

Current limited over-voltage protected quad digital termination

Features

- 4 channel topology
- Wide range input dc Voltage:
 - $V_{I} = -0.3 \text{ to } 30 \text{ V with } R_{I} = 0$
 - V_I = 30 to 30 V with R_I = 1.8 k Ω
 - Low side configuration with common ground
- Current limiter:
 - $-I_{GFN} = 3 \text{ mA}$
 - Input current limiter activation voltage < 5 V
 - Temperature compensated operation
- Opto-coupler drive:
 - No coupler activation below 1.5 mA input current
- Input protection ($R_I = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$):
 - IEC 61000-4-2 electrostatic discharge ESD, Class 3

In contact, ± 6 kV; in air, ± 8 kV Level B: temporary disruption; no change of opto-coupler state

- IEC 61000-4-5 voltage surge, Class 3 \pm 1000 V with 42 Ω serial resistor in differential mode

Level B: temporary disruption

IEC 61000-4-4 transient burst immunity
± 4 kV peak voltage; 5 kHz repetitive rate

Level A: fully functional

■ Operating ambient temperature: - 25 to 85° C

Benefits

- Reduced overall dissipation
- Compact with high integration
- Enables input to meet type 1 and 3 characteristic of IEC 61131-2 standard
- Compatible operation with 2 and 3 wires proximity sensor according EN60947-5-2 standard
- Insensitive to the on state sensor impedance
- Surface mount package for highly automated assembly
- Enhanced functional reliability



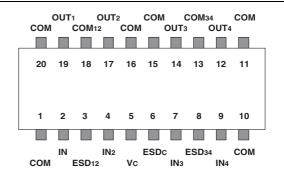
Applications

- Industrial automation
- Programmable logic controller
- Communication field bus nodes
- Peripheral input / output modules
- Machine tool interface

Description

The CLT3-4 is a quadruple input digital termination device designed for 24 V dc automation applications. It provides the front-end circuitry of a digital input module (I/O) in industrial automation, and drives an isolating opto-coupler.

Figure 1. Pin configuration



The pins ESD, COM $_{IJ}$, COM (pins # 1, 3, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20) must be connected together externally. This common pad COM is enlarged to reduce the thermal resistance and improve the device cooling. The COM and IN pins are designed to minimize the EMI effects on the circuit.

Characteristics CLT3-4B

1 Characteristics

Figure 2. Functional block diagram

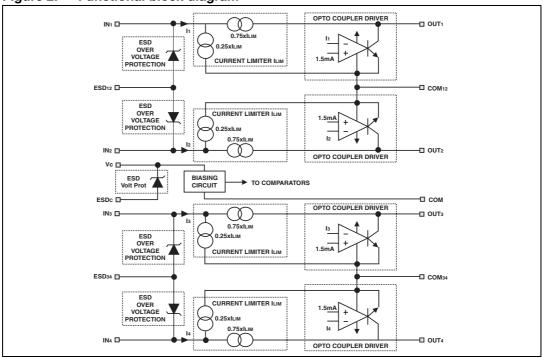


Table 1. Absolute ratings (limiting values)

Syn	nbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V	V	Supply steady state voltage, $R_C = 0 \text{ k}\Omega$	- 0.3 to 30	V
V _{CC}	V _C	Supply steady state voltage, $R_C = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$	- 30 to 30	V
		Input steady state voltage, $R_I = 0 \text{ k}\Omega$	- 0.3 to 30	V
		Input steady state voltage, $R_I = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$	- 0.3 to 32	V
V _I ⁽¹⁾	IN	Input repetitive pulse voltage, $R_I = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$	- 0.3 to 35	V
		Input repetitive pulse voltage, R _I = 1.8 k Ω , R _C = 4.7 k Ω ⁽²⁾	- 30 to 30	V
		Input maximum forward current, $R_{I}=1.2~k\Omega,~R_{C}=4.7~k\Omega$	5	mA
I _{IN}	IN	Input maximum reverse current, R $_{I}$ = 1.8 k $_{\Omega}$, R $_{C}$ = 4.7 k $_{\Omega}$ $^{(2)}$	20	mA
V _{OM}	OUT	Maximum output steady state voltage	2.5	V
I _{OM}	OUT	Output current	- 4 to 4	mA
T _{AMB}	All	Operating ambient temperature	- 25 to 85	° C
TJ	All	Operating and storage junction temperature	- 25 to 150	° C

^{1.} $V_I = V_{IN} + R_I \times I_{IN}$; $V_{IN} = voltage$ at the input pin itself

^{2.} According to test diagram and design recommendations described in Section 2.2.

CLT3-4B Characteristics

Table 2. Thermal resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	ı
R _{th(j-a)}	TSSOP20 thermal resistance junction to ambient Board copper surface = 2 cm_2 , copper thickness = $35 \mu \text{m}$	90	°C/W	l

Table 3. Electrical characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 24$ V and COM pin voltage referred unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Pin	Name	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit
Current limitation							
I _{LIM}	IN	Input limiting current	V _{OUT} = 0.9 to 2.0 V V _{IN} = 5 to 27 V T _{AMB} = -25 to 85° C	2.1	3	3.7	mA
V _{LOW}	IN	Maximum off state voltage	I _{IN} = 100 μA		1.5		V
V _{TH}	IN	Activation threshold	I _{IN} = 2.1 mA		3.4	5	V
		Input and	d Supply Protection				
V _{CL}	IN	Clamping voltage	$I_{IN} = 7 \text{ mA}; t_P = 1 \text{ ms}$	31	38	-	V
		Opto-cou	pler driver operation				
_	OEE OUT	Off state output ourrant	V _I = 5 V, ⁽¹⁾	- 10	40	μΑ	
l _{OFF}	001	Off state output current	I _{IN} = 1.5 mA, ⁽²⁾	-	10	40	μΑ
V _{OFF}	OUT	Off state output voltage	I _{IN} = 1.5 mA		0.15	0.5	V
	OUT	On state suitaut surrent	V _{IN} = 5 V	1.5	2	-	mA
I _{ON}	001	On state output current	V _{IN} = 4.2 V, V _C = 10 V	1.5	2	-	mA
	Supply and biasing circuit						
V _C	V_{C}	Supply voltage	T _{AMB} = - 25 to 85° C	10			V
I _C	V _C	Supply current	$V_{IN} = V_C = 30 \text{ V}$		550	800	μΑ

^{1.} According to Figure 9: Robust application diagram on page 8 with use of a R $_{\rm l}$ = 1.8 k Ω resistor, and an opto-coupler (R $_{\rm LED}$ (0 V) = 15 k Ω)

Table 4. Switching electrical characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 24V$ and COM pin voltage referred unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Pin	Name	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit
F _{MAX}	IN-OUT	Input to output running frequency			5		kHz
t _{PLH}	IN-OUT	Input activation propagation time	C _{OUT} = 22 nF		6		μs
t _{PHL}	IN-OUT	Input de-activation propagation time	C _{OUT} = 22 nF		10		μs

^{2.} According to Figure 9: Robust application diagram on page 8 with use of a R_I = 0 k Ω resistor, and an opto-coupler (R_{LED} (0 V) = 15 k Ω)

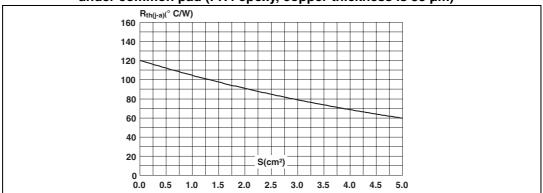
Characteristics CLT3-4B

	11 - 110 K22, 11C - 117 K22 (dillious suite inico specifica)						
Symbol	Node	Parameter name and conditions	Value	Unit			
		ESD protection, IEC 61000-4-2, per input, in air	± 8	kV			
\/	IN	ESD protection, IEC 61000-4-2, per input, in contact	± 6	kV			
V _{PP}	IIN	ESD protection, IEC 61000-4-2, per input, in air, R_{I} = 0 Ω	± 3	kV			
		ESD protection, IEC 61000-4-2, per input, in contact, $R_{\rm I}$ = 0 Ω	± 3	kV			
V _{PPB}	V _I	Total Peak Pulse Voltage Burst, IEC 61000-4-4 C_{IN} = 100 pF, C_{OUT} = 22 nF, F = 5 kHz ⁽¹⁾	± 4	kV			
V _{PP}	V _I	Peak Pulse Voltage Surge, IEC 61000-4-5, R = 42 Ω (2)		kV			
V _{PP}	V _{CC}	eak Pulse Voltage Surge, IEC 61000-4-5, R = 2 $\Omega^{(2)}$ ± 1					

Table 5. CLT3 System electromagnetic compatibility ratings, $R_I = 1.8 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_C = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ (unless otherwise specified)

- 1. Refer to Application note AN2527 for test conditions.
- 2. See test circuit in Figure 12.

Figure 3. Typical junction to ambient thermal resistance versus copper surface under common pad (FR4 epoxy, copper thickness is 35 µm)



1.1 Functional description

The CLT3-4 is a quadruple input digital termination device designed for 24 V DC automation applications. It provides the front-end circuitry of a digital input module (I/O) in industrial automation, and drives an isolating opto-coupler.

Available in a four channels configuration, it offers a high-density termination by minimizing the external components count. It is housed in a TSSOP20 surface mount package to reduce the printed board size.

Made of an input voltage protection, a serial current limiting circuit and an opto-coupler driver, each channel circuit terminates the connection between the logic input and the associated high side sensor or switch.

The CLT3-4 is a 3 mA quad channel device compatible the type 1 and 3 characteristics of the IEC 61131-2 standard.

Each input voltage clamping block protects the module input against electromagnetic interferences such as those described in the IEC 61131-2 standard and IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD), 4-4 (transient burst), 4-5 (voltage surge) standards. The supply input is also designed with such a protection structure.

CLT3-4B Characteristics

The current limiting circuit connected between the input and the output pins is compensated all over the temperature range. Thanks to its low tolerance, the current limitation allows reducing drastically the dissipation of the input compared to a resistive input: the overall module requires less cooling capability and becomes smaller.

The output block of each termination channel controls the operation of an opto-coupler that is enabled by a Light Emitting Diode.

When the input current is less than 1.5 mA, this output circuit derivates the input current to maintain the opto-coupler off.

The original structure of the CLT limiter allows its activation threshold to be low and insensitive to the output voltage up to a maximum value of 2.0 V.

When the CLT input voltage V_{IN} is higher than 5 V, or the module input voltage Vi higher than 11 V and a series resistor $R_I=1.2~k\Omega$, the output current that is a share of the input current (3/4) is higher than 1.5 mA. The whole termination channel including the optocoupler is on.

Depending on the input type operation that is described by the IEC 61131-2 standard, the input resistance R_I can be adjusted because of the different on-state threshold $V_{ON\ MIN}$.

This document describes operation and characteristics for type 3 operation with $V_{ON\ MIN}$ = 11 V and R_I = 1.2 k Ω .

In type 1 operation the on state threshold $V_{ON\ MIN}$ is 12.34 V instead, and the input resistor R_I is set 2.2 k Ω .

1.2 Input characteristics of CLT3-4

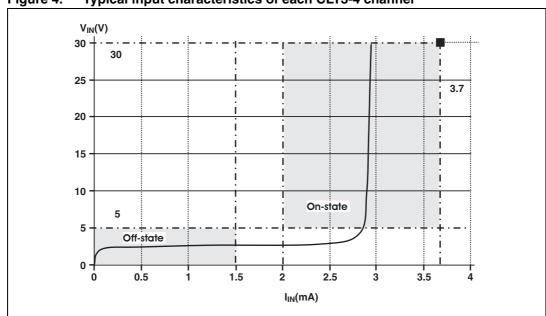
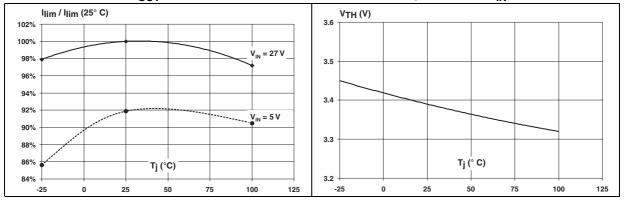


Figure 4. Typical input characteristics of each CLT3-4 channel

Characteristics CLT3-4B

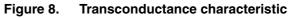
Figure 5. Typical current limiter variation versus junction temperature $0.9 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} < 2 \text{ V}$

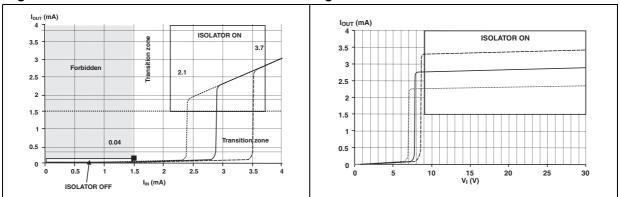
Figure 6. Typical limiter threshold voltage variation versus junction temperature for $I_{\rm IN} = 2.1~{\rm mA}$



1.3 CLT3-4 Input / output transfer characteristics (with respect to common pin COM)

Figure 7. Current tranfer characteristic





2 Application information

2.1 Application description

The CLT device is used between the input module and the opto-coupler of an I/O module. To secure the coupler off state and the non-conduction of its diode, the maximum CLT output current is 40 μ A with R opto = 15 k Ω . When the CLT input voltage V_{IN} is higher than 5 V, a minimum CLT output current of 1.5 mA will secure the opto-coupler on state.

The CLT limiter is insensitive to the output voltage up to 2.0V. Therefore, its output is able to drive any state of the art opto-coupler. Some additional device can be added in series with the opto-coupler if the output voltage remains within its functional limits.

A stand-alone sensor is normally connected on the CLT input. For a good off state control, its quiescent current has to be less than 1.5 mA (EN60947-5-2 standard compatible) keeping then the opto-coupler off thanks to the CLT device ($I_{OUT} < 40~\mu A$). And its maximum ON state voltage V_{S-ON} will be lower than 8 V (EN60947-5-2 standard compatible) corresponding to the difference between the minimum supply voltage ($V_{CC~MIN} = 19.2~V$) and the maximum current limitation activation voltage:

```
\begin{split} &V_{CC~MIN}=V_{S-ON}+V_I\\ &V_I=V_{IN}+R_I~x~I_{IN~MAX}\\ &(V_I=11~V~when~V_{IN}=5~V,~R_I=1.2~k\Omega,~I_{IN}<3.7~mA). \end{split}
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2.2 Input reverse polarity robustness

Each input of the CLT device may be biased to a reverse polarity. This case corresponds to a connection mistake or a reverse biasing that is generated by the demagnetization of a monitored inductive solenoid.

The involved input can withstand the reverse current up to 20 mA (in the configuration shown in *Figure 10*) through its input protection diode while its opto-coupler remains OFF.

Such a case is not critical for the CLT3-4 itself, as it represents less than 15 mW per disturbed input. But the input resistors should be designed with care regardless of their thermal characteristics (refer to Application note AN2527).

When the reverse polarity operation is required in types 3 input mode, it is recommended to increase the input resistance R_I to 1.8 k Ω in order to reduce its dissipation and keep the input current below its maximum allowed level (20 mA). The surge and transient immunity robustness of the CLT3 is then also increased.

A 1.8 k Ω value allows the reverse input current to be reduced to 16.2 mA and the resistor dissipation to be reduced to 0.47 W, for 30 V V_{CC} and a - 30 V V_I voltages.

The CLT3 normal operation in type 3 is fully compatible with this recommended resistance since its internal state threshold is monitored at V_{IN} = 4.2 V and V_{C} = 10V - corresponding to V_{I} = 11 V and V_{CC} = 19 V.

In type 1 input operation where R_{l} = 2.2 k Ω the dissipation of this resistor is less than 0.39 W.

The other inputs remain operational, as long as the power supply is working properly $(V_{CC} > 19 \text{ V})$. Refer to Application note AN 2527 for representative application design case.

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The CLT3-4 and the 24 V bus power supply have the same ground COM = GND. The reverse polarity of the power supply will shutdown the device. And the power supply resistor R_C will limit the default current protecting the power supply pin V_C . Its dissipation will be less than 0.2 W.

Then, the whole module supply voltage rating is extended to from 0 to 30 V to -30 to +30 V.

2.3 EMC considerations

Figure 9 gives a typical application diagram where output capacitors are used to increase CLT device immunity against fast transient bursts.

Figure 11 gives the printed circuit board layout associated with this schematic.

Refer to AN2527 for EMC considerations.

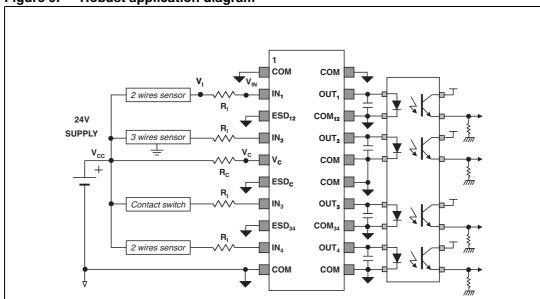


Figure 9. Robust application diagram

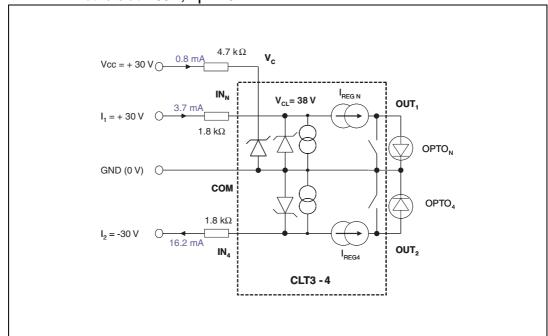
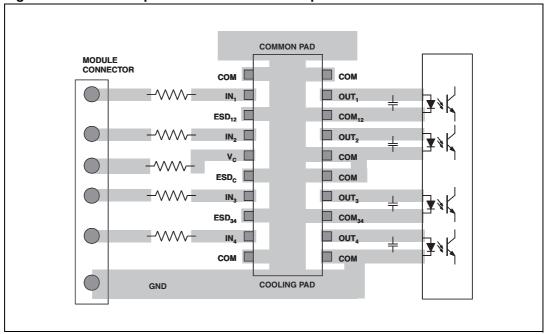


Figure 10. Current sharing in the CLT device when IN₄ is biased at - 30 V and the others at + 30 V, R_I = 1.8 $k\Omega$

Figure 11. TSSOP20 printed circuit board example



The input and supply pins are designed to withstand electromagnetic interferences. As shown on the device block diagram, each channel input is protected by a clamping diode that is connected to the common pin COM. Combined with a serial input resistance $R_{\rm I}=1.2~{\rm k}\Omega,$ this clamping diode implements an effective protection against transient voltage burst (± 4 kV, IEC 61000-4-4) and voltage surge (± 1 kV, IEC 61000-4-5).

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Depending on the input type operation the input resistance R_I can be adjusted because of the different on-state threshold $V_{ON\ MIN}$. So the surge voltage is also increased from the minimum level of the type 3 to the type as shown in *Table 6*.

Table 6. Setting the input resistor R_I according to the input type operation

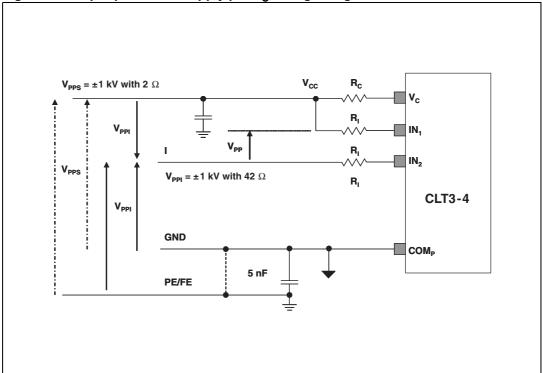
Туре	V _{ON MIN} (V)	$\mathbf{R_{l}}(\mathbf{k}\Omega)$	V _{PP} surge (kV)
1	15	2.2	2
3	11	1.2 to 1.8	1

This combination allows the surge voltage to be applied from each input to other inputs, the ground and the supply contacts in differential or common modes (see *Figure 12*).

Thanks to its high resistance $R_C = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, the supply pin V_C withstands IEC 61000-4-5 with $\pm 1000 \text{ V}$ surge voltage (see *Figure 12*).

Finally, an external output capacitor may be placed in parallel with the opto-coupler diode to filter the transient disturbances injected in the inputs of the module and secure the immunity of the opto-coupler itself.

Figure 12. Input pin IN and supply pin V_C voltage surge test circuit



CLT3-4B Package information

3 Package information

Epoxy meets UL94,V0

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

Table 7. TSSOP20 dimensions

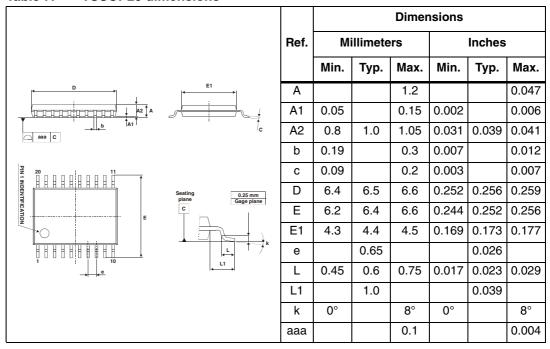
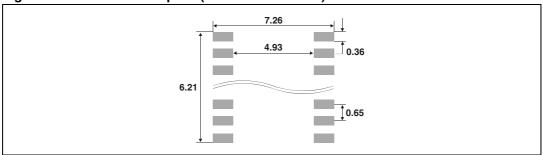


Figure 13. TSSOP20 footprint (dimensions in mm)



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Ordering information CLT3-4B

4 Ordering information

Table 8. Ordering information

Order code	Marking	Package	Weight	Base qty	Delivery mode
CLT3-4BT6	CLT3-4B	TSSOP20	0.074 g	74	Tube
CLT3-4BT6-TR	CLT3-4B	TSSOP20	0.074 g	2500	Tape and reel

5 Revision history

Table 9. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes			
August-2002	4A	Previous release.			
27-Nov-2007	5	Reformatted and restructured to current standard. Updated Figure 2, Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, and deleted Figure 12. Added paragraphs to Functional description and Application information. Extended application field with a new diagram (Figure 11) for reverse polarity test. Updated Package information.			