

EV2637A-R-00A

2.5A Single Cell Switch Mode Battery Charger with Power Path Management (PPM) and 2.4A Boost Current with Trickle Timer

DESCRIPTION

The EV2637A-R-00A is the evaluation board designed to demonstrate the capabilities of MPS' MP2637A, a highly-integrated, flexible switch-mode battery charge management and system power path management device for a single-cell Li-ion and Li-Polymer battery used in a wide range of portable applications.

EV2637A uses two operating modes—charge mode and boost mode—to allow management of system and battery power based on the state of the input.

When input power is present, the board charges a single-cell battery with a programmable charge current of up to 2.5A.

In the absence of an input source, the board switches to boost mode through the MODE pin to power the SYS pins from the battery with a current of up to 2.1A.

The evaluation board provides full-operatingstatus indicators to distinguish charge mode from boost mode.

To guarantee safe operation, the EV2637A has input-over-voltage protection, battery over-voltage protection, thermal shutdown, battery-temperature monitoring, and a programmable timer to prevent prolonged charging of a dead battery.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units			
Charge Mode						
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	4.5 – 6	V			
Charge-Full Voltage	V _{BATT_Full}	4.055 /4.2	V			
Charge Current	Існ	2.5	Α			
Input Current Limit	I _{IN_LIM}	2.7	Α			
Boost Mode						
Battery Voltage	V _{BATT}	3-4.5	V			
SYS Voltage Regulation	Vsys	5	V			
SYS Output Current Limit	Isys	2.2	А			

FEATURES

- 4.5V-to-6V Operating Input Voltage Range
- Power Management Function Integrated Input-Current-Limit and Input –Voltage -Regulation
- Up to 2.5A Programmable Charge Current
- Selectable 4.055V / 4.2V Charge Voltage with 0.5% Accuracy
- Battery Temperature Monitoring
- Full Operation Indicators
- Programmable Timer-Back-Up Protection
- Battery-Reverse-Leakage Blocking
- Reverse-Boost-Operation for Powering System
- Up to 93% 5V Boost Mode Efficiency @ 2.1A with BATT=4.2V
- Up to 2.1A Programmable Output Current Limit in Boost Mode

APPLICATIONS

- Sub-battery Applications
- Power-bank Applications for Smart-Phone,
 Tablet and Other Portable Devices

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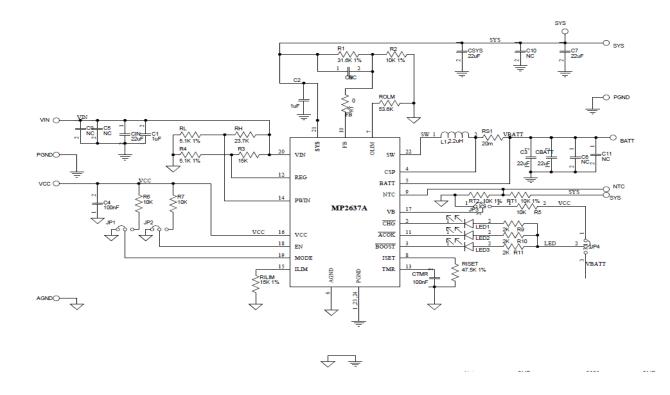
EV2637A-R-00A EVALUATION BOARD



 $(L \times W \times H)$ 6.1cm \times 5.1cm \times 1.3cm

Board Number	MPS IC Number		
EV2637A-R-00A	MP2637AGR		

EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC



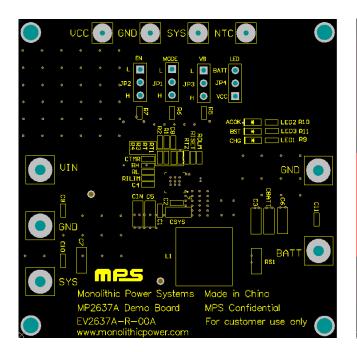


EV2637A-R-00A BILL OF MATERIALS

Qty.	Ref	Value	Description	Package	Manufacture	Manufacture_PN
1	C1	1µF	Ceramic Capacitor; 25V;X7R	0603	TDK	C1608X7R1E105K
1	C2	1µF	Ceramic Capacitor; 16V;X7R;	0603	muRata	GRM188R71C105KA12D
4	C3, C7, CBATT, CSYS	22µF	Ceramic Capacitor; 10V;X7R;	1206	muRata	GRM31CR71A226KE15L
2	C4, CTMR	100nF	Ceramic Capacitor; 16V;X7R;	0603	muRata	GRM188R71C104KA01D
1	C5	NC	Ceramic Capacitor; 25V;X5R;	1206		
1	C6	NC	Ceramic Capacitor; 10V;X7R;	1206		
1	C8	NC	Ceramic Capacitor; 50V;C0G;	0603		
1	C9	NC	Ceramic Capacitor; 25V;X7R;	0603		
2	C10,C1 1	NC	Ceramic Capacitor; 16V;X7R;	0603		
1	CIN	22µF	Ceramic Capacitor; 25V;X5R;	1206	murata	GRM31CR61E226KE15
1	L1	2.2µH	Inductor;2.2uH;9m;7. 2A	SMD	muRata	LQH88PN2R2N38
2	LED2, LED3	BL- HUF35A- TRB	LED; Red	0805	BRIGHT LED	BL-HUF35A-TRB
1	LED1	BL- HGB35A- TRB	LED; Green	0805	BRIGHT LED	BL-HGB35A-TRB
1	R1	31.6kΩ	Film Resistor;1%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0731K6L
3	R2, RT1, RT2	10kΩ	Film Resistor;1%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0710KL
1	R3	15kΩ	Film Resistor;1%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0715KL
1	RILIM	16.5kΩ	Film Resistor;1%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0716K5L
2	R4, RL	5.1kΩ	Film Resistor;1%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-075K1L
3	R5, R6, R7	10kΩ	Film Resistor;5%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603JR-0710K
3	R9, R10, R11	2kΩ	Film Resistor;5%;1/10W	0603	LIZ	CR0603JA0202G
1	RH	23.7kΩ	Film Resistor; 1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0723K7L
1	RISET	47.5kΩ	Film Resistor;1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0747K5L
1	ROLM	53.6kΩ	Film Resistor;1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-0753K6L
1	RS1	20mΩ	Film Resistor;1%	1206	Vishay	WSL1206-18
1	RT	0Ω	Film Resistor;5%;	0603	Yageo	RC0603JR-070RL
1	U1	MP2637 AGR		QFN24 (4mmx4mm)	MPS	MP2637AGR



PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT



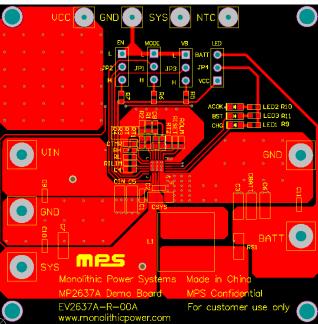


Figure 1: Top Silkscreen Layer

Figure 2: Top Layer

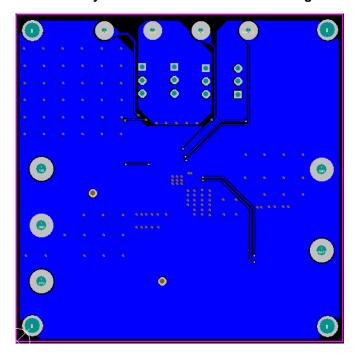


Figure 3: Bottom Layer



QUICK START GUIDE

This board is designed for the MP2637A, a stand-alone switch-mode battery charge management and system power path management device with integrated reverse directional boost from BATT to SYS. The board' layout accommodates most commonly-used capacitors. The default function of this board is preset at charge mode, and the charge full voltage is preset to 4.2V for a 1-cell Li-lon battery.

Charge Mode Setting

1. Input-Over-Voltage-Limit

The MP2637A has a PWIN pin to monitor the input voltage. Once the voltage input voltage at PWIN pin exceeds 1.15V, the input to system path is cut off to protect the device from being damaged. The maximum input is 6V, and the external resistor divider must meet the following equation:

$$\frac{V_{PWIN}}{V_{IN}} = \frac{1.15}{6} = \frac{RL}{RH + RL}$$
 (1)

Assume that RL=5.1k Ω , then RH is 21.5k Ω .

2. REG Voltage

When the input power source is not sufficient to support both the charge current and system load current, the charge current is reduced to allow priority of system power and maintain the input voltage avoid dropping further. The REG pin is the input-voltage regulation feedback. The input voltage can be regulated by a resistor divider from VIN pin to REG pin to AGND

$$V_{REG} = 1.15V \times \frac{R3 + R4}{R4}(V)$$
 (2)

If $V_{REG}=4.75V$, given R4=5.1k Ω , then R3=15.8k Ω .

3. Input Current Limit

An input current limit can be set slightly below the input source's maximum current rating. When the input current hits this limit, the charge current will decrease to keep the input current constant at the limit value to initially power the system. R_{ILIM}—the resistor connected to the ILIM pin—programs this limit. To set the input current limit at 2.7A, use an R_{ILIM} of 16.5k Ω .

$$I_{ILIM}(A) = \frac{45(kV)}{R_{ILIM}(k\Omega)}$$
 (3)

4. Charge-Full Voltage

To set the charge-full voltage, either leave the VB pin floating, or connect it to high logic for 4.055V and to connect to GND for 4.2V.

5. Charge Current

The charge current can be programmed via both RS1 and R_{ISET} . With given RS1=20m Ω , determine the charge current using the following formula:

$$I_{CHG}(A) = \frac{2400}{R_{ISET}(k\Omega) \times RS1(mA)}$$
 (4)

For example, for a charge current of 2.5A, use a 47.5k Ω R_{ISET}.



6. Charge Timer

The MP2637A has a charge timer as an extra precaution against charging damaged batteries. The total charge time can be set as:

$$\tau_{\text{TOTAL_TMR}} = \frac{3.4 \times 10^6 \times 1.6(\text{V}) \times \text{C}_{\text{TMR}}(\mu\text{F})}{1.25 \times \text{I}_{\text{CHG}}(\text{A}) \times \text{RS1(m}\Omega) + 2(\mu\text{A})} (\text{s})$$
 (5)

So if the charge current is 2.5A, a C_{TMR} of 0.1µF provides a t_{TOTAL_TMR} of 2.4 hours.

Boost Mode

1. System Output Voltage

The MODE pin can enable or disable the EV2637A when in boost mode. The resistor divider–R1 and R2–can adjust the output voltage as per the following equation:

$$V_{SYS_REG}(V) = 1.15V \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$
 (6)

Select R1 and R2 as 31.6k Ω and 10k Ω , respectively, for a system voltage of 4.8V.

2. System-Output-Current Limit

Set the system-output-current limit in boost mode for the EV2637A to operate like a standard adapter. Set the output current limit as per the following equation:

$$I_{OLIM}(A) = \frac{2400}{R_{OLIM}(k\Omega) \times RS1(m\Omega)}$$
 (7)

For the other detailed description on the operation of the MP2637A, please refer to the datasheet.



EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENT

Evaluation requires the following equipments:

- 1. DC power source. The output voltage should exceed 6.0V, and output current greater than 2.5A.
- 2. Battery simulator or a single-cell battery pack. The battery simulator's output rating should exceed 4.5V/3.0A. When using a real battery pack, please observe all precautions on the battery manufacturer's data sheet first and ensure the charger's setting doesn't exceed the battery's absolute maximum specifications.
- 3. An oscilloscope. A single voltage probe and a single current probe.
- Multi-meter.

Charge Function

- 1 Connect the jumper "EN" to "H" and the "MODE" to "L" to shunts, respectively!
- 2 Attach the positive and negative ends of the battery to the "BATT" and "GND" terminals, respectively. If it's a battery simulator, please preset the voltage to 3.8V (typical value) first.
- 3 Preset the DC power source to 5.0V. Then attach the DC output port and ground to the "VIN" and "GND" terminals, respectively.
- 4 Turn on the DC power source. The charger will start. Use the oscilloscope to verify that the 2.5A charge current is being delivered to the battery.
- Remove the shunt between the "EN" and "H" to disable charging.
- Re-insert the shunt between the "EN" and "H" to enable charging.

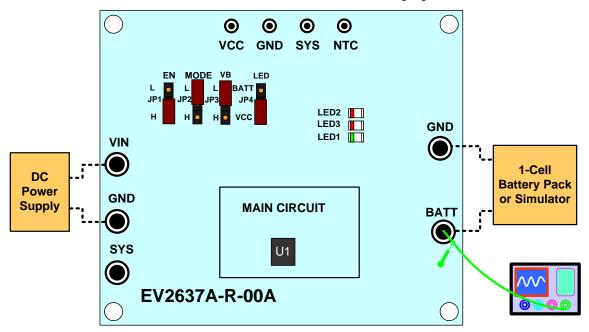


Figure 4: Setup for Charge Mode