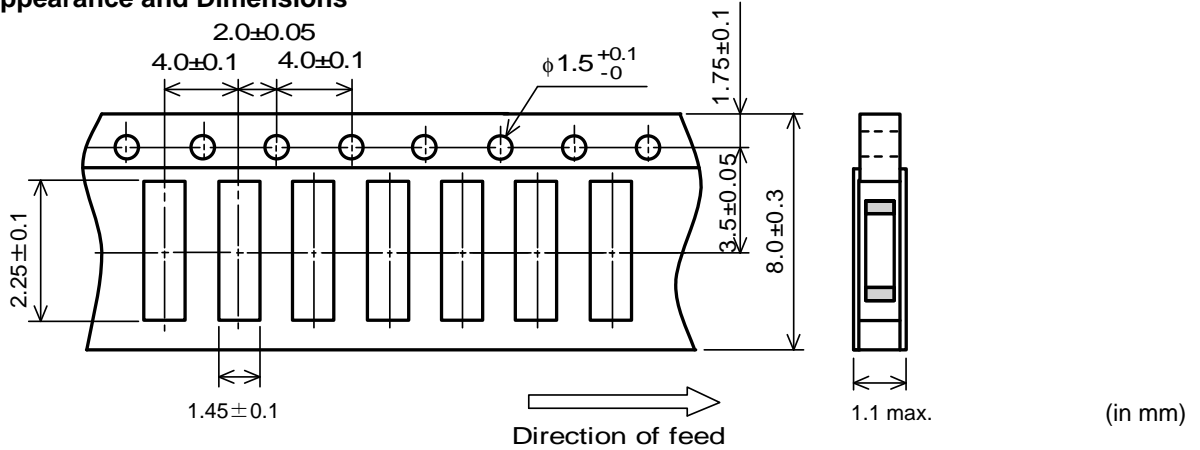
7-2. Mechanical Performance (based on Table 13 for FILTER EMI SUPPRESSORS/FILTERS)
AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June. 1 2010

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation						
No.	Stress	Test Method							
3	High Temperature Exposure	1000hours at 150 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <caption>Table A</caption> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Impedance Change (at 100MHz)</td> <td>Within ±30%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DC Resistance</td> <td>Meet item 3.</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	Impedance Change (at 100MHz)	Within ±30%	DC Resistance	Meet item 3.
Appearance	No damage								
Impedance Change (at 100MHz)	Within ±30%								
DC Resistance	Meet item 3.								
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -55 deg C to +150 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table B after testing. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <caption>Table B</caption> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Impedance Change (at 100MHz)</td> <td>Within ±50%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DC Resistance</td> <td>Meet item 3.</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damage	Impedance Change (at 100MHz)	Within ±50%	DC Resistance	Meet item 3.
Appearance	No damage								
Impedance Change (at 100MHz)	Within ±50%								
DC Resistance	Meet item 3.								
5	Destructive Physical Analysis	Per EIA469 No electrical tests	No defects						

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation
No	Stress	Test Method	
7	Biased Humidity	1000hours at 85 deg C, 85%RH Apply max rated current.	Meet Table B after testing.
8	Operational Life	Apply 150 deg C 1000hours Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table B after testing. If the rated current of parts exceed 10mA, the operating temperature should be 85 deg C or 125 deg C.
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 4 (Style and Dimensions)	No defects
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition F: 1500g's(14.7N)/0.5ms/ Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.
14	Vibration	5g's(0.049N) for 20 minutes, 12cycles each of 3 orientations Test from 10-2000Hz.	Meet Table A after testing.
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Solder temperature 260C+/-5 deg C Immersion time 10s	Pre-heating:150C +/-10 deg,60s to 90s Meet Table B after testing.
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	Meet Table B after testing. ESD Rank: Refer to Item 3. Rating
18	Solderability	Per J-STD-002	Method b : Not Applicable 95% of the terminations is to be soldered.
19	Electrical Characterization	Measured : Impedance	No defects
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60s minimum holding time	Meet Table A after testing.
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006	No defects
30	Electrical Transient Conduction	Per ISO-7637-2	Not Applicable

8. Specification of Packaging

8-1. Appearance and Dimensions



(1) Taping

Products shall be packaged in the cavity of the basetape of 8mm-wide, 4mm-pitch continuously and sealed by top tape and bottom tape.

(2) The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.

(3) Spliced point: The base tape and top tape have no spliced point

(4) Cavity: There shall not be burr in the cavity.

(5) Missing components number

Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

8-2. Tape Strength

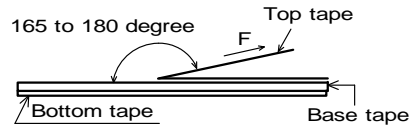
(1) Pull Strength

Top tape	5N min.
Bottom tape	

(2) Peeling off force of Top tape

0.1N to 0.6N (Minimum value is typical.)

*Speed of Peeling off: 300mm/min



8-3. Taping Condition

(1) Standard quantity per reel

Quantity per 180mm reel: 4000 pcs. / reel

(2) There shall be leader-tape (cover tape/top tape and empty tape) and trailer-tape(empty tape) as follows.

(3) On paper tape, the top tape and the base tape shall not be adhered at the tip of the empty leader tape for more than 5 pitch.

(4) Marking for reel

The following items shall be marked on a label and the label is stuck on the reel.

(Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(*1) , RoHS marking(*2) , Quantity, etc)

*1) « Expression of Inspection No. » $\frac{\square\square}{(1)}$ $\frac{O O O O}{(2)}$ $\frac{\times \times \times}{(3)}$

(1) Factory Code

(2) Date

First digit : Year / Last digit of year

Second digit : Month / Jan. to Sep. → 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. → O, N, D

Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

*2) « Expression of RoHS marking » ROHS - Y (Δ)
 (1) (2)

(1) RoHS regulation conformity parts.

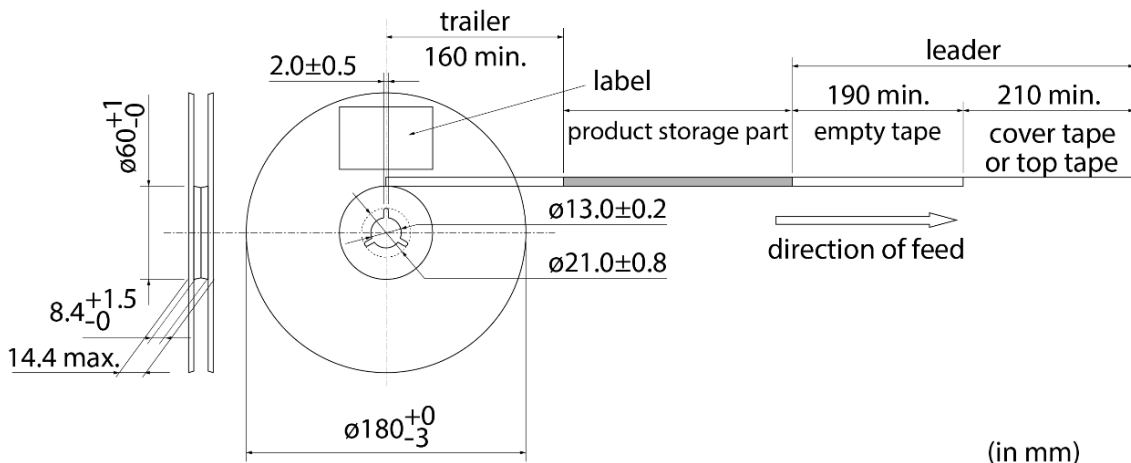
(2) MURATA classification number

(5) Outside package

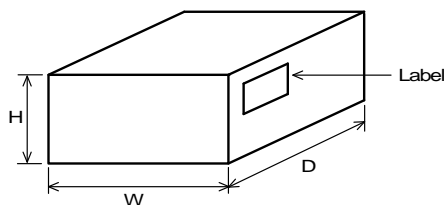
These reels shall be packed in the corrugated cardboard package and the following items shall be marked on a label and the label is stuck on the box.

(Customer name, Purchasing order number, Customer part number, MURATA part number, RoHS marking (*2) , Quantity, etc)

(6) Dimensions of reel and taping(leader-tape, trailer-tape)



8-4. Specification of Outer Case



Outer Case Dimensions (mm)			Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case (Reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5

* Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

9. ⚠ Caution

9-1. Rating

Do not exceed maximum rated current of the product. Thermal stress may be transmitted to the product and short/open circuit of the product or falling off the product may be occurred.

9-2. Surge current

Excessive surge current (pulse current or rush current) than specified rated current applied to the product may cause a critical failure, such as an open circuit, burnout caused by excessive temperature rise. Please contact us in advance in case of applying the surge current.

9-3. Fail Safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent from a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our products.

9-4. Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

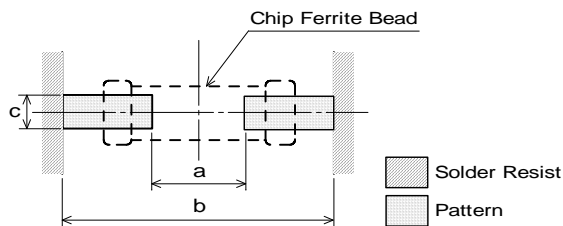
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| (1) Aircraft equipment | (6) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment |
| (2) Aerospace equipment | (7) Traffic signal equipment |
| (3) Undersea equipment | (8) Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.) |
| (4) Power plant control equipment | (9) Data-processing equipment |
| (5) Medical equipment | (10) Applications of similar complexity and /or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above |

10. Notice

This product is designed for solder mounting.
Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

10-1. Land pattern designing

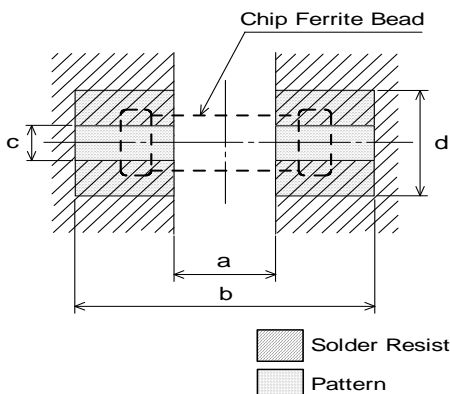
- Standard land dimensions
< BLM21AG series >



Type	Soldering	a	b	c
BLM21AG	Flow	1.1	3.5	0.95
	Reflow	1.2	2.4	1.25

(in mm)

< BLM21PG/SP series >



Type	Operating Current (A)	Land pad thickness and dimension d		
		18μm	35μm	70μm
BLM21PG	~2.0	1.25	1.25	1.25
	~4.0	2.4	1.25	1.25
BLM21SP	-	-	6.8	3.4

(in mm)

Type	Soldering	a	b	c
BLM21PG /SP	Flow	1.1	3.5	0.95
	Reflow	1.2	2.4	1.25

(in mm)

*The excessive heat by land pads may cause deterioration at joint of products with substrate.

10-2. Soldering Conditions

Products can be applied to reflow and flow soldering.

(1) Flux, Solder

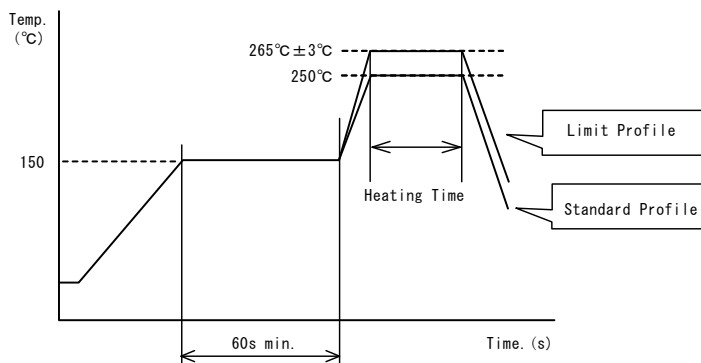
Flux	Use rosin-based flux, but not highly acidic flux (with chlorine content exceeding 0.2(wt)%.) Do not use water-soluble flux.
Solder	Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Standard thickness of solder paste : 100 μm to 200 μm

(2) Soldering conditions

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and ferrite surface is limited to 150°C max. Also cooling into solvent after soldering should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.
Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the ferrite, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.
The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

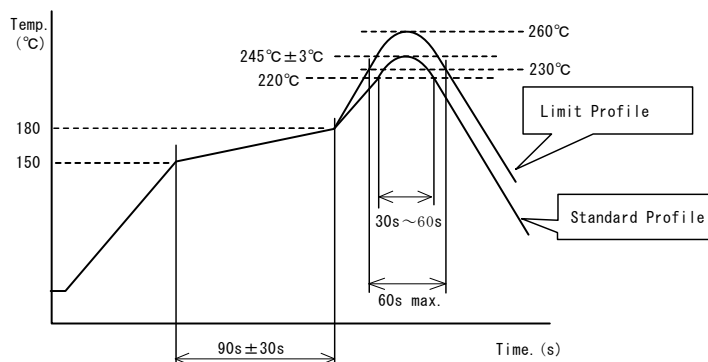
(3) soldering profile

□Flow



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150°C、60s min.	
Heating	250°C、4~6s	265°C±3°C、5s max.
Cycle of flow	2 times	2 times

□Reflow soldering profile



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C、90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、30s~60s	above 230°C、60s max.
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C、10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

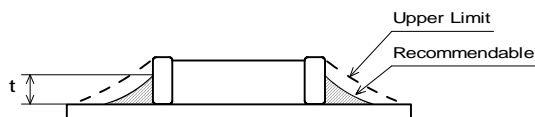
10-3. Reworking with soldering iron

- Pre-heating: 150°C, 1 min
- Tip temperature: 350°C max.
- Soldering time : 3(+1,-0) seconds.
- Soldering iron output: 80W max.
- Tip diameter: φ 3mm max.
- Times : 2times max.

Note :Do not directly touch the products with the tip of the soldering iron in order to prevent the crack on the ferrite material due to the thermal shock.

10-4. Solder Volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceed as shown below.



$$\frac{1}{3}T \leq t \leq T$$

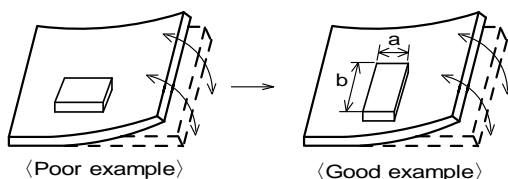
(T:Chip thickness)

Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to product is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

10-5. Attention regarding P.C.B. bending

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress for board warpage.
<Products direction>



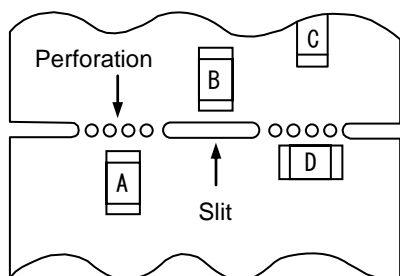
Products shall be located in the sideways direction (Length:a<b) to the mechanical stress.

- (2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

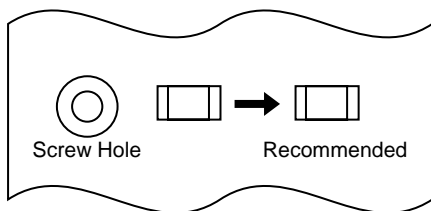
Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D *1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation. If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

- (3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



10-6. Mounting density

Add special attention to radiating heat of products when mounting the inductor near the products with heating. The excessive heat by other products may cause deterioration at joint of this product with substrate.

10-7. Operating Environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions, on deterioration of the Insulation Resistance of the Ferrite material and/or corrosion of Inner Electrode may result from the use.

- (1) In the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc.(the sea breeze, Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂,etc)
- (2) in the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.
- (3) in the atmosphere where the temperature / humidity changes rapidly and it is easy to dew.