

Evaluation Board

For XMC4000 Family

XMC4500 Relax Kit & XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit

Kit Version 1

Board User's Manual

Revision 1.2, 2014-01-13

Microcontroller

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Revision History

| Page or Item | Subjects (major changes since previous revision) |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Revision 1.0, 2012-11-07 | Initial release |
| Revision 1.1, 2012-11-09 | Correction of DAVE™3 trademark |
| Revision 1.2, 2014-01-13 | Notes have been added to Figure 5 (Pins of Pin Header X1 / X2 are partly used also for on-board circuits) |
| | |
| | |
| | |

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Introduction

This document describes the features and hardware details of the XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1 and the XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1, both equipped with the ARM® Cortex™-M4 based XMC4500 Microcontroller from Infineon Technologies AG.

1 Overview

The XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1 and the XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1 are designed to evaluate the capabilities of the XMC4500 Microcontroller and the powerful, free of charge tool chain DAVE™. The XMC4500 Relax Kit extends the feature set with an Ethernet-enabled communication option, e.g. to run an embedded web server. You can store your own HTML web pages on a microSD Card or control the XMC4500 via the web browser on your PC. The XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1 does not support the web server application, because the components for the Ethernet are not assembled. Both boards are marked with “XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1”. These boards are neither cost nor size optimized and do not serve as a reference design.

1.1 Key Features

Table 1 summarizes the features of both the XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1 and the XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1.

Table 1 Features

| Feature | XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1 | XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1 |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|
| XMC4500 Microcontroller (ARM® Cortex™-M4F based) | ✓ | ✓ |
| Detachable on-board Debugger | ✓ | ✓ |
| Power over USB | ✓ | ✓ |
| 2 x User Button and 2 x User LED | ✓ | ✓ |
| Reset Button | ✓ | ✓ |
| Power Regulator from 5 V to 3.3V | ✓ | ✓ |
| 4 x SPI-Master, 3x I2C, 3 x I2S, 3 x UART, 2 x CAN, 17 x ADC (12 bit), 2 x DAC, 31x PMW mapped on 2 Pin Headers 2 x 20 | ✓ | ✓ |
| USB-OTG (Micro USB Plug) | ✓ | ✓ |
| Ethernet PHY and RJ45 jack | ✓ | |
| Real Time Clock Crystal | ✓ | |
| 32 Mbit Quad-SPI Flash Memory | ✓ | |
| microSD Card Slot | ✓ | |

1.2 Block Diagram

The block diagram in Figure 1 shows the main components of the XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1 and their interconnections. There are following main building blocks:

- XMC4500 Microcontroller in a LQFP100 package
- On-board USB debugger realized with a 2nd XMC4500 for serial wire debug
- Ethernet Phy with RJ45 Plug
- Two 40 pin header X1 and X2
- On-board power generation for power supply of the XMC4500 Microcontroller and the debug IC
- 2 User Buttons and 2 User LEDs
- USB Plug
- microSD Card Slot

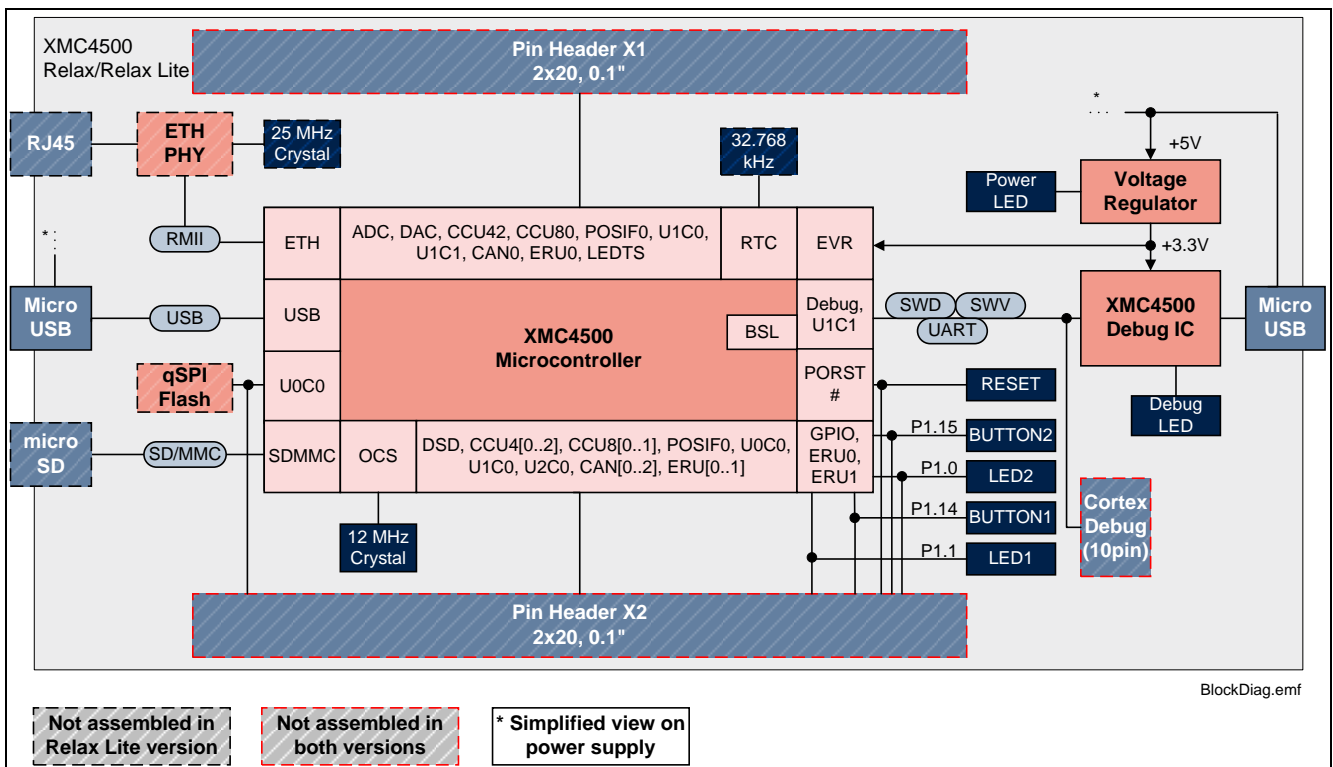


Figure 1 Block Diagram of the XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1

2 Hardware Description

The following sections give a detailed description of the board hardware and how it can be used. Figure 2 shows the XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1, Figure 3 shows the XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1.

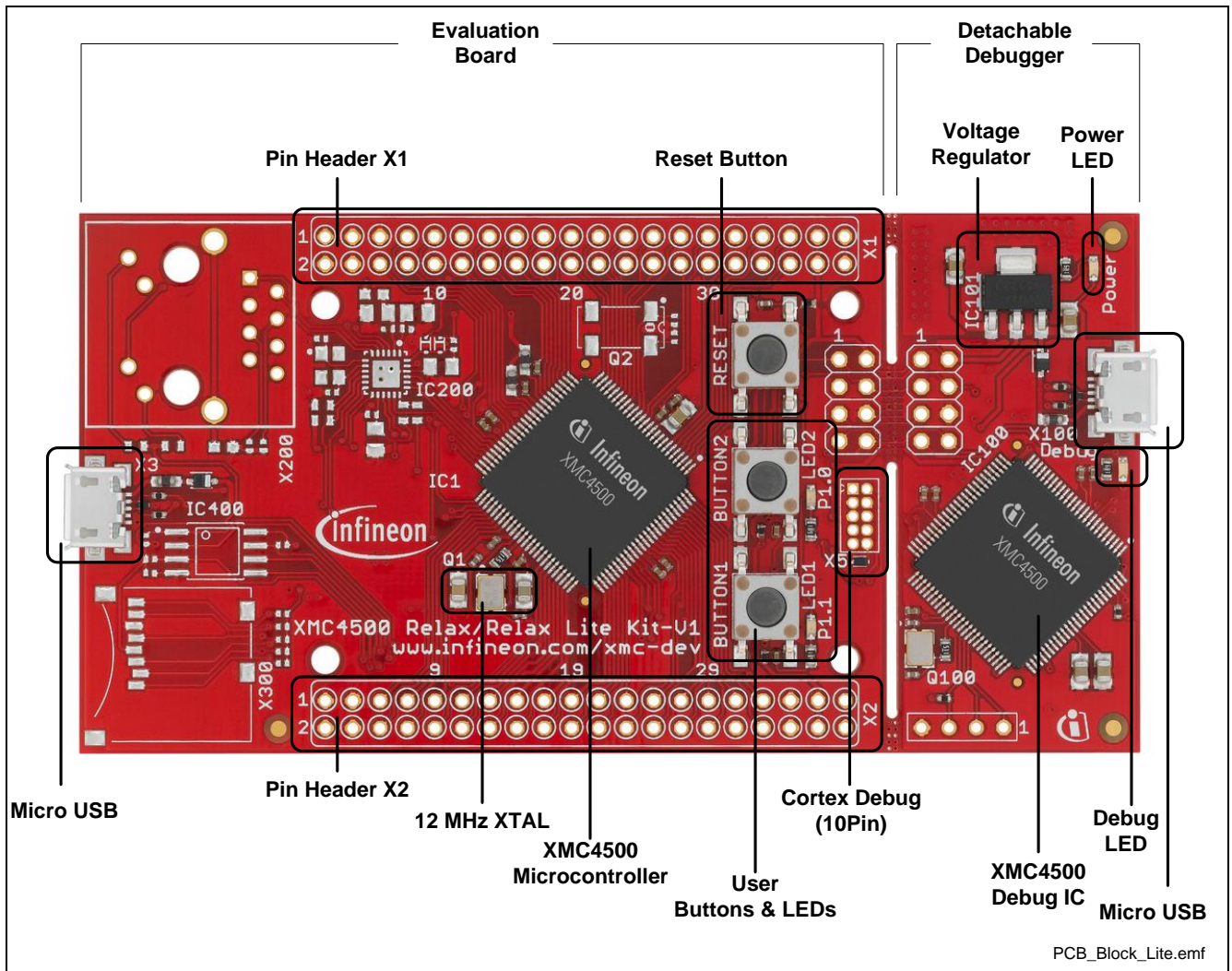


Figure 2 XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1

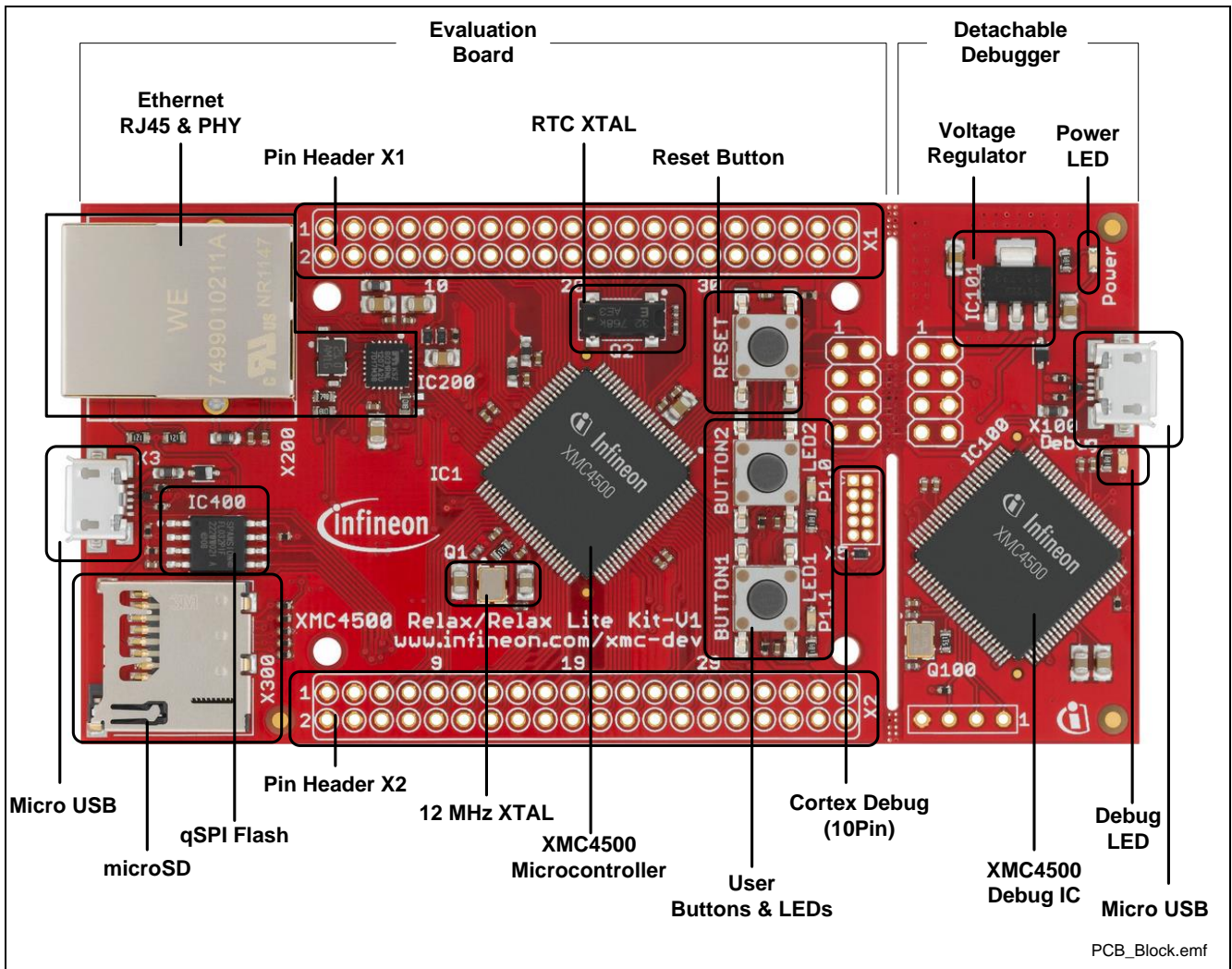


Figure 3 XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1

2.1 Power Supply

The XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1 must be supplied by an external 5 Volt DC power supply connected to any of the Micro USB plugs (X3, X100). Out of the box with the pre-programmed web server application and the on-board debugger in operation the XMC4500 Relax Kit-V1 typically draws about 250 mA. The XMC4500 Relax Lite Kit-V1 without the web server capabilities draws about 200 mA. This current can be delivered via the USB plug of a PC, which is specified to deliver up to 500 mA. The Power LED indicates the presence of the generated 3.3V supply voltage.

On-board reverse current protection diodes will ensure safe operation in case power is provided through both USB plugs at the same time. These protection diodes allows to use the on-board debugger connected with a PC/Notebook via X100 and a second host PC/Laptop connected with the XMC4500 Relax Kit via X3.

If the board is powered via a USB plug, it's not recommended to apply an additional 5 Volt power supply to one of the 5 Volt power pins (VDD5) on the pin headers X1 or X2, because there is no protection against reverse current into the external power supply. These power pins can be used to power an external circuit. But care must be taken not to draw more current than USB can deliver. A PCs as USB host typically can deliver up to 500 mA current. If higher currents are required and in order to avoid damages on the USB host the use of an external USB power supply unit which is able to deliver higher currents than 500 mA is strongly recommended.

After power-up the Debug LED starts blinking. In case there is a connection to a PC via the Debug USB plug X100 and the USB Debug Device drivers are installed on this PC, the Debug LED will turn from blinking to constant illumination.

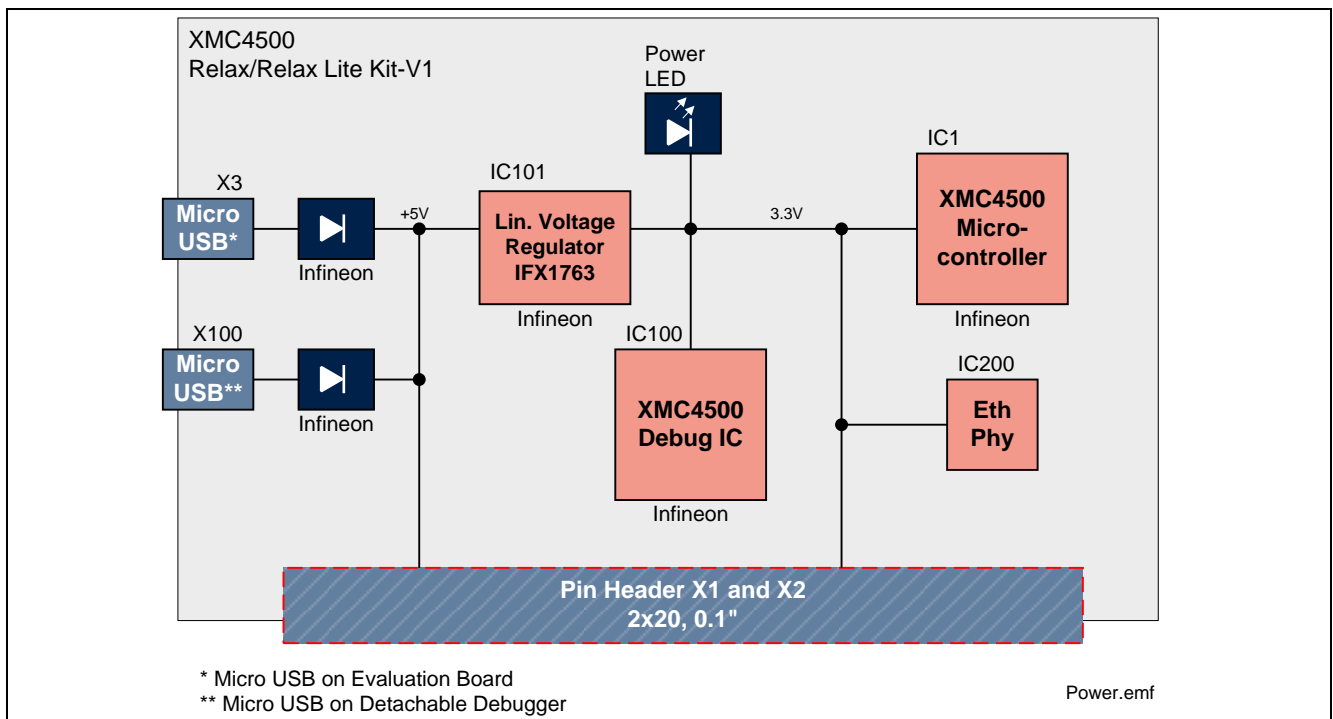


Figure 4 Power Supply Concept

2.2 Pin Header Connector

The pin headers X1 and X2 can be used to extend the evaluation board or to perform measurements on the XMC4500. Figure 5 shows the available GPIOs/signals at the pin headers. The pinning table is also printed onto the bottom side of the PCB.

| Pin Header X2 | | | | (Top View) | Pin Header X1 | | | |
|---------------|---------|---|----------|------------|---------------|----------|---|----------|
| 2 | | 1 | | | 2 | | 1 | |
| | GND | | GND | | | GND | | GND |
| 4 | GND | | GND | 3 | 4 | GND | | GND |
| 6 | P5.7 | | P2.6 | 5 | 6 | RESET# | | GND |
| 8 | P5.1 | | P5.2 | 7 | 8 | P2.10 | | P2.1 |
| 10 | P1.15** | | P5.0 | 9 | 10 | P14.8 | | P2.14 |
| 12 | P1.13 | | P1.14** | 11 | 12 | P14.9 | | P2.15 |
| 14 | P1.11 | | P1.12 | 13 | 14 | P14.0 | | VAREF |
| 16 | P1.5*** | | P1.10*** | 15 | 16 | P14.2 | | P14.1 |
| 18 | P1.3*** | | P1.4*** | 17 | 18 | P14.4 | | P14.3 |
| 20 | P1.1* | | P1.2*** | 19 | 20 | P14.6 | | P14.5 |
| 22 | P1.9 | | P1.0* | 21 | 22 | P14.12 | | P14.7 |
| 24 | P0.8 | | P1.8*** | 23 | 24 | P14.14 | | P14.13 |
| 26 | P3.4 | | P0.7 | 25 | 26 | P15.2 | | P14.15 |
| 28 | P0.12 | | P3.3 | 27 | 28 | HIB_IO_0 | | P15.3 |
| 30 | P0.6 | | P0.11 | 29 | 30 | P3.0 | | HIB_IO_1 |
| 32 | P0.2 | | P0.5 | 31 | 32 | P3.2 | | P3.1 |
| 34 | P0.4 | | P0.3 | 33 | 34 | P0.1 | | P0.9 |
| 36 | GND | | GND | 35 | 36 | P0.0 | | P0.10 |
| 38 | VDD3.3 | | VDD3.3 | 37 | 38 | VDD3.3 | | VDD3.3 |
| 40 | VDD5 | | VDD5 | 39 | 40 | VDD5 | | VDD5 |

* P1.1 is connected to LED1, P1.0 is connected to LED2 (2 mA load, ~2 V clip of input signal)
 ** P1.14 is connected to BUTTON1, P1.15 is connected to BUTTON 2 (both with a 100 nF capacitor in parallel)
 *** These pins are connected to the on-board SPI Flash Memory (not valid for Relax Lite):
 X2.23 = Port 1.8 = SPI Flash CS#
 X2.15 = Port 1.10 = SPI Flash CLK
 X2.16 = Port 1.5 = SPI Flash DI (IO0)
 X2.17 = Port 1.4 = SPI Flash DO (IO1)
 X2.18 = Port 1.3 = SPI Flash WP# (IO2)
 X2.19 = Port 1.2 = SPI Flash HOLD# (IO3)

Figure 5 Signal mapping of the pin headers

The XMC4500 provides a flexible mapping of functions to different pins. Figure 6 shows an example how the communication peripheral functions UART, I2C, SPI, CAN and I2S can be mapped to XMC4500's GPIOs.

GPIOs with the same colour code belong to the same group of physical pins and cannot be chosen twice. For instance UART-3 has got a pin overlap with I2C-Master1 and therefore this combination cannot work in parallel.

Please also avoid peripheral combinations which are using the same USIC channel. For example I2C-Master2 and UART-3 utilizing USIC 0 Channel 0 (U0C0), therefore this combination does not work in parallel.

| UART | | UART-1 | UART-2 | UART-3 | UART-4 |
|-------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| TX | | P0.1 / U1C1.DOUT0 | P1.5 / U0C0.DOUT0 | P5.1 / U0C0.DOUT0 | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 |
| RX | | P0.0 / U1C1.DX0D | P1.4 / U0C0.DX0B | P5.0 / U0C0.DX0D | P0.4 / U1C0.DX0A |

| I2C Master/Slave | | I2C-Master1 | I2C-Master2 | I2C-Master3 | I2C-Slave1 | I2C-Slave2 |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SCL (clock) | | P5.2 / U2C0.SCLKOUT | P1.10 / U0C0.SCLKOUT | P0.11 / U1C0.SCLKOUT | P5.2 / U2C0.DX1A | P0.11 / U1C0.DX1A |
| SDA (data) | | P5.0 / U2C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B | P1.5 / U0C0.DOUT0 / .DX0A | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B | P5.0 / U2C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B |

| SPI Master/Slave | | SPI-Master1 | SPI-Master2 | SPI-Master3 | SPI-Master4 | SPI-Slave1 | SPI-Slave2 |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| MOSI | | P0.1 / U1C1.DOUT0 | P5.0 / U2C0.DOUT0 | P1.5 / U0C0.DOUT0 | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 | P0.0 / U1C1.DX0D | P0.4 / U1C0.DX0A |
| MISO | | P0.0 / U1C1.DX0D | P5.1 / U2C0.DX0A | P1.4 / U0C0.DX0B | P0.4 / U1C0.DX0A | P0.1 / U1C1.DOUT0 | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 |
| SCK (clock) | | P0.10 / U1C1.SCLKOUT | P5.2 / U2C0.SCLKOUT | P1.10 / U0C0.SCLKOUT | P0.11 / U1C0.SCLKOUT | P0.10 / U1C1.DX1A | P0.11 / U1C0.DX1A |
| CS (chip select) | | P0.9 / U1C1.SELO0* | P2.6 / U2C0.SELO4 | P1.11 / U0C0.SELO0** | P0.6 / U1C0.SELO0 | P0.9 / U1C1.DX2A | P0.6 / U1C0.DX2A |

| CAN | | CAN-1 | CAN-2 |
|------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| TX | | P1.12 / CAN.N1_TXD | P1.4 / CAN.N0_TXD |
| RX | | P1.13 / CAN.N1_RXDC | P1.5 / CAN.N0_RXDA |

| I2S Master/Slave | | I2C-Master1 | I2C-Master2 | I2C-Master3 | I2C-Slave1 |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| SCK (clock) | | P5.2 / U2C0.SCLKOUT | P1.10 / U0C0.SCLKOUT | P0.11 / U1C0.SCLKOUT | P0.11 / U1C0.DX1A |
| SD (data) | | P5.0 / U2C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B | P1.5 / U0C0.DOUT0 / .DX0A | P0.5 / U1C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B | P5.0 / U2C0.DOUT0 / .DX0B |
| WS (wait) | | P2.6 / U2C0.SELO4 | P1.11 / U0C0.SELO0 | P0.6 / U1C0.SELO0 | P0.6 / U2C0.DX2A |

* more chip select signals for U1C1 can be found at P3.3, P3.4, P3.5, P3.6
 ** another chip select signal for U0C0 can be found at P1.8

Figure 6 Mapping of communication peripherals to GPIOs and it's corresponding functions

3 Production Data

3.1 Schematics

This chapter contains the schematics for the XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1:

- Figure 7: CPU, Pin Headers, Buttons, LEDs, Reset
- Figure 8: On-board Debugger, Power Supply, Ethernet, Quad-SPI Memory, SD Card Slot, RTC Crystal

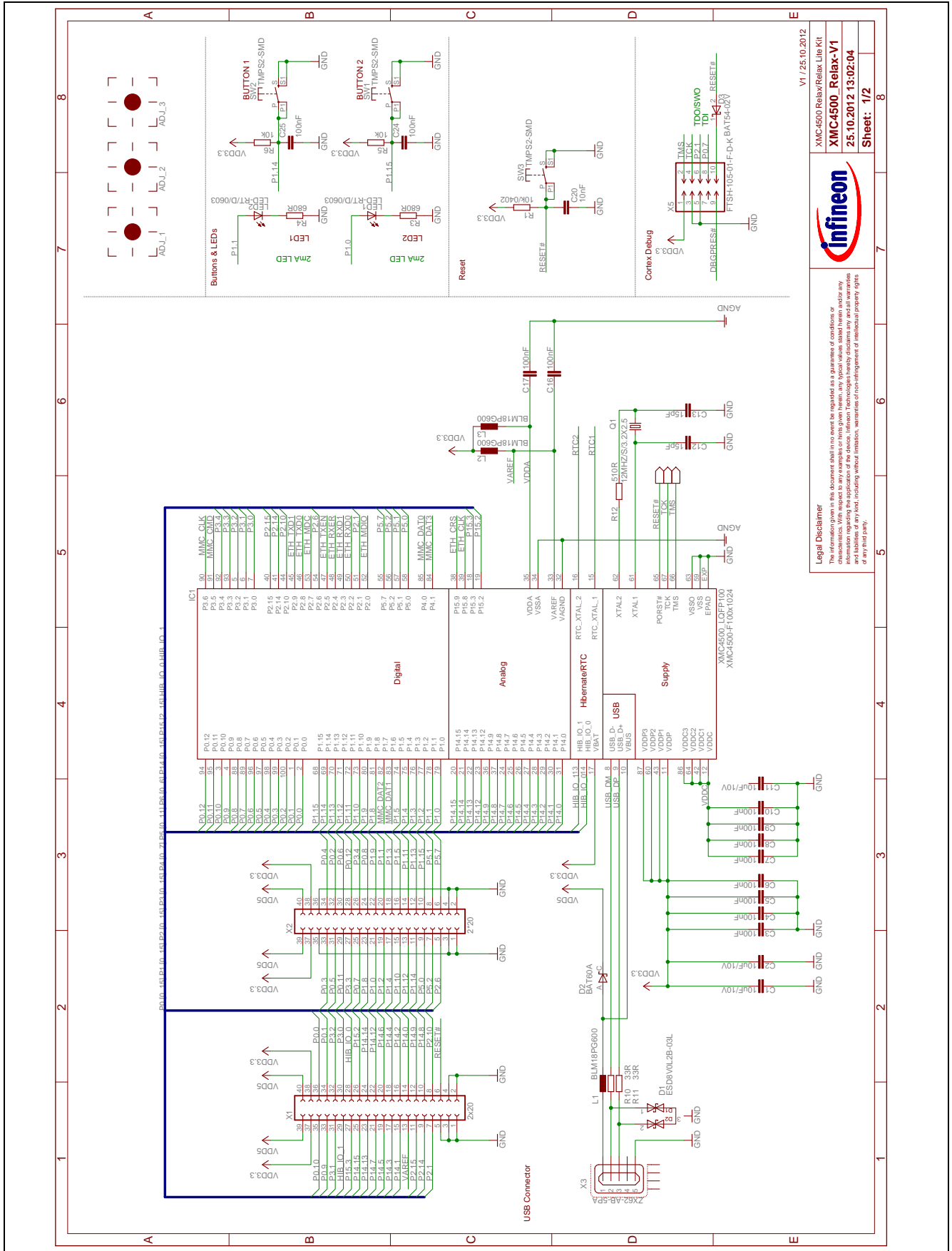


Figure 7 CPU, Pin Headers, Buttons, LEDs, Reset

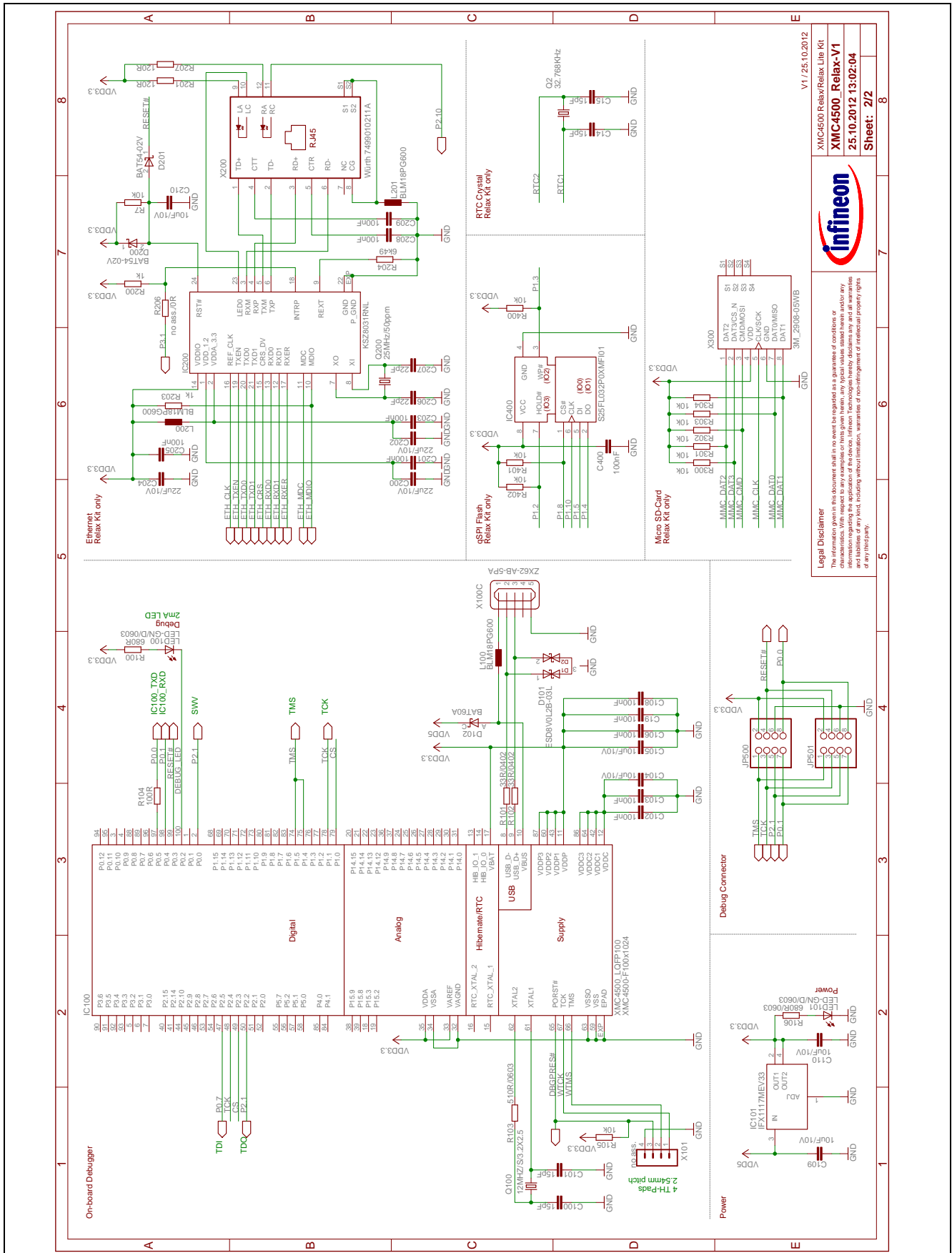


Figure 8 On-board Debugger, Power Supply, Ethernet, Quad-SPI Memory, SD Card Slot, RTC Crystal

3.2 Components Placement and Geometry

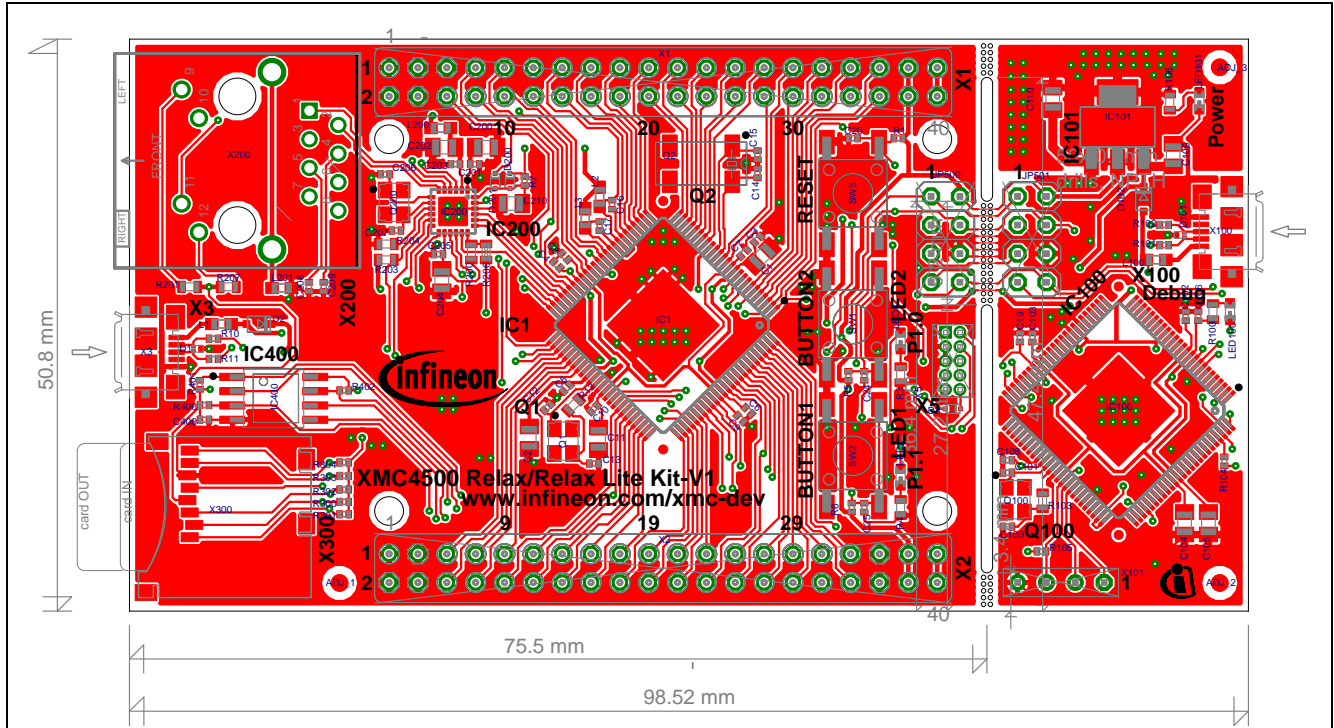


Figure 9 Components Placement and Geometry

3.3 List of Material

The list of material is valid for the XMC4500 Relax/Relax Lite Kit-V1.

Table 2 List of Material

| No. | Qty | Value | Device | Reference Designator |
|-----|-----|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 2 | 2x4 | Pin Header 0.1" TH | JP500, JP501 |
| 2 | 2 | 1k | Resistor | R200, R203 |
| 3 | 1 | 2*20 | Pin Header 0.1" TH | X2 |
| 4 | 1 | 2x20 | Pin Header 0.1" TH | X1 |
| 5 | 1 | 3M_2908-05WB | microSD Card Holder | X300 |
| 6 | 1 | 6k49 | Resistor | R204 |
| 7 | 12 | 10k | Resistor | R5, R6, R7, R105, R300, R301, R302, R303, R304, R400, R401, R402 |
| 8 | 1 | 10k/0402 | Resistor | R1 |
| 9 | 1 | 10nF | Capacitor | C20 |
| 10 | 8 | 10uF/10V | Capacitor | C1, C2, C11, C104, C105, C109, C110, C210 |
| 11 | 2 | 12MHz/S/3.2X2.5 | Crystal 12 MHz | Q1, Q100 |
| 12 | 6 | 15pF | Capacitor | C12, C13, C14, C15, C100, C101 |
| 13 | 2 | 22pF | Capacitor | C206, C207 |
| 14 | 3 | 22uF/10V | Capacitor | C200, C202, C204 |
| 15 | 1 | 25MHz/50ppm | Crystal 12 MHz | Q200 |
| 16 | 1 | 32.768KHz | Crystal 32 kHz | Q2 |
| 17 | 2 | 33R | Resistor | R10, R11 |
| 18 | 2 | 33R/0402 | Resistor | R101, R102 |
| 19 | 1 | 100R | Resistor | R104 |
| 20 | 23 | 100nF | Capacitor | C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C16, C17, C19, C24, C25, C102, C103, C106, C108, C201, C203, C205, C208, C209, C400 |
| 21 | 2 | 120R | Resistor | R201, R207 |
| 22 | 1 | 510R | Resistor | R12 |
| 23 | 1 | 510R/0603 | Resistor | R103 |
| 24 | 3 | 680R | Resistor | R3, R4, R100 |
| 25 | 1 | 680R/0603 | Resistor | R106 |
| 26 | 3 | BAT54-02V | Schottky Diode, Infineon | D3, D200, D201 |
| 27 | 2 | BAT60A | Schottky Diode, Infineon | D2, D102 |
| 28 | 6 | BLM18PG600 | Inductor | L1, L2, L3, L100, L200, L201 |
| 29 | 2 | ESD8V0L2B-03L | TVS Diode, Infineon | D1, D101 |
| 30 | 3 | FIDUCIAL | FIDUCIAL | ADJ_1, ADJ_2, ADJ_3 |
| 31 | 1 | FTSH-105-01-F-D-K | Connector 2x5, Samtec | X5 |
| 32 | 1 | IFX1117MEV33 | Linear Voltage Regulator, Infineon | IC101 |
| 33 | 1 | KSZ8031RNL | Ethernet Phy, Micrel | IC200 |
| 34 | 2 | LED-GN/D/0603 | LED green | LED100, LED101 |
| 35 | 2 | LED-RT/D/0603 | LED red | LED1, LED2 |
| 36 | 1 | S25FL032P0XMF101 | Quad-SPI Flash, Spansion | IC400 |

Table 2 List of Material

| No. | Qty | Value | Device | Reference Designator |
|-----|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 37 | 3 | TMPS2-SMD | Push Button | SW1, SW2, SW3 |
| 38 | 1 | 7499010211A | Ethernet RJ45 Plug, Würth | X200 |
| 39 | 2 | XMC4500-F100F1024 | Microcontroller Cortex M4F, Infineon | IC1, IC100 |
| 40 | 2 | ZX62-AB-5PA | Micro USB Plug | X3, X100 |
| 41 | 1 | no ass. | Pin Header 1x4 | X101 |
| 42 | 1 | no ass./OR | Resistor | R206 |