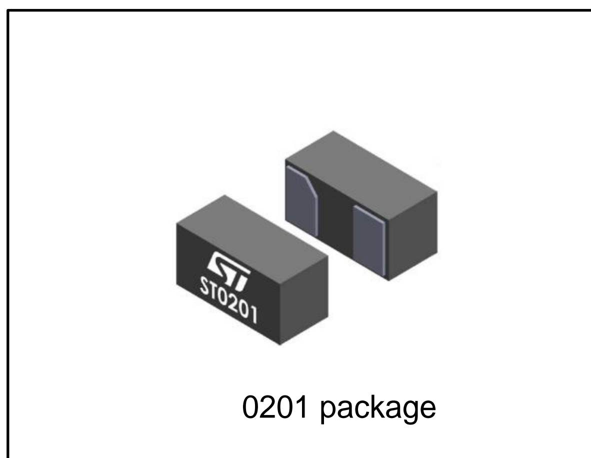
ESDALC14-1BF4

Low clamping and low capacitance bidirectional single line ESD protection

Datasheet - production data



0201 package

Features

- Low clamping voltage: V_{CL} = 18 V
- Bidirectional device
- Low leakage current
- 0201 package
- Ultra-low PCB area: 0.18 mm^2
- ECOPACK®2 compliant component
- Exceeds IEC 61000-4-2 level 4 standard:
  - ±15 kV (air discharge)
  - ±8 kV (contact discharge)

Applications

Where transient over voltage protection in ESD sensitive equipment is required, such as:

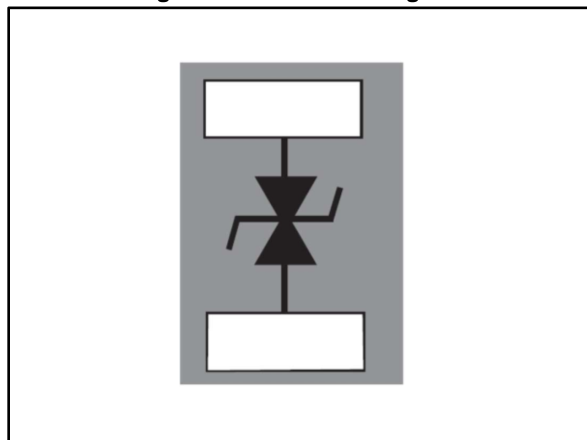
- Smartphones, mobile phones and accessories
- Tablet, PC, netbooks and notebooks
- Portable multimedia devices and accessories
- Digital cameras and camcorders
- Communication and highly integrated systems

Description

The ESDALC14-1BF4 is a bidirectional single line TVS diode designed to protect the data line or other I/O ports against ESD transients.

The device is ideal for applications where both reduced line capacitance and board space saving are required.

Figure 1: Functional diagram



This is information on a product in full production. www.st.com

1 Characteristics

Table 1: Absolute ratings (T_{amb} = 25 °C)

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
V_{PP}	Peak pulse voltage	IEC 61000-4-2 contact discharge IEC 61000-4-2 air discharge	25 30	kV
P_{PP}	Peak pulse power dissipation (8/20 µs)		100	W
I_{PP}	Peak pulse current (8/20 µs)		5	A
T_j	Operating junction temperature range		-40 to +150	°C
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65 to +150	°C
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during 10 s		260	°C

Figure 2: Electrical characteristics (definitions)

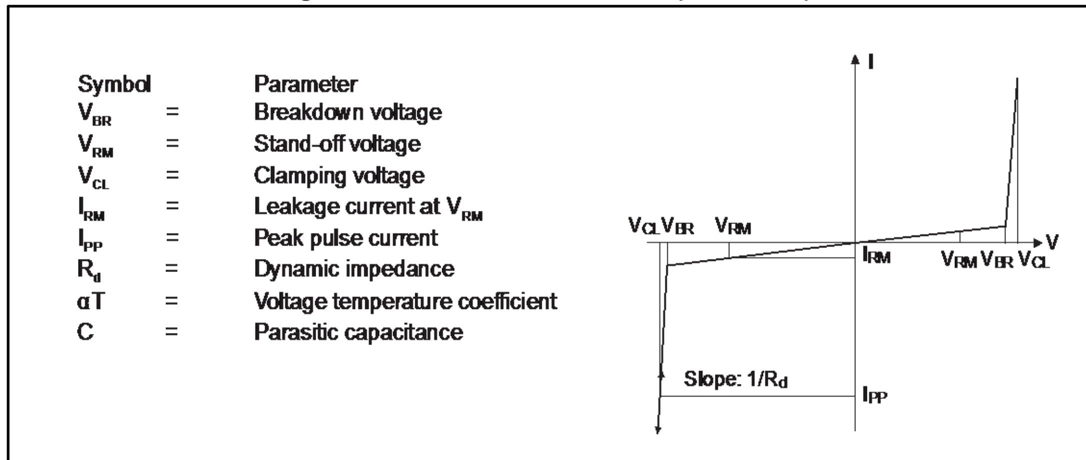


Table 2: Electrical characteristics (T_{amb} = 25 °C)

Symbol	Test condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{BR}	I_R = 1 mA	13			V
I_{RM}	V_{RM} = 12 V			100	nA
V_{CL}	8 kV contact discharge after 30 ns, IEC 61000-4-2		18		V
C_{LINE}	F = 1 MHz, V_{LINE} = 0 V, V_{OSC} = 30 mV		22	25	pF

1.1 Characteristics (curves)

Figure 3: Leakage current versus junction temperature (typical values)

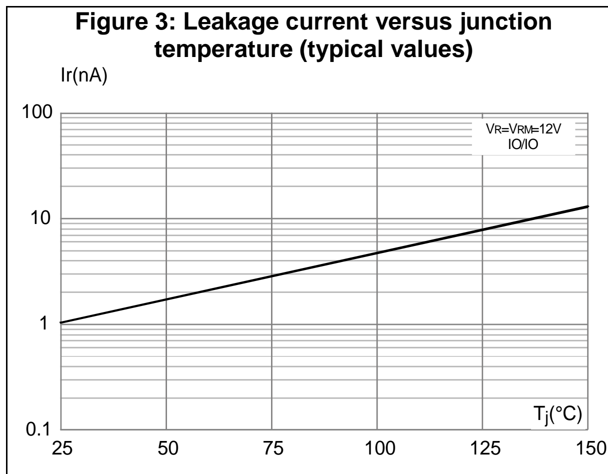


Figure 4: Junction capacitance versus applied voltage (typical values)

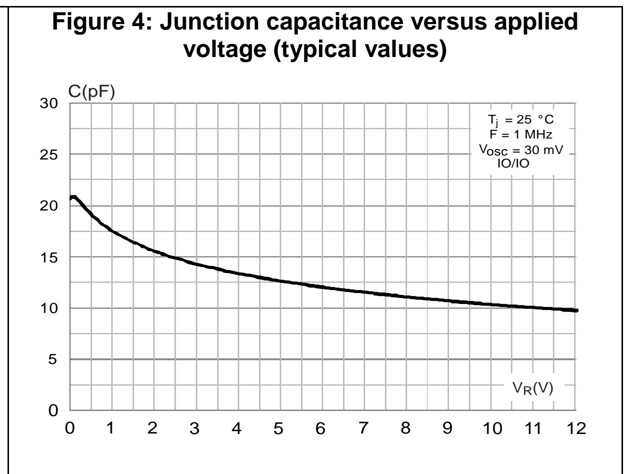


Figure 5: ESD response to IEC 61000-4-2 (+8 kV contact discharge)

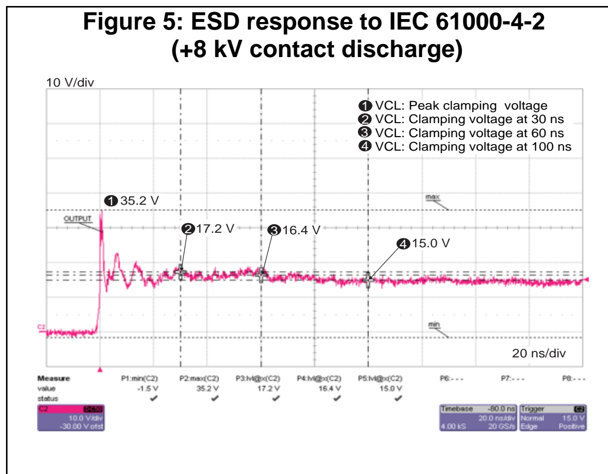


Figure 6: ESD response to IEC 61000-4-2 (-8 kV contact discharge)

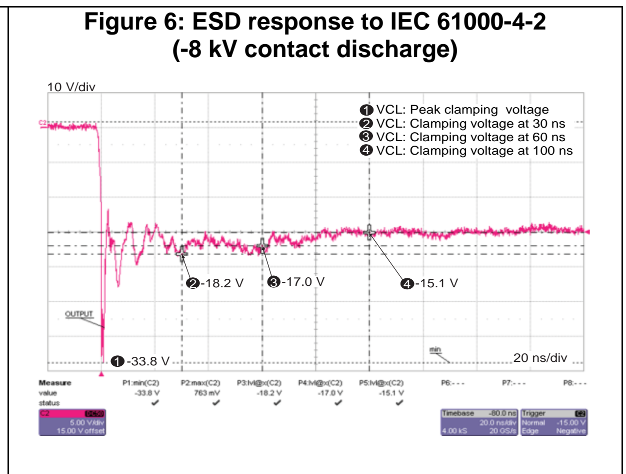


Figure 7: Dynamic resistance

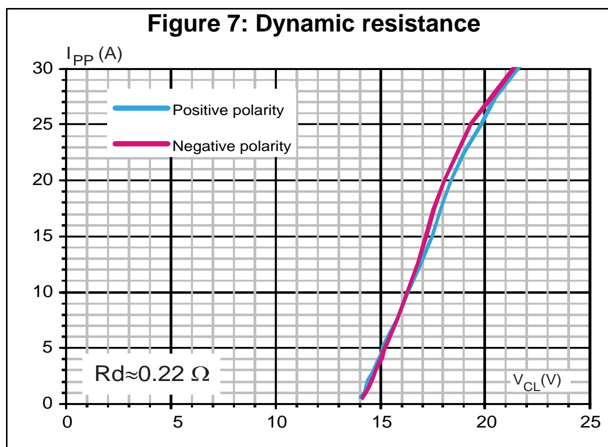
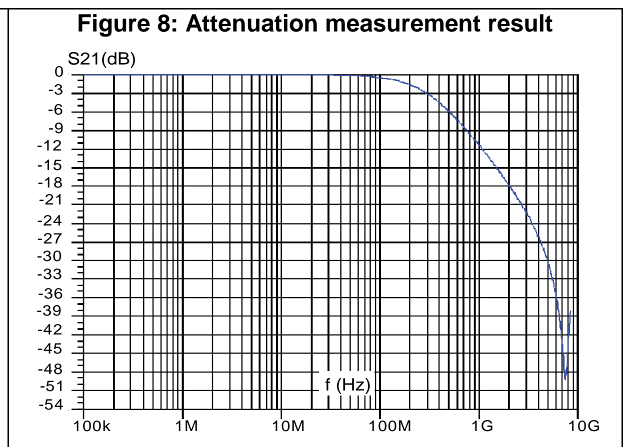


Figure 8: Attenuation measurement result

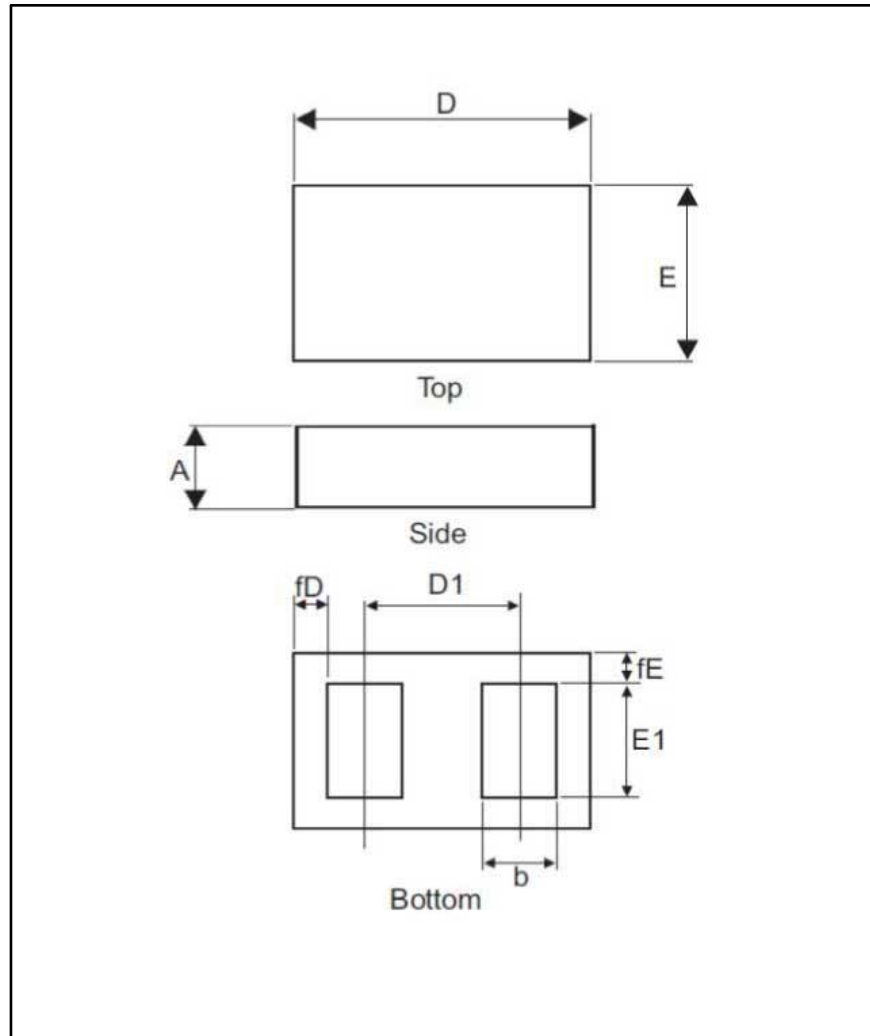


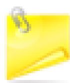
2 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: ***www.st.com***. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

2.1 0201 package information

Figure 9: 0201 package outline



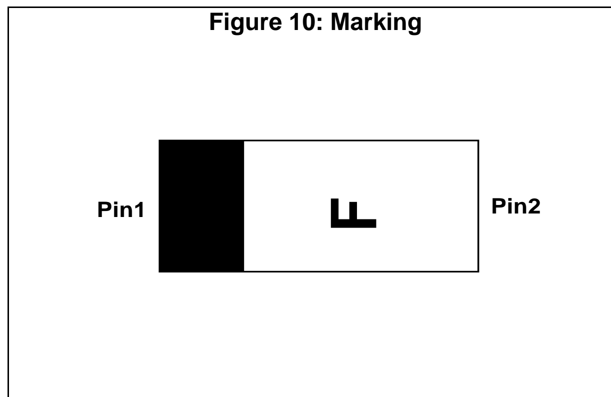


The marking codes can be rotated by 90° or 180° to differentiate assembly location. In no case should this product marking be used to orient the component for its placement on a PCB. Only pin 1 mark is to be used for this purpose.

Table 3: 0201 package mechanical data

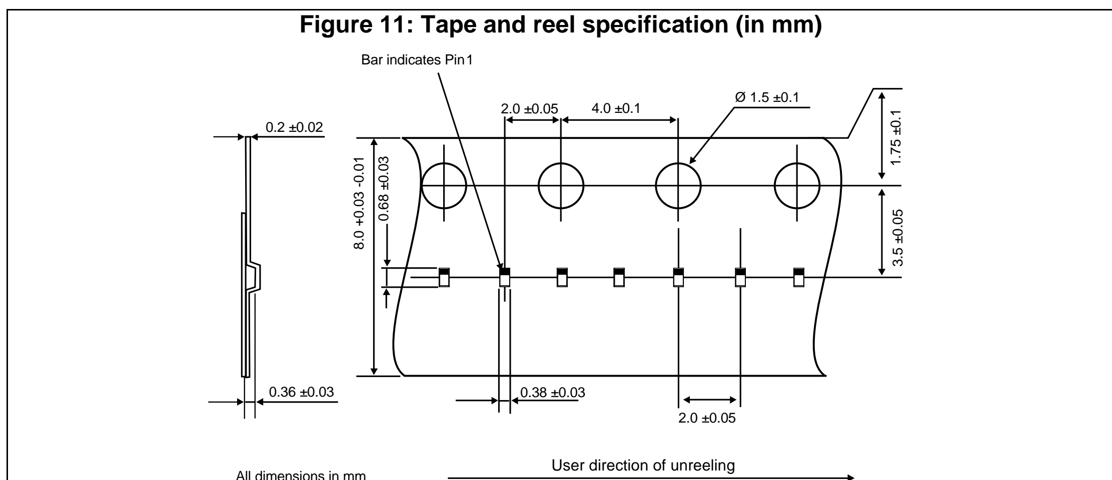
Ref.	Dimensions		
	Millimeters		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.280	0.300	0.320
b	0.125	0.140	0.155
D	0.570	0.600	0.630
D1		0.350	
E	0.270	0.300	0.330
E1	0.175	0.190	0.205
fD	0.110	0.125	0.140
fE	0.040	0.055	0.070

Figure 10: Marking



The marking codes can be rotated by 90° or 180° to differentiate assembly location. In no case should this product marking be used to orient the component for its placement on a PCB. Only pin 1 mark is to be used for this purpose.

Figure 11: Tape and reel specification (in mm)

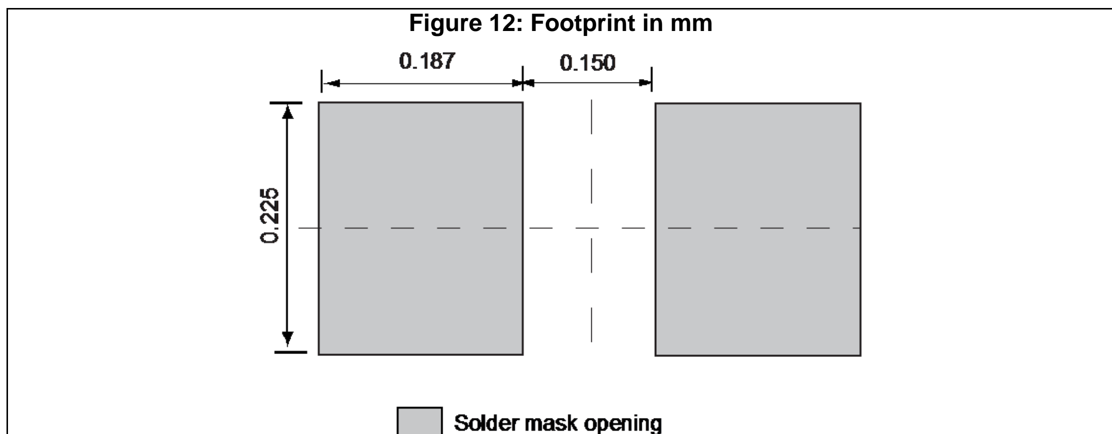


3 Recommendation on PCB assembly

3.1 Footprint

1. Footprint in mm
   a. SMD footprint design is recommended.

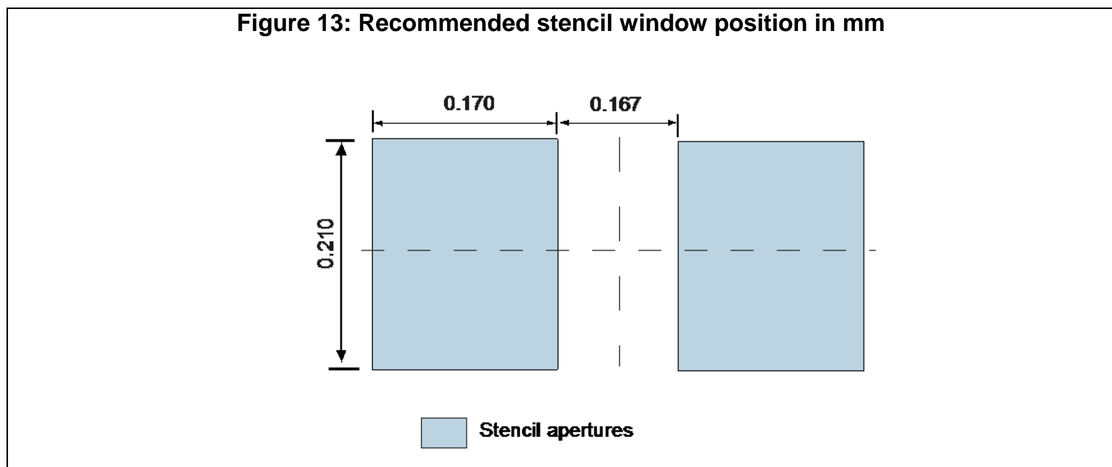
Figure 12: Footprint in mm



3.2 Stencil opening design

1. Reference design
   a. Stencil opening thickness: 75 µm / 3 mils

Figure 13: Recommended stencil window position in mm



3.3 Solder paste

1. Halide-free flux qualification ROL0 according to ANSI/J-STD-004.
2. “No clean” solder paste is recommended.
3. Offers a high tack force to resist component movement during high speed.
4. Use solder paste with fine particles: powder particle size 20-38 µm.

3.4 Placement

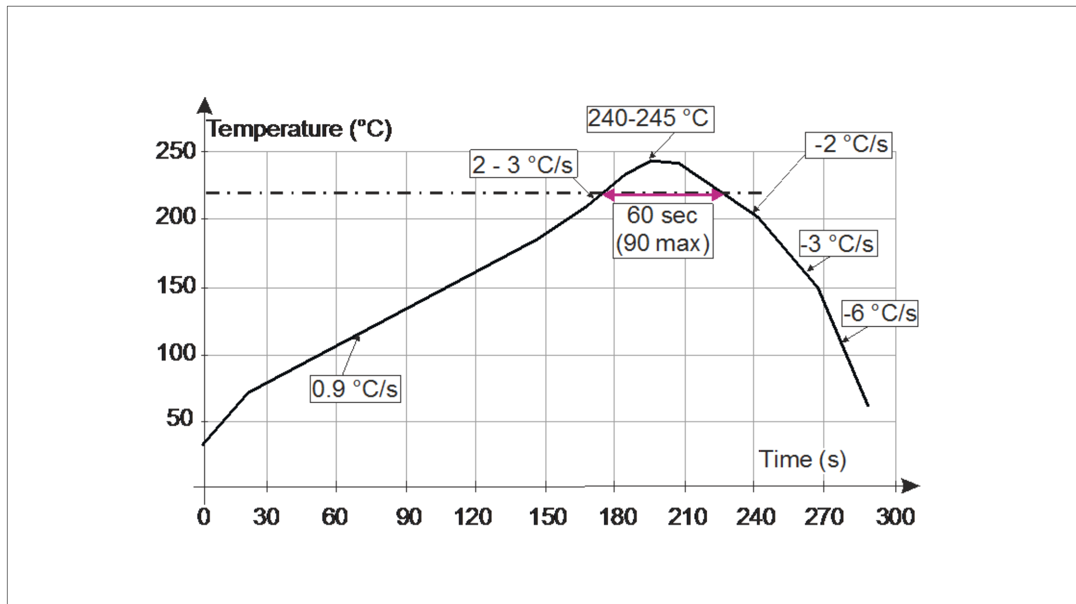
1. Manual positioning is not recommended.
2. It is recommended to use the lead recognition capabilities of the placement system, not the outline centering
3. Standard tolerance of ±0.05 mm is recommended.
4. 1.0 N placement force is recommended. Too much placement force can lead to squeezed out solder paste and cause solder joints to short. Too low placement force can lead to insufficient contact between package and solder paste that could cause open solder joints or badly centered packages.
5. To improve the package placement accuracy, a bottom side optical control should be performed with a high resolution tool.
6. For assembly, a perfect supporting of the PCB (all the more on flexible PCB) is recommended during solder paste printing, pick and place and reflow soldering by using optimized tools.

3.5 PCB design preference

1. To control the solder paste amount, the closed via is recommended instead of open vias.
2. The position of tracks and open vias in the solder area should be well balanced. A symmetrical layout is recommended, to avoid any tilt phenomena caused by asymmetrical solder paste due to solder flow away.

3.6 Reflow profile

Figure 14: ST ECOPACK® recommended soldering reflow profile for PCB mounting



Minimize air convection currents in the reflow oven to avoid component movement.

4 Ordering information

Figure 15: Ordering information scheme

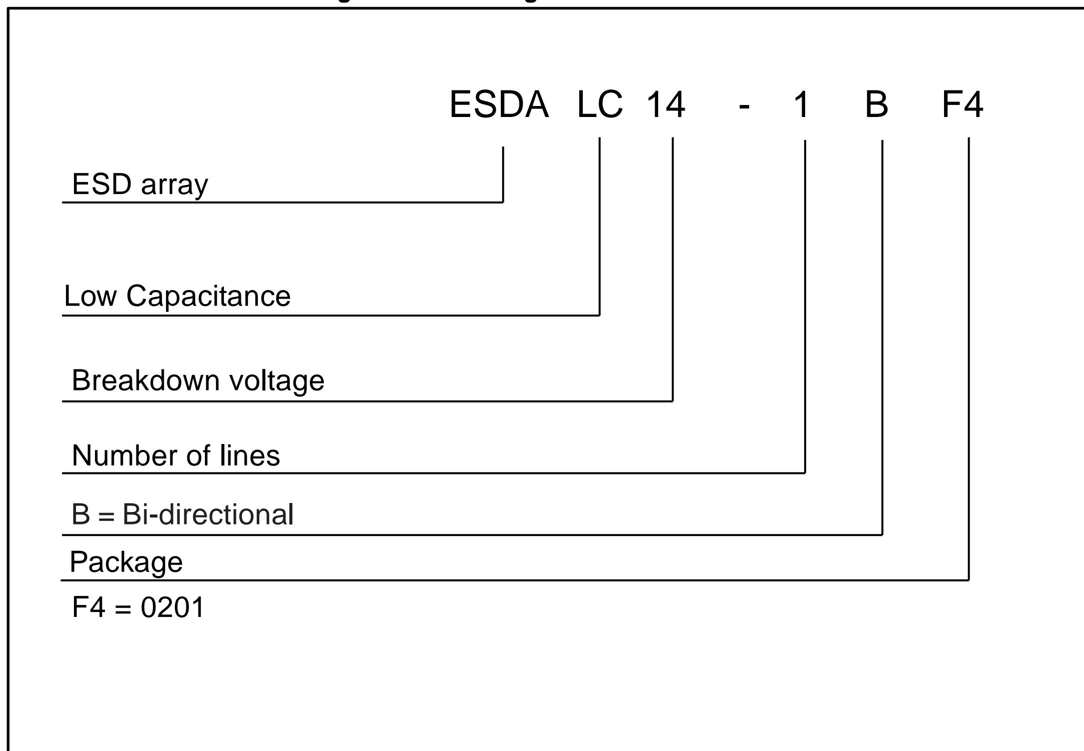


Table 4: Ordering information

Order code	Marking	Package	Weight	Base qty.	Delivery mode
ESDALC14-1BF4	1[(1)]	0201	0.120 mg	15000	Tape and reel

Notes:

(1)The marking codes can be rotated by 90 °C or 180 °C to differentiate assembly location.

5 Revision history

Table 5: Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
11-Oct-2013	1	First issue.
03-Sep-2015	2	Updated Table 2.
14-Dec-2017	3	Updated weight from 0.116 mg to 0.120 mg.