

# Precision 300MHz to 7GHz RF Detector with Shutdown and Offset Adjustment

## FEATURES

- Temperature Compensated Internal Schottky Diode RF Detector
- Wide Input Frequency Range: 300MHz to 7GHz\*
- Wide Input Power Range: -32dBm to 10dBm
- Buffered Detector Output
- Precision  $V_{OUT}$  Offset Control
- Wide  $V_{CC}$  Range of 2.7V to 6V
- Low Operating Current: 500 $\mu$ A
- Low Shutdown Current: <2 $\mu$ A
- Available in a Low Profile (1mm) SOT-23 Package

## APPLICATIONS

- 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.15, 802.16
- Multimode Mobile Phone Products
- Optical Data Links
- Wireless Data Modems
- Wireless and Cable Infrastructure
- RF Power Alarm
- Envelope Detector

## DESCRIPTION

The LTC<sup>®</sup>5531 is an RF power detector for RF applications operating in the 300MHz to 7GHz range. A temperature compensated Schottky diode peak detector and buffer amplifier are combined in a small ThinSOT<sup>™</sup> package. The supply voltage range is optimized for operation from a single lithium-ion cell or 3xNiMH.

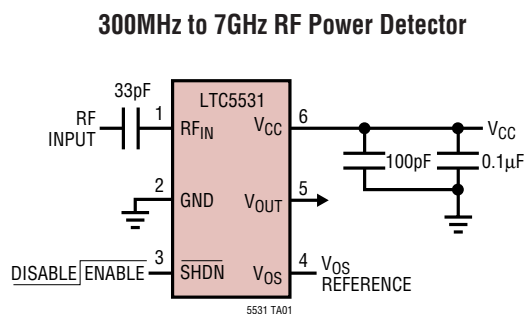
The RF input voltage is peak detected using an on-chip Schottky diode. The detected voltage is buffered and supplied to the  $V_{OUT}$  pin. A power saving shutdown mode reduces current to less than 2 $\mu$ A. The initial offset voltage of 120mV  $\pm$ 35mV can be precisely adjusted using the  $V_{OS}$  pin.

The LTC5531 operates with input power levels from -32dBm to 10dBm.

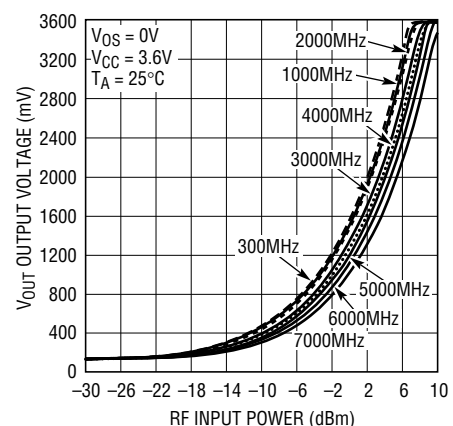
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\*Higher frequency operation is achievable with reduced performance. Consult factory for more information.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



**$V_{OUT}$  Output Voltage vs RF Input Power**



5531 TA02

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Note 1)

$V_{CC}$ , $V_{OUT}$ , $\overline{SHDN}$ , $V_{OS}$ .....	-0.3V to 6.5V
RF <sub>IN</sub> Voltage .....	( $V_{CC} \pm 1.5V$ ) to 7V
RF <sub>IN</sub> Power (RMS) .....	12dBm
$I_{VOUT}$ .....	5mA
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2) ..	-40°C to 85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature .....	125°C
Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) .....	300°C

**PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION**

	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LTC5531ES6
	S6 PART MARKING
	LTBBQ

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{V}$ ,  $\overline{SHDN} = V_{CC} = \text{HI}$ ,  $\overline{SHDN} = 0\text{V} = \text{LO}$ , RF Input Signal is Off,  $V_{OS} = 0\text{V}$  and  $\overline{SHDN} = \text{HI}$  unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$V_{CC}$ Operating Voltage		● 2.7		6	V
$I_{VCC}$ Operating Current	$I_{VOUT} = 0\text{mA}$	●	0.5	0.7	mA
$I_{VCC}$ Shutdown Current	$\overline{SHDN} = \text{LO}$	●	0.01	2	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OUT}$ (No RF Input)	$R_{LOAD} = 2\text{k}$ , $V_{OS} = 0\text{V}$ $\overline{SHDN} = \text{LO}$	●	85	100 to 140 1	mV mV
$V_{OUT}$ Output Current	$V_{OUT} = 1.75\text{V}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$ , $\Delta V_{OUT} < 10\text{mV}$	●	2	4	mA
$V_{OUT}$ Enable Time	$\overline{SHDN} = \text{LO to HI}$ , $C_{LOAD} = 33\text{pF}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 2\text{k}$	●	8	20	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{OUT}$ Bandwidth	$C_{LOAD} = 33\text{pF}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 2\text{k}$ (Note 4)		2		MHz
$V_{OUT}$ Load Capacitance	(Notes 6, 7)	●		33	pF
$V_{OUT}$ Slew Rate	$V_{RFIN} = 1\text{V Step}$ , $C_{LOAD} = 33\text{pF}$ , $R_{LOAD} = 2\text{k}$ (Note 3)		3		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$V_{OUT}$ Noise	$V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ , Noise BW = 1.5MHz, 50 $\Omega$ RF Input Termination		1		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
$V_{OS}$ Voltage Range		●	0	1	V
$V_{OS}$ Input Current		●	-0.5	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$\overline{SHDN}$ Voltage, Chip Disabled	$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V to } 6\text{V}$	●		0.35	V
$\overline{SHDN}$ Voltage, Chip Enabled	$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V to } 6\text{V}$	●	1.4		V
SHDN Input Current	SHDN = 3.6V	●	22	36	$\mu\text{A}$
RF <sub>IN</sub> Input Frequency Range	(Note 8)		300 to 7000		MHz
RF <sub>IN</sub> Input Power Range	RF Frequency = 300MHz to 7GHz (Note 5, 6) $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V to } 6\text{V}$		-32 to 10		dBm
RF <sub>IN</sub> AC Input Resistance	F = 1000MHz, Pin = -25dBm		220		$\Omega$
RF <sub>IN</sub> Input Shunt Capacitance	F = 1000MHz, Pin = -25dBm		0.65		pF

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:** Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

**Note 3:** The rise time at  $V_{OUT}$  is measured between 1.3V and 2.3V.

**Note 4:** Bandwidth is calculated based on the 10% to 90% rise time

equation:  $BW = 0.35/\text{rise time}$ .

**Note 5:** RF performance is tested at 1800MHz

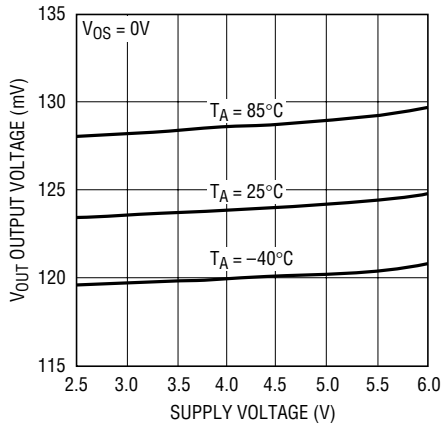
**Note 6:** Guaranteed by design.

**Note 7:** Capacitive loading greater than this value may result in circuit instability.

**Note 8:** Higher frequency operation is achievable with reduced performance. Consult factory for more information.

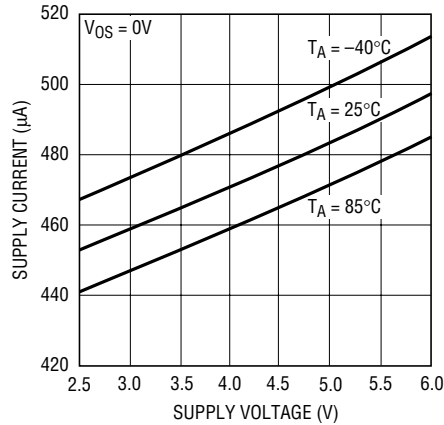
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**V<sub>OUT</sub> Output Voltage vs V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage (RF Input Signal Off)**



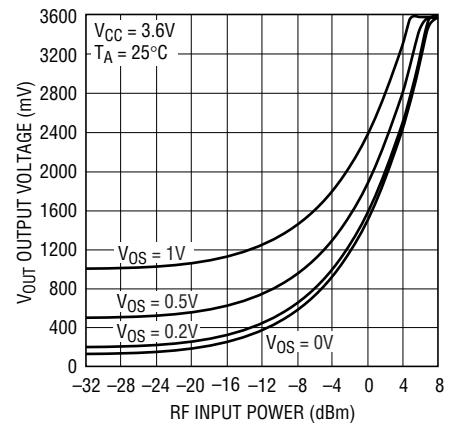
5531 G01

**I<sub>CC</sub> Power Supply Current vs V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage (RF Input Signal Off)**



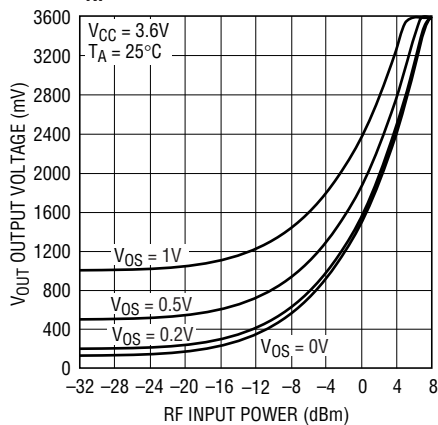
5531 G02

**V<sub>OUT</sub> vs RF Input Power and V<sub>OS</sub>, f<sub>RF</sub> = 300MHz**



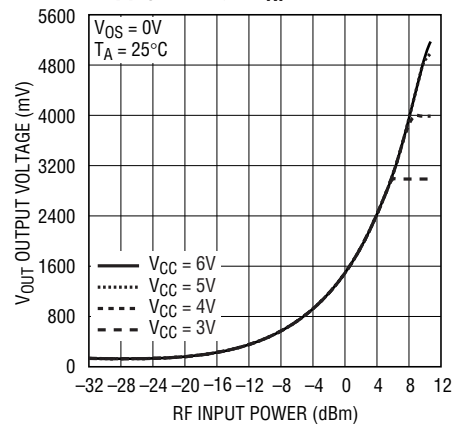
5531 G03

**V<sub>OUT</sub> vs RF Input Power and V<sub>OS</sub>, f<sub>RF</sub> = 1000MHz**



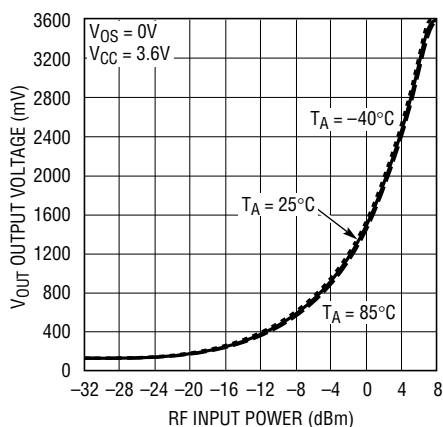
5531 G04

**V<sub>OUT</sub> vs RF Input Power and V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage, f<sub>RF</sub> = 1000MHz**



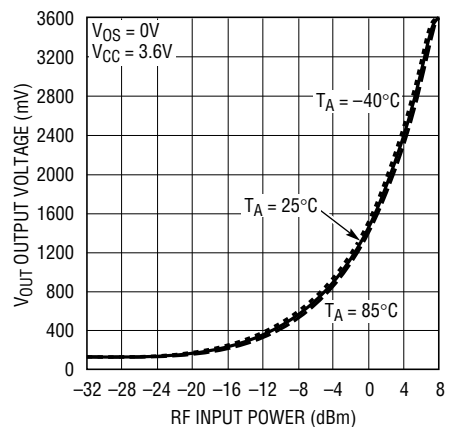
5531 G05

**Typical Detector Characteristics, 300MHz**



5531 G06

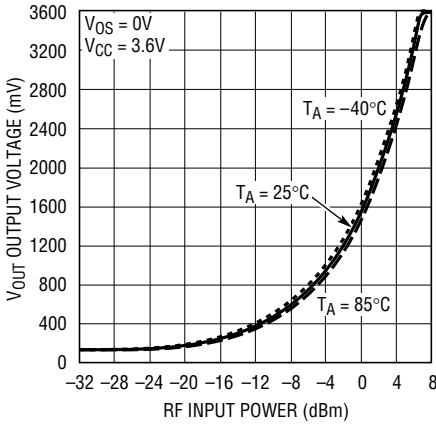
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 1000MHz**



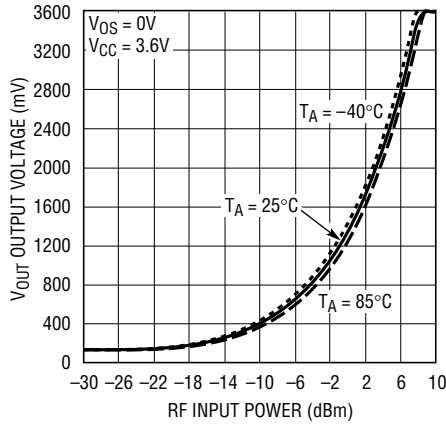
5531 G07

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

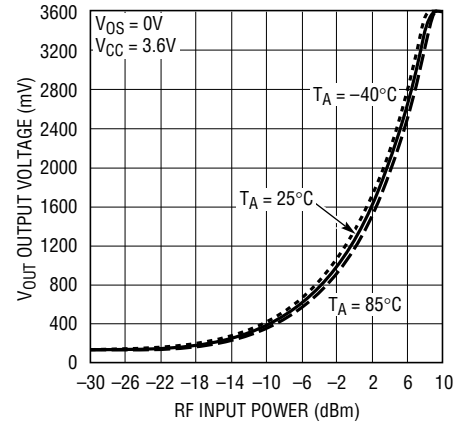
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 2000MHz**



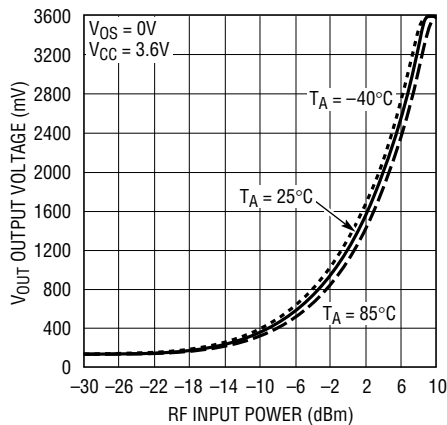
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 3000MHz**



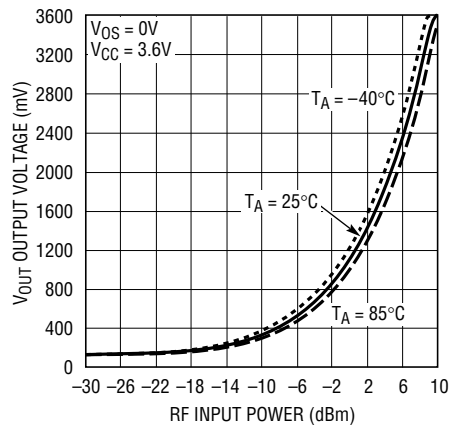
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 4000MHz**



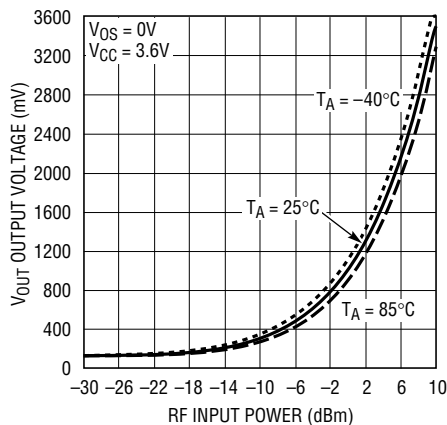
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 5000MHz**



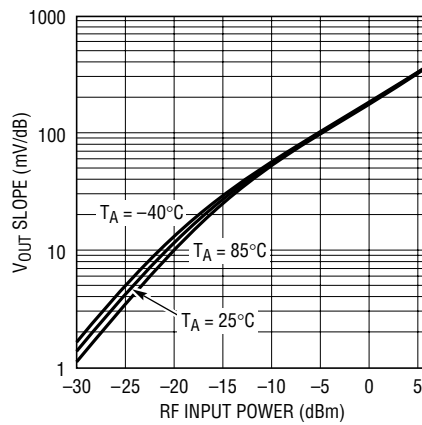
**Typical Detector Characteristics, 6000MHz**



**Typical Detector Characteristics, 7000MHz**

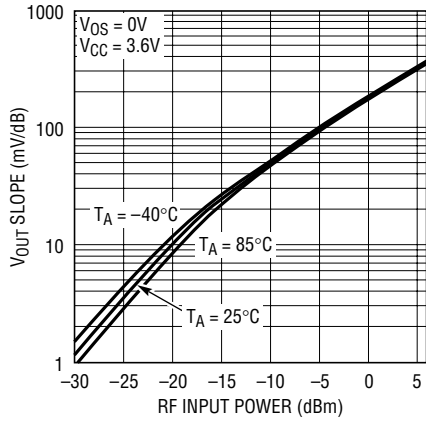


**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 300MHz**

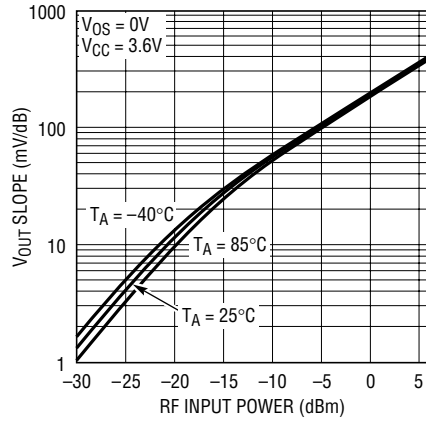


# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

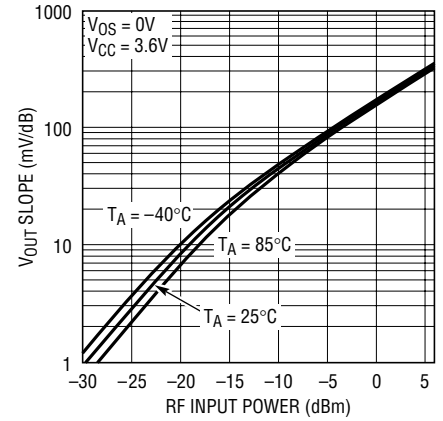
**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 1000MHz**



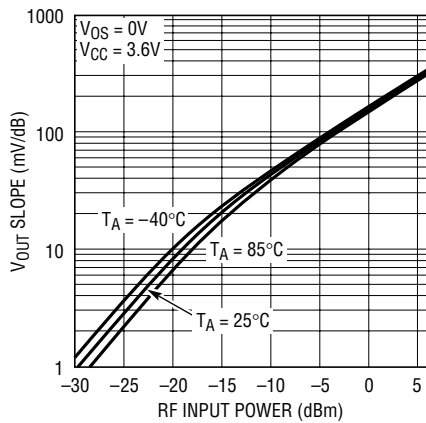
**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 2000MHz**



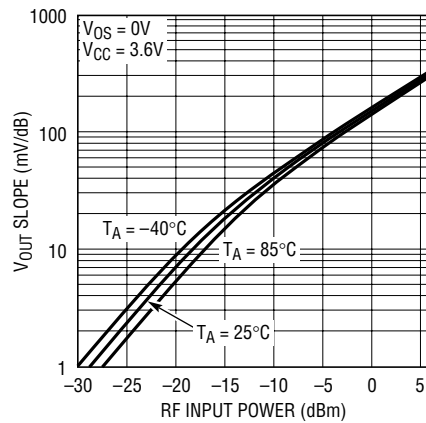
**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 3000MHz**



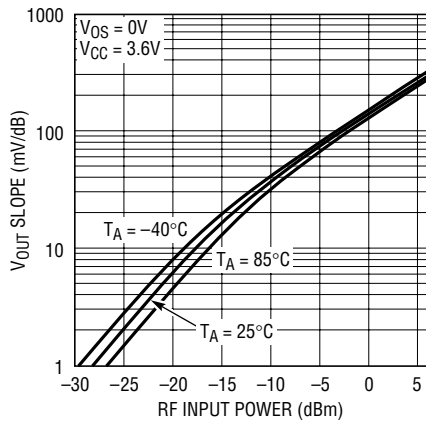
**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 4000MHz**



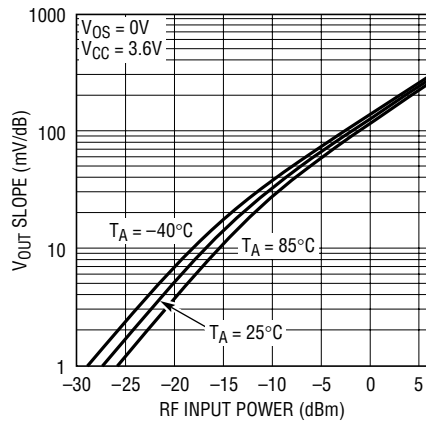
**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 5000MHz**



**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 6000MHz**



**V<sub>OUT</sub> Slope vs RF Input Power at 7000MHz**

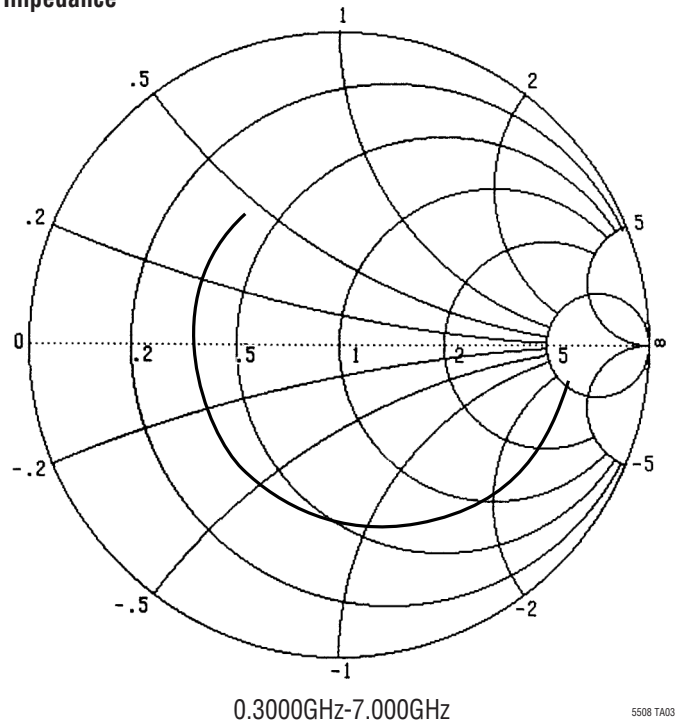


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

RF<sub>IN</sub> Input Impedance (P<sub>in</sub> = 0dBm, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

FREQUENCY (GHz)	RESISTANCE (Ω)	REACTANCE (Ω)
0.30	290.45	-136.22
0.50	234.41	-162.54
0.70	178.25	-170.53
0.90	137.31	-159.89
1.10	109.17	-147.57
1.30	86.30	-136.18
1.50	68.65	-121.74
1.70	57.48	-107.60
1.90	49.79	-96.72
2.10	43.56	-86.70
2.30	38.67	-77.91
2.50	34.82	-70.13
2.70	31.68	-62.86
2.90	29.13	-56.01
3.10	27.17	-49.83
3.30	25.73	-44.24
3.50	24.56	-39.74
3.70	23.18	-35.35
3.90	22.31	-30.62
4.10	20.73	-26.88
4.30	19.88	-22.31
4.50	19.40	-18.23
4.70	19.05	-14.25
4.90	19.08	-10.21
5.10	19.55	-6.30
5.30	20.85	-2.84
5.50	21.94	-1.49
5.70	20.60	-0.07
5.90	19.29	2.99
6.10	18.69	6.61
6.30	18.53	10.39
6.50	18.74	14.35
6.70	19.79	17.91
6.90	19.75	20.77
7.00	19.99	22.47

S11 Forward Reflection  
Impedance



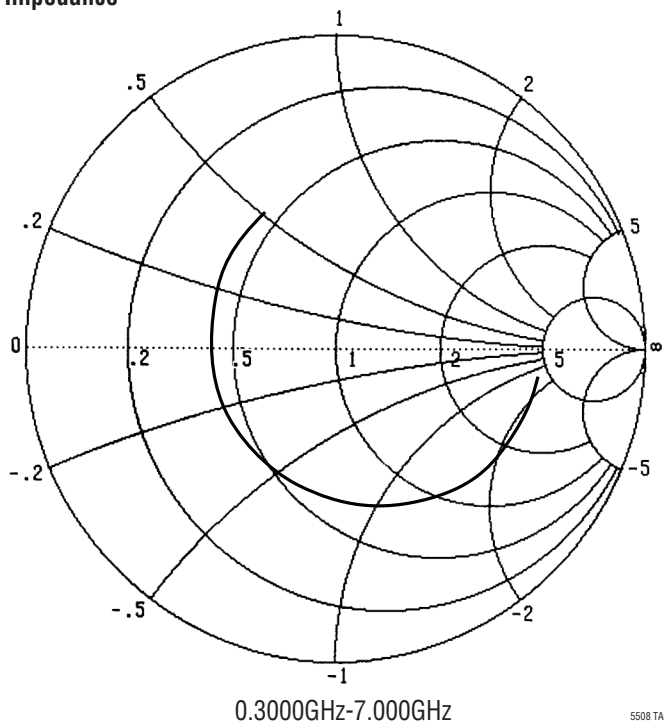
5508 TA03

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

RF<sub>IN</sub> Input Impedance (P<sub>in</sub> = -25dBm, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

FREQUENCY (GHz)	RESISTANCE (Ω)	REACTANCE (Ω)
0.30	216.45	-76.47
0.50	190.63	-98.28
0.70	161.98	-112.03
0.90	133.17	-111.53
1.10	113.08	-109.05
1.30	94.55	-107.08
1.50	75.33	-98.50
1.70	63.52	-88.19
1.90	55.19	-80.05
2.10	48.64	-72.23
2.30	43.73	-64.81
2.50	39.71	-58.31
2.70	36.47	-52.27
2.90	33.69	-46.77
3.10	31.61	-41.25
3.30	29.78	-36.61
3.50	28.27	-32.39
3.70	26.63	-28.12
3.90	26.12	-23.97
4.10	24.20	-20.75
4.30	23.28	-16.69
4.50	22.60	-12.77
4.70	22.21	-9.08
4.90	22.15	-5.24
5.10	22.61	-1.58
5.30	23.90	1.53
5.50	24.97	2.62
5.70	23.51	4.00
5.90	22.25	6.94
6.10	21.57	10.62
6.30	21.43	14.02
6.50	21.69	17.77
6.70	22.68	21.24
6.90	22.81	24.21
7.00	23.07	25.56

S11 Forward Reflection Impedance



5508 TA04

## PIN FUNCTIONS

**RF<sub>IN</sub> (Pin 1):** RF Input Voltage. Referenced to V<sub>CC</sub>. A coupling capacitor must be used to connect to the RF signal source. The frequency range is 300MHz to 7GHz. This pin has an internal 500Ω termination, an internal Schottky diode detector and a peak detector capacitor.

**GND (Pin 2):** Ground.

**SHDN (Pin 3):** Shutdown Input. A logic low on the SHDN pin places the part in shutdown mode. A logic high enables the part. SHDN has an internal 160k pulldown resistor to ensure that the part is in shutdown when no input is

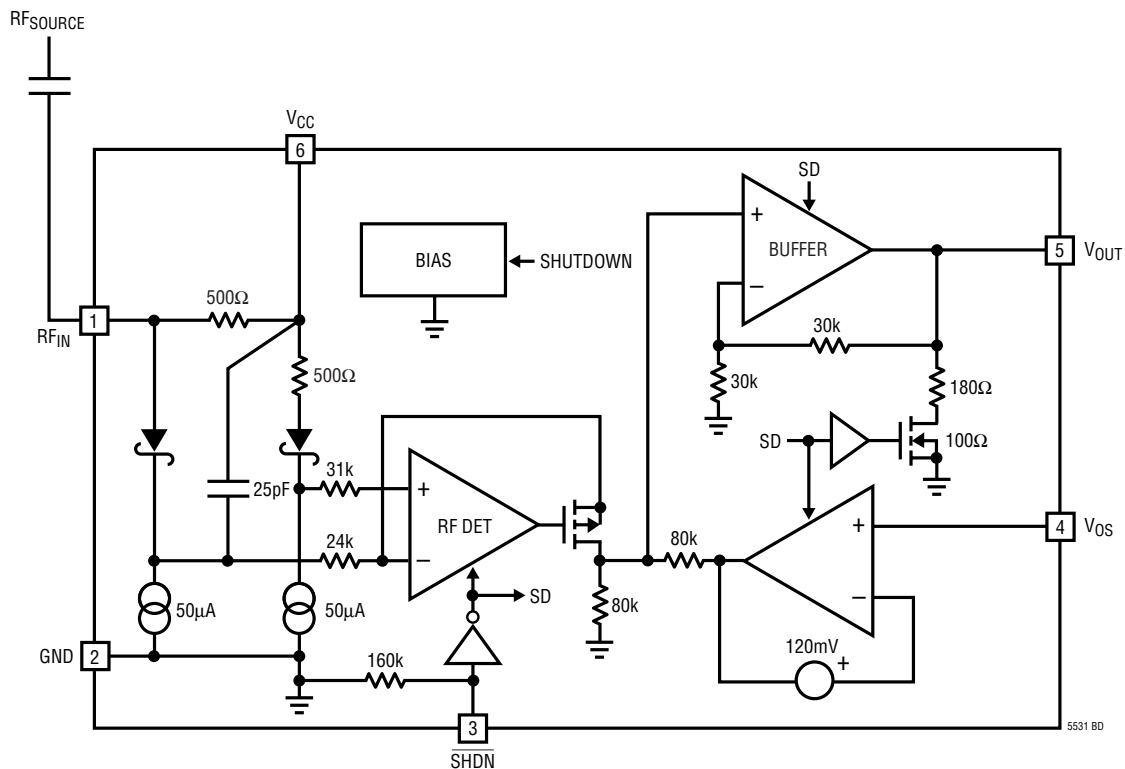
applied. In shutdown V<sub>OUT</sub> is connected to ground via a 280Ω resistor.

**V<sub>OS</sub> (Pin 4):** V<sub>OUT</sub> Offset Voltage Adjustment. This pin adjusts the starting V<sub>OUT</sub> voltage when no RF signal is present. For V<sub>OS</sub> from 0V to 120mV, V<sub>OUT</sub> is unaffected by V<sub>OS</sub>. For V<sub>OS</sub> > 120mV, V<sub>OUT</sub> is the sum of V<sub>OS</sub> plus the detected RF signal.

**V<sub>OUT</sub> (Pin 5):** Detector Output.

**V<sub>CC</sub> (Pin 6):** Power Supply Voltage, 2.7V to 6V. V<sub>CC</sub> should be bypassed appropriately with ceramic capacitors.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM





## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Operation

The LTC5531 RF detector integrates several functions to provide RF power detection over frequencies ranging from 300MHz to 7GHz. These functions include an internal frequency compensated buffer amplifier, an RF Schottky diode peak detector and level shift amplifier to convert the RF input signal to DC and a delay circuit to avoid voltage transients at  $V_{OUT}$  when powering up. The LTC5531 has both shutdown and voltage offset adjustment capabilities.

### Buffer Amplifier

The output buffer amplifier is capable of supplying typically 4mA into a load. The amplifier has a bandwidth of 2MHz and a fixed internal gain of two.

The  $V_{OS}$  input controls the DC input voltage to the buffer amplifier.  $V_{OS}$  must be connected to ground if the DC output voltage is not to be changed. The buffer is initially trimmed to approximately 120mV with  $V_{OS}$  connected to ground.

The  $V_{OS}$  pin is used to change the initial  $V_{OUT}$  starting voltage. This function enables the LTC5531 output to span

the input range of a variety of analog-to-digital converters.  $V_{OUT}$  will not change until  $V_{OS}$  exceeds 120mV. The voltage at  $V_{OUT}$  for  $V_{OS} \geq 120\text{mV}$  and with no RF signal present is:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{OS}$$

$V_{OUT}$  will exactly track  $V_{OS}$  above 120mV.

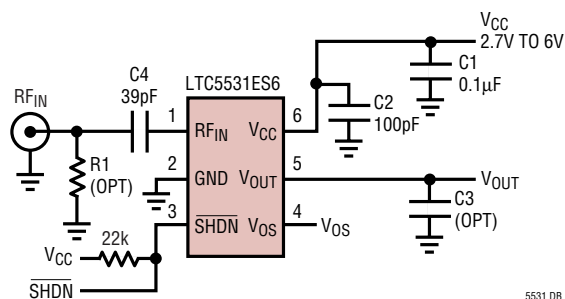
### RF Detector

The internal RF Schottky diode peak detector and level shift amplifier converts the RF input signal to a low frequency signal. The detector demonstrates excellent efficiency and linearity over a wide range of input power. The Schottky diode is biased at about 55 $\mu\text{A}$  and drives a 25pF internal peak detector capacitor.

### Shutdown

The part is in shutdown mode when  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  is low. The supply current is reduced to  $< 2\mu\text{A}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  is shorted to ground via a 280 $\Omega$  resistor. When  $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$  is asserted high, the part is enabled after about 8 $\mu\text{s}$ .

Demo Board Schematic



5531 DB

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Applications

The LTC5531 can be used as a self-standing signal strength measuring receiver for a wide range of input signals from  $-32\text{dBm}$  to  $10\text{dBm}$  for frequencies from  $300\text{MHz}$  to  $7\text{GHz}$ .

Operation at higher frequencies is achievable. Consult factory for more information.

The LTC5531 can be used as a demodulator for AM and ASK modulated signals with data rates up to  $2\text{MHz}$ . Depending on specific application needs, the RSSI output can be split between two branches, providing AC-coupled

data (or audio) output and DC-coupled RSSI output for signal strength measurements and AGC.

The LTC5531 can be used for RF power detection and control. Figure 1 is an example of transmitter power control, using the LTC5531 with a capacitive tap to the power amplifier. A  $0.5\text{pF}$  capacitor ( $C1$ ) followed by a  $200\Omega$  resistor ( $R1$ ) forms a coupling circuit with about  $20\text{dB}$  loss at  $900\text{MHz}$  referenced to the LTC5531 RF input pin. In the actual product implementation, component values for the capacitive tap may be different depending on parts placement, PCB parasitics and parameters of the antenna.

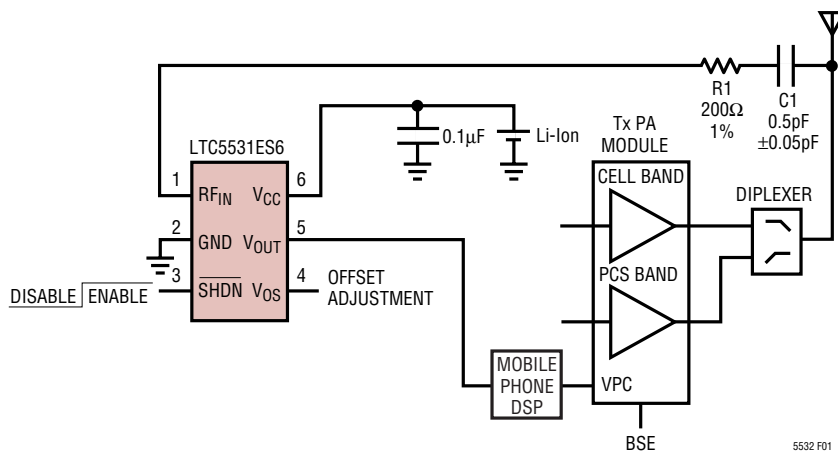


Figure 1. Mobile Phone Tx Power Control Application with a Capacitive Tap

## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**S6 Package**  
**6-Lead Plastic TSOT-23**  
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1636)

