

LTC1338

f 5V Low Power RS232 5-Driver/3-Receiver Transceiver

FEATURES

- Low Supply Current: 500μA
- 0.2µA Supply Current in SHUTDOWN
- 50µA Supply Current in RECEIVER ALIVE Mode
- ESD Protection Over ±10kV
- Operates from a Single 5V Supply
- Uses Small Capacitors: 0.1µF
- Operates to 120k Baud
- Three-State Outputs Are High Impedance When Off
- Output Overvoltage Does Not Force Current Back into Supplies
- RS232 I/O Lines Can Be Forced to ±25V Without Damage
- Flowthrough Architecture

APPLICATIONS

- Battery-Powered Modems
- Battery-Powered DCE
- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers

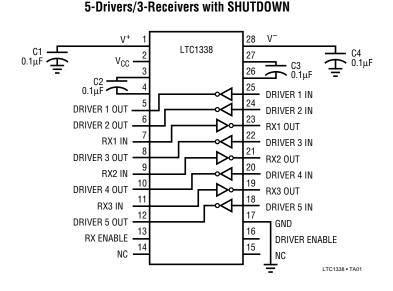
DESCRIPTION

The LTC1338 is a 5-driver/3-receiver RS232 transceiver with very low supply current. In the no load condition, the supply current is only 500μ A. The charge pump only requires four 0.1μ F capacitors.

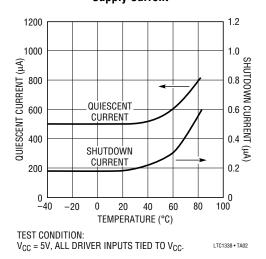
In SHUTDOWN mode, the supply current is further reduced to 0.2μ A. In RECEIVER ALIVE mode, all three receivers are kept alive and the supply current is 50 μ A. All RS232 outputs assume a high impedance state in SHUTDOWN and with the power off.

The LTC1338 is fully compliant with all data rate and overvoltage RS232 specifications. The transceiver can operate up to 120k baud with a 2500pF, $3k\Omega$ load. Both driver outputs and receiver inputs can be forced to $\pm 25V$ without damage, and can survive multiple $\pm 10kV$ ESD strikes.

TYPICAL APPLICATION



Supply Current

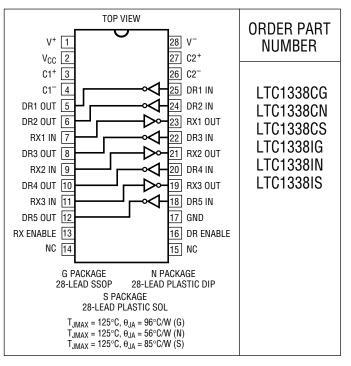




ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)
Supply Voltage (V _{CC}) 6V
Input Voltage
Driver $-0.3V$ to V _{CC} + 0.3V
Receiver25V to 25V
Driver/Receiver Enable Pin $-0.3V$ to V _{CC} + 0.3V
Output Voltage
Driver25V to 25V
Receiver $-0.3V$ to V _{CC} + 0.3V
Short Circuit Duration
V ⁺
V ⁺
V ⁻

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 5V$, $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1 \mu F$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Any Driver						
Output Voltage Swing	3k to GND Positive Negative	•	5.0 -5.0	7.0 -6.5		V V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level (V _{OUT} = High) Input High Level (V _{OUT} = Low)	•	2.0	1.4 1.4	0.8	V V
Logic Input Current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$	•			±5	μA
Output Short-Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0V			±12		mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN, $V_{OUT} = \pm 20V$ (Note 3)	•		±10	±500	μA
Any Receiver	· ·					
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold Input High Threshold	•	0.8	1.3 1.7	2.4	V V
Hysteresis			0.1	0.4	1	V
Input Resistance	$-10V \le V_{IN} \le 10V$		3	5	7	kΩ
Output Voltage	Output Low, I _{OUT} = - 1.6mA (V _{CC} = 5V) Output High, I _{OUT} = 160µA (V _{CC} = 5V)	•	3.5	0.2 4.8	0.4	V V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, V _{OUT} = V _{CC}		-15	-40		mA
Output Leakage Current	SHUTDOWN, $0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ (Note 3)	•		1	10	μA
Power Supply Generator		•				
V ⁺ Output Voltage	I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} = 12mA			8.0 7.5		V V
V ⁻ Output Voltage	I _{OUT} = 0mA I _{OUT} = -12mA			-8.0 -7.0		V V
Supply Rise Time	SHUTDOWN to Turn-On			0.2		ms



DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $v_{cc} = 5V$, $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1 \mu F$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply						
V _{CC} Supply Current	No Load (All Driver $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$)(Note 2) $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$			0.5	1.0	mA
	No Load (All Driver $V_{IN} = 0V$)(Note 2) $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$			1.0	1.5	mA
	No Load (All Driver $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$)(Note 2) $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$			0.5	1.5	mA
	No Load (All Driver $V_{IN} = 0V$)(Note 2) $-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$			1.0	2.0	mA
	RECEIVER ALIVE Mode (Note 4)	•		50	80	μA
Supply Leakage Current (V _{CC})	SHUTDOWN (Note 3)	•		0.2	10	μA
Driver/Receiver Enable Threshold Low		۲		1.4	0.8	V
Driver/Receiver Enable Threshold High		•	2.0	1.4		V

AC CHARACTERISTICS $v_{cc} = 5V$, $c1 = c2 = c3 = c4 = 0.1 \mu F$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Slew Rate	$R_{L} = 3k, C_{L} = 51pF$			8	30	V/µs
	$R_L = 3k, C_L = 2500pF$		3	5		V/µs
Driver Propagation Delay	t _{HLD} (Figure 1)			2	3.5	μs
(TTL to RS232)	t _{LHD} (Figure 1)	•		2	3.5	μs
Receiver Propagation Delay	t _{HLR} (Figure 2)			0.3	0.8	μs
(RS232 to TTL)	t _{LHR} (Figure 2)			0.2	0.8	μs

The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the operating temperature range of 0°C to 70°C or -40°C to 85°C.

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: Supply current is measured with driver and receiver outputs unloaded. The $V_{DRIVER ENABLE}$ and $V_{RECEIVER ENABLE} = V_{CC}$.

Note 3: Supply current and leakage current measurements in SHUTDOWN are performed with $V_{DRIVER ENABLE}$ and $V_{RECEIVER ENABLE} = 0V$. **Note 4:** Supply current measurement in RECEIVER ALIVE mode is performed with $V_{DRIVER ENABLE} = 0V$ and $V_{RECEIVER ENABLE} = V_{CC}$.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

2.0

1.8

1.6

1.4

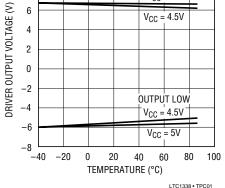
1.2

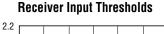
1.0

. -40 -20

THRESHOLD VOLTAGE (V)

Driver Output Voltage $R_L = 3k$ OUTPUT HIGH 8 V_{CC} = 5V 4 V_{CC} = 4.5V





V_{TH}

VTL

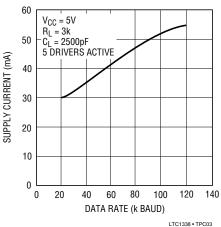
20 40 60 80 100

TEMPERATURE (°C)

LTC1338 • TPC02

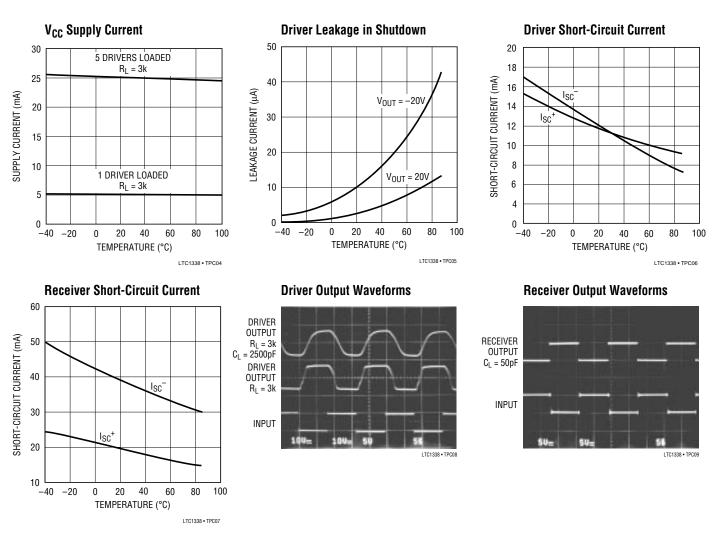
0

Supply Current vs Data Rate





TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



PIN FUNCTIONS

 V_{CC} : 5V Input Supply Pin. Supply current less than 0.2µA in the SHUTDOWN mode. This pin should be decoupled with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor.

GND: Ground Pin.

RECEIVER ENABLE: TTL/CMOS Compatible Enable Pin. Refer to Table 1 for its functional description. This pin can not float.

DRIVER ENABLE: TTL/CMOS Compatible Enable Pin. Refer to Table 1 for its functional description. This pin can not float.

V⁺: Positive Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). V⁺ \cong 2V_{CC} – 1V. This pin requires an external capacitor C = 0.1µF for

charge storage. The capacitor may be tied to ground or 5V. With multiple devices, the V⁺ and V⁻ pins may be paralleled into common capacitors. For large numbers of devices, increasing the size of the shared common storage capacitors is recommended to reduce ripple.

V⁻: Negative Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). V⁻ \cong 2V_{CC} – 1.5V. This pin requires an external capacitor C = 0.1µF for charge storage.

C1⁺, C1⁻, C2⁺, C2⁻: Commutating Capacitor Inputs. These pins require two external capacitors $C = 0.1 \mu$ F: one from C1⁺ to C1⁻, and another from C2⁺ to C2⁻. To maintain charge pump efficiency, the capacitor's effective series resistance should be less than 20Ω .



PIN FUNCTIONS

DRIVER IN: RS232 Driver Input Pins. Inputs are TTL/ CMOS compatible. Inputs should not be allowed to float. Tie unused inputs to V_{CC} .

DRIVER OUT: Driver Outputs at RS232 Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in SHUT-DOWN, RECEIVER ALIVE mode or $V_{CC} = 0V$. The driver outputs are protected against ESD to $\pm 10kV$ for human body model discharges.

RX IN: Receiver Inputs. These pins can be forced to $\pm 25V$ without damage. The receiver inputs are protected against ESD to $\pm 10kV$ for human body model discharges. Each receiver provides 0.4V of hysteresis for noise immunity.

RX OUT: Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in SHUT-DOWN or RECEIVER DISABLE mode to allow data line sharing.

Table 1. Functional Description

MODE	RX ENABLE	DR ENABLE	DRIVERS	RECEIVERS	I _{CC} (µA)(TYP)
SHUTDOWN	0	0	All driver outputs are high impedance.	All receiver outputs are high impedance.	0.2
Receiver Disable	0	1	All drivers alive.	All receiver outputs are high impedance.	500
RECEIVER ALIVE	1	0	All driver outputs are high impedance.	All receivers alive.	50
Normal	1	1	All drivers alive.	All receivers alive.	500

SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORMS

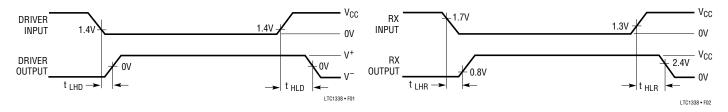
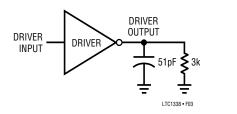




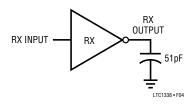
Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

TEST CIRCUITS

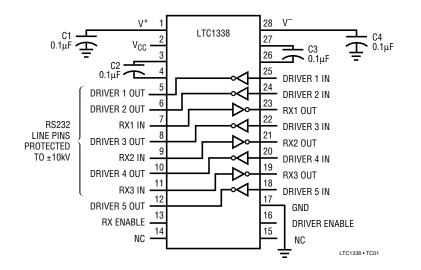
Driver Timing Test Load



Receiver Timing Test Load



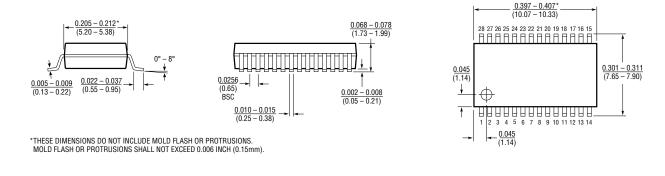
ESD Test Circuit



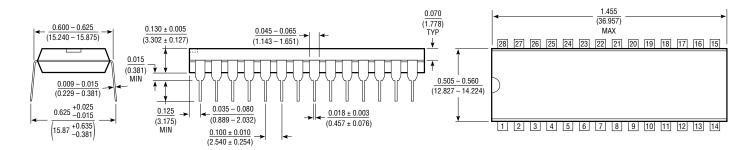


PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

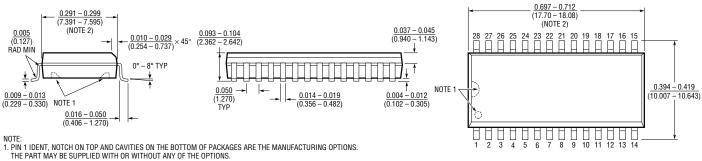
G Package 28-Lead SSOP



N Package 28-Lead Plastic DIP



S Package 28-Lead SOL



2. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 INCH (0.15mm).

