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STEREO HEADPHONE DRIVER

August 2018

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The IS31AP4912 is a Class-AB stereo headphone inverting amplifier with charge pump controller capable of delivering 30mW into a 32Ω load with less than 0.1% THD+N. The integrated charge pump generates a negative reference voltage to bias the outputs about ground. This eliminates the need for output DC-blocking capacitors resulting in a lower component count and cost. The gain of the amplifier is adjusted via external resistors.

The IS31AP4912 integrates click-and-pop suppression circuitry to eliminate speaker noise which would occur during power ON/OFF transitions. It also integrates a thermal protection circuit to shutdown the amplifier if it gets too hot. Setting the SDB pin to a low state will cause the IS31AP4991 to enter a low-power shutdown mode with a quiescent current of less than 1µA.

The IS31AP4912 is ideal for small portable electronics where size, battery life and cost are critical design parameters. IS31AP4912 is available in a space saving UTQFN-12 (2mm × 2mm) package. It operates from 2.7V to 5.5V over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

FEATURES

- Supply voltage from 2.7V ~ 5.5V
- Ultra-low current shutdown mode
- Ground referenced outputs
 - No output DC-blocking capacitors
- Low output noise (7µV)
- High SNR (103dB)
- -95dB PSRR
- Thermal protect circuit
- Integrated click-and-pop suppression circuitry
- UTQFN-12 (2mm × 2mm) package

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular handsets and PDAs
- Notebook PC
- MP3
- Portable gaming

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

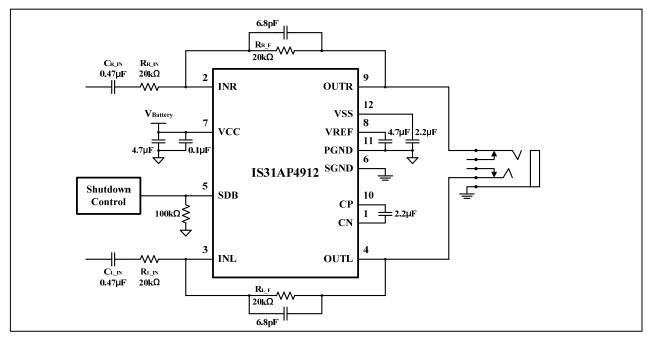


Figure 1 Typical Application Circuit

Note 1: The SGND and PGND pins of the IS31AP4912 must be routed separately back to the decoupling capacitor in order to provide optimum device operation. If the SGND and PGND pins are connected directly to each other, the device will function, but the noise and THD performance do not meet the specifications.

IS31AP4912



PIN CONFIGURATION

Package	Pin Configuration (Top View)	
UTQFN-12	OUTR SON [1] OUTR VREF VCC 19 OUTR VCC 19 OUTR VREF VCC	

PIN DESCRIPTION

No.	Pin	Description
1	CN	Charge pump flying capacitor negative terminal.
2	INR	Right channel audio input.
3	INL	Left channel audio input.
4	OUTL	Left channel audio output.
5	SDB	Shutdown control terminal, active low.
6	SGND	Signal Ground.
7	VCC	Supply voltage.
8	VREF	Internal produced supply voltage for charge pump and audio power amplifier.
9	OUTR	Right channel audio output.
10	СР	Charge pump flying capacitor positive terminal.
11	PGND	Power ground.
12	VSS	Output from charge pump.





ORDERING INFORMATION Industrial Range: -40°C to +85°C

Order Part No.	Package	QTY/Reel
IS31AP4912-UTLS2-TR	UTQFN-12, Lead-free	3000

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- a.) the risk of injury or damage has been minimized;
- b.) the user assume all such risks; and
- c.) potential liability of Lumissil Microsystems is adequately protected under the circumstances



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, V _{CC}	-0.3V ~ +6.0V
Voltage at any input pin	$-0.3V \sim V_{CC} + 0.3V$
Maximum junction temperature, T _{JMAX}	+150°C
Storage temperature range, T _{STG}	-65°C ~ +150°C
Operating temperature range, T _A =T _J	-40°C ~ +85°C
Package thermal resistance, junction to ambient (4 layer standard test PCB based on JESD 51-2A), θ_{JA}	126.1°C/W
ESD (HBM)	±8kV
ESD (CDM)	±1kV

Note 2: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 2.7V ~ 5.5V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical value is T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 3.6V.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
I _{CC}	Quiescent current	No load		3	5.5	mA
I _{SD}	Shutdown current	V _{SDB} = 0V			1	μΑ
f _{OSC}	Charge pump operating frequency			250		kHz
V _{os}	Output offset voltage	V _{IN} = 0V		1		mV
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		1.4			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage				0.4	V
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown			160		°C
T _{SD_HYS}	Thermal shutdown hysteresis			45		°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (NOTE 3)

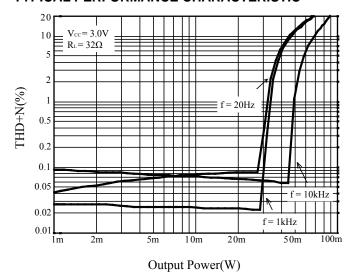
 $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 3.6$ V, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Po	Output power	THD+N = 1%, R_L = 32Ω, f = 1kHz		30		mW
THD+N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$P_0 = 20$ mW, $R_L = 32\Omega$, $f = 1$ kHz		0.024		%
t _{WU}	Wake-up time from shutdown			39		ms
PSRR Power s	Dower aupply rejection ratio	$V_{P-P} = 200 \text{mV}, R_L = 32\Omega, f = 217 \text{Hz}$		-95		dB
	Power supply rejection ratio	$V_{P-P} = 200 \text{mV}, R_L = 32 \Omega, f = 1 \text{kHz}$		-93		dB
V_{NO}	Output voltage noise			7		μV
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	$P_0 = 30$ mW, THD+N = 0.1%		103		dB

Note 3: Guaranteed by design.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC





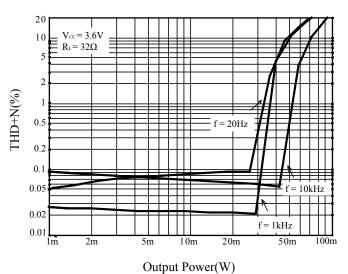


Figure 3 THD+N vs. Output Power

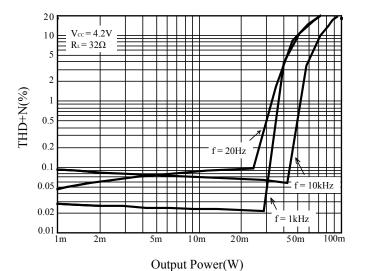


Figure 4 THD+N vs. Output Power

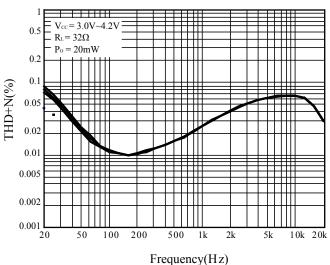
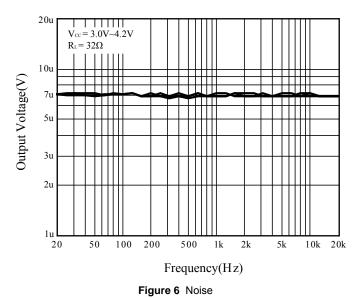


Figure 5 THD+N vs. Frequency

+0



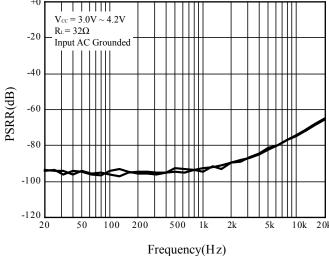
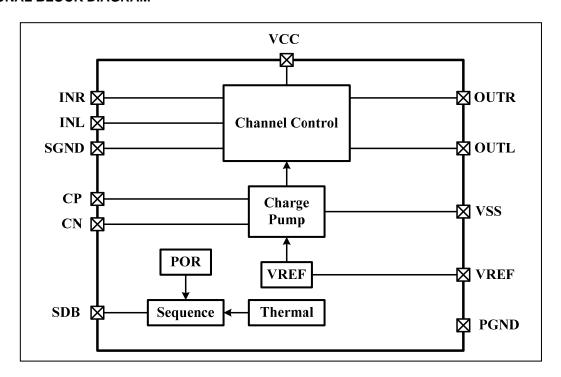


Figure 7 PSRR vs. Frequency



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

CHARGE PUMP CONVERTER

The IS31AP4912 integrates an inverting charge pump to change the input supply voltage (V_{CC}) into a negative voltage resulting in a 0V (Gnd) reference voltage output. This eliminates the need for output coupling capacitors, improves low frequency response and doubles dynamic range.

The charge pump converter only requires three small ceramic capacitors: supply decoupling capacitor, output bypass capacitor and a flying capacitor.

Choose low ESR capacitors to ensure the best operating performance and place the capacitors as close as possible to the IS31AP4912.

GAIN SETTING

The input resistors (R_{IN}) and feedback resistors (R_F) set the gain of the amplifier according to Equation (1).

$$Gain(Av) = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} = -\frac{R_F}{R_{IN}} \left(\frac{V}{V}\right) \tag{1}$$

For example, in Figure 1:

$$R_F = 20k\Omega$$
, $R_{IN} = 20k\Omega$,

so,
$$Gain = -\frac{20}{20} = -1\left(\frac{V}{V}\right)$$

The negative sign in the equation indicates an inversion of the output signal with respect to the input as it is 180 degrees out of phase. This is due to the feedback being a negative value. The Equation (2) for the output voltage V_{OUT} also shows that the circuit is linear for a fixed gain as:

$$V_{OUT} = Gain \times V_{IN} = -(\frac{R_F}{R_{IN}}) \times V_{IN}$$
 (2)

Resistor matching is very important since the balanced output on the reference voltage depends on matched resistor ratios. CMRR, PSRR, and cancellation of the second harmonic distortion diminish if resistor mismatch occurs. Therefore, it is recommended to use 1% tolerance resistors or better to keep the performance optimized. Matching is more critical than overall tolerance. Resistor arrays with 1% matching can be used with a tolerance greater than 1%

Place the input resistors very close to the IS31AP4912 to limit noise injection on the high-impedance nodes.

INPUT CAPACITOR (CIN)

The input capacitors and input resistors produce a - 3dB high pass filter cutoff frequency with the corner frequency, f_C , determined in Equation (3).

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN} C_{IN}} \tag{3}$$

For example, in Figure 1:

 $R_{IN} = 20k\Omega$, $C_{IN} = 0.47\mu F$,

so,
$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 20 \, k\Omega \times 0.47 \, \mu F} \approx 17 \, Hz$$

The value of the input capacitors (CR_in and CL_in in Figure 1) is important to consider as they directly affect the bass (low frequency) performance of the circuit. The capacitors should have a tolerance of ±10% or better, because any mismatch in capacitance causes an impedance mismatch at the corner frequency and below.

DESIGN NOTE

COMPONENT SELECTION

The value and ESR (equivalent series resistance) of the output and flying capacitor for the charge pump will affect output ripple and transient performance. Low ESR capacitors will lower the charge pump output impedance resulting in higher output power due to a lower negative supply headroom. Use low ESR X7R or X5R ceramic capacitors with 2.2µF values for best performance.

All the capacitors should support at least 10V.

PCB LAYOUT

The decoupling capacitors should be placed close to the VCC pin and the output capacitors should be placed close to the VSS pin. The flying capacitor should be placed close to the CN and CP pins. The input capacitors and input resistors should be placed close to the INR and INL pins and the traces must be parallel to prevent noise. The traces of OUTR and OUTL pins connected to the headphone should be as possible as short and wide. The recommended width is 0.5mm.

Trace width should be at least 0.75mm for the power supply and the ground plane. The SGND and PGND pins of the IS31AP4912 must be routed separately back to the decoupling capacitor in order to provide proper device operation. If the SGND and PGND pins are connected directly to each other, the part functions without risk of failure, but the noise and THD performance do not meet the specifications.



CLASSIFICATION REFLOW PROFILES

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly	
Preheat & Soak Temperature min (Tsmin) Temperature max (Tsmax) Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)	150°C 200°C 60-120 seconds	
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3°C/second max.	
Liquidous temperature (TL) Time at liquidous (tL)	217°C 60-150 seconds	
Peak package body temperature (Tp)*	Max 260°C	
Time (tp)** within 5°C of the specified classification temperature (Tc)	Max 30 seconds	
Average ramp-down rate (Tp to Tsmax)	6°C/second max.	
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.	

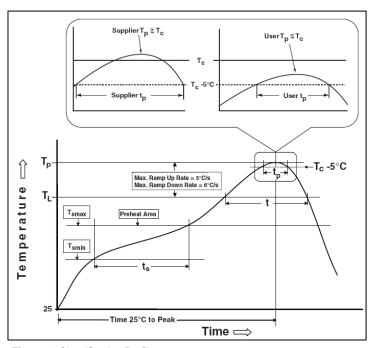
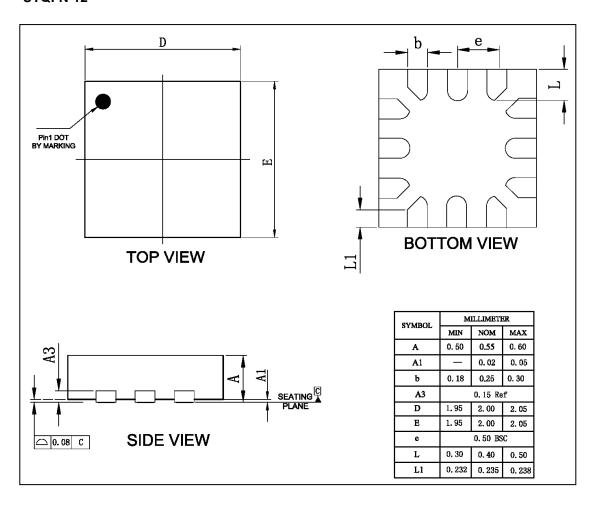


Figure 8 Classification Profile



PACKAGING INFORMATION

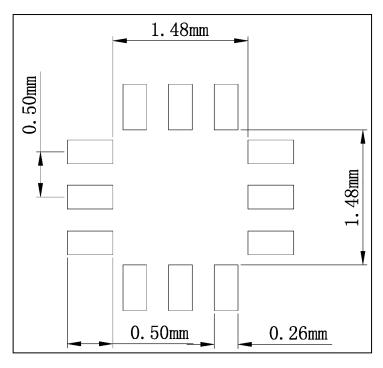
UTQFN-12





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

UTQFN-12



Note

- 1. Land pattern complies to IPC-7351.
- 2. All dimensions in MM.
- 3. This document (including dimensions, notes & specs) is a recommendation based on typical circuit board manufacturing parameters. Since land pattern design depends on many factors unknown (eg. user's board manufacturing specs), user must determine suitability for use.