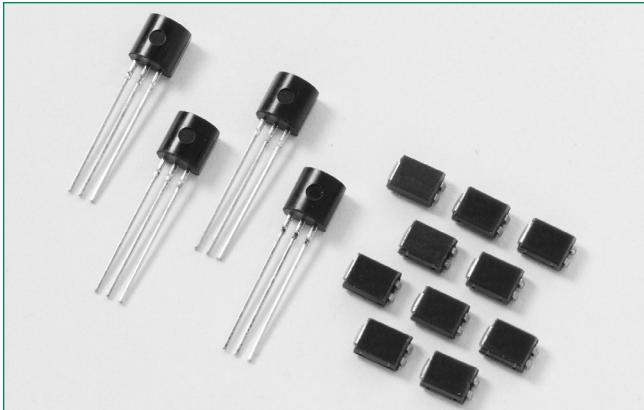


EC103xx & SxSx Series

Description

Excellent unidirectional switches for phase control applications such as heating and motor speed controls.

Sensitive gate SCRs are easily triggered with microAmps of current as furnished by sense coils, proximity switches, and microprocessors.

Features & Benefits

- RoHS compliant
- Glass – passivated junctions
- Voltage capability up to 600 V
- Surge capability up to 20 A

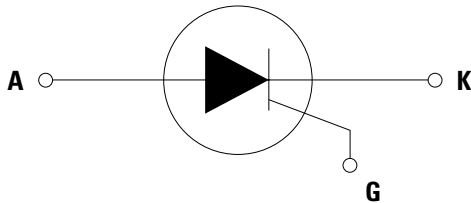
Main Features

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	0.8	A
V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}	400 to 600	V
I_{GT}	12 to 500	μ A

Applications

Typical applications are capacitive discharge systems for strobe lights and gas engine ignition. Also controls for power tools, home/brown goods and white goods appliances.

Schematic Symbol



Additional Information


[Datasheet](#)

[Resources](#)

[Samples](#)

Absolute Maximum Ratings – Sensitive SCRs

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	$T_c = 75^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	A
$I_{T(AV)}$	Average on-state current	$T_c = 75^\circ\text{C}$	0.51	A
I_{TSM}	Peak non-repetitive surge current	single half cycle; $f = 50\text{Hz}$; $T_J(\text{initial}) = 25^\circ\text{C}$	16	A
		single half cycle; $f = 60\text{Hz}$; $T_J(\text{initial}) = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	
I^2t	I^2t Value for fusing	$t_p = 8.3 \text{ ms}$	1.6	A^2s
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$f = 60 \text{ Hz}; T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
I_{GM}	Peak gate current	$T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$	1	A
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average gate power dissipation	$T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_J	Operating junction temperature range		-40 to 110	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test Conditions		Value				Unit
			SxS1 EC103X1	SxS2 EC103X2	SxS / 2N6565 EC103X	SxS3 EC103X3	
I_{GT}	$V_D = 6\text{V}; R_L = 100\ \Omega$	MAX.	12	50	200	500	μA
V_{GT}		MAX.	0.8				V
V_{GRM}	$I_{RG} = 10\ \mu\text{A}$	MIN.	5				V
dv/dt	$V_D = V_{DRM}; R_{GK} = 1\ \text{k}\Omega$	400V	20	25	30	40	V/ μs
		600V	10	10	15	20	
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}; R_L = 3.3\ \text{k}\Omega; T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$	MIN.	0.2	0.25			V
I_H	$I_T = 20\ \text{mA}$ (initial), $R_{GK} = 1\ \text{k}\Omega$	MAX.	5			8	mA
t_q	(1)	MAX.	60		50	45	μs
t_{gt}	$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}; \text{PW} = 15\ \mu\text{s}; I_T = 1.6\ \text{A}$	TYP.	2	5	20	30	μs

1. $I_T = 1\ \text{A}; t_q = 50\ \mu\text{s}; \text{dv/dt} = 5\ \text{V}/\mu\text{s}; \text{di/dt} = 5\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Static Characteristics

Symbol	Test Conditions		Value	Unit	
V_{TM}	$I_T = 1.2\ \text{A}; t_p = 380\ \mu\text{s}$		MAX.	1.4	V
I_{DRM} / I_{RRM}	$V_{DRM} = V_{RRM}$ $R_{GK} = 1\ \text{k}\Omega$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	MAX.	1	μA
		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$		50	
		$T_J = 110^\circ\text{C}$		100	

Thermal Resistances

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
$R_{\theta(J-C)}$	Junction to case (AC)	EC103xy/2N6565	75	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
		SxSy	60*	
$R_{\theta(J-A)}$	Junction to ambient	EC103xy/2N6565	160	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Notes: x = voltage, y = sensitivity

* = Mounted on 1 cm² copper (two-ounce) foil surface

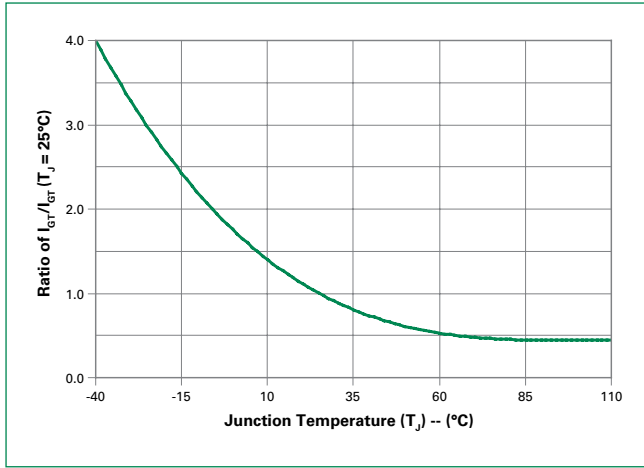
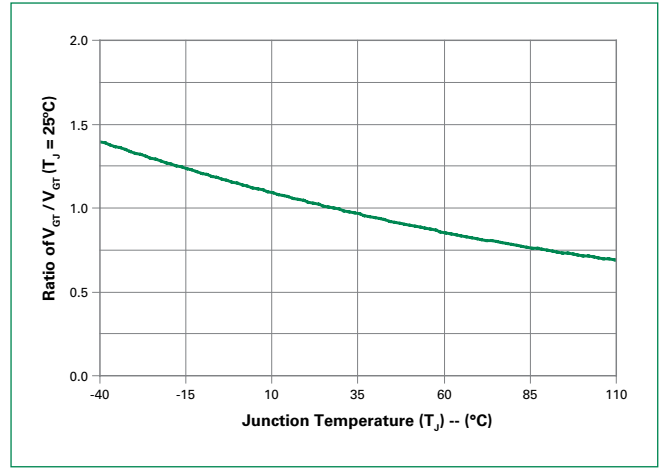
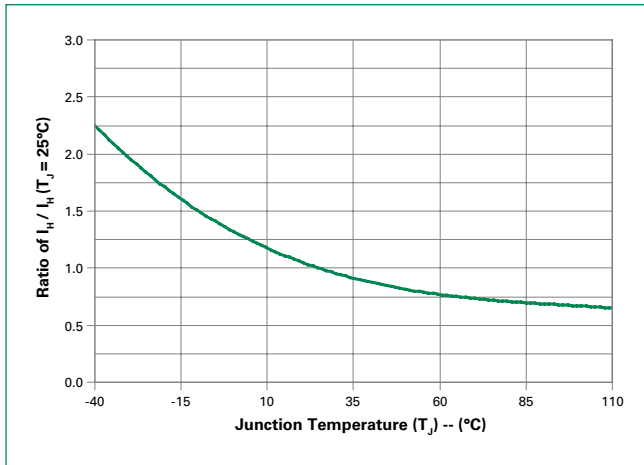
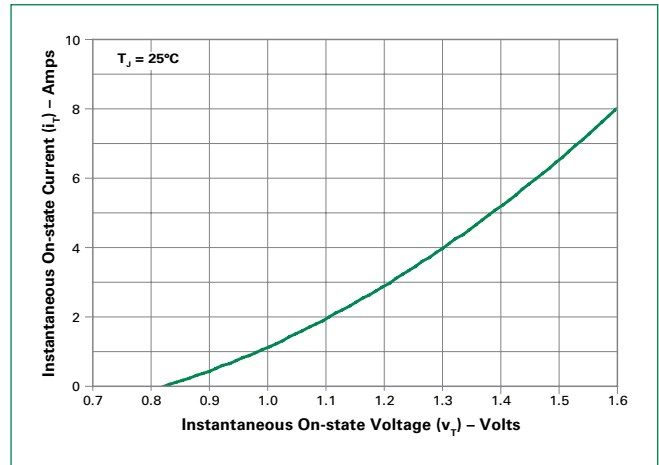
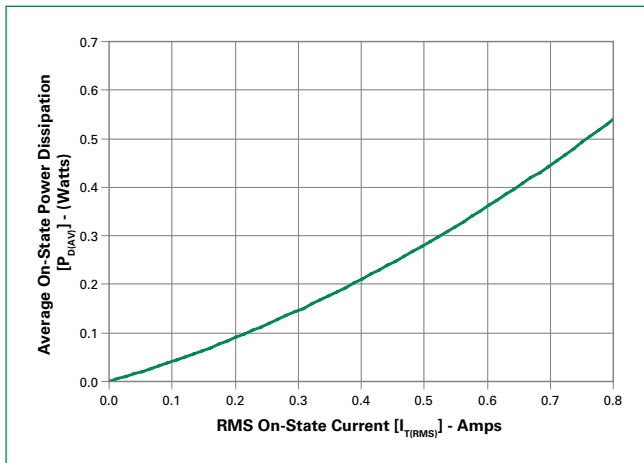
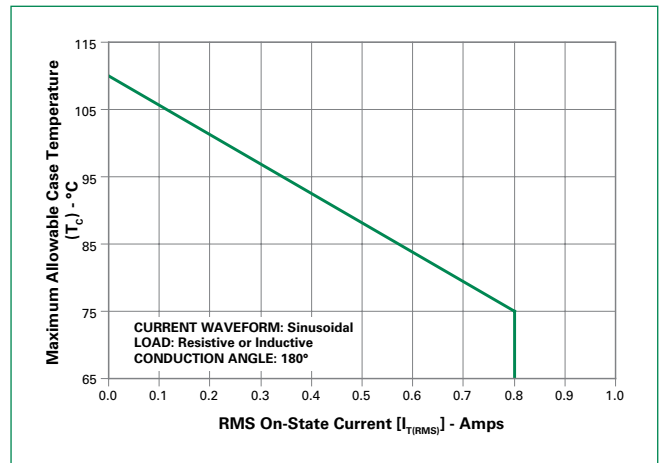
Figure 1: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Current vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 2: Normalized DC Gate Trigger Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 3: Normalized DC Holding Current vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 4: On-State Current vs. On-State Voltage (Typical)

Figure 5: Power Dissipation (Typical) vs. RMS On-State Current

Figure 6: Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. RMS On-State Current


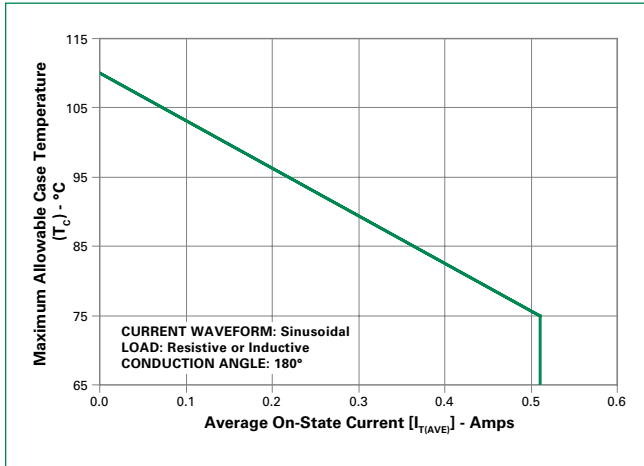
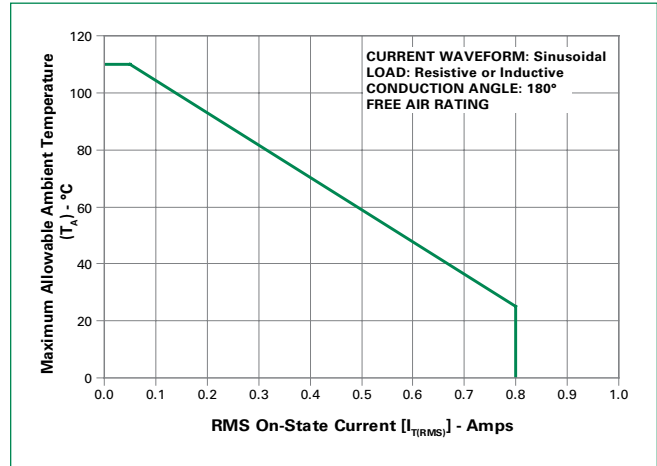
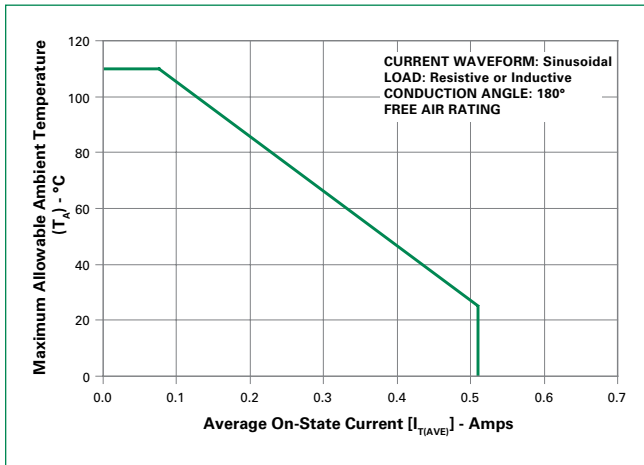
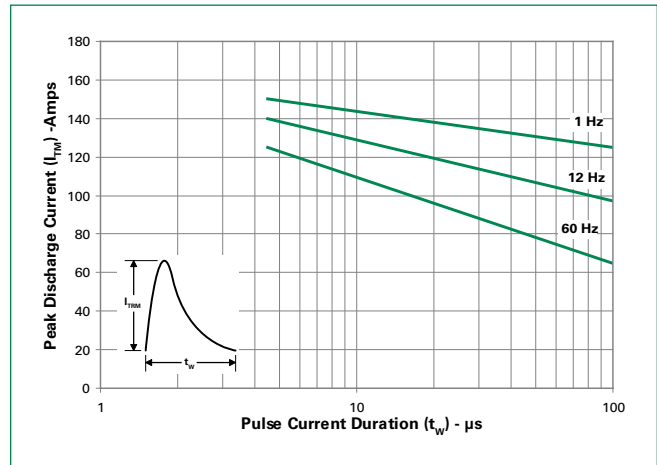
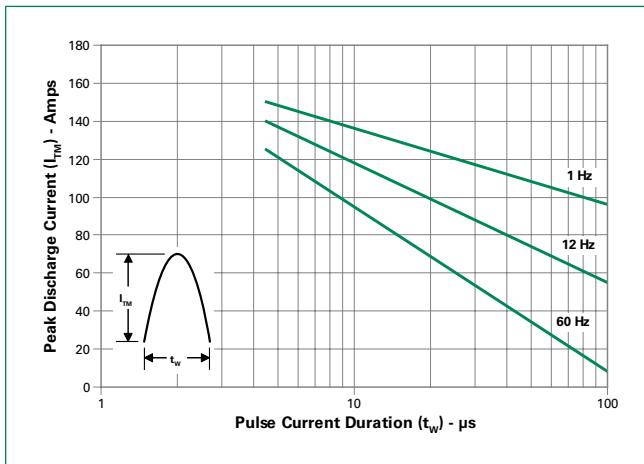
Figure 7: Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs. Average On-State Current

Figure 8: Maximum Allowable Ambient Temperature vs. RMS On-State Current

Figure 9: Maximum Allowable Ambient Temperature vs. Average On-State Current

Figure 10: Peak Capacitor Discharge Current

Figure 11: Peak Repetitive Sinusoidal Pulse Current


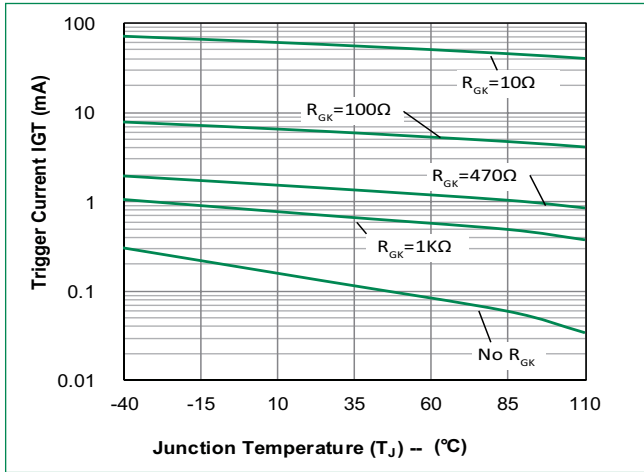
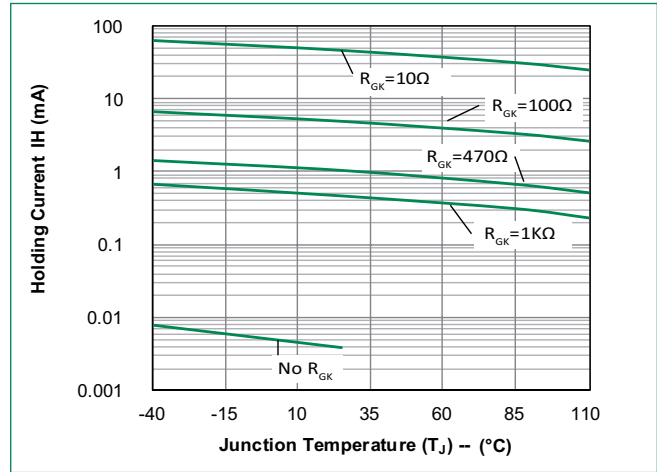
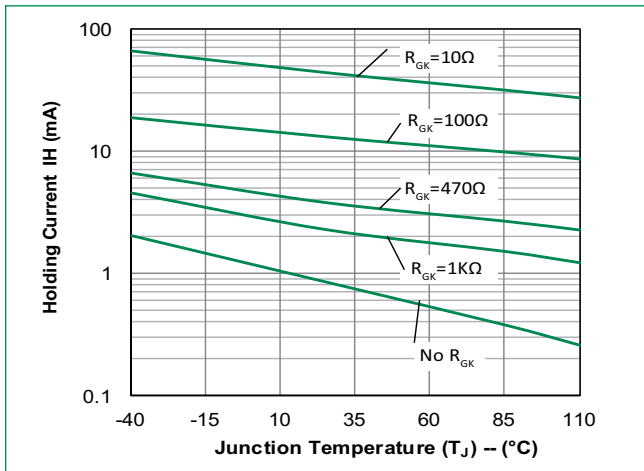
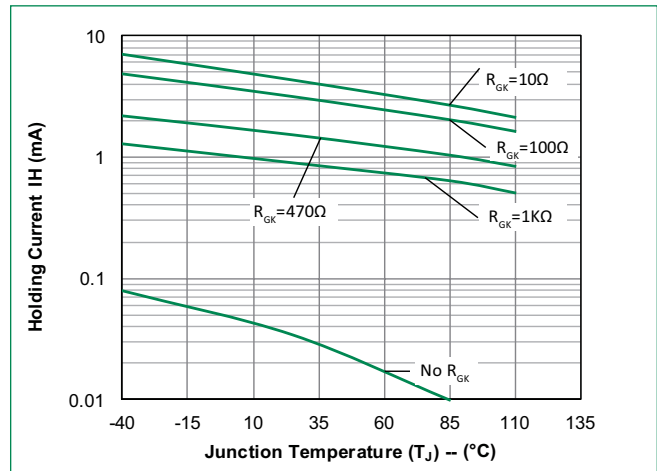
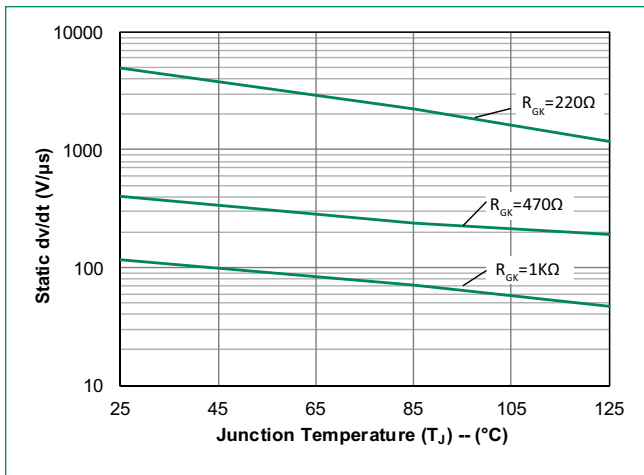
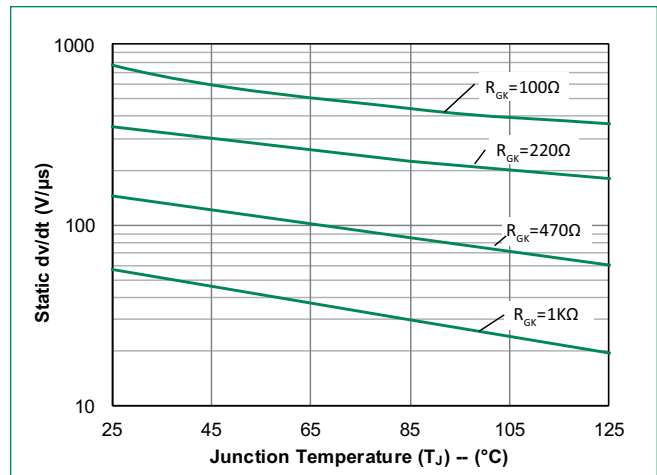
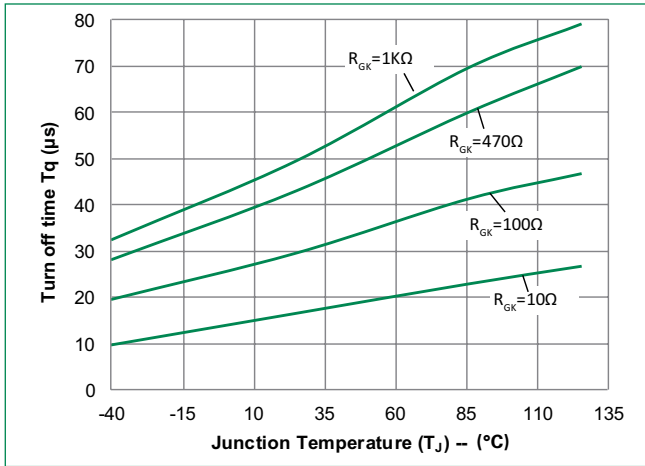
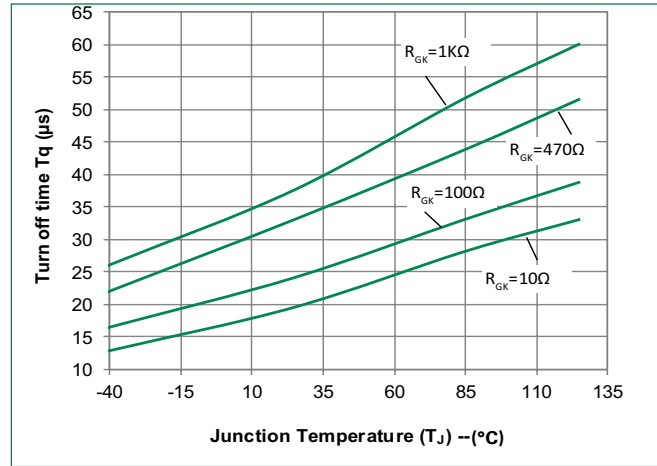
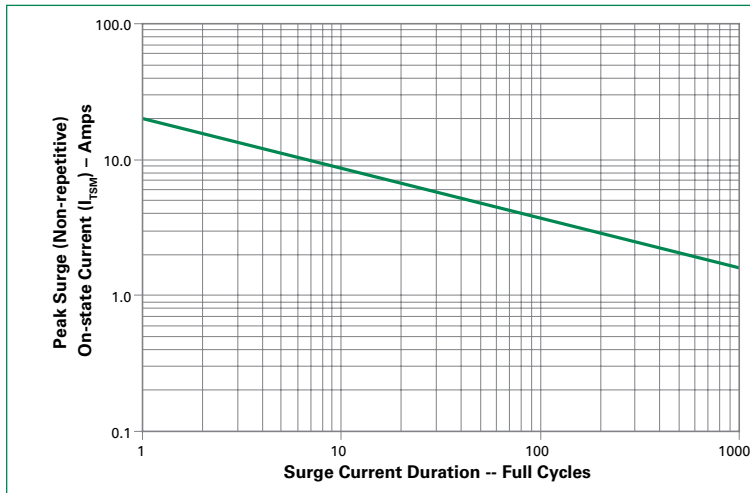
Figure 12-1: Typical DC Gate Trigger Current with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x

Figure 12-2: Typical DC Gate Trigger Current with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x1

Figure 13-1: Typical DC Holding Current with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x

Figure 13-2: Typical DC Holding Current with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x1

Figure 14-1: Typical Static dv/dt with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x

Figure 14-2: Typical Static dv/dt with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x1


Figure 15-1: Typical turn off time with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x

Figure 15-2: Typical turn off time with R_{GK} vs. Junction Temperature for EC103x1

Figure 16: Surge Peak On-State Current vs. Number of Cycles


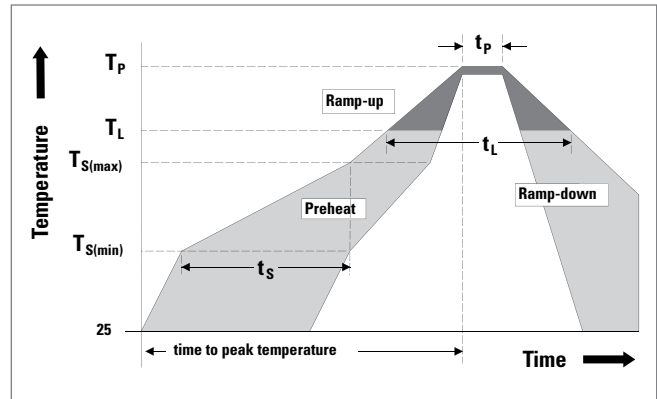
SUPPLY FREQUENCY: 60 Hz Sinusoidal
 LOAD: Resistive
 RMS On-State Current: $I_{T(RMS)}$: Maximum Rated Value at Specified Case Temperature

Notes:

1. Gate control may be lost during and immediately following surge current interval.
2. Overload may not be repeated until junction temperature has returned to steady-state rated value.

Soldering Parameters

Reflow Condition		Pb – Free assembly
Pre Heat	- Temperature Min ($T_{s(min)}$)	150°C
	- Temperature Max ($T_{s(max)}$)	200°C
	- Time (min to max) (t_s)	60 – 180 secs
Average ramp up rate (Liquidus Temp) (T_L) to peak		5°C/second max
$T_{s(max)}$ to T_L - Ramp-up Rate		5°C/second max
Reflow	- Temperature (T_L) (Liquidus)	217°C
	- Time (t_L)	60 – 150 seconds
Peak Temperature (T_p)		260 ^{+0/-5} °C
Time within 5°C of actual peak Temperature (t_p)		20 – 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate		5°C/second max
Time 25°C to peak Temperature (T_p)		8 minutes Max.
Do not exceed		280°C



Physical Specifications

Terminal Finish	100% Matte Tin-plated/Pb-free Solder Dipped
Body Material	UL Recognized compound meeting flammability rating V-0
Lead Material	Copper Alloy

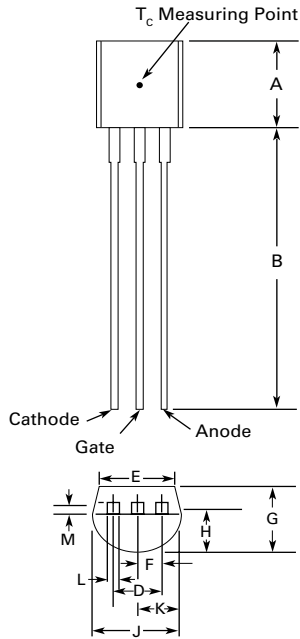
Design Considerations

Careful selection of the correct component for the application's operating parameters and environment will go a long way toward extending the operating life of the Thyristor. Good design practice should limit the maximum continuous current through the main terminals to 75% of the component rating. Other ways to ensure long life for a power discrete semiconductor are proper heat sinking and selection of voltage ratings for worst case conditions. Overheating, overvoltage (including dv/dt), and surge currents are the main killers of semiconductors. Correct mounting, soldering, and forming of the leads also help protect against component damage.

Environmental Specifications

Test	Specifications and Conditions
AC Blocking	MIL-STD-750, M-1040, Cond A Applied Peak AC voltage @ 110°C for 1008 hours
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-750, M-1051, 100 cycles; -40°C to +150°C; 15-min dwell-time
Temperature/Humidity	EIA / JEDEC, JESD22-A101 1008 hours; 320V - DC; 85°C; 85% rel humidity
High Temp Storage	MIL-STD-750, M-1031, 1008 hours; 150°C
Low-Temp Storage	1008 hours; -40°C
Resistance to Solder Heat	MIL-STD-750 Method 2031
Solderability	ANSI/J-STD-002, category 3, Test A
Lead Bend	MIL-STD-750, M-2036 Cond E

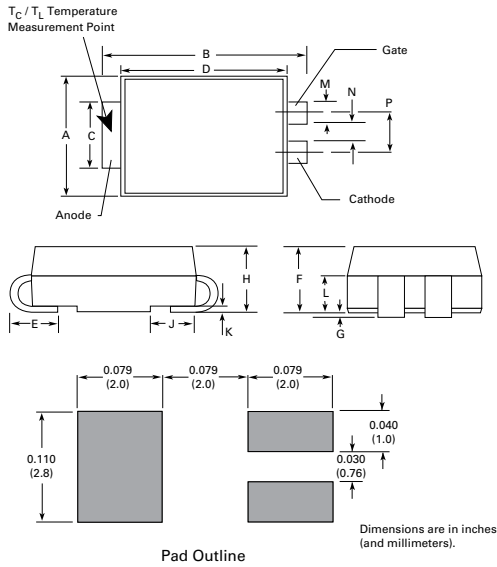
Dimensions – TO-92 (E Package)



Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.176	0.196	4.47	4.98
B	0.500	-	12.70	-
D	0.095	0.105	2.41	2.67
E	0.150	-	3.81	-
F	0.046	0.054	1.16	1.37
G	0.135	0.145	3.43	3.68
H	0.088	0.096	2.23	2.44
J	0.176	0.186	4.47	4.73
K	0.088	0.096	2.23	2.44
L	0.013	0.019	0.33	0.48
M	0.013	0.017	0.33	0.43

All leads insulated from case. Case is electrically nonconductive.

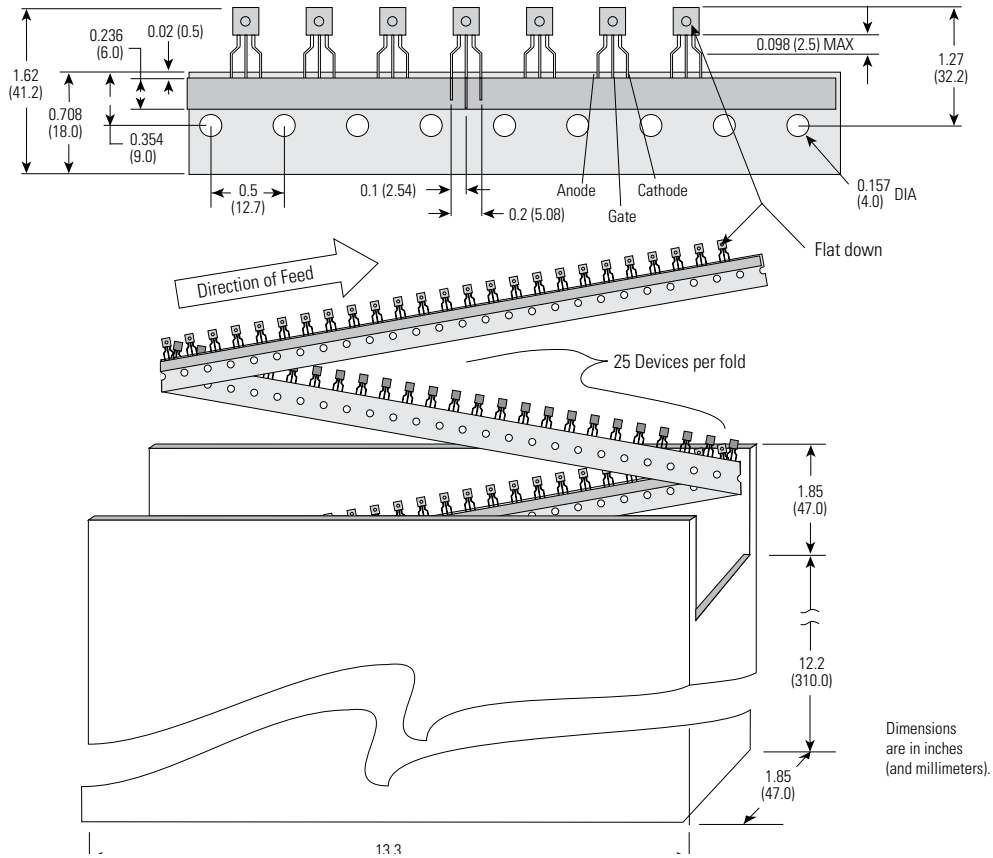
Dimensions – Compak (C Package)



Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.130	0.156	3.30	3.95
B	0.201	0.220	5.10	5.60
C	0.077	0.087	1.95	2.20
D	0.159	0.181	4.05	4.60
E	0.030	0.063	0.75	1.60
F	0.075	0.096	1.90	2.45
G	0.002	0.008	0.05	0.20
H	0.077	0.104	1.95	2.65
J	0.043	0.053	1.09	1.35
K	0.006	0.016	0.15	0.41
L	0.030	0.055	0.76	1.40
M	0.022	0.028	0.56	0.71
N	0.027	0.033	0.69	0.84
P	0.052	0.058	1.32	1.47

TO-92 (3-lead) Ammo Pack (AP) Radial Leaded Specifications

Meets all EIA-468-C Standards



Compak Embossed Carrier Reel Pack (RP) Specifications

Meets all EIA-481-1 Standards

