

Multioutput Power Management Solution with Four Buck Switching and Three LDO Linear Regulators

FEATURES

- Quad Adjustable High Efficiency Step-Down DC/DC Converters: 2.5A, 2.5A, 1.5A, 1.5A
- Three 300mA LDO Regulators (Two Adjustable)
- Independent Enable Pin-Strap Sequencing
- Power Good
- 2.25MHz Switching Frequency
- 12µA Standby Current
- 150°C T_J Operation (LT3383H)
- Side Wettable 40-Lead 6mm × 6mm QFN Package
- AEC-Q100 Qualified for Automotive Applications

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive
- Industrial
- Communications
- General Purpose Multichannel Power Supplies

DESCRIPTION

The LT®3383 is a complete power management solution for advanced portable application processor-based systems. The device contains four synchronous step-down DC/DC converters for core, memory, I/O, and system on-chip (SoC) rails and three 300mA LDO regulators for low noise analog supplies.

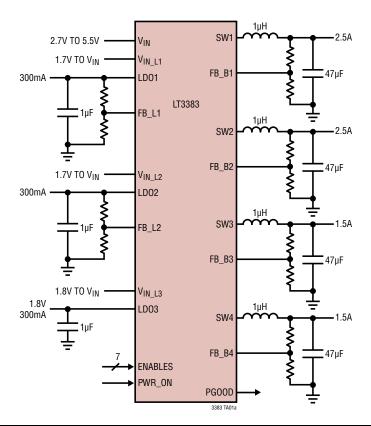
Regulator start-up is sequenced by connecting outputs to enable pins in the desired order. A master power-on pin is provided to initiate pin-strapped power-on sequences.

A status pin is available to indicate regulator undervoltages. If an overtemperature or low supply fault is detected all regulators are disabled during the fault condition.

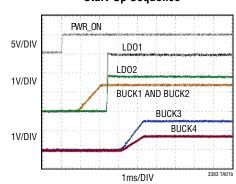
The device is available in a 40-lead 6mm × 6mm QFN with wettable flanks for optical inspection.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



Start-Up Sequence

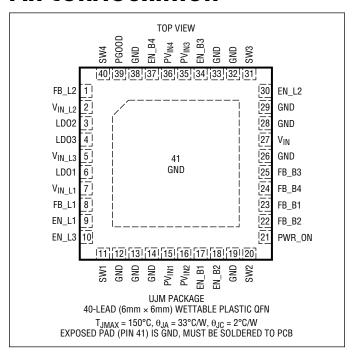


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

V _{IN} 0.3V to 6V
PV_{IN1} , PV_{IN2} , PV_{IN3} , PV_{IN4} $V_{IN} - 0.3V$ to $V_{IN} + 0.3V$
V _{IN L1} , V _{IN L2} , V _{IN L3} 0.3V to V _{IN} + 0.3V
LDŌ1, FB_L 1, LDO 2, FB_L 2, LDO 3, FB_B 1, FB_B 2,
FB_B3, FB_B4, PGOOD, EN_B1, EN_B2, EN_B3, EN_B4,
EN_L1, EN_L2, EN_L3, PWR_ON0.3V to 6V
Operating Junction Temperature Range
(Notes 2, 3)40°C to 150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to 150°C

PIN CONFIGURATION



ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE				
LT3383EUJM#PBF	LT3383EUJM#TRPBF	LT3383UJM	40-Lead (6mm × 6mm) Plastic QFN	-40°C to 125°C				
LT3383IUJM#PBF	LT3383IUJM#TRPBF	LT3383UJM	40-Lead (6mm × 6mm) Plastic QFN	-40°C to 125°C				
LT3383HUJM#PBF	LT3383HUJM#TRPBF	LT3383UJM	40-Lead (6mm × 6mm) Plastic QFN	-40°C to 150°C				
AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS**								
LT3383IUJM#WPBF	LT3383IUJM#WTRPBF	LT3383UJM	40-Lead (6mm × 6mm) Plastic QFN	-40°C to 125°C				
LT3383HUJM#WPBF	LT3383HUJM#WTRPBF	LT3383UJM	40-Lead (6mm × 6mm) Plastic QFN	-40°C to 150°C				

 $Contact \ the \ factory \ for \ parts \ specified \ with \ wider \ operating \ temperature \ ranges. \ {}^*The \ temperature \ grade \ is \ identified \ by \ a \ label \ on \ the \ shipping \ container.$

Tape and reel specifications. Some packages are available in 500 unit reels through designated sales channels with #TRMPBF suffix.

^{**}Versions of this part are available with controlled manufacturing to support the quality and reliability requirements of automotive applications. These models are designated with a #W suffix. Only the automotive grade products shown are available for use in automotive applications. Contact your local Analog Devices account representative for specific product ordering information and to obtain the specific Automotive Reliability reports for these models.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the specified operating junction temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 2). $V_{IN} = PV_{IN1} = PV_{IN2} = PV_{IN3} = PV_{IN4} = V_{IN_L1} = V_{IN_L2} = V_{IN_L3} = 3.8V$. All regulators disabled unless otherwise noted.

Departing input Supply Voltage, V _{IN} PWR ON = 0V 12 21 µA V _{IN} Stantby Current PWR ON = 0V 12 21 µA V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 7) 0 2.35 2.45 2.65 V V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 7) 0 2.35 2.45 2.65 V V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 7) V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 5) V V _{IN} Undervoltage Range V _{IN} Undervoltage V _{IN} V _{IN} Undervoltage V _{IN} V _{IN} Undervoltage V _{IN} V _{IN} Undervoltage Range V _{IN} Range Range V _{IN} V _{IN} Undervoltage Range V _{IN} V _{IN} Range Range	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _N Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 7) V _N Undervoltage Fault Falling (Note 7) V _N Undervoltage Fault Falling Regulators 1, 2, 3 and 4	Operating Input Supply Voltage, V _{IN}		•	2.7		5.5	V
V _{II} Undervoltage Fault Falling ● 2.35 2.45 V Step-Down Switching Regulators 1, 2, 3 and 4 Undervoltage Range ● V _{FB} PV _{III} V V _{III} Quisseant Current FB_Bx = 850mV (Note 5) ● 120 200 µA Feedback Regulation Voltage (V _{FB}) FB_Bx = 850mV ● 714 725 736 mV Feedback Per in Input Current FB_Bx = 850mV ● 100 % % Maximum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ● 100 % % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 0V ● 100 % % Minimum Duty Cycle Regulator Disabled 625 Ω Ω M % % M % % M % % M % % M M % % M M % % M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M </td <td>V_{IN} Standby Current</td> <td>PWR_ON = 0V</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>12</td> <td>21</td> <td>μА</td>	V _{IN} Standby Current	PWR_ON = 0V	•		12	21	μА
Output Voltage Range Image: Politic Note Sign (Note Sign) VFB PVIR VVIR	V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Rising (Note 7) V _{IN} Undervoltage Fault Falling		•	2.35		2.65	
V _M Quiescent Current FB_Bx = 850mV (Note 5) ■ 774 725 736 mV Feedback Regulation Voltage (V _{FB}) FB_Bx = 850mV − 0.05 0.05 µA Maximum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 M& Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 M& Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 MB Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 100 B Minimum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 1.7 2.25 A MAD MMC - 8.0	Step-Down Switching Regulators 1, 2, 3 and 4						
V _{IM} Quiescent Current FB_Bx = 850mV (Note 5) ■ 714 725 736 mV Feedback Regulation Voltage (VFg) ■ 714 725 736 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Bx = 850mV ■ 0.05 µA Maximum Duty Cycle FB_Bx = 00V ■ 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle Regulator Disabled 625 µA SW Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 µA Switching Frequency ■ 1.7 2.25 2.7 MHz Switching Frequency ■ 2.0 A A NMOS Current Limit ■ 2.0 A A PMOS Current Limit ■ 2.0 A A NMOS On-Resistance ■ 160 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance ■ 120 M NMOS On-Resistance ■ 120 M	-		•	V_{FB}		PV _{IN}	V
Feedback Regulation Voltage (Vi _{FB})	V _{IN} Quiescent Current	FB_Bx = 850mV (Note 5)	•		120	200	μА
Maximum Duty Cycle FB.Bx = 0V 100 % Minimum Duty Cycle e 18 24 % Minimum Duty Cycle e 18 24 % SW Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate (Note 6) 0.8 V/ms Switching Frequency • 1.7 2.25 2.7 MHz 1.58 Itsp-Down Switching Regulators 3 and 4 PMOS Division Switching Regulators 3 and 4 PMOS On-Resistance 160 mΩ MMOS On-Resistance 80 mΩ Ω A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ A LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms V/ms V/ms V/ms V/ms V/ms V/ms V/ms V V V M V/ms <	Feedback Regulation Voltage (V _{FB})		•	714	725	736	mV
Minimum Duty Cycle Regulator Disabled 625	Feedback Pin Input Current	FB_B <i>x</i> = 850mV		-0.05		0.05	μА
SW Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate (Note 6) 0.8 V/ms Switching Frequency • 1.7 2.25 2.7 MHz 1.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 3 and 4 PMOS Current Limit • 2.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 160 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 80 mΩ PMOS Current Limit • 3.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/ms V V Vin_Lx Input Voltage 625 Ω Ω Vin_Lx Input Voltage Range 1,17 V/m V Vin_Lx Outescent Current 9 300 mA Vin_Lx Shutdown Current Regulation Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A 1	Maximum Duty Cycle	$FB_Bx = 0V$	•	100			%
Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate (Note 6) 0.8 V/ms	Minimum Duty Cycle		•		18	24	%
Switching Frequency	SW Pull-Down Resistance	Regulator Disabled			625		Ω
PMOS Current Limit	Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate	(Note 6)			0.8		V/ms
PMOS Current Limit ● 2.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 160 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 80 mΩ 2.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2 PMOS Current Limit ● 3.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ LORegulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LOP Regulators 1 and 2 VIN_Lx Input Voltage 1.7 V _{IN} V Output Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA V _{FB_Lx} V _{IN_Lx} V Available Output Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A • 1.7 V _{IN} V Available Output Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A • 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Subutdown Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A • 0 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Subutdown Current Regulator Enabled • 0.707 0.725 0.	Switching Frequency		•	1.7	2.25	2.7	MHz
PMOS On-Resistance 160 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 80 mΩ 2.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2 Winch State A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ MMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ LOD Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Teedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/mS Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LOD Regulators 1 and 2 V/IN_Lx Input Voltage 1.7 VIN V Voluty Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA VFB_Lx V V Available Output Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A 0 12 25 µA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 0 1 µA V V V N V N V N L Q 1 µA N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	1.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 3 and 4						
NMOS On-Resistance 80 ms2 2.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2 PMOS Current Limit ● 3.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 120 ms0 NMOS On-Resistance 70 ms0 LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Eedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 Type Input Voltage 1.7 V _{IN} V Volubut Voltage Range 1.7 V _{IN} V Output Voltage Range 1.7 V _{IN} V Available Output Current 8 300 msA V _{IN, L, L} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A 9 12 25 µA V _{IN, L, L} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 9 0.707 0.725 0.743 W V _{IN, L, L} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 9 0.707 0.725 0.743 W V _{IN, L, L} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 9 0.707 0.725 0.	PMOS Current Limit		•	2.0			А
2.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2 PMOS Current Limit ● 3.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 70 mΩ LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/m_Lx Input Voltage • 1.7 V/m V Output Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA V _{FB_Lx} V _{M_Lx} V Available Output Current • 300 mA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A • 12 25 µA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled • 0 1 µA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled • 0 1 µA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled • 0 1 µA V _{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled • 0 0 1 µA V _{IN_U} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled • 0 0 <td>PMOS On-Resistance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>160</td> <td></td> <td>mΩ</td>	PMOS On-Resistance				160		mΩ
PMOS Current Limit ■ 3.0 A PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 70 mΩ LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/m Lx Input Voltage ■ 1.7 V/m V Quiput Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA V _{FB Lx} V _{IN Lx} V Available Output Current ■ 300 mA V _{IN Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A ■ 12 25 µA V _{IN Quiescent Current} Regulator Enabled Disabled ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V V _{IN Quiescent Current} Regulator Enabled Pediator Disabled ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V V _{IN Quiescent Current} Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 1mA, V _{IN Quiescent Current} ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V V _{IN Quiescent Current} Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 1mA, V _{IN Quiescent Current} ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V <t< td=""><td>NMOS On-Resistance</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>80</td><td></td><td>mΩ</td></t<>	NMOS On-Resistance				80		mΩ
PMOS On-Resistance 120 mΩ NMOS On-Resistance 70 mΩ LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/m Lx Input Voltage • 1.7 V/m V V VIN Lx Input Voltage Range I LDD = 0mA V/FB_Lx V/IN_Lx V Available Output Current • 300 mA V/IN_Lx Shutdown Current MA VIN_Lx Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A • 12 25 μA V _{IN} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled • 0.707 0.725 0.743 V V _{IN} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled • 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Feedback Regulation Voltage I LDO = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V 0.01 %/V Line Regulation I LDO = 1mA to 300mA 0.01 %/V Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) I LDO = 300mA, V _{LDO} = 2.5V 1.2V 210	2.5A Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2						
NMOS On-Resistance 70 mΩ LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LOO Regulators 1 and 2 VIN_Lx Input Voltage 1.7 VIN V Output Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA VFB_Lx VIN_Lx V Available Output Current 9 300 mA V _{IN_Lx} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 9 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled 9 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled 9 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Feedback Regulation Voltage 1 1 2 25 µA Feedback Regulation 1 1 2 2 0 770 mA Short-Circuit Current Limit 1 0 <td>PMOS Current Limit</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>3.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>А</td>	PMOS Current Limit		•	3.0			А
LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3 Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/m_Lx Input Voltage 1.7 V/m V Output Voltage Range ILD0 = 0mA V _{FB_Lx} V/m_Lx V Available Output Current 300 mA V _{IN_Lx} Quiescent Current V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled, ILD0 = 0A Regulator Disabled 12 25 μA μA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled 0 11 μA ν V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled 0 .707 0.725 0.743 V Feedback Regulation Voltage 0 .707 0.725 0.743 V Line Regulation ILD0 = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V 0.01 % Load Regulation ILD0 = 1mA to 300mA 0.01 % Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) ILD0 = 300mA, V _{LD0} = 2.5V LD0 = 2.5V LD0 = 300mA, V _{LD0} = 1.2V 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current </td <td>PMOS On-Resistance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>120</td> <td></td> <td>mΩ</td>	PMOS On-Resistance				120		mΩ
Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate 10 V/ms Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V/N_Lx Input Voltage 1.7 V/N V Output Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA VFB_Lx V/N_Lx V Available Output Current 9 300 mA MA V _{IN} Lx Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A 12 25 μA μA V _{IN} Quiescent Current Regulator Disabled 0 1 μA υ V _{IN} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled 50 85 μA μA Feedback Regulation Voltage 0.707 0.725 0.743 V V Line Regulation I _{LDO} = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V 0.01 %/V Load Regulation I _{LDO} = 1mA to 300mA 0.01 %/V Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) I _{LDO} = 300mA, V _{LDO} = 2.5V 120 260 mV 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725mV -0.05 0.05 μA LDO Regulator 3 V _{IN} V Voltput Voltage 1.205 1mA 1.746 1.8 1.854 V <td>NMOS On-Resistance</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>70</td> <td></td> <td>mΩ</td>	NMOS On-Resistance				70		mΩ
Output Pull-Down Resistance Regulator Disabled 625 Ω LDO Regulators 1 and 2 V _{IN_Lx} Input Voltage ■ 1.7 V _{IN} V Output Voltage Range I _{LDO} = 0mA V _{FB_Lx} V _{IN_Lx} V Available Output Current ■ 300 mA V _{IN_Lx} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A ■ 12 25 µA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled ■ 0 1 µA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Feedback Regulation Voltage ■ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Line Regulation I _{LDO} = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V 0.01 %/V Load Regulation I _{LDO} = 1mA to 300mA 0.01 %/V Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) I _{LDO} = 300mA, V _{LDO} = 2.5V 210 260 mV I _{LDO} = 300mA, V _{LDO} = 1.2V 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725mV -0.05 0	LDO Regulators 1, 2 and 3						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \textbf{LDO Regulators 1 and 2} \\ \hline \hline V_{IN_Lx} \ Input \ Voltage & $	Feedback Reference Soft-Start Rate				10		V/ms
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Output Pull-Down Resistance	Regulator Disabled			625		Ω
Output Voltage Range I _{LD0} = 0mA V _{FB_Lx} V _{IN_Lx} V Available Output Current ● 300 mA V _{IN_Lx} Quiescent Current V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled, I _{LD0} = 0A • 12 25 μA V _{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current Regulator Enabled • 0 1 μA V _{IN} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled • 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Feedback Regulation Voltage • 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Line Regulation I _{LD0} = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V 0.01 %/V Load Regulation I _{LD0} = 1mA to 300mA 0.01 %/V Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) I _{LD0} = 300mA, V _{LD0} = 2.5V 210 260 mV I _{LD0} = 300mA, V _{LD0} = 1.2V 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725mV -0.05 0.05 μA LDO Regulator 3 V _{IN_L3} Input Voltage • 2.35 V _{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1mA •	LDO Regulators 1 and 2						
Available Output Current Available Output Current V_{IN_LX} Quiescent Current Regulator Enabled, $I_{LD0} = 0A$ V_{IN_LX} Shutdown Current Regulator Disabled 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0	V _{IN_Lx} Input Voltage		•	1.7		V_{IN}	V
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Output Voltage Range	I _{LDO} = 0mA		V_{FB_Lx}		V_{IN_Lx}	V
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Available Output Current		•	300			mA
Feedback Regulation Voltage Φ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Line Regulation $I_{LD0} = 1 \text{mA}$, $V_{IN} = 2.7 \text{V}$ to 5.5 V 0.01 %/V Load Regulation $I_{LD0} = 1 \text{mA}$ to 300 mA 0.01 % Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 2.5 \text{V}$ and $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 210 260 mV $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$	V_{IN_Lx} Quiescent Current V_{IN_Lx} Shutdown Current	Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A Regulator Disabled					
Feedback Regulation Voltage Φ 0.707 0.725 0.743 V Line Regulation $I_{LD0} = 1 \text{mA}$, $V_{IN} = 2.7 \text{V}$ to 5.5 V 0.01 %/V Load Regulation $I_{LD0} = 1 \text{mA}$ to 300 mA 0.01 % Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 2.5 \text{V}$ and $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 210 and $V_{LD0} = 2.5 \text{V}$ and $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 450 and $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725 mV -0.05 0.05 μA LDO Regulator 3 V_{IN} and V_{IN} an	V _{IN} Quiescent Current	Regulator Enabled	•		50	85	μА
Load Regulation $I_{LD0} = 1 \text{mA} \text{ to } 300 \text{mA}$ 0.01 % Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 2.5 \text{V}$ and $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 210 260 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725 mV -0.05 0.05 μA LDO Regulator 3 V _{IN_L3} Input Voltage 2.35 V _{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1 mA 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	Feedback Regulation Voltage		•	0.707	0.725	0.743	V
Short-Circuit Current Limit 770 mA Dropout Voltage (Note 4) $I_{LDO} = 300 \text{mA}, V_{LDO} = 2.5 \text{V} \\ I_{LDO} = 300 \text{mA}, V_{LDO} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 210 260 mV 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725 mV -0.05 0.05 μΑ LDO Regulator 3 V_{IN_L3} Input Voltage • 2.35 V _{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LDO} = 1 mA 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	Line Regulation	I _{LDO} = 1mA, V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V			0.01		%/V
Dropout Voltage (Note 4) $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 2.5 \text{V}$ $I_{LD0} = 300 \text{mA}$, $V_{LD0} = 1.2 \text{V}$ 210 260 mV 450 615 mV Feedback Pin Input Current FB_Lx = 725 mV -0.05 0.05 μΑ LD0 Regulator 3 V_{IN_L3} Input Voltage • 2.35 V _{IN} V V_{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1 mA • 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	Load Regulation	I _{LDO} = 1mA to 300mA			0.01		%
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Short-Circuit Current Limit					770	mA
LD0 Regulator 3 V _{IN_L3} Input Voltage ● 2.35 V _{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1mA ● 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	Dropout Voltage (Note 4)						
$V_{\text{IN_L3}}$ Input Voltage • 2.35 V_{IN} V Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1mA • 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	Feedback Pin Input Current	FB_L <i>x</i> = 725mV		-0.05		0.05	μА
Output Voltage I _{LD0} = 1mA 1.746 1.8 1.854 V	LDO Regulator 3						
	V _{IN_L3} Input Voltage		•	2.35		V _{IN}	V
Available Output Current	Output Voltage	I _{LDO} = 1mA	•	1.746	1.8	1.854	V
	Available Output Current		•	300			mA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the specified operating junction temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 2). $V_{IN} = PV_{IN1} = PV_{IN2} = PV_{IN3} = PV_{IN4} = V_{IN_L1} = V_{IN_L2} = V_{IN_L3} = 3.8V$. All regulators disabled unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{IN_L3} Quiescent Current V _{IN_L3} Shutdown Current	Regulator Enabled, I _{LDO} = 0A Regulator Disabled	•		14 0	25 1	μA μA
V _{IN} Quiescent Current	Regulator Enabled	•		50	85	μA
Line Regulation	$I_{LDO} = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{IN} = 2.7 \text{V to } 5.5 \text{V}$			0.01		%/V
Load Regulation	I _{LD0} = 1mA to 300mA			0.05		%
Short-Circuit Current Limit					770	mA
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$I_{LDO} = 300 \text{mA}, V_{LDO3} = 1.8 \text{V}$			280	350	mV
Enable Inputs						
Threshold Rising	All Enables Low	•		0.75	1.2	V
Threshold Falling	One Enable High	•	0.4	0.7		V
Precision Threshold	One or More Regulators Previously Enabled	•	0.370	0.400	0.430	V
Input Pull-Down Resistance				4.5		MΩ
PWR_ON						
Threshold		•	0.370	0.400	0.430	V
Pull-Down Resistance				4.5		MΩ
PWR_ON High to Allow Enables Delay				3		ms
PWR_ON High to Inhibit Enables Delay				3		ms
PGOOD						_
PGOOD Output Low Voltage	I _{PGOOD} = 3mA			0.1	0.4	V
PGOOD Output High Leakage Current	V _{PGOOD} = 3.8V		-0.1		0.1	μA
PGOOD Threshold Rising PGOOD Threshold Falling				-6 -8		% %

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed Under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The LT3383 is tested under pulsed load conditions such that $T_J\approx T_A.$ The LT3383E is guaranteed to meet specifications from 0°C to 85°C junction temperature. Specifications over the $-40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C operating junction temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls. The LT3383I is guaranteed over the $-40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C operating junction temperature range and the LT3383H is guaranteed over the full $-40^{\circ}C$ to 150°C operating junction temperature range. High junction temperatures degrade operating lifetimes; operating lifetime is derated for junction temperatures greater than 125°C. The junction temperature (T_J in °C) is calculated from the ambient temperature (T_A in °C) and power dissipation (P_D , in Watts), and package to junction ambient thermal impedance (θ_{JA} in Watts/°C) according to the formula:

$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \bullet \theta_{JA}).$$

Note that the maximum ambient temperature consistent with these specifications is determined by specific operating conditions in conjunction with board layout, the rated package thermal impedance and other environmental factors.

Note 3: The LT3383 includes overtemperature protection that is intended to protect the device during momentary overload conditions. Junction temperature will exceed 150°C when overtemperature protection is active. Continuous operation above the specified maximum operating junction temperature may impair device reliability.

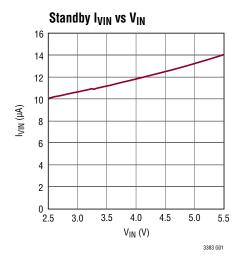
Note 4: Dropout voltage is defined as $(V_{IN_Lx} - V_{LD0x})$ when V_{LD0x} is 3% lower than V_{LD0x} measured with $V_{IN} = V_{IN}$ $_{Lx} = 4.3V$.

Note 5: Dynamic supply current is higher due to the gate charge being delivered at the switching frequency.

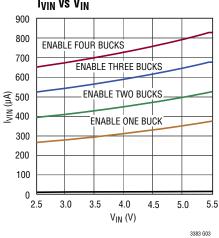
Note 6: Soft-Start measured in test mode with regulator error amplifier in unity-gain mode.

Note 7: The LT3383 will operate before V_{IN} has risen higher than V_{IN} undervoltage fault rising (2.65V max) but will shutdown if V_{IN} does not cross the rising threshold in less than 5 seconds. Please refer to the Operation section.

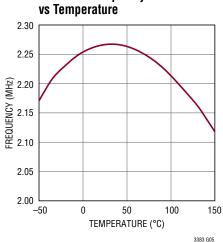
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $V_{IN}=3.8V,\,T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted



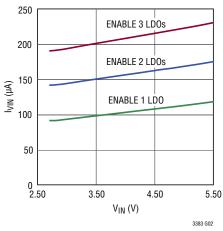




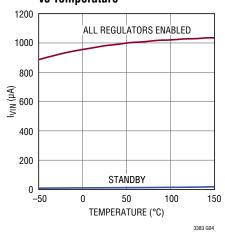
Oscillator Frequency



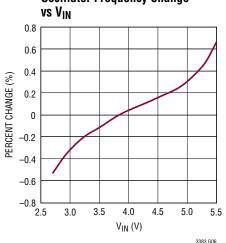
LDO1 to LDO3 I_{VIN} vs V_{IN}



Input Supply Current vs Temperature

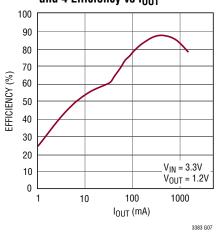


Oscillator Frequency Change

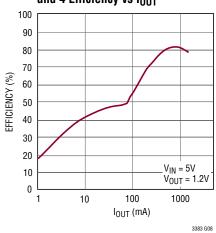


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $V_{IN}=3.8V,\,T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

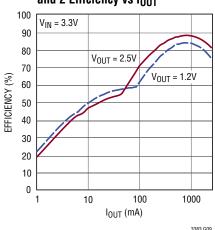
Step-Down Switching Regulators 3 and 4 Efficiency vs I_{OUT}



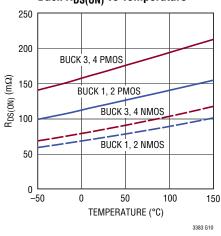
Step-Down Switching Regulators 3 and 4 Efficiency vs I_{OUT}



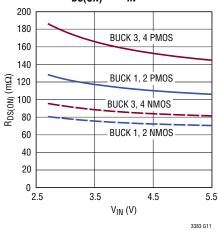
Step-Down Switching Regulators 1 and 2 Efficiency vs IOUT



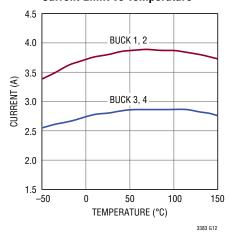
Buck R_{DS(ON)} vs Temperature



Buck R_{DS(ON)} vs V_{IN}

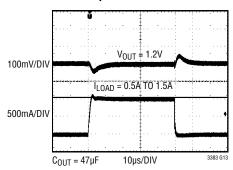


Step-Down Switching Regulator **Current Limit vs Temperature**

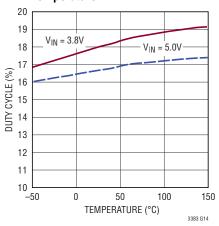


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS $V_{IN}=3.8V,\,T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted

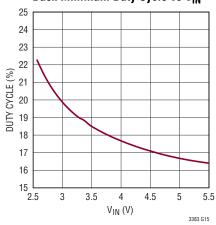
Step-Down Switching Regulator Load Step



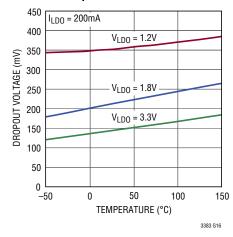
Buck Minimum Duty Cycle vs Temperature



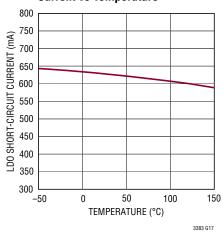
Buck Minimum Duty Cycle vs V_{IN}



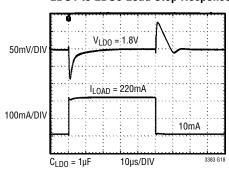
LD01 to LD03 Dropout Voltage vs Temperature



LD01 to LD03 Short-Circuit **Current vs Temperature**



LD01 to LD03 Load Step Response



PIN FUNCTIONS

FB_L2 (Pin 1): Feedback Input for LDO2. Set output voltage using a resistor divider connected from LDO2 to this pin to ground.

 V_{IN_L2} (Pin 2): Power Input for LDO2. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a 1 μ F or greater ceramic capacitor. Voltage on V_{IN_L2} should not exceed voltage on V_{IN} pin.

LD02 (Pin 3): Output Voltage of LD02. Nominal output voltage is set with a resistor feedback divider that servos to a fixed 725mV reference. This pin must be bypassed to ground with a 1µF or greater ceramic capacitor.

LD03 (**Pin 4**): Output Voltage of LD03. Nominal output voltage is a fixed 1.8V. This pin must be bypassed to ground with a 1μ F or greater ceramic capacitor.

 V_{IN_L3} (Pin 5): Power Input for LDO3. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a 1µF or greater ceramic capacitor. Voltage on V_{IN_L3} should not exceed voltage on V_{IN} pin.

LD01 (Pin 6): Output Voltage of LD01. Nominal output voltage is set with a resistor feedback divider that servos to a fixed 725mV reference. This pin must be bypassed to ground with a 1µF or greater ceramic capacitor.

 V_{IN_L1} (Pin 7): Power Input for LD01. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a 1 μ F or greater ceramic capacitor. Voltage on V_{IN_L1} should not exceed voltage on V_{IN} pin.

FB_L1 (Pin 8): Feedback Input for LDO1. Set output voltage using a resistor divider connected from LDO1 to this pin to ground.

EN_L1 (Pin 9): Enable LDO1 Input. Active high enables LDO1. A weak pull-down pulls EN_L1 low when left floating.

EN_L3 (Pin 10): Enable LDO3 Input. Active high enables LDO3. A weak pull-down pulls EN_L3 low when left floating.

SW1 (Pin 11): Switch Pin for Step-Down Switching Regulator 1. Connect one side of step-down switching regulator 1 inductor to this pin.

GND (Pin 12): Ground

GND (Pin 13): Ground

GND (Pin 14): Ground

 PV_{IN1} (Pin 15): Power Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 1. Tie this pin to V_{IN} supply. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a $10\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor.

PV_{IN2} (**Pin 16**): Power Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 2. Tie this pin to the V_{IN} supply. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a $10\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor.

EN_B1 (Pin 17): Enable Step-Down Switching Regulator 1. Active high input enables step-down switching regulator 1. A weak pull-down pulls EN B1 low when left floating.

EN_B2 (**Pin 18**): Enable Step-Down Switching Regulator 2. Active high input enables step-down switching regulator 2. A weak pull-down pulls EN_B2 low when left floating.

GND (Pin 19): Ground.

SW2 (Pin 20): Switch Pin for Step-Down Switching Regulator 2. Connect one side of step-down switching regulator 2 inductor to this pin.

PWR_ON (Pin 21): Power On. PWR_ON is a master enable and disable input. When low, PWR_ON inhibits the regulator enable pins. When high, PWR_ON allows enable pin operation.

FB_B2 (**Pin 22**): Feedback Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 2. Set output voltage using resistor divider connected from the output of step-down switching regulator 2 to this pin to ground.

FB_B1 (Pin 23): Feedback Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 1. Set output voltage using resistor divider connected from the output of step-down switching regulator 1 to this pin to ground.

FB_B4 (Pin 24): Feedback Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 4. Set output voltage using resistor divider connected from the output of step-down switching regulator 4 to this pin to ground.

PIN FUNCTIONS

FB_B3 (Pin 25): Feedback Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 3. Set output voltage using resistor divider connected from the output of step-down switching regulator 3 to this pin to ground.

GND (Pin 26): Ground.

 V_{IN} (Pin 27): Supply Voltage Input. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a $1\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor. All switching regulator PV_{IN} supplies should be tied to V_{IN} .

GND (Pin 28): Ground. GND (Pin 29): Ground.

EN_L2 (Pin 30): Enable LDO2 Input. Active high enables LDO2. A weak pull-down pulls EN_L2 low when left floating.

SW3 (Pin 31): Switch Pin for Step-Down Switching Regulator 3. Connect one side of step-down switching regulator 3 inductor to this pin.

GND (Pin 32): Ground. GND (Pin 33): Ground. **EN_B3 (Pin 34):** Enable Step-Down Switching Regulator 3. Active high input enables step-down switching regulator 3. A weak pull-down pulls EN_B3 low when left floating.

PV_{IN3} (**Pin 35**): Power Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 3. Tie this pin to V_{IN} supply. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a $10\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor.

PV_{IN4} (**Pin 36**): Power Input for Step-Down Switching Regulator 4. Tie this pin to V_{IN} supply. This pin should be bypassed to ground with a $10\mu F$ or greater ceramic capacitor.

EN_B4 (Pin 37): Enable Step-Down Switching Regulator 4. Active high enables step-down switching regulator 4. A week pull-down pulls EN_B4 low when left floating.

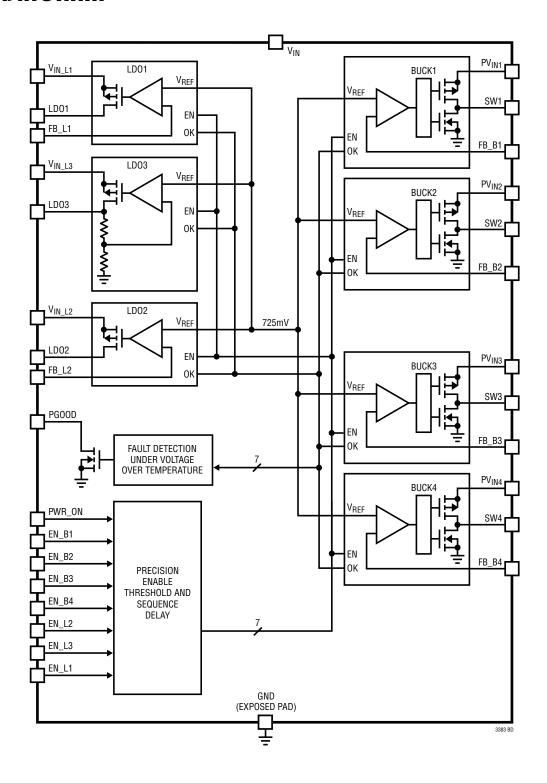
GND (Pin 38): Ground.

PGOOD (Pin 39): Power Good Output. Open-drain output pulls low when any enabled regulator falls below power good threshold. Pulls low when all regulators are disabled.

SW4 (Pin 40): Switch Pin for Step-Down Switching Regulator 4. Connect one side of step-down switching regulator 4 inductor to this pin.

GND (Exposed Pad Pin 41): Ground. The exposed pad must be connected to a continuous ground plane of the printed circuit board by multiple interconnect vias directly under the LT3383 to maximize electrical and thermal conduction.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



OPERATION

INTRODUCTION

The LTC3383 is a multi-topology, multiple-output voltage regulator. It generates a total of seven voltage rails. Supplying the voltage rails are two 2.5A step-down regulators, two 1.5A step-down regulators, and three 300mA low dropout regulators. Supporting the multiple regulators is a highly configurable power-on sequencing capability.

300mA Low Dropout Regulators

Three LDO regulators on the LT3383 will each deliver up to 300mA output. Each LDO regulator has a separate input supply to help manage power loss in the LDO output devices. When disabled, the regulator outputs are pulled to ground through a 625 Ω resistor. A low ESR 1 μF ceramic capacitor should be tied from the LDO output to ground. The 300mA LDO regulators have current limit control circuits. The LDO input voltages, $V_{\text{IN_L1}}$, $V_{\text{IN_L2}}$, and $V_{\text{IN_L3}}$ must be at a potential of V_{IN} or less.

LT3383 Resistor Programmable LD01 and LD02

LDO1 and LDO2 output voltages are programmed by resistor dividers tied from the LDO output pin to the feedback pin as shown in Figure 1. The output voltage is calculated using the following formula:

$$V_{LDO} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \bullet (725) (mV)$$

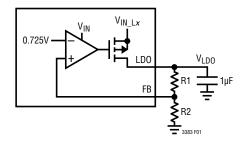


Figure 1. LD01 and LD02 Application Circuit

STEP-DOWN SWITCHING REGULATORS

The LT3383 contains four buck regulators. Two of the buck regulators are capable of delivering up to 2.5A load current and the other two can deliver up to 1.5A each. The regulators have forward and reverse current limiting, and soft-start.

The LT3383 buck regulators are capable of 100% duty cycle, or dropout, regulation. When in dropout the regulator output voltage is equal to PV_{IN} minus the load current times $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the converters PMOS device and inductor DCR.

Operating Mode

The buck regulators operate in pulse-skipping mode. In pulse-skipping mode the regulator skips pulses at light loads but operates at constant frequency at higher loads.

Setting Output Voltage

The output voltage is set by using a resistor divider connected from the step-down switching regulator output to its feedback pin as shown in Figure 2. The output voltage is calculated using the following formula:

$$V_{OUT} = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \bullet (725) (mV)$$

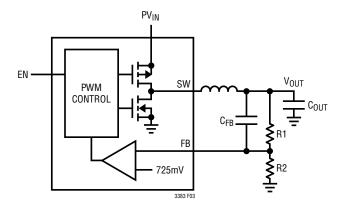


Figure 2. Step-Down Switching Regulator Application Circuit

OPERATION

Typical values for R1 are in the range of 40k to 1M. Capacitor C_{FB} cancels the pole created by the feedback resistors and the input capacitance on the FB pin and helps to improve load step transient response. A value of 10pF is recommended.

Inductor Selection

The choice of step-down switching regulator inductor influences the efficiency and output voltage ripple of the converter. A larger inductor improves efficiency since the peak current is closer to the average output current. Larger inductors generally have higher series resistance that counters the efficiency advantage of reduced peak current.

Inductor ripple current is a function of switching frequency, inductance, V_{IN} , and V_{OUT} as shown in this equation:

$$\Delta I_{L} = \frac{1}{f \cdot L} \cdot V_{OUT} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

A good starting design point is to use an inductor that gives ripple equal to 30% of the maximum output current. Select an inductor with a DC current rating at least 1.5 times larger than the maximum load current to ensure the inductor does not saturate.

Input and Output Capacitor Selection

Low ESR ceramic capacitors should be used at both the output and input supply of the switching regulators. Only X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors should be used since they have better temperature and voltage stability than other ceramic types.

Minimum On-Time

The lowest duty cycle at which the step-down converter can maintain constant frequency operation in regulation is determined by the minimum on-time. Minimum on-time is the shortest time duration that the converter can turn its top PMOS on and off again (typically 70ns). If the duty cycle requires an average on-time which falls below the minimum on time of the converter, the output

voltage ripple will increase as the converter skips cycles to maintain regulation.

Soft-Start

To reduce inrush current at start-up each buck regulator soft starts when enabled. When enabled the internal reference voltage is ramped from ground to 725mV at a rate of 0.8V/ms.

PWR ON Enable Control

The PWR_ON pin acts as a master enable pin by inhibiting or allowing all the individual regulator enable pins. A typical use is to drive PWR_ON with a power-good status pin

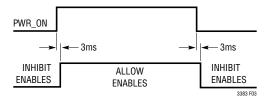


Figure 3. Power-Up and Down with PWR ON

from a pre-regulator. Figure 3 shows the timing relationship between PWR_ON and inhibition of the enable pins.

POWER ON SEQUENCING

Enable Pin Operation

The LT3383 enable pins facilitate pin-strapping output rails to enable pins to up-sequence the LT3383 regulators in any order. Figure 4 shows an example of pin-strapped sequence connections. The enable pins normally have a 0.75V (typical) input voltage threshold.

If any enable is driven high, the remaining enable input thresholds switch to an accurate 400mV threshold. To ensure separation of the sequenced rails, there is a built-in

OPERATION

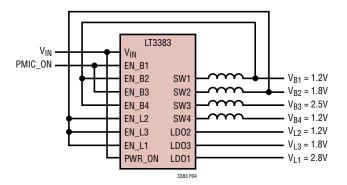


Figure 4. Pin-Strapped Power-On Sequence Application

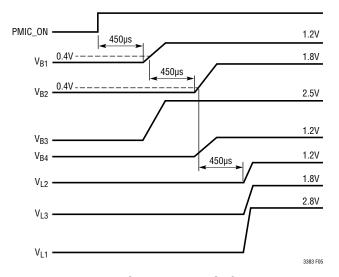


Figure 5. Pin-Strapped Power-On Sequence

450µs delay from the enable pin threshold crossing to the internal enable of the regulator. Figure 5 shows the start-up timing of the example shown in Figure 4.

FAULT DETECTION AND REPORTING

The LT3383 has fault detection circuits that monitor for V_{IN} undervoltage, die overtemperature, and regulator output undervoltage.

VIN Undervoltage

The undervoltage (UV) circuit monitors the input supply voltage, V_{IN} , and when the voltage falls below 2.45V

creates a fault condition that forces the LT3383 to disable all outputs until V_{IN} rises above UVLO rising threshold.

The V_{IN} undervoltage fault rising (2.65V max) defines the voltage at which V_{IN} rising undervoltage fault is detected. The LT3383 will respond to PWR_ON and regulator enable pins when V_{IN} is less than the V_{IN} undervoltage fault rising threshold at initial application of V_{IN} . An internal timer will inhibit all enables if V_{IN} does not cross the rising fault threshold within 5 seconds. PWR_ON and enables should be asserted only when the application has applied V_{IN} greater than the minimum V_{IN} input of 2.7V. A power good signal from a V_{IN} preregulator or voltage divider from V_{IN} to the 400mV (Typ) PWR_ON input threshold may be used to ensure V_{IN} is above 2.7V.

Overtemperature

To prevent thermal damage the LT3383 incorporates an overtemperature (OT) circuit. When the die temperature reaches 155°C the OT circuit creates a fault condition that forces the LT3383 to disable all outputs until the temperature falls below the overtemperature threshold.

PGOOD Status Pin

The PGOOD open-drain status pin is pulled low when all regulators are disabled. PGOOD is released when all enabled regulator outputs are above 94% of their programmed value. When any enabled regulator output falls below 92% of its programmed value for longer than 50µs the PGOOD pin is pulled low. A 50µs transient filter on PGOOD prevents PGOOD glitches due to transients. The PGOOD pin is held low for a minimum of 1ms. Figure 6 shows the timing of PGOOD during enable and fault events.

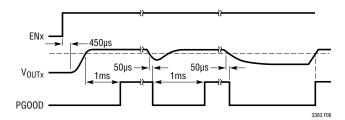


Figure 6. Output Low Voltage PGOOD Timing

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS AND BOARD LAYOUT

Printed Circuit Board Power Dissipation

In order to ensure optimal performance and the ability to deliver maximum output power to any regulator, it is critical that the exposed ground pad on the backside of the LT3383 package be soldered to a ground plane on the board. Correctly soldered to a 2500mm² ground plane on a double-sided 1oz copper board, the LT3383 has a thermal resistance(θ_{JA}) of approximately 33°C/W. Failure to make good thermal contact between the exposed pad on the backside of the package and an adequately sized ground plane will result in thermal resistances far greater than 33°C/W. To ensure the junction temperature of the LT3383 die does not exceed the maximum rated limit and to prevent overtemperature faults, the power output of the LT3383 must be managed by the application. The total power dissipation in the LT3383 is approximated by summing the power dissipation in each of the switching regulators and the LDO regulators. The power dissipation in a switching regulator is estimated by:

$$P_{D(SWx)} = V_{OUTx} \bullet I_{OUTx} \bullet \frac{100 - Eff\%}{100} (W)$$

where V_{OUTx} is the programmed output voltage, I_{OUTx} is the load current, and Eff is the % efficiency that can be measured or looked up from the efficiency curves for the programmed output voltage.

The power dissipated by an LDO regulator is estimated by:

$$P_{D(LDOx)} = (V_{IN} L_X - V_{LDOx}) \bullet I_{LDOx}(W)$$

where V_{LDOx} is the programmed output voltage, $V_{IN(LDOx)}$ is the LDO supply voltage, and I_{LDOx} is the output load current. If one of the switching regulator outputs is used as an LDO supply voltage, remember to include the LDO supply current in the switching regulator load current for calculating power loss.

An example using the equations above with the parameters in Table 1 shows an application that is at a junction temperature of 118°C at an ambient temperature of 55°C. LDO2, LDO3, and LDO1 are powered by step-down Buck2 and Buck4. The total load on Buck2 and Buck4 is the sum

of the application load and the LDO load. This example is with the LDO regulators at one-third rated current and the switching regulators at three-quarters rated current.

Table 1. LT3383 Power Loss Example

	V _{IN}	V _{OUT}	APPLICATION LOAD (A)	TOTAL Load (A)	EFF (%)	P _D (mW)
LD02	1.8	1.2	0.1	0.100	-	60.00
LD03	3.3	1.8	0.1	0.100	_	150.00
LD01	3.3	2.5	0.1	0.100	-	80.00
Buck1	3.8	1.2	1.875	1.875	80	450.00
Buck2	3.8	1.8	1.775	1.875	85	506.25
Buck3	3.8	1.25	1.125	1.125	80	281.25
Buck4	3.8	3.3	0.925	1.125	90	371.25
	1899					
	118°C					

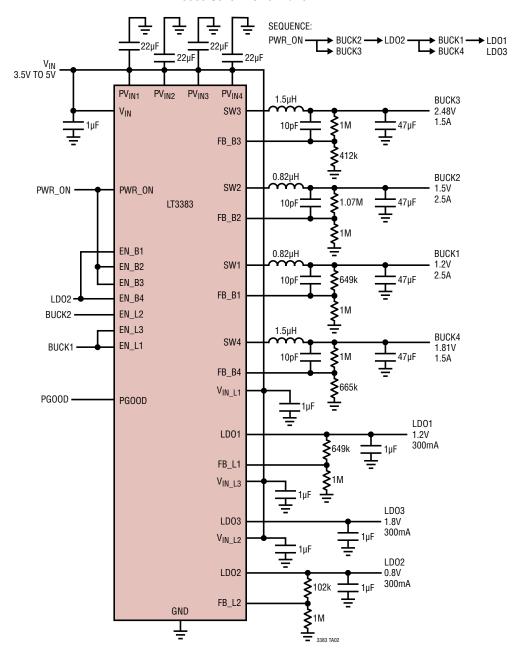
Printed Circuit Board Layout

When laying out the printed circuit board, the following checklist should be followed to ensure proper operation of the LT3383:

- Connect the exposed pad of the package (Pin 41) directly to a large ground plane to minimize thermal and electrical impedance.
- 2. The switching regulator input supply traces to their decoupling capacitors should be as short as possible. Connect the GND side of the capacitors directly to the ground plane of the board. The decoupling capacitors provide the AC current to the internal power MOSFETs and their drivers. It is important to minimize inductance from the capacitors to the LT3383 pins.
- Minimize the switching power traces connecting SW1, SW2, SW3, and SW4 to the inductors to reduce radiated EMI and parasitic coupling. Keep sensitive nodes such as the feedback pins away from or shielded from the large voltage swings on the switching nodes.
- 4. Minimize the length of the connection between the step-down switching regulator inductors and the output capacitors. Connect the GND side of the output capacitors directly to the thermal ground plane of the board.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

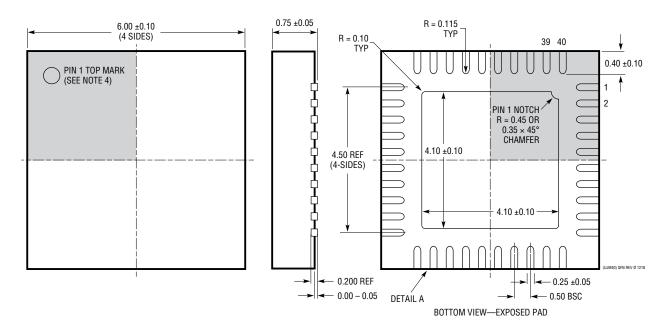
LT3383 Seven Power Rails



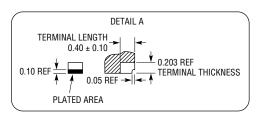
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

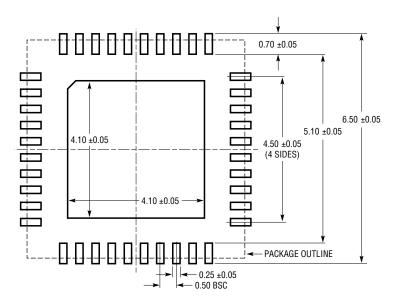
UJM Package 40-Lead Plastic Side Wettable QFN (6mm × 6mm)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1681 Rev Ø)



- 1. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
 MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.20mm ON ANY SIDE, IF PRESENT
 4. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE TOP AND
 BOTTOM OF PACKAGE





RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS APPLY SOLDER MASK TO AREAS THAT ARE NOT SOLDERED

REVISION HISTORY

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NUMBER
Α	09/21	Added Ordering Information for Automotive Products.	2
В	12/21	Added the AEC-Q100 Qualified for Automotive statement.	1