# **Kingbright**

# DE2SGD

7.5 mm x 14 mm Light Bar

# **DESCRIPTION**

• The Super Bright Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting

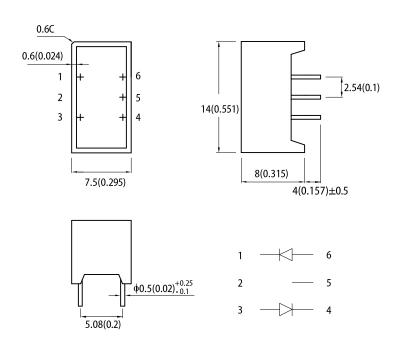
# **FEATURES**

- · Uniform light emitting area
- Easily mounted on P.C. boards or industry standard sockets
- · Flush mountable
- · Excellent on/off contrast
- Can be used with panels and legend mounts
- · Mechanically rugged
- RoHS compliant

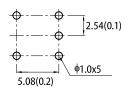
# **APPLICATIONS**

- · Home and smart appliances
- · Display time and digital combination
- · Industrial and instrumental applications
- Numeric status

# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



# Recommended PCB Layout



- All dimensions are in millimeters (inches), Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01")unless otherwise noted.
   The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change
- without prior notice

# **SELECTION GUIDE**

Part Number	Emitting Color	Lana Tima	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA [1]	
Fait Number	(Material)	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) Min. 40 *8	Тур.
DE2SGD	Super Bright Green (GaP)	Green Diffused	40	66
			*8	*22

Notes: 1. Luminous intensity / luminous Flux: +/-15%. \* Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.





# ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Value		Unit
Farameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Onit
Wavelength at Peak Emission I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	$\lambda_{peak}$	Super Bright Green	565	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	$\lambda_{dom}$ [1]	Super Bright Green	568	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% $\Phi$ REL MAX I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	Δλ	Super Bright Green	30	-	nm
Capacitance	С	Super Bright Green	15	-	pF
Forward Voltage I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	V <sub>F</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	Super Bright Green	2.2	2.5	V
Reverse Current (V <sub>R</sub> = 5V)	I <sub>R</sub>	Super Bright Green	-	10	μА

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	62.5	mW	
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V	
Junction Temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	110	°C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +85	°C	
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	25	mA	
Peak Forward Current	I <sub>FM</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	140	mA	
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	8000	V	
Lead Solder Temperature [2]		260°C For 3-5 Seconds		

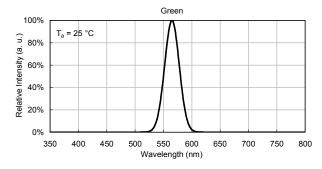
<sup>1.</sup> The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd:±1nm.)
2. Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

Notes:
1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

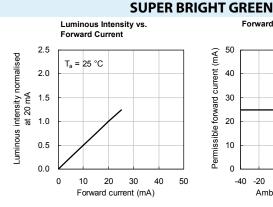


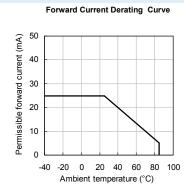
## **TECHNICAL DATA**

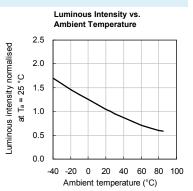
### **RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH**



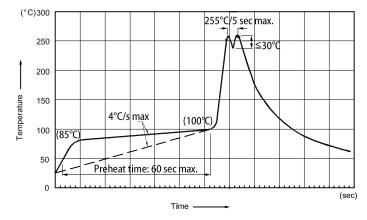
### Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage 50 T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C Forward current (mA) 40 30 20 10 0 1.9 2.1 2.3 2.5 2.7 Forward voltage (V)







# RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE



### Notes:

- Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
- 2. Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°Cfor 3 sec (5 sec max).
- 3. Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C. 4. Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- SAC 305 solder allov is recommended.
- 6. No more than one wave soldering pass.
  7. During wave soldering, the PCB top-surface temperature should be kept below 105°C.

# **Soldering General Notes**

- 1. Through-hole displays are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 2. If components will undergo multiple soldering processes, or other processes where the components may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

### **CLEANING**

- 1. Mild "no-clean" fluxes are recommended for use in soldering.
- 2. If cleaning is required, Kingbright recommends to wash components with water only. Do not use harsh organic solvents for cleaning because they may damage the plastic
- 3. The cleaning process should take place at room temperature and the devices should not be washed for more than one minute.
- 4. When water is used in the cleaning process, Immediately remove excess moisture from the component with forced-air drying afterwards.