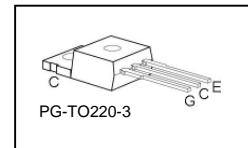
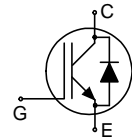


Low Loss DuoPack : IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode



### Features

- Very low  $V_{CE(sat)}$  1.5V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5 $\mu$ s
- Designed for :
  - Variable Speed Drive for washing machines, air conditioners and induction cooking
  - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology for 600V applications offers :
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- Low EMI
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel Emitter Controlled HE diode
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C; T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE(sat)}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IKP06N60T	600V	6A	1.5V	175°C	K06T60	PG-TO220-3

### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_j \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_C$	12 6	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{Cpuls}$	18	
Turn off safe operating area, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ , $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ , $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}$	-	18	
Diode forward current, limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F$	12 6	
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{Fpuls}$	18	
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time <sup>2)</sup> $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	$t_{SC}$	5	$\mu\text{s}$
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	88	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...+150	
Soldering temperature wavesoldering, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s		260	

<sup>1</sup> J-STD-020 and JESD-022

<sup>2)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		1.7	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJCD}$		2.6	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$		62	

### Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=0.25mA$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=6A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	1.5 1.8	2.05	
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=6A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	1.6 1.6	2.05 -	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=0.18mA, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	4.1	4.6	5.7	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	40 700	$\mu\text{A}$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=6A$	-	3.6	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$		none			$\Omega$

### Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE}=25V, V_{GE}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	368	-	$\text{pF}$
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	28	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{riss}$		-	11	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=6A, V_{GE}=15V$	-	42	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$		-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC} \leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} = 400V, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	55	-	A

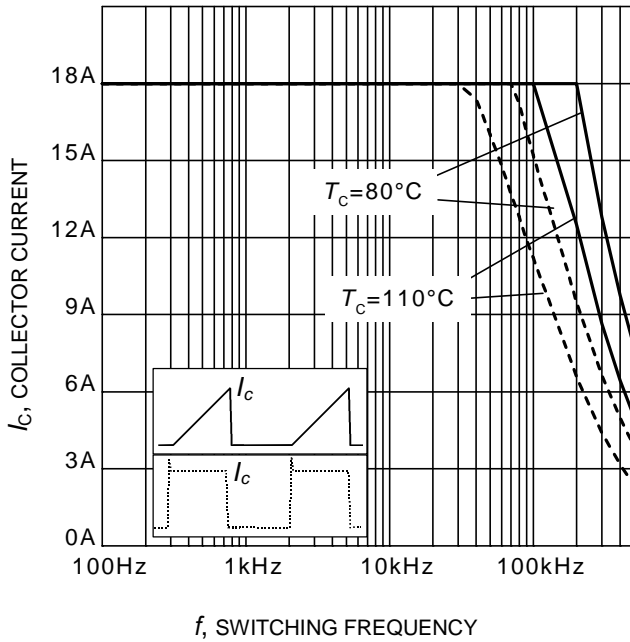
<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

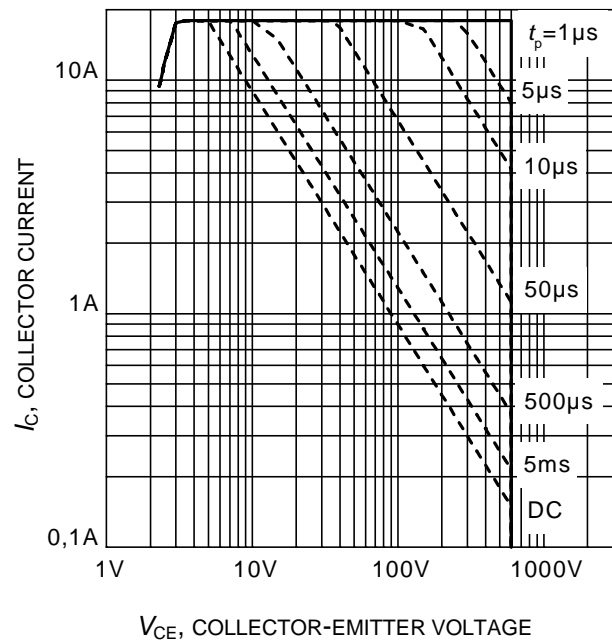
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=6\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $r_G=23\Omega$ , $L_\sigma=60\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma=40\text{pF}$	-	9	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	6	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	130	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	58	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	$L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.09	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.11	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.2	-	
<b>Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic</b>						
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=6\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt=550\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	123	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	190	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	5.3	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	450	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$

### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$

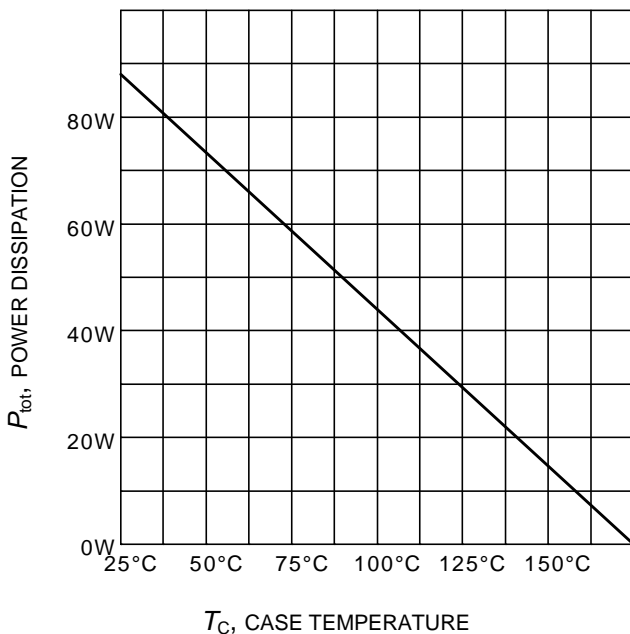
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=6\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $r_G=23\Omega$ , $L_\sigma=60\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma=40\text{pF}$	-	9	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	8	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	165	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	84	-	
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$	$L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.14	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.18	-	
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.335	-	
<b>Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic</b>						
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=6\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt=550\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	180	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	500	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	7.6	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	285	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$



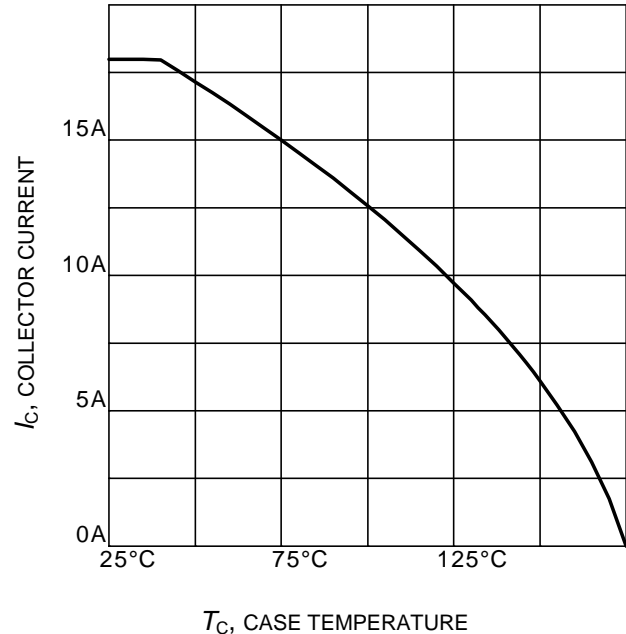
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**  
 ( $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $D = 0.5$ ,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $r_G = 23\Omega$ )



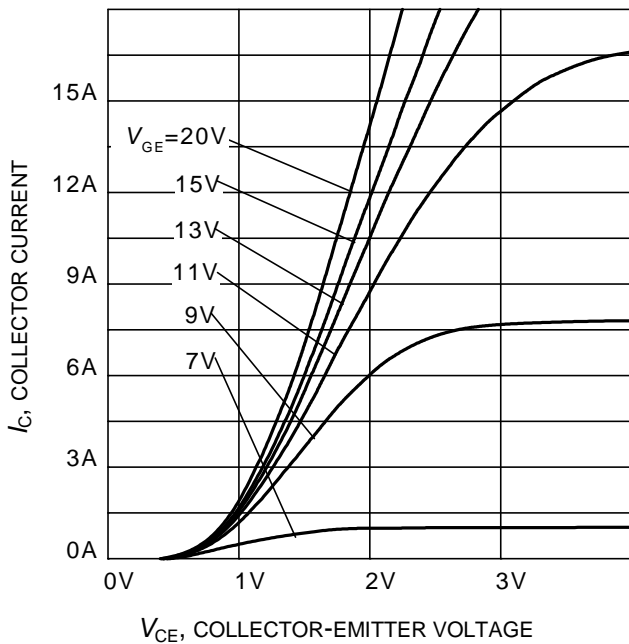
**Figure 2. Safe operating area**  
 ( $D = 0$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ )



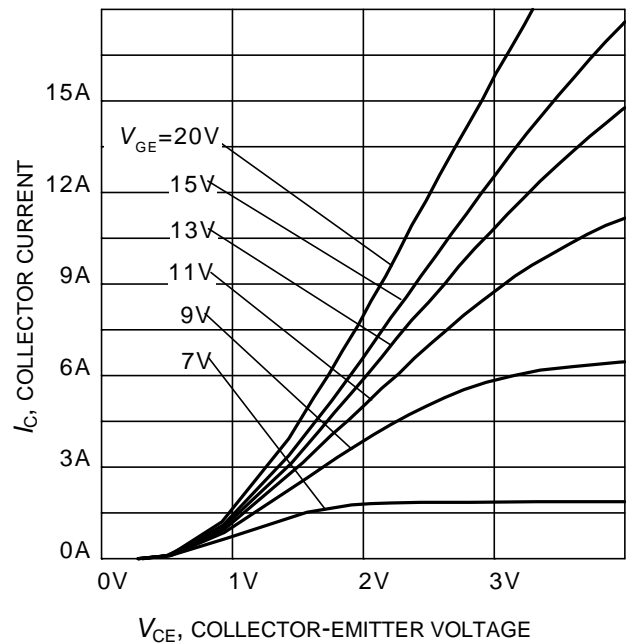
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



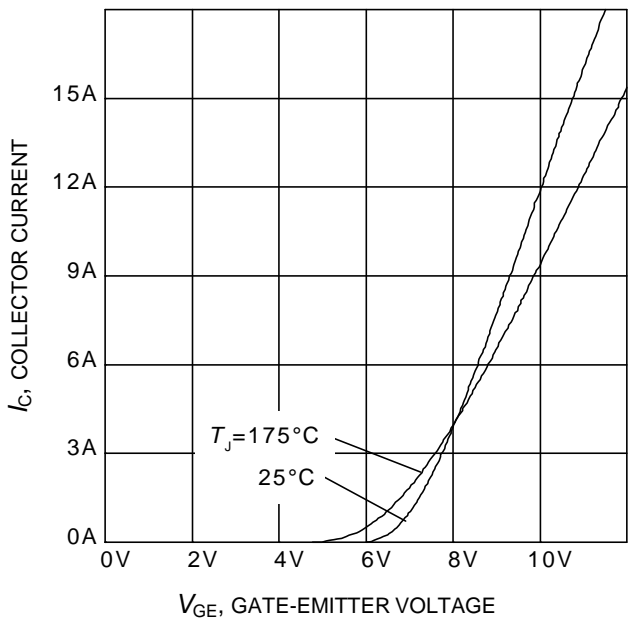
**Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$ ,  $T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



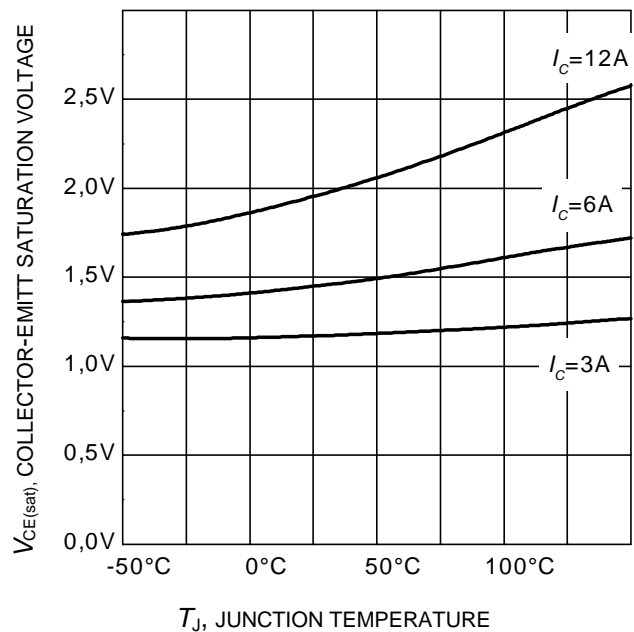
**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )



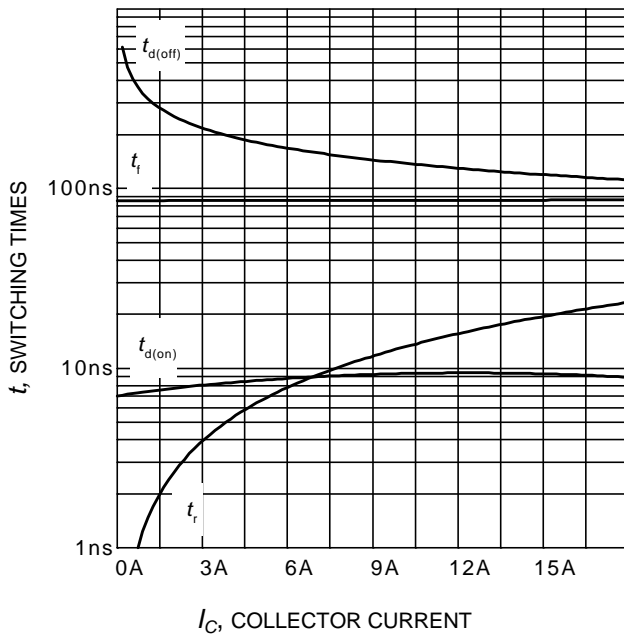
**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ )



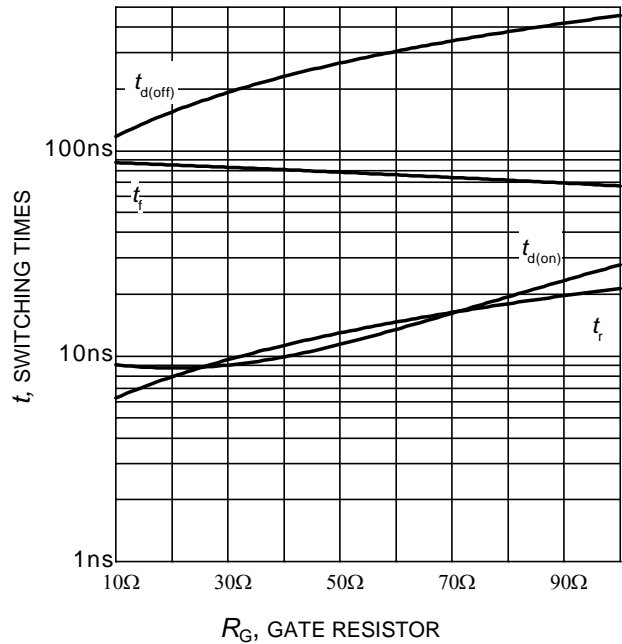
**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$ )



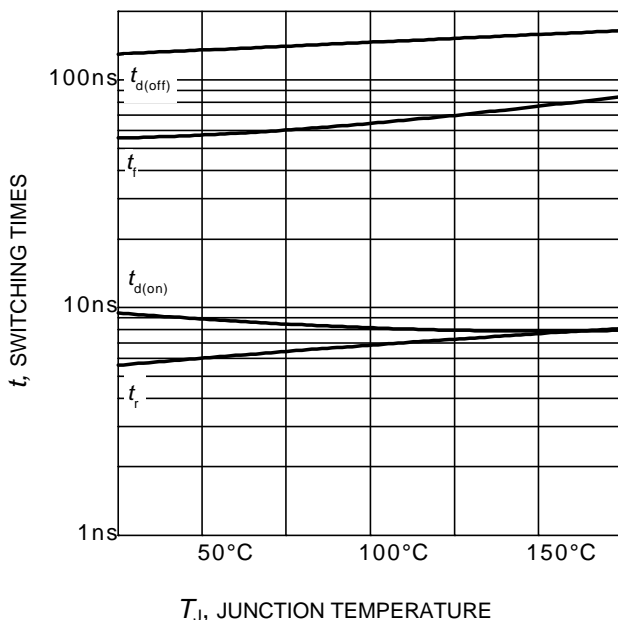
**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



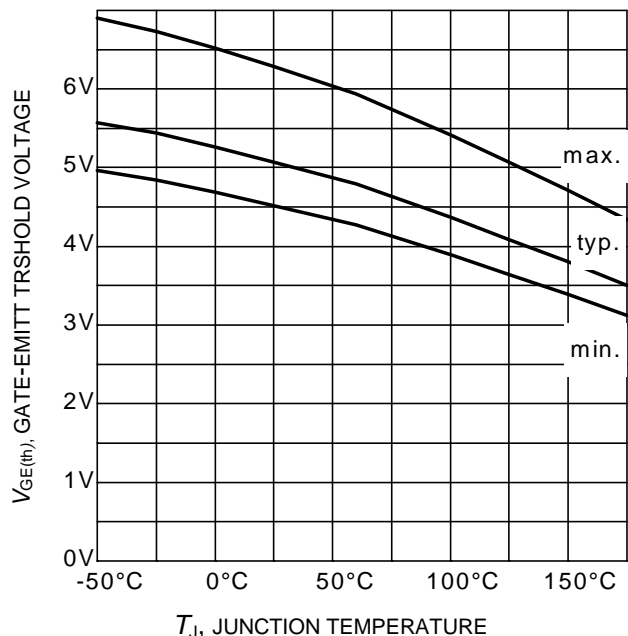
**Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $r_G = 23\Omega$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



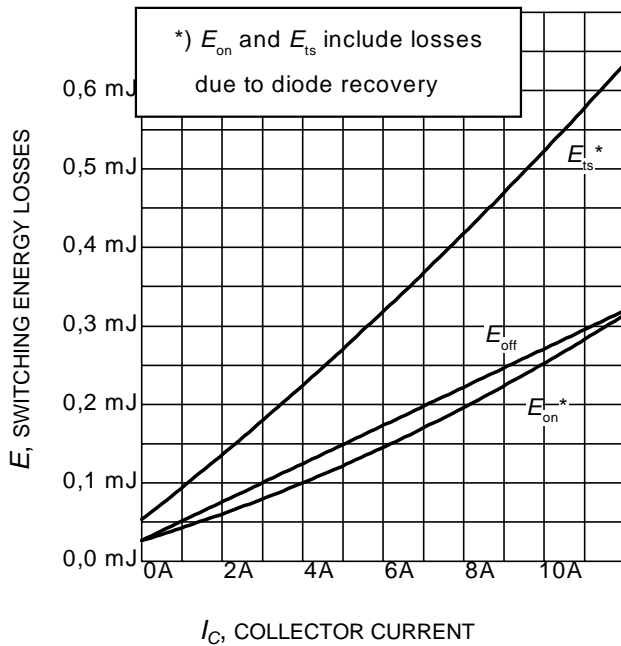
**Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
 (inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 6\text{A}$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



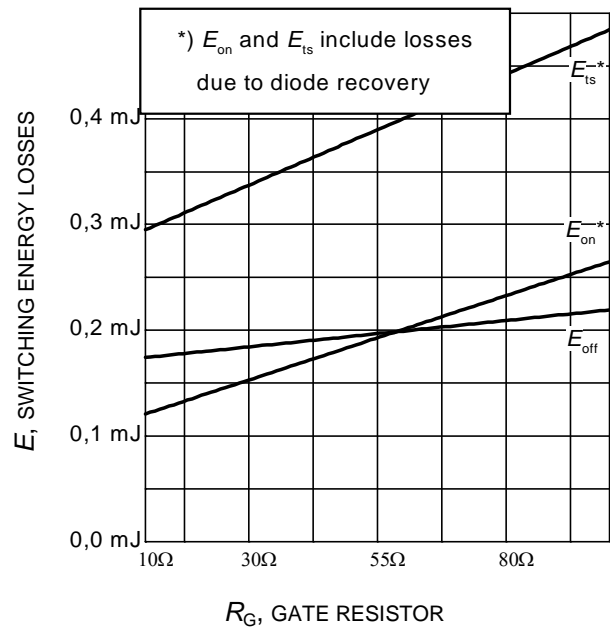
**Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**  
 (inductive load,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C = 6\text{A}$ ,  $r_G = 23\Omega$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



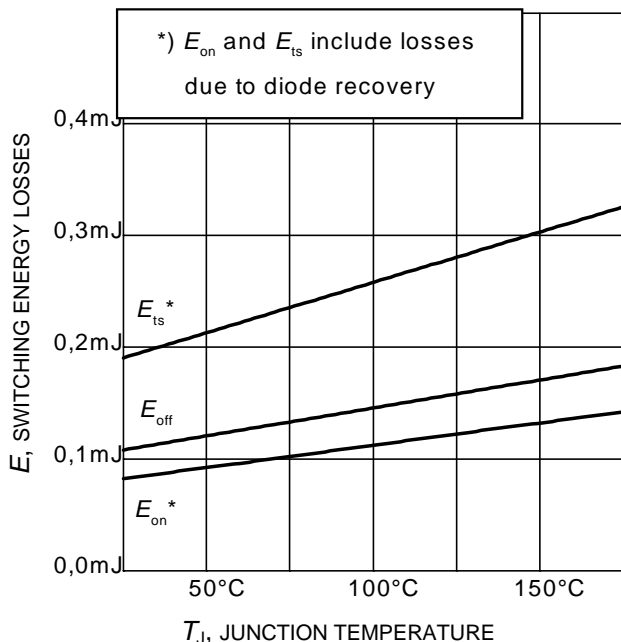
**Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
 ( $I_C = 0.18\text{mA}$ )



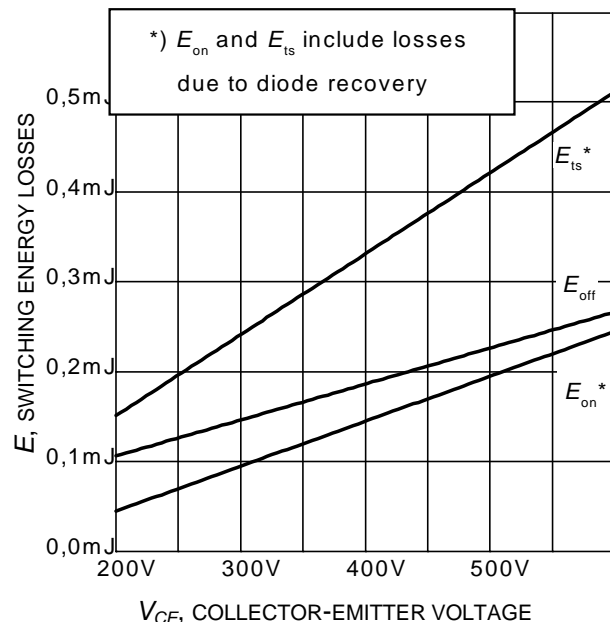
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



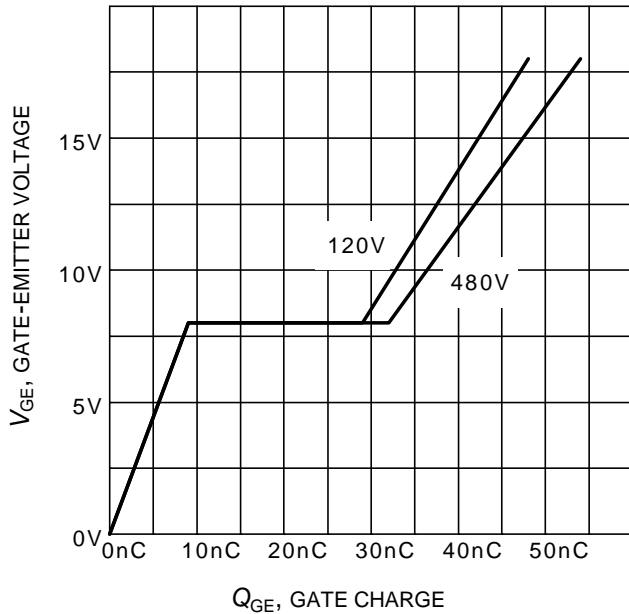
**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



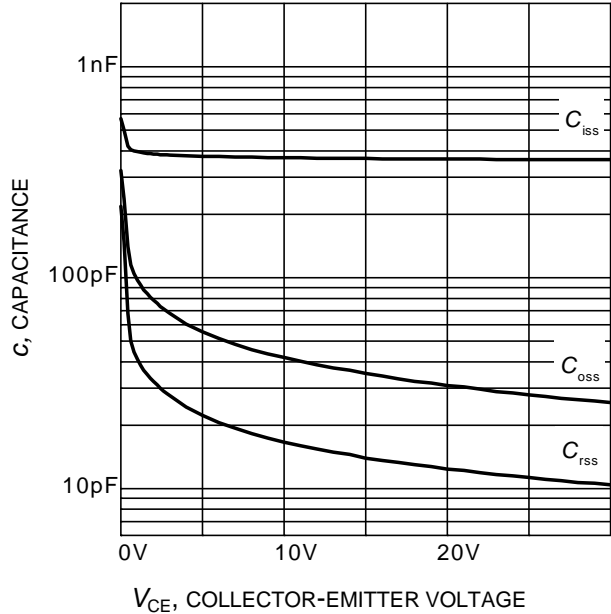
**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



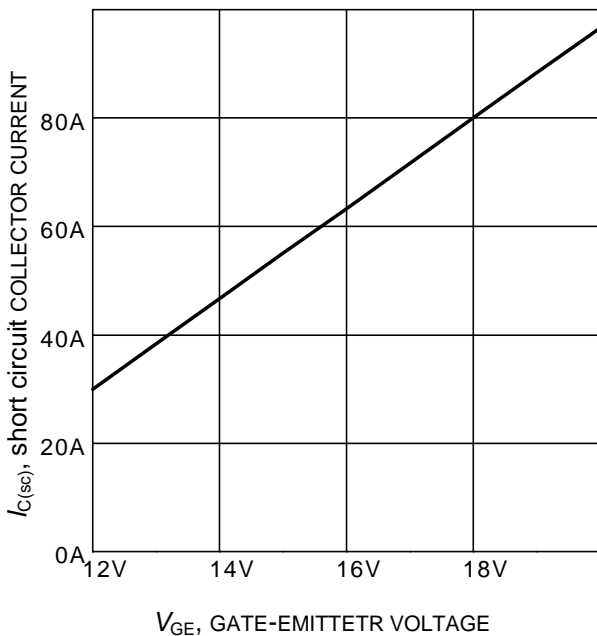
**Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ ,  $r_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



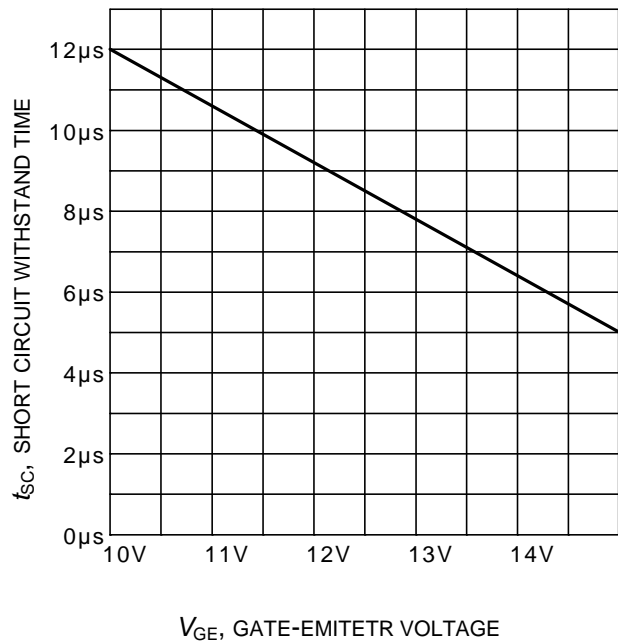
**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C = 6\text{ A}$ )



**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )

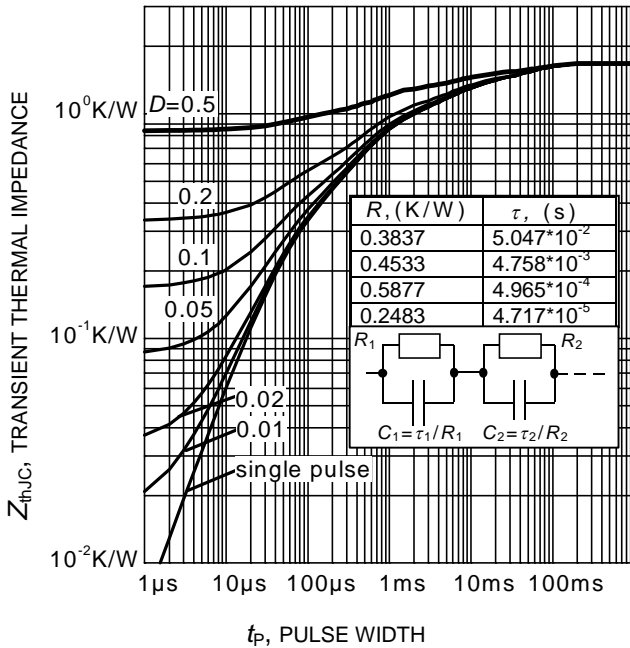


**Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} \leq 400\text{ V}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )

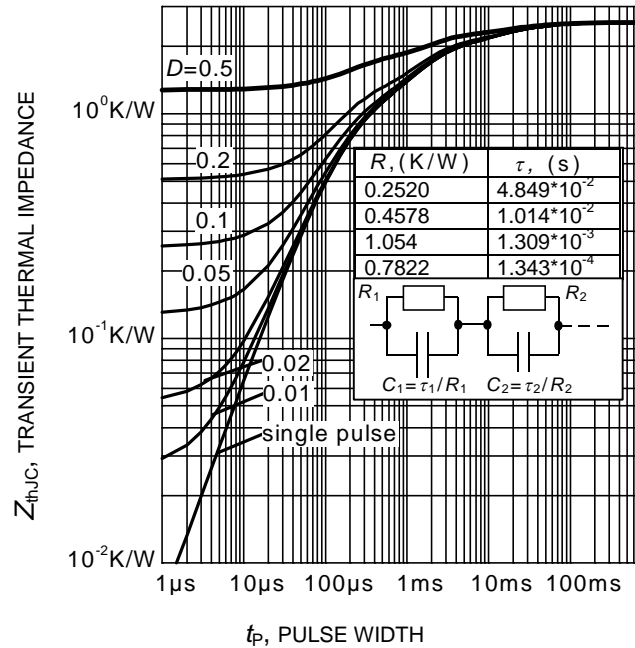


**Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ , start at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{Jmax} < 150^\circ\text{C}$ )

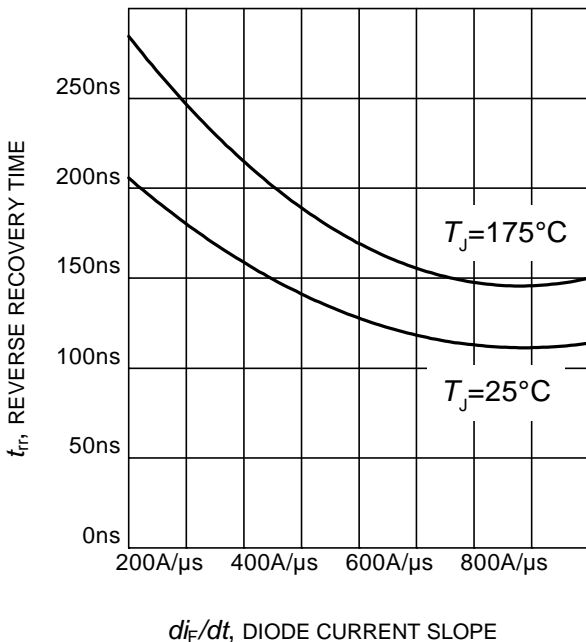




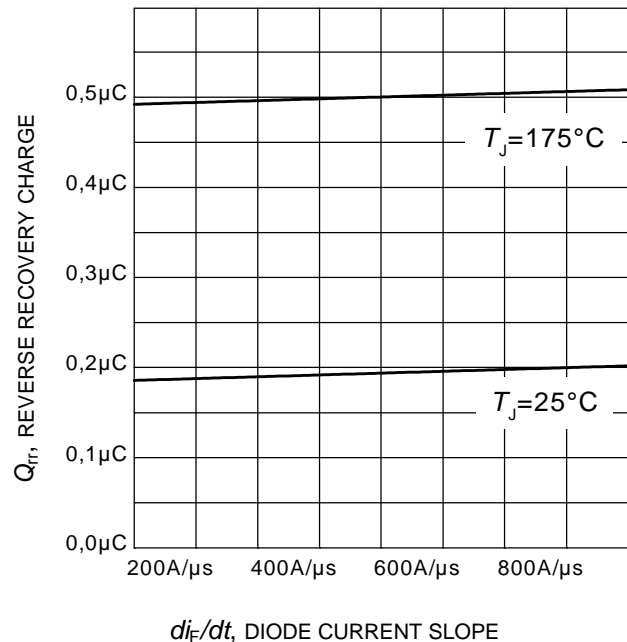
**Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance**  
 $(D = t_p / T)$



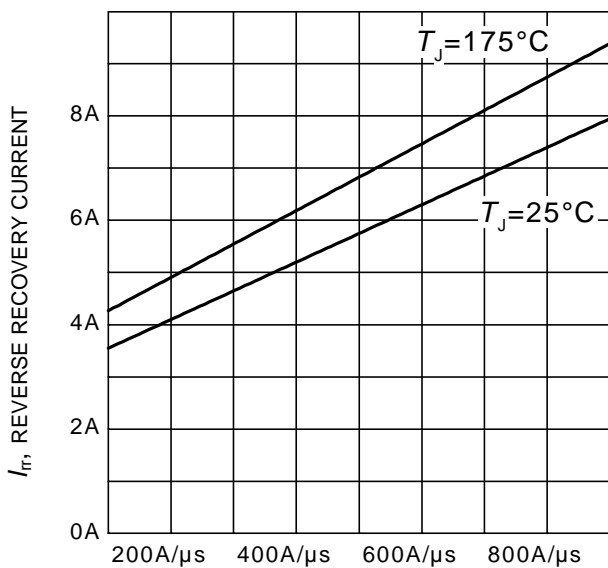
**Figure 22. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
 $(D = t_p / T)$



**Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope**  
 $(V_R = 400V, I_F = 6A,$   
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



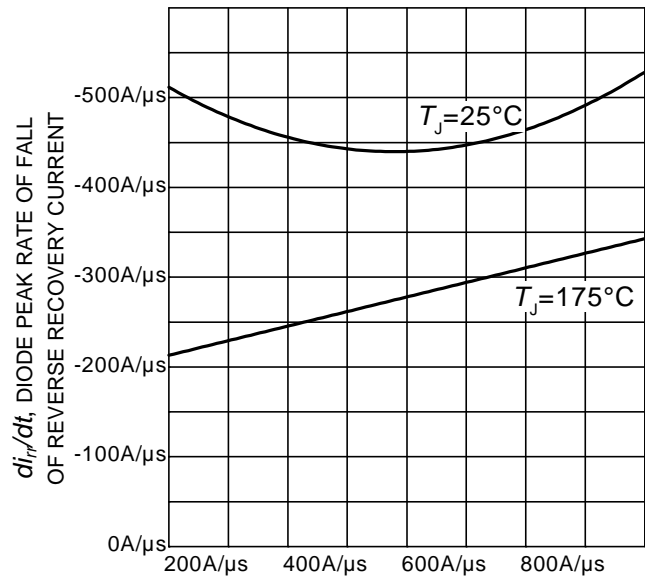
**Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope**  
 $(V_R = 400V, I_F = 6A,$   
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

**Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

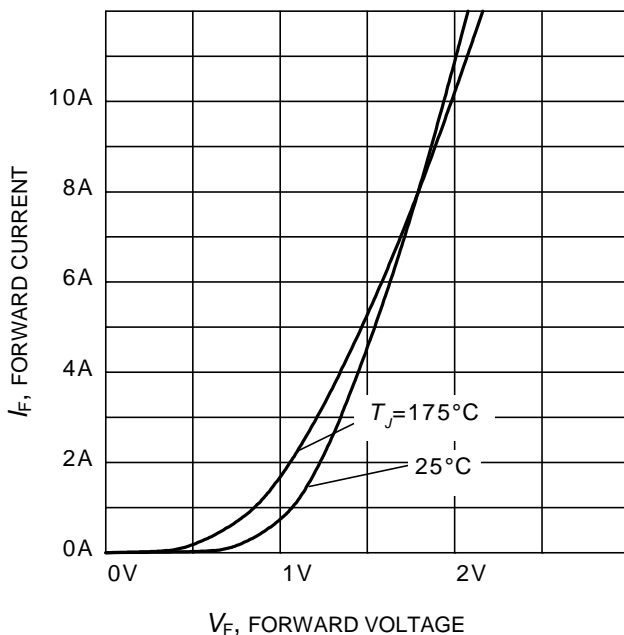
( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 6A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$di_F/dt$ , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

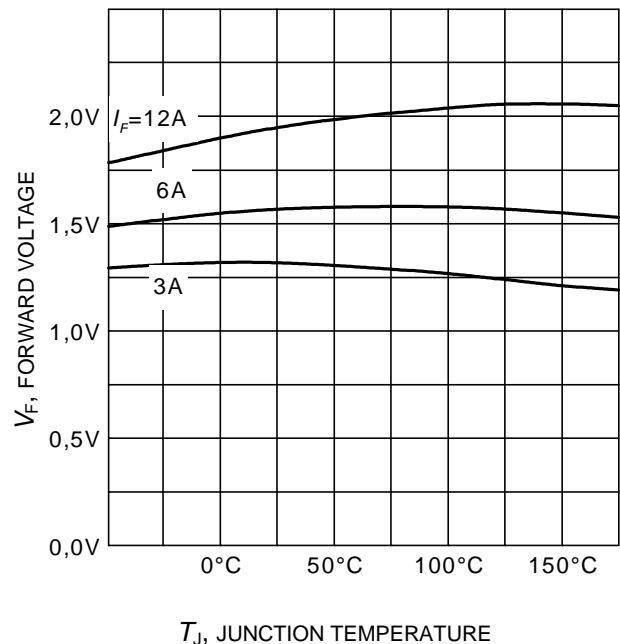
**Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**

( $V_R = 400V$ ,  $I_F = 6A$ ,  
Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



$V_F$ , FORWARD VOLTAGE

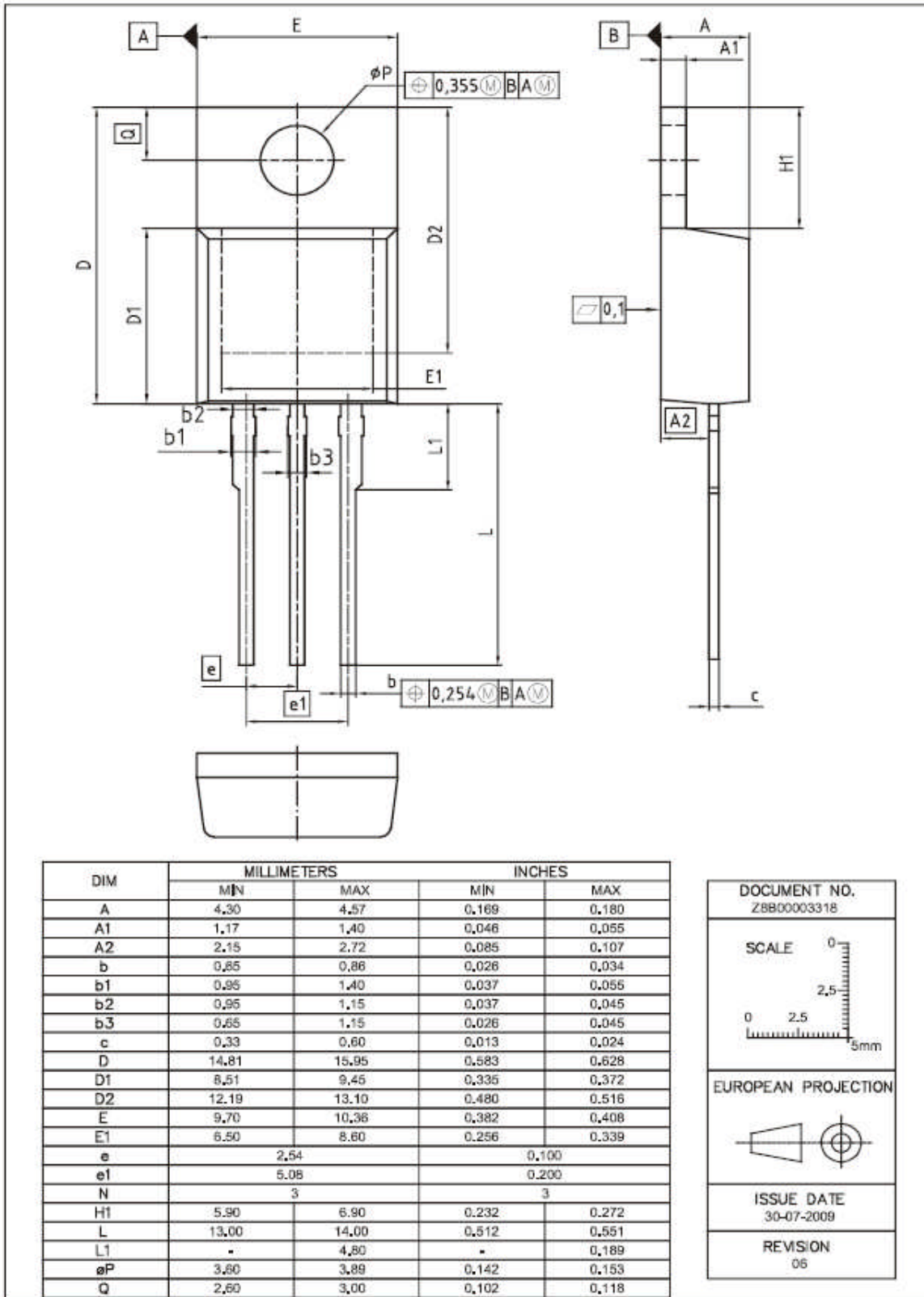
**Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

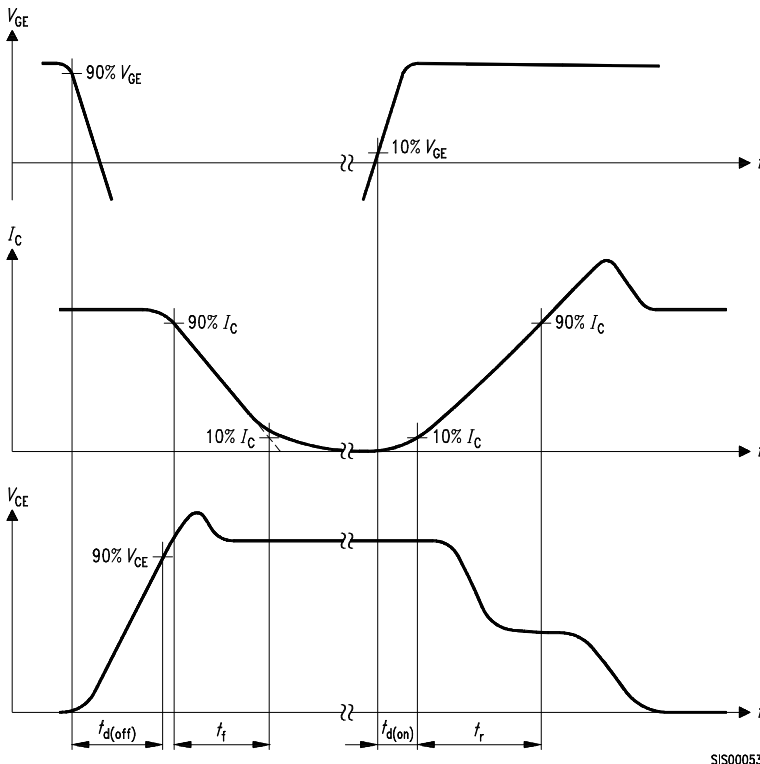


$T_J$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

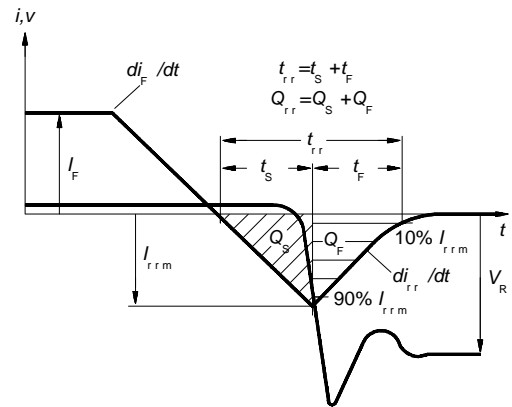
**Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature**

### PG-TO220-3

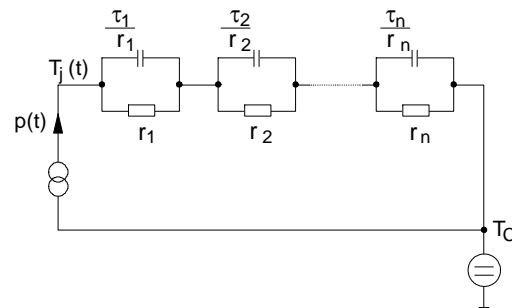




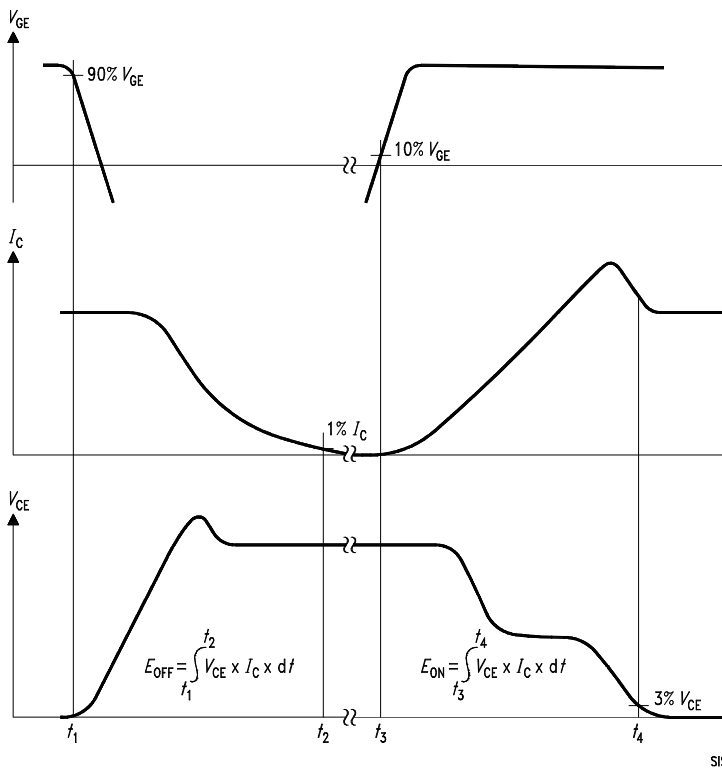
**Figure A. Definition of switching times**



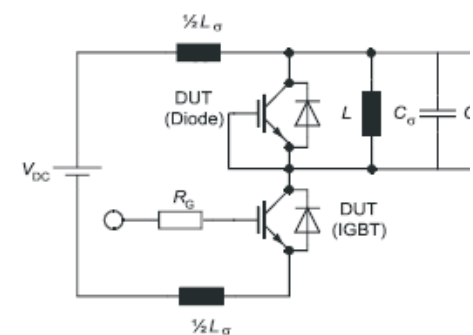
**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**



**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**



**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**



**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
Parasitic inductance  $L_{\sigma}$ ,  
Parasitic capacitor  $C_{\sigma}$ ,  
Relief capacitor  $C_r$   
(only for ZVT switching)