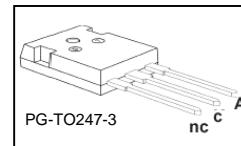
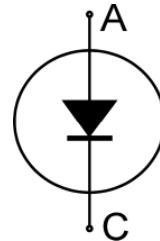


## Fast Switching Emitter Controlled Diode


**Features:**

- 600V Emitter Controlled technology
- Fast recovery
- Soft switching
- Low reverse recovery charge
- Low forward voltage
- 175°C junction operating temperature
- Easy paralleling
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:  
<http://www.infineon.com>


**Applications:**

- Welding
- Motor drives

Type	$V_{RRM}$	$I_F$	$V_{F,Tj=25^\circ\text{C}}$	$T_{j,\text{max}}$	Marking	Package
IDW100E60	600V	100A	1.65V	175°C	D100E60	PG-T0247-3

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	600	V
Continuous forward current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F$	150	A
$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$		104	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		96	
Surge non repetitive forward current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, t_p = 10 \text{ ms, sine halfwave}$	$I_{FSM}$	400	A
Maximum repetitive forward current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, t_p \text{ limited by } t_{j,\text{max}}, D = 0.5$	$I_{FRM}$	300	A
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{\text{tot}}$	375	W
$T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$		212	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		198	
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	$T_S$	260	

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
Thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		0.40	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$		40	

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Static Characteristic**

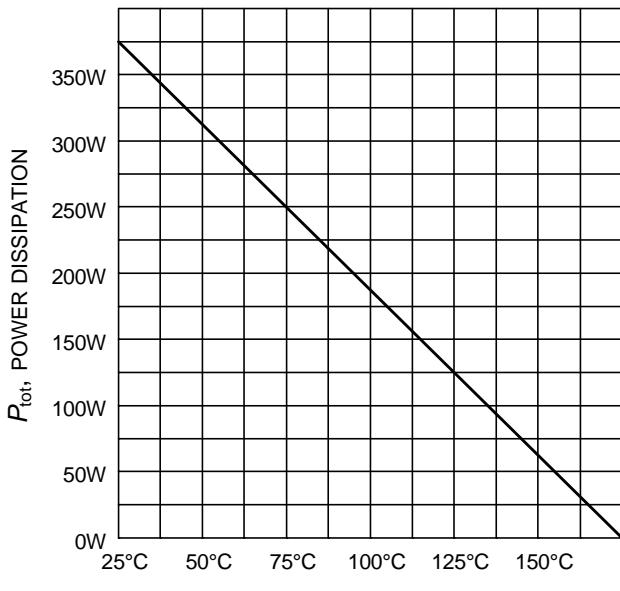
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{RRM}$	$I_R=0.25\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=100\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.65	2.0	
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_R=600\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40 3300	$\mu\text{A}$

**Dynamic Electrical Characteristics**

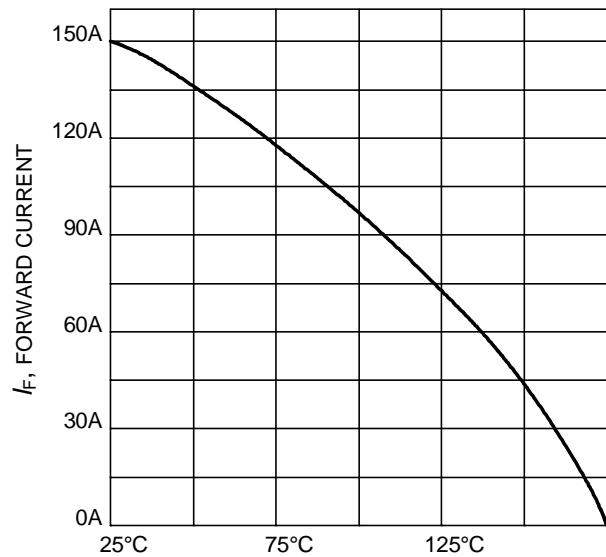
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=100\text{A}$ , $dI_F/dt=1200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	120	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rrm}$		-	3.6	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rr}$		-	49.5	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$dI_{rr}/dt$		-	750	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=100\text{A}$ , $dI_F/dt=1200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	168	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rrm}$		-	5.8	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rr}$		-	61.6	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$dI_{rr}/dt$		-	705	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

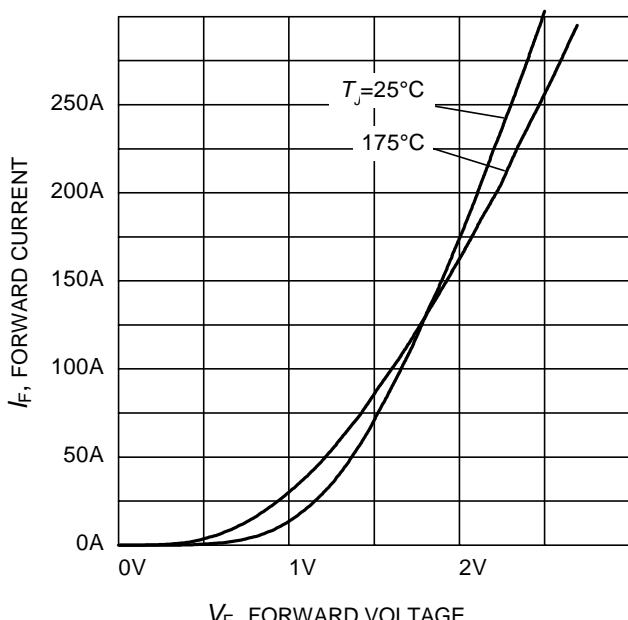
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=100\text{A}$ , $dI_F/dt=1200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	200	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rrm}$		-	7.8	-	$\mu\text{C}$
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rr}$		-	67.0	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$dI_{rr}/dt$		-	650	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$


 $T_C$ , CASE TEMPERATURE

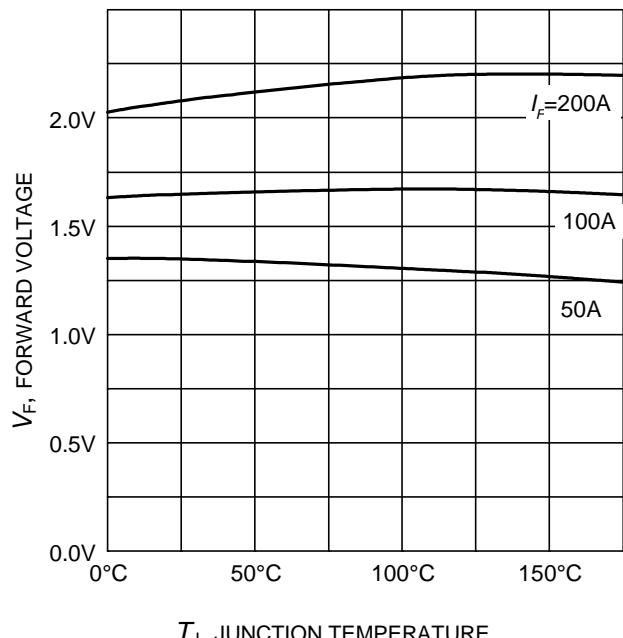
**Figure 1. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$


 $T_C$ , CASE TEMPERATURE

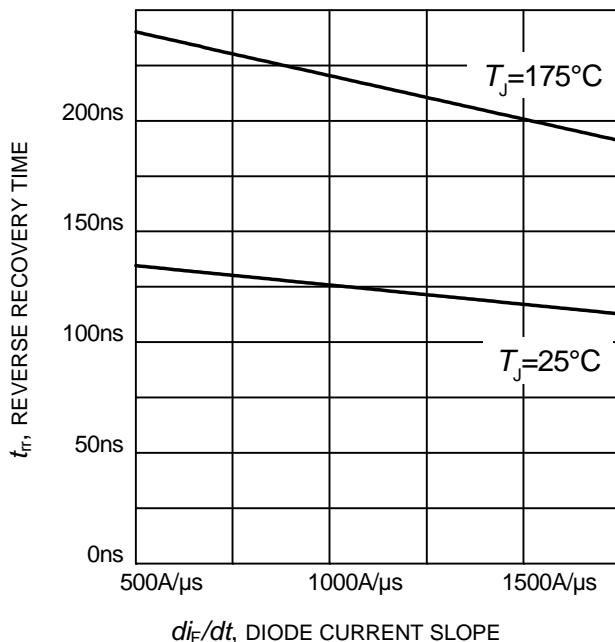
**Figure 2. Diode forward current as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$


 $V_F$ , FORWARD VOLTAGE

**Figure 3. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

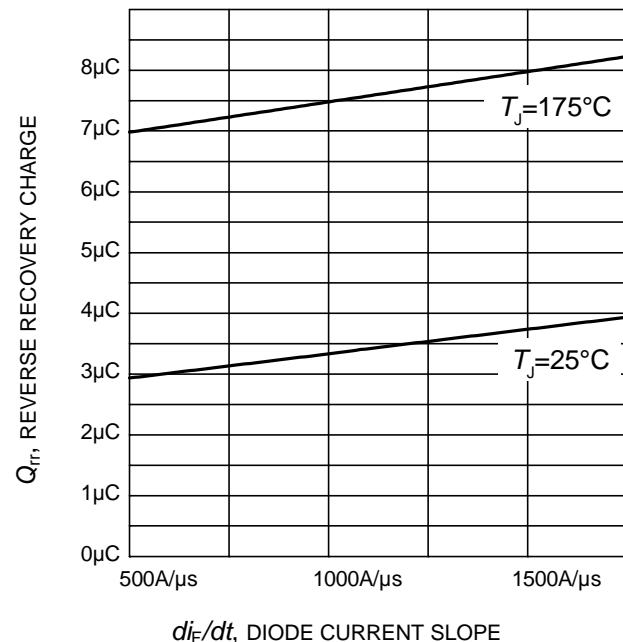

 $T_j$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

**Figure 4. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature**



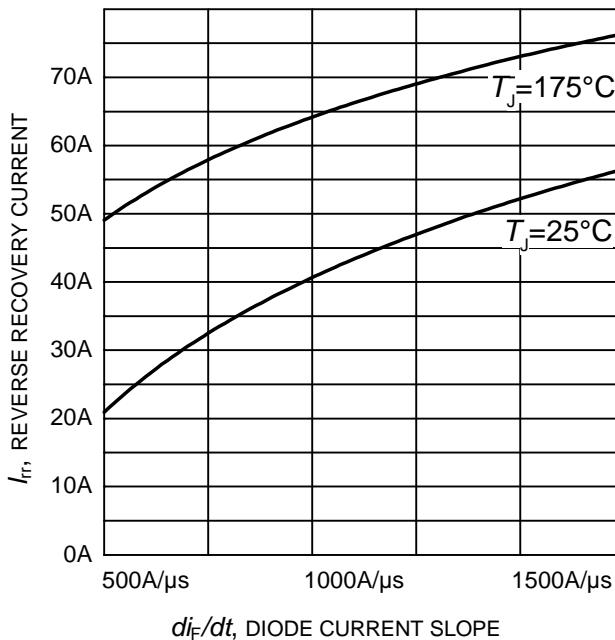
$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 5.** Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope  
 $(V_R=400V, I_F=100A,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



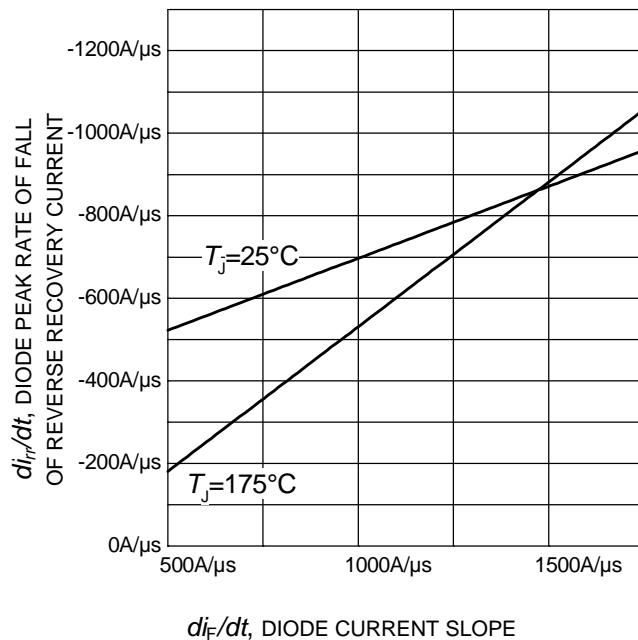
$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 6.** Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope  
 $(V_R = 400V, I_F = 100A,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



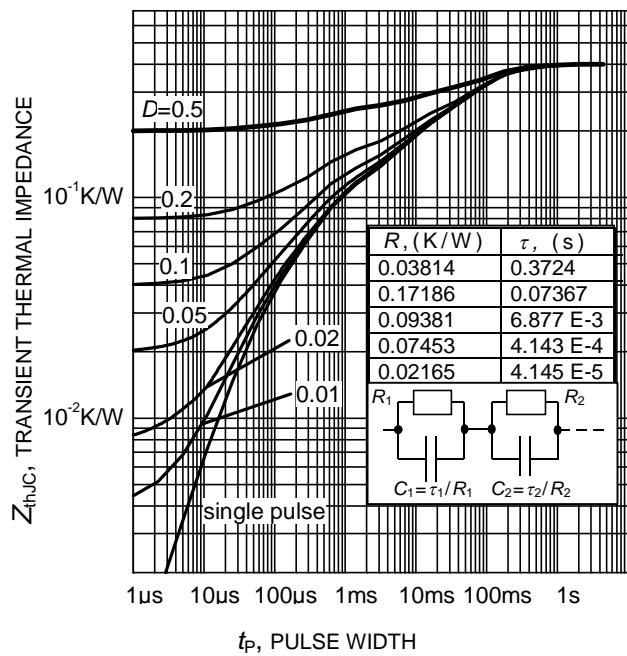
$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 7.** Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope  
 $(V_R = 400V, I_F = 100A,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



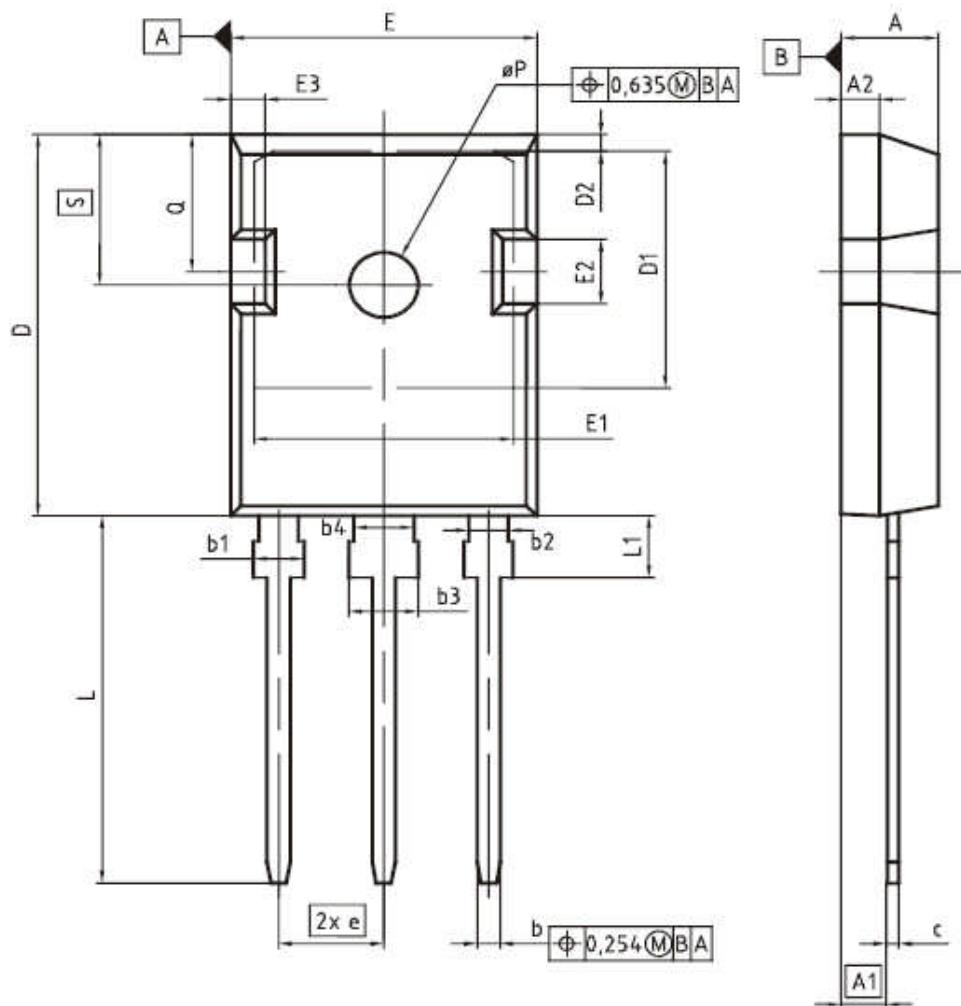
$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 8.** Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope  
 $(V_R=400V, I_F=100A,$   
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

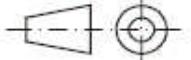


**Figure 9. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ( $D=t_p/T$ )**

## PG-T0247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4,83	5,21	0,190	0,205
A1	2,27	2,54	0,089	0,100
A2	1,85	2,16	0,073	0,085
b	1,07	1,33	0,042	0,052
b1	1,90	2,41	0,075	0,095
b2	1,90	2,16	0,075	0,085
b3	2,87	3,38	0,113	0,133
b4	2,87	3,13	0,113	0,123
c	0,55	0,68	0,022	0,027
D	20,80	21,10	0,819	0,831
D1	16,25	17,85	0,640	0,695
D2	0,95	1,35	0,037	0,053
E	15,70	16,13	0,618	0,635
E1	13,10	14,15	0,516	0,557
E2	3,68	5,10	0,145	0,201
E3	1,00	2,60	0,039	0,102
e	5,44 (BSC)		0,214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19,80	20,32	0,780	0,800
L1	4,10	4,47	0,161	0,176
aP	3,50	3,70	0,138	0,146
Q	5,49	6,00	0,216	0,236
S	6,04	6,30	0,238	0,248

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