Application Note



AEDR-9920

3-Channel Reflective Digital Incremental Encoders



Introduction

The Broadcom[®] AEDR-9920 is a three-channel reflective optical encoder. It is configured to digital outputs employing reflective technology for motion control purposes. The selectable options available are with different interpolation three-channel digital differential A, B, and gated I outputs.

The AEDR-9920 digital encoder offers two-channel (AB) quadrature digital outputs and a third channel digital index output. Being TTL compatible, the outputs of the encoder can be interfaced with most of the signal processing circuitry. Therefore, the encoder provides easy integration and flexible design-in into existing systems.

The AEDR-9920 encoder is designed to operate over –40°C to 125°C temperature range and is suitable for commercial, industrial, and automotive end applications.

Applications

- Closed-loop stepper motor
- Small motors, actuator
- Industrial printer
- Robotic
- Card reader
- Pan-tilt-zoom (PTZ) camera
- Portable medical equipment
- Optometric equipment
- Linear stage

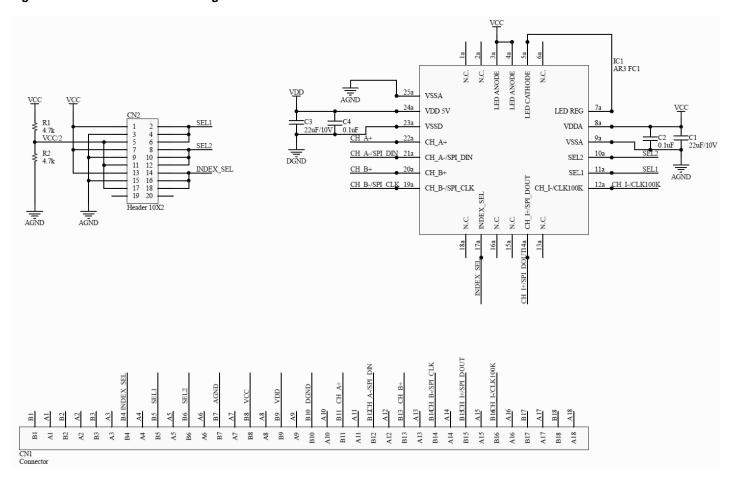
Related Part Ordering Information

| Ordering Information | Туре |
|----------------------|---|
| AEDR-9920-100 | AEDR-9920, 225 LPI Incremental Encoder, 1000 pieces |
| AEDR-9920-102 | AEDR-9920, 225 LPI Incremental Encoder, 100 pieces |
| HEDS-9920EVB | AEDR-9920 Evaluation Board 225 LPI Evaluation Board and Code Wheel |

Reference Schematic Design

Figure 1 shows an example of the schematic diagram used in the evaluation PCB example shown later in this application note.

Figure 1: Reference Schematic Diagram for AEDR-9920



Select Options – AEDR-9920 Encoder Built-in Interpolation

| SEL 1 | SEL 2 | IND SEL | Interpolation Factor | Index | Max Output Frequency | CPR at R _{OP} |
|-------|-------|---------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Open | Open | Low | 1X | Gated 90°e | 0.1 MHz | 612 |
| | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Ungated raw | | |
| Open | Low | Low | 2X | Gated 90°e | 0.2 MHz | 1224 |
| | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| High | High | Low | 4X | Gated 90°e | 0.5 MHz | 2448 |
| | - | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| Low | Low | Low | 8X | Gated 90°e | 1.0 MHz | 4896 |
| | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| High | Low | Low | 16X | Gated 90°e | 2.0 MHz | 9792 |
| | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| Open | High | Low | 32X | Gated 90°e | 2.0 MHz | 19584 |
| | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| Low | High | Low | 64X | Gated 90°e | 2.0 MHz | 39168 |
| | _ | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| High | Open | Low | 128X | Gated 90°e | 2.0 MHz | 78336 |
| g.· | | High | | Gated 180°e | | |
| | | Open | | Gated 360°e | | |
| Low | Open | High | 256X | Gated 90°e | 2.0 MHz | 156672 |
| | | N/A | | N/A | | |

Evaluation Board with Physical Alignment Guide Lines

- 1. Place the mounting plate on the motor base.
- 2. Place the set height jig on the motor base.
- 3. Install the code wheel hub assembly into the motor shaft with the aid of the set height jig between the motor base and the hub bottom surface. Secure the hub with an M3x3 set screw. (The recommended tightening torque is 0.15 Nm for an M3x3 set screw.)
- 4. Position the PCBA on the mounting plate guided by the guide pins. Align to the code wheel by using the silk screen-printed guide lines to the code wheel hub assembly.

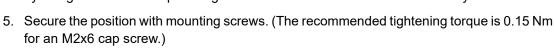
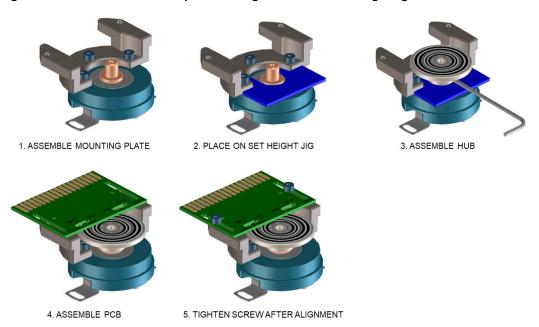


Figure 2: Evaluation Board AEDR-9920 Mounting Concept

AEDR-9920

Figure 3: Evaluation Board Sample Mounting Bracket and Bearing Stage

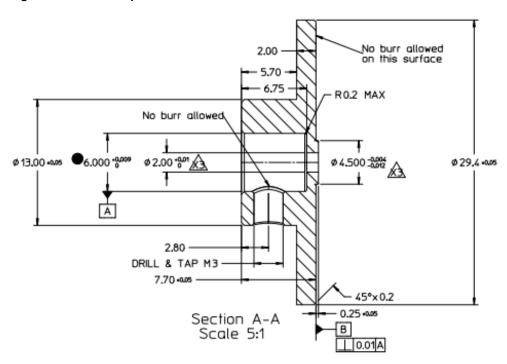


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Hub Design Concept

The hub design concept for multiple track CW is shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4: Hub Concept



Jig Design Concept

The jig design is based on the AEDR-9920 with 6-mm shaft mounting. Consult the factory for the jig design details.

Figure 5: Mounting Jig Drawing

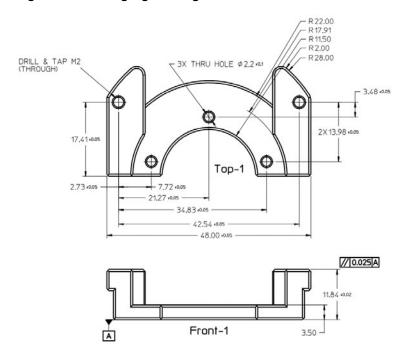
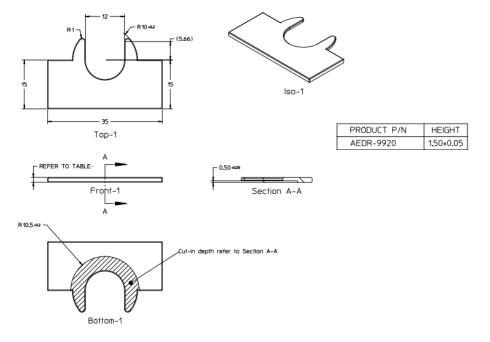


Figure 6: Height Jig Drawing



Mounting Requirement

The mounting requirement is shown in Figure 7 to set up the encoder to the optimum position for typical encoder performance. The overall mounting requirements applicable for the following:

- AEDR-9920 encoder to code wheel operational gap.
- Code wheel placement.

Figure 7: Mounting Requirement

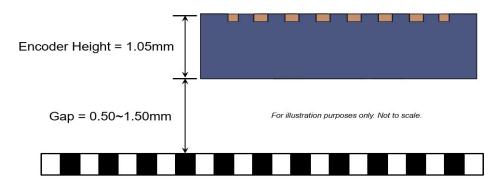
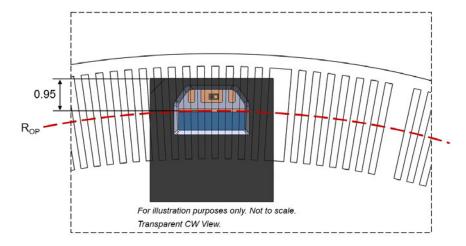
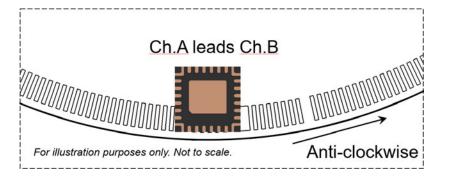


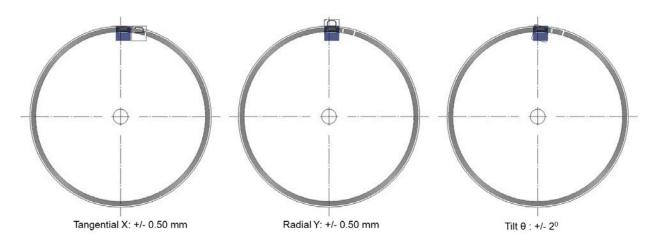
Figure 8: A and B Signal Orientation vs. Mounting Position



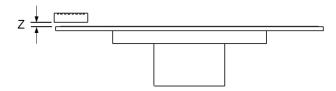


Spatial Tolerances

Figure 9: AEDR-9920 Spatial Tolerances



For AEDR-9920 225LPI Gap Z: 1.0 +/- 0.5 mm Nominal at 1.00 mm & with range of 0.50 mm to 1.50 mm



Notes on Assembly

- 1. The assembly of the encoder requires a clean room condition, Class 100k or better.
- 2. The encoder must be enclosed with an IP50-rated enclosure.
- 3. The encoder is supplied with protective tape to prevent contamination. Remove the tape only after the surface mount soldering reflow process.

Recommended Shaft Tolerance

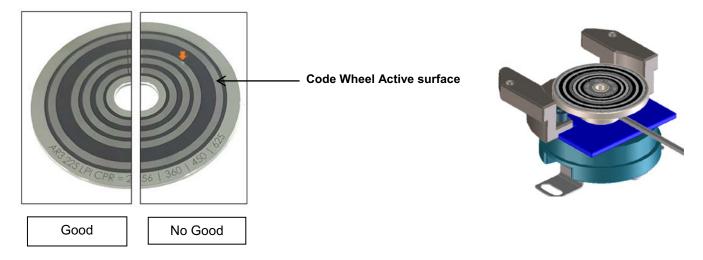
Table 1: Shaft Tolerance

| Hub ID | Hole Tolerance | | | | Shaft OD | Shaft Tolerance | | |
|--------|----------------|-------|------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|--------|-------------|
| (mm) | Lower | Upper | Hole Basis | Set Screw Size | (mm) | Lower | Upper | Shaft Basis |
| 6 | 0 | 0.008 | H6 | M3 | 6 | -0.004 | -0.009 | g5 |
| 8 | 0 | 0.009 | H6 | M3 | 8 | -0.005 | -0.011 | g5 |

Code Wheel Handling

- Prevent touching the code wheel ACTIVE AREA by wearing a finger cot.
- Use only delicate task wipers with IPA to wipe the code wheel. Do not use cotton buds (non-lint-free) because they will cause scratches and will contaminate the code wheel.

Figure 10: Code Wheel Handling



Recommended Electrical Interface

- 1. Provide the encoder power supply with the following values:
 - For the 5.0V supply, V_{CC} must be within the range of 4.5V ~ 5.5V.
 - For the 3.3V supply, V_{CC} must be within the range of 3.0V \sim 3.6V.
- 2. For best noise immunity, use a twisted-pair shielded cable for connection to the servo driver.
- 3. To prevent undesirable signal reflection, terminate with 1200Ω resistors.

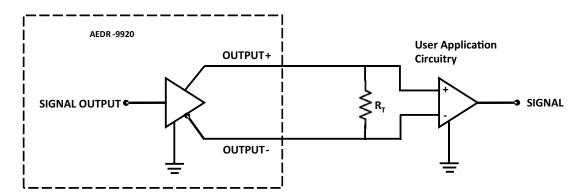
The following variations must be considered when the termination resistor is optimized:

- Cable length (impedance matching)
- PCB (impedance matching low contribution, more on crosstalk)
- Cable type (twisted, non-twisted, parallel, non-shielded, shielded)
- Cable size, and so on

Differential I/O Connection

Use the Broadcom AEIC-7272-S16 quad differential line receiver or compatible as the line receiver. Ground unused pins for noise reduction. Use shielded cable for better noise immunity.

Figure 11: Differential I/O Connection

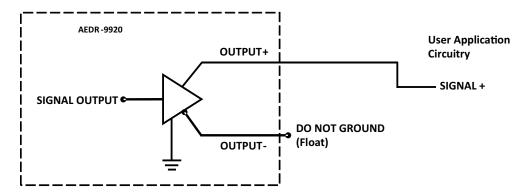


NOTE:

- 1. Output+ represents A+, B+, or I+ digital output from the encoder.
- 2. Output- represents A-, B-, or I- digital output from the encoder.
- 3. Load resistance, *RT, is optional although highly recommended to reduce reflection.

Single-Ended I/O Connection

Figure 12: Single-Ended Connection



NOTE:

- 1. Output+ represents A+, B+, or I+ digital output from the encoder.
- 2. Output- represents A-, B-, or I- digital output from the encoder.
- 3. Do not ground the Output- from the encoder. Allow the output to float.