

High Efficiency TIR Lenses for LZ4 Emitter Family

# LLNS-2T06-H, LLNF-2T06-H, LLFL-2T06-H



#### **Key Features**

- Total Internal Reflection (TIR) optics provides a well-controlled beam
- Designed specifically for LED Engin LZ4 4-die emitter family
- Maximum Lux on Target<sup>TM</sup> and lumens in beam
- Provides the highest quality and quantity of light in a beam
- Smooth light gradient eliminates hot spots and rings and minimizes glare for superior illumination
- UL-rated optical grade PMMA lens material allows use of high current and temperature conditions
- Lenses are available standard with holder that mount easily onto LuxiGen LZ4 MCPCBs
- Simple fastening of holder to MCPCB with appropriate adhesive, e.g. epoxy or polyurethane based

#### **Typical Applications**

- Down lighting
- Accent lighting
- Track lighting
- Architectural lighting
- Stage and Studio lighting

#### **Description**

This lens family couples with the compact, high-flux density LZ4 LuxiGen emitter family providing a range of beam options and opening up new applications in stage and studio, architectural and down lighting. The TIR lens collimates the LED light into efficient, well-controlled light beams that maximize the usable lumens in the target area. Not only does this lighting solution provide the throw or distance required for these lighting applications, it does so with a smooth, high quality beam of superior intensity uniformity, color over angle mixing, and with an absence of discomfort glare or shadows.

#### **Optical Specification**

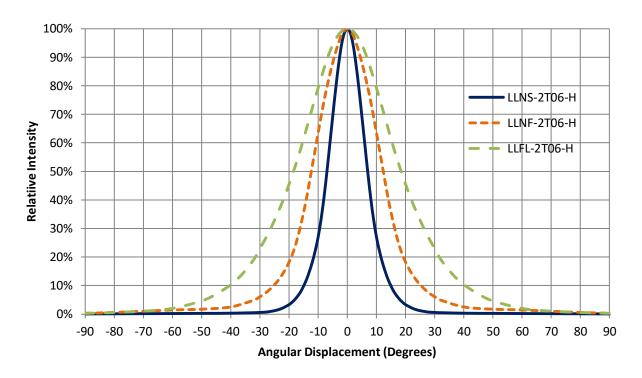
Part number <sup>1</sup>	Beam angle <sup>2</sup>	Field angle <sup>3</sup>	Optical efficiency 4	On-axis intensity <sup>5</sup>
	degrees	degrees	%	cd/lm
LLNS-2T06-H	14	30	90	8.8
LLNF-2T06-H	25	51	90	2.9
LLFL-2T06-H	37	81	90	1.6

#### Notes:

- 1. Lenses can also be ordered without the holder. Replace –H with –O for this option.
- 2. Beam angle is defined as the full width at 50% of the max intensity (FWHM).
- 3. Field angle is defined as the full width at 10% of the max intensity.
- 4. Optical efficiency is defined as the ratio between the incoming flux and the outgoing flux.
- On-axis intensity is defined as the ratio between the total input lumen and the intensity in the optical center of the lens.



### **Typical Relative Intensity over Angle**



#### **General Characteristics**

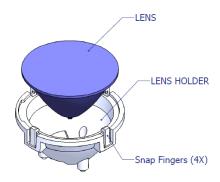
	Symbol	Value	Rating	Unit
Mechanical				
Height from Seating Plane		19.2	Typical	mm
Diameter		38.9	Typical	mm
Material				
Lens		PMMA		
Holder		Polycarbonate		
Optical				
Transmission <sup>1</sup> (>90%)	λ	410-1100	Min-Max.	nm
Environmental				
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +110	Min-Max.	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	-40 ~ +110	Min-Max.	°C

Notes:

1. It is not recommended to use a UV emitter with this lens due to lower transmission at wavelengths < 410nm.

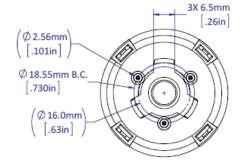


## Mechanical dimensions<sup>[1,2]</sup>

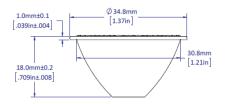


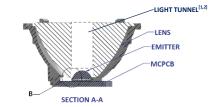
#### **Lens with Holder**

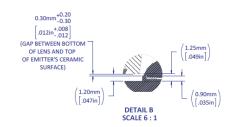
#### 38.9mm 2.0mm 1.53in 20.4mm .08in .80in 19.2mm 18.0mm .76in [.71in] 2.52mm Ø4.0mm .099in [.16in] 2.56mm±0.25 [.101in±.010]



#### **Lens only**







#### Notes:

- 1. LLNS-2T06-H and LLNF-2T06-H consist of a through light tunnel along the center axis of the lens, thus might not be suitable for outdoor application.
- ${\it 2.} \qquad {\it LLFL-2T06-H light tunnel is sealed off at the top surface and thus suitable for outdoor application.}$



#### **Assembly Instruction**

Lens holders can be assembled to the PCB using an epoxy or polyurethane-based adhesive (example: Dow Corning 3145 RTV).

Cyanoacrylate (superglue) adhesive should not be used to avoid contamination of the lens (blooming of the epoxy).

When integrating the lens into a fixture without the lens holder, special attention is needed to maintain the distance between the lens bottom and the emitter top. Variation in this distance will result in variation of the beam profile. See mechanical detail B. on previous page.

#### **Lens Cleaning**

Use a lint-free soft cloth to dust off the lens. For deeper cleaning a solution of neutral detergent (example: dishwashing soap) can be used. Do not use any solvents or abrasive liquid/fabric.