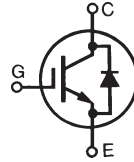


# 1200V XPT™ IGBT GenX3™ w/ Diode

## IXYH20N120C3D1

High-Speed IGBT  
for 20-50 kHz Switching



$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

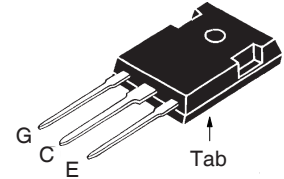
$$I_{C110} = 17A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.4V$$

$$t_{fi(typ)} = 108ns$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{CES}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	1200	V
$V_{CGR}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$ , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	1200	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous	$\pm 20$	V
$V_{GEM}$	Transient	$\pm 30$	V
$I_{C25}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	36	A
$I_{C110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	17	A
$I_{F110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	20	A
$I_{CM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ , 1ms	88	A
$I_A$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	10	A
$E_{AS}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	400	mJ
<b>SSOA</b> <b>(RBSOA)</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ , $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 40$ $@V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
$P_C$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	230	W
$T_J$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$T_{JM}$		150	$^\circ C$
$T_{stg}$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$T_L$	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ C$
$T_{SOLD}$	1.6 mm (0.062in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
$M_d$	Mounting Torque	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in.
<b>Weight</b>		6	g

### TO-247 AD



G = Gate      C = Collector  
E = Emitter    Tab = Collector

### Features

- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Positive Thermal Coefficient of  $V_{ce(sat)}$
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- Avalanche Rated
- International Standard Package

### Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

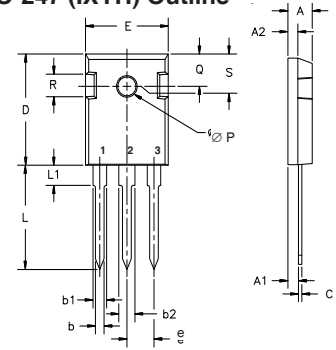
### Applications

- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$	1200		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$ , $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			25 $\mu A$ 350 $\mu A$
$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 100$ nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ C$		4.0	3.4 V V

Symbol Test Conditions		Characteristic Values		
(T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C Unless Otherwise Specified)		Min.	Typ.	Max.
<b>g<sub>fs</sub></b>	I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V, Note 1	7.0	11.5	S
<b>C<sub>ies</sub></b>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 25V, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, f = 1MHz		1110	pF
<b>C<sub>oes</sub></b>			120	pF
<b>C<sub>res</sub></b>			27	pF
<b>Q<sub>g(on)</sub></b>	I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0.5 • V <sub>CES</sub>		53	nC
<b>Q<sub>ge</sub></b>			9	nC
<b>Q<sub>gc</sub></b>			22	nC
<b>t<sub>d(on)</sub></b>	<b>Inductive load, T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C</b> I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V V <sub>CE</sub> = 0.5 • V <sub>CES</sub> , R <sub>G</sub> = 10Ω Note 2		20	ns
<b>t<sub>ri</sub></b>			29	ns
<b>E<sub>on</sub></b>			1.3	mJ
<b>t<sub>d(off)</sub></b>			90	ns
<b>t<sub>fi</sub></b>			108	ns
<b>E<sub>off</sub></b>			0.5	1.0 mJ
<b>t<sub>d(on)</sub></b>	<b>Inductive load, T<sub>J</sub> = 150°C</b> I <sub>C</sub> = 20A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15V V <sub>CE</sub> = 0.5 • V <sub>CES</sub> , R <sub>G</sub> = 10Ω Note 2		20	ns
<b>t<sub>ri</sub></b>			40	ns
<b>E<sub>on</sub></b>			3.7	mJ
<b>t<sub>d(off)</sub></b>			115	ns
<b>t<sub>fi</sub></b>			105	ns
<b>E<sub>off</sub></b>			0.7	mJ
<b>R<sub>thJC</sub></b>			0.54	°C/W
<b>R<sub>thCS</sub></b>		0.21		°C/W

TO-247 (IXYH) Outline



Terminals: 1 - Gate 2 - Collector 3 - Emitter

Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.7	5.3	.185	.209
A <sub>1</sub>	2.2	2.54	.087	.102
A <sub>2</sub>	2.2	2.6	.059	.098
b	1.0	1.4	.040	.055
b <sub>1</sub>	1.65	2.13	.065	.084
b <sub>2</sub>	2.87	3.12	.113	.123
C	.4	.8	.016	.031
D	20.80	21.46	.819	.845
E	15.75	16.26	.610	.640
e	5.20	5.72	0.205	0.225
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L1		4.50		.177
∅P	3.55	3.65	.140	.144
Q	5.89	6.40	0.232	0.252
R	4.32	5.49	.170	.216
S	6.15	BSC	.242	BSC

### Reverse Diode (FRED)

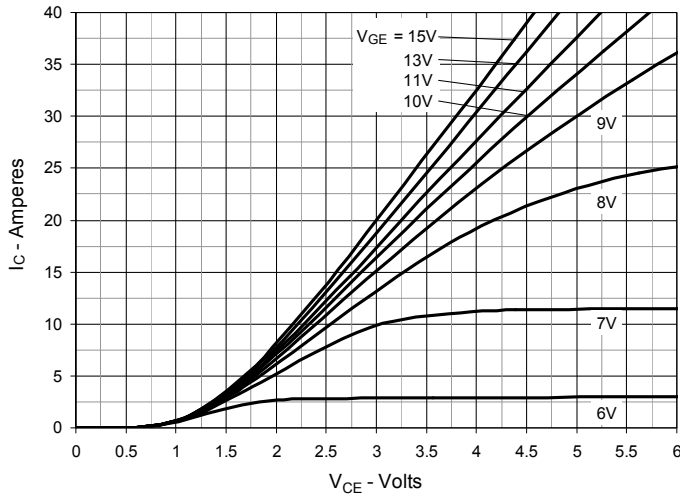
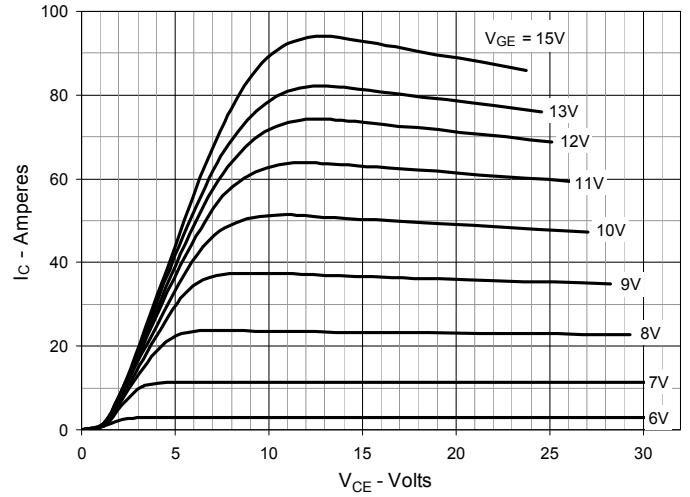
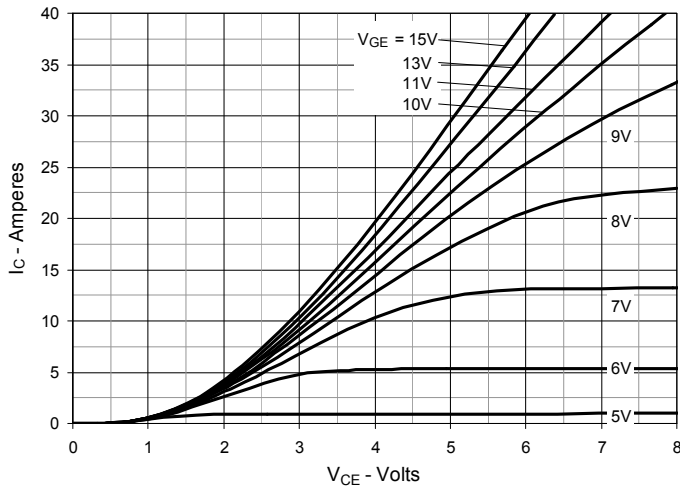
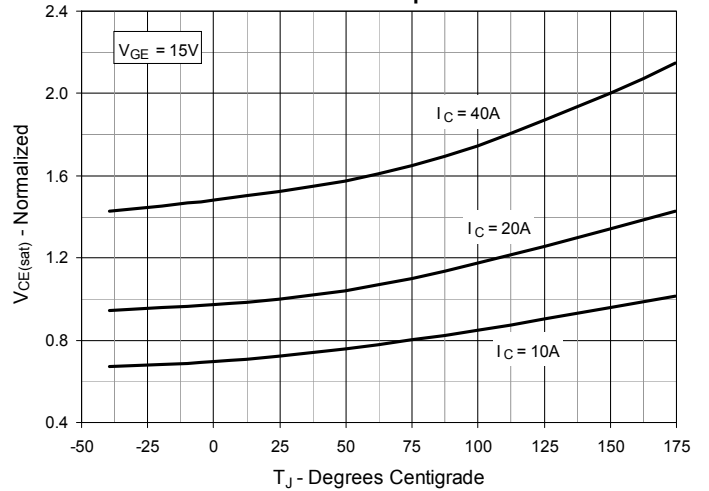
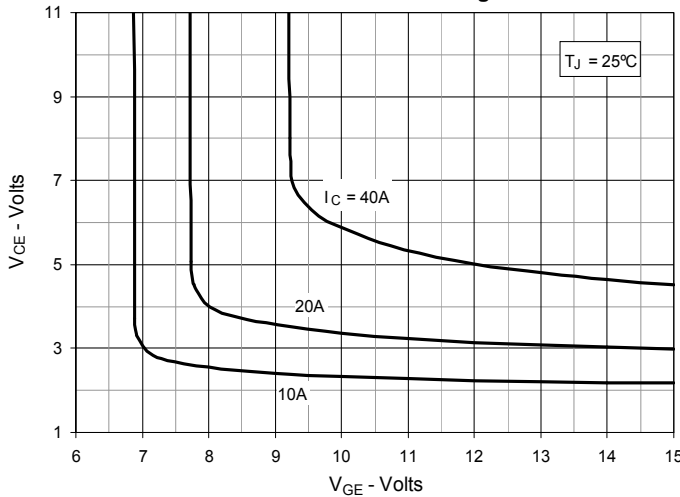
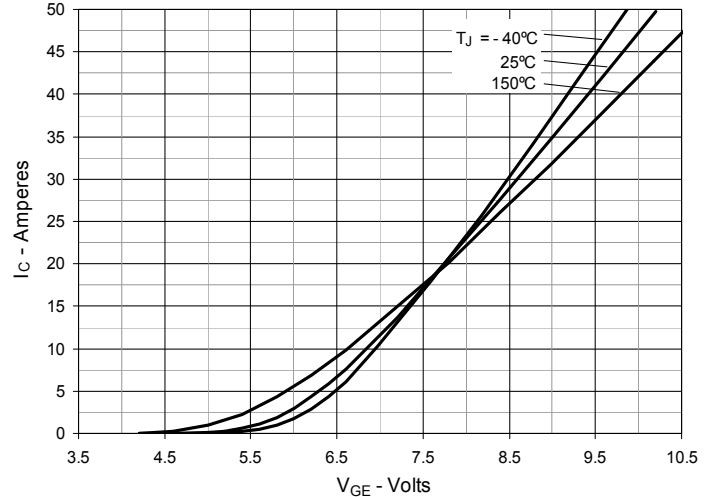
Symbol Test Conditions		Characteristic Value		
(T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified)		Min.	Typ.	Max.
<b>V<sub>F</sub></b>	I <sub>F</sub> = 30A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, Note 1			3.00 V
		T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C	1.75	V
<b>I<sub>RM</sub></b>	I <sub>F</sub> = 30A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0V, -di <sub>F</sub> /dt = 100A/μs, V <sub>R</sub> = 600V			9 A
<b>t<sub>rr</sub></b>		T <sub>J</sub> = 100°C	195	ns
<b>R<sub>thJC</sub></b>				0.90 °C/W

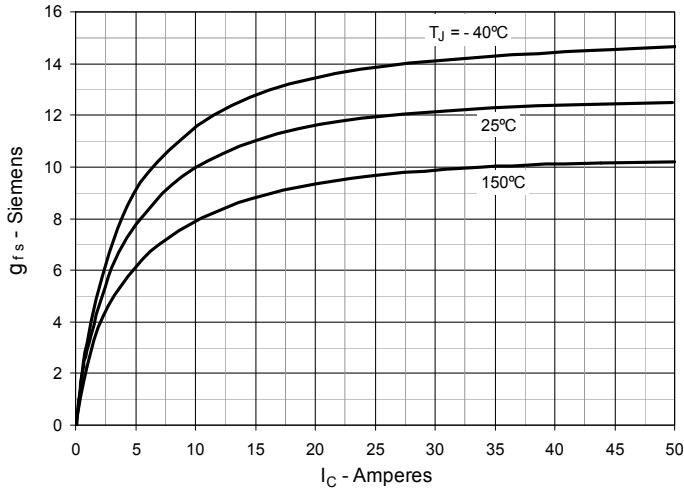
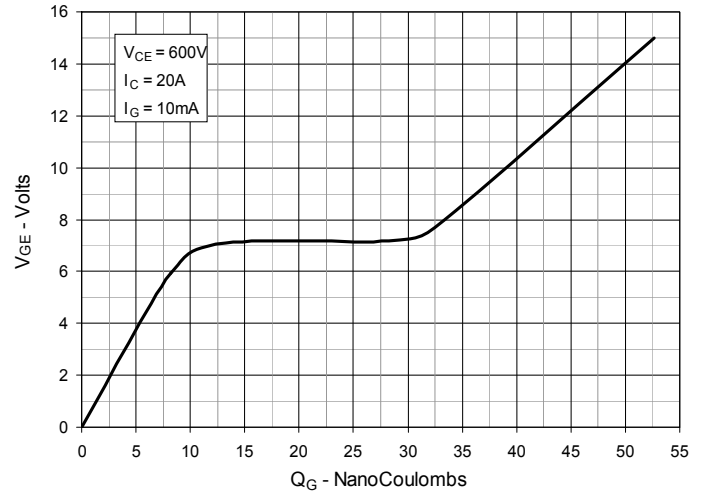
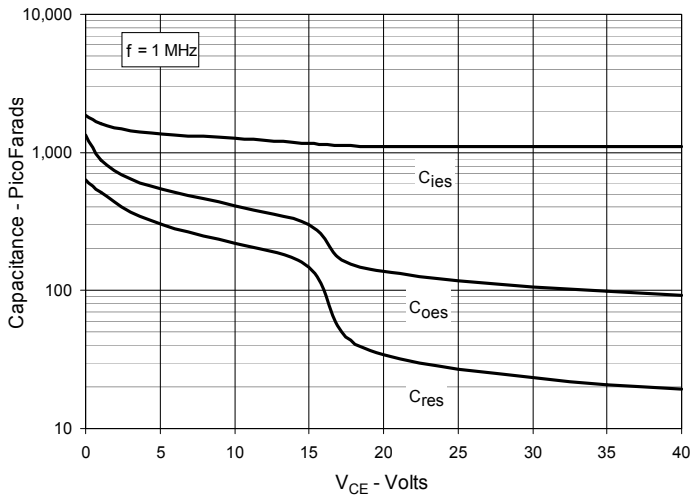
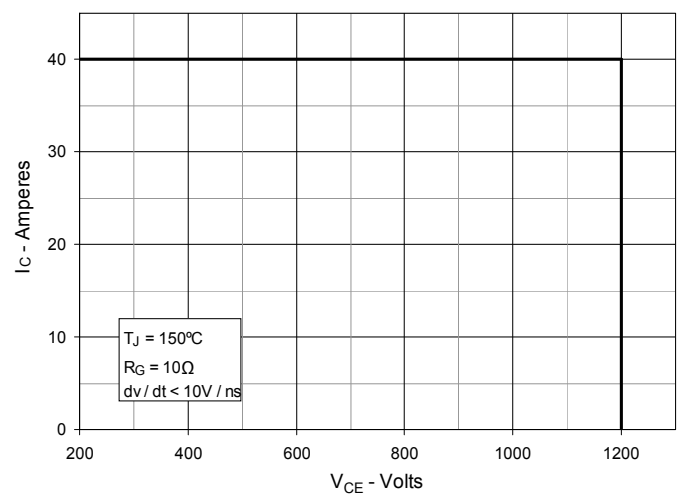
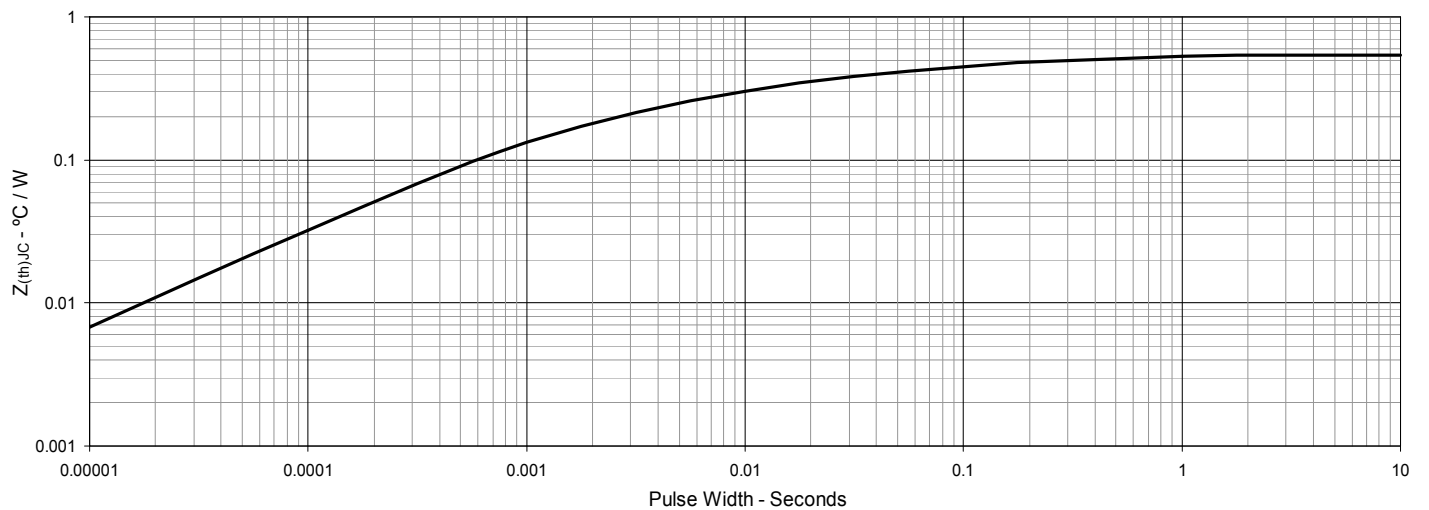
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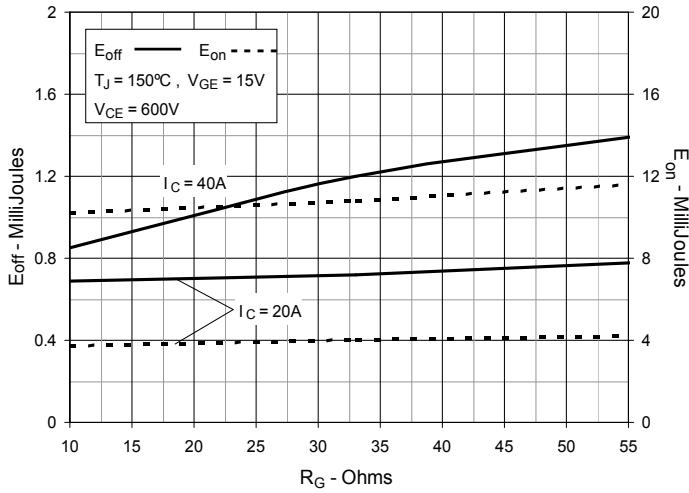
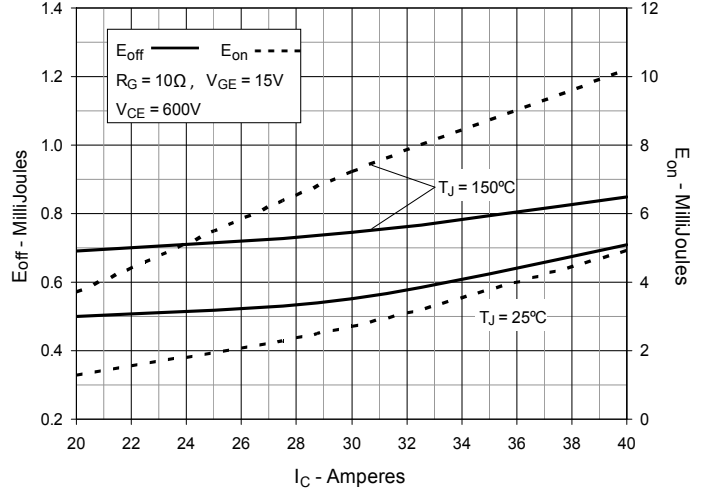
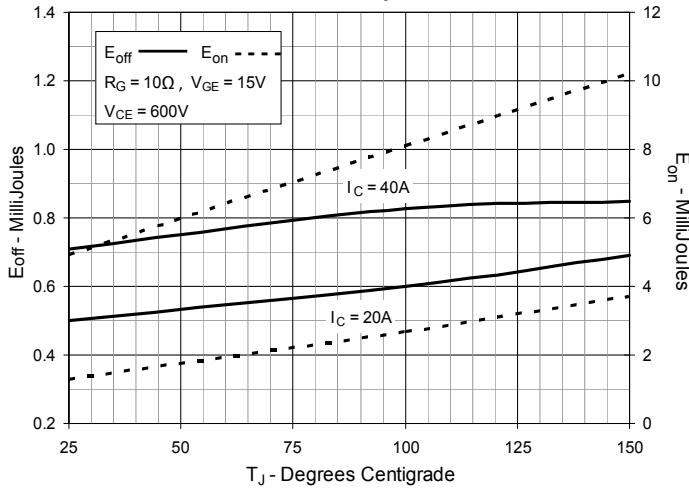
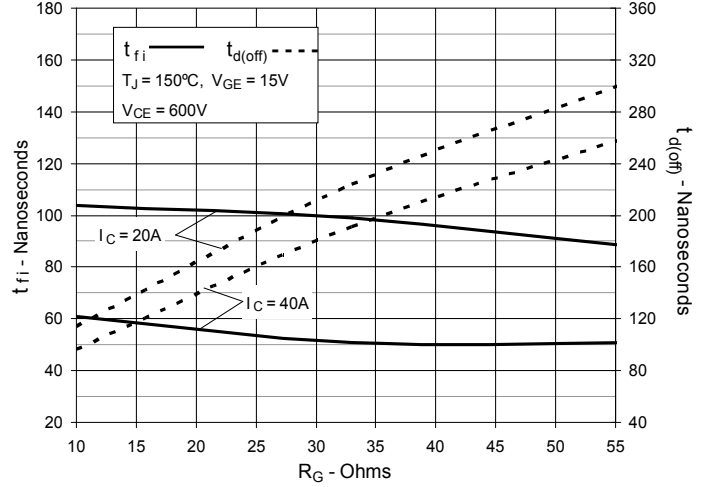
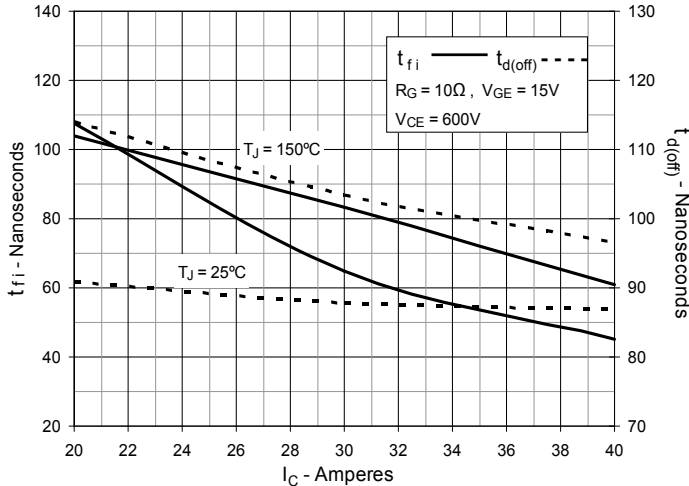
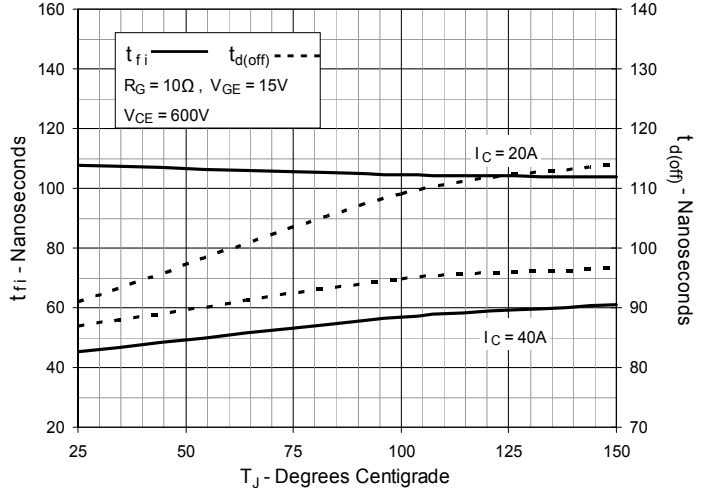
1. Pulse test, t ≤ 300μs, duty cycle, d ≤ 2%.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher V<sub>CE</sub>(clamp), T<sub>J</sub> or R<sub>G</sub>.

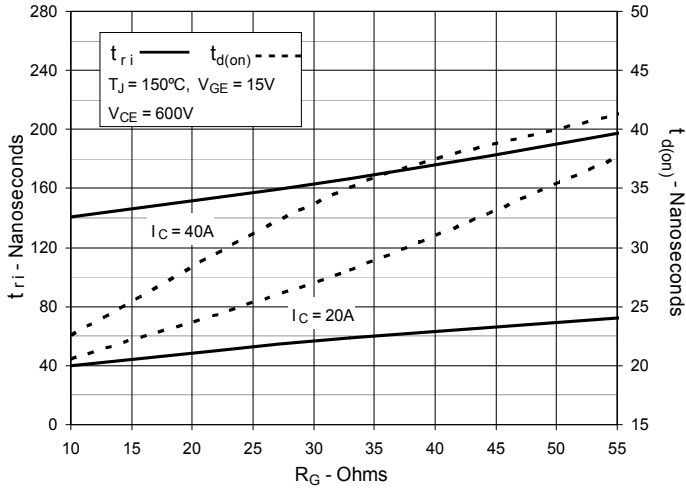
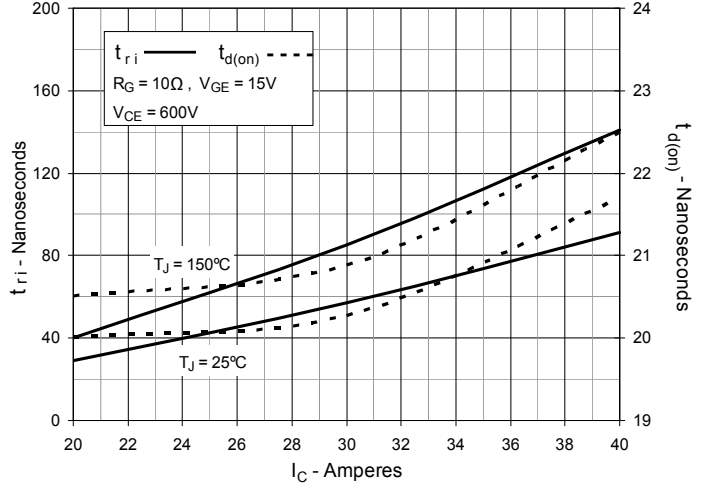
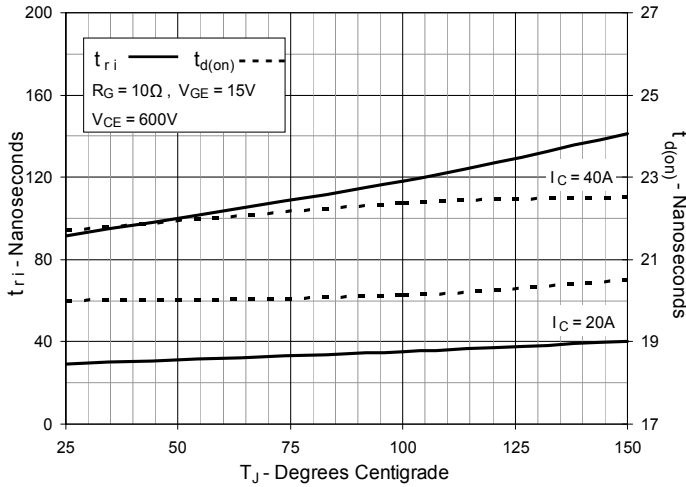
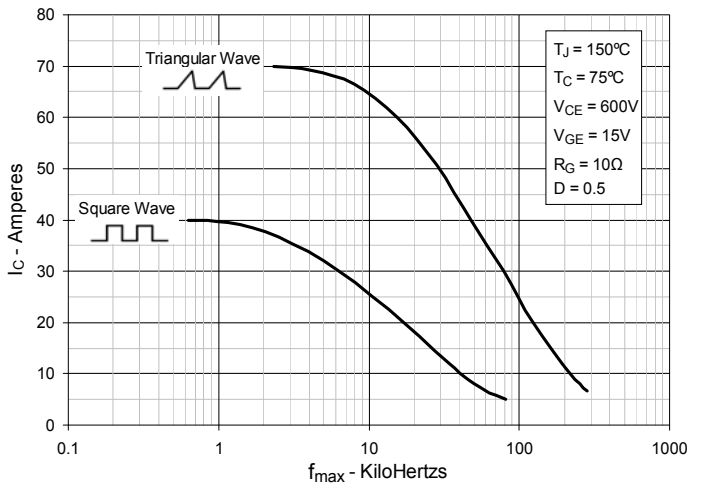
IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 4. Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$  on Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

**Fig. 6. Input Admittance**


**Fig. 7. Transconductance**

**Fig. 8. Gate Charge**

**Fig. 9. Capacitance**

**Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area**

**Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (IGBT)**


**Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**


**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 21. Maximum Peak Load Current vs. Frequency**

**Fig. 22. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Diode)**
