

Rev. V27

Features

- Switch & Attenuator Die
- Extensive Selection of I-Region Lengths
- Hermetic
- Glass Passivated Cermachip
- Oxide Passivated Planar Chips
- Voltage Ratings to 3000 V
- · Fast Switching Speed
- Low Loss
- High Isolation
- RoHS* Compliant

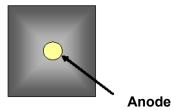
Description

MACOM offers a comprehensive line of low capacitance, planar and mesa, silicon PIN/NIP diode chips which use ceramic glass and silicon nitride passivation technology. The silicon PIN/NIP chip series of devices cover a broad spectrum of performance requirements for control circuit applications. They are available in several choices of I-region lengths and have been optimally designed to minimize parametric trade offs when considering low capacitance, low series resistance, and high breakdown voltages. Their small size and low parasitics, make them an ideal choice for broadband, high frequency, micro-strip hybrid assemblies.

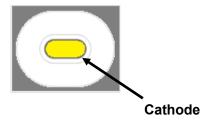
The attenuator line of PIN diode chips are a planar or mesa construction and because of their thicker I-regions and predictable $R_{\rm S}$ vs. I characteristics, they are well suited for low distortion attenuator and switch circuits. Incorporated in the chip's construction is MACOM's, time proven, hard glass, Cermachip process. The hard glass passivation completely encapsulates the entire PIN junction area resulting in a hermetically sealed chip which has been qualified in many military applications. These Cermachip diodes are available in a wide range of voltages, up to 3,000 volts, which are capable of controlling kilowatts of RF power.

Many of MACOM's silicon PIN diode chips are also available in several different package styles. Please refer to the "Packaged PIN Diode Datasheet" for case style availability and electrical specifications located on the MACOM website. Also for high voltage, high power devices refer to MA4PK2000.

PIN Chip



NIP Chip



Absolute Maximum Ratings¹ T_A = +25°C (Unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Absolute Maximum		
Forward Current (I _F)	Per P/N R _s vs. I Graph		
Reverse Voltage (V _R)	Per Specification Table		
Power Dissipation (W)	175°C – T _{ambient} °C Theta		
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +175°C		
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +200°C		
Junction Temperature	+175°C		
Mounting Temperature	+320°C for 10 seconds		

Exceeding these limits may cause permanent damage to the chip.

^{*} Restrictions on Hazardous Substances, compliant to current RoHS EU directive.



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Electrical Specifications: $T_A = +25$ °C

Low Capacitance PIN

	num Character	ım Characteristics		Nominal Characteristics			
Part Number	Reverse Voltage² V _R <10 μA	Capacitance 1 MHz C _J @ -10 V	Series Res. 500 MHz R _s @ 10 mA	Carrier Lifetime ³ T _L	Reverse Recovery Time ⁴ T _{RR}	I Region Length	Theta
	VDC	pF	Ω	ηs	ηѕ	μm	°C/W
MA4P161-134	100	0.10	1.50	150	15	13	65
MA4P203-134	100	0.15	1.50	150	25	13	75
MA4P7493-134	150	0.05	1.80	80	8	19	60
MADP-000165-01340W	200	0.06	2.50	200	20	19	30
MADP-000135-01340W	200	0.15	1.20	440	44	19	30

Attenuator PIN

Maximum C			ristics Nominal Characteristics			ics		
Part Number	Reverse Voltage ² V _R <10 μA	Capacitance 1 MHz C _J @ -100 V	Series Res. 100 MHz R _s @ 10 mA	Carrier Lifetime ³ T _L	Series Res. 100 MHz R _s @ 10 µA	Series Res. 100 MHz R _S @ 1 mA	I Region Length	Theta
	V _{DC}	pF	Ω	μs	Ω	Ω	mils	°C/W
MA47416-132	200	0.15	6	2	2000	30	4	30
MA47418-134	200	0.15	3	1	500	15	2	25

^{2.} Reverse Voltage (V_R) is sourced and the resultant reverse leakage current (I_R) is measured to be <10 μ A.

^{3.} Nominal carrier life time (T_L) specified at I_F = +10 mA, I_{REV} = -6 mA.

^{4.} Nominal reverse recovery time specified at $I_F = +20$ mA, $I_{REV} = -200$ mA.



PIN / NIP Diode Chips
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Electrical Specifications: $T_A = +25$ °C (cont.)

Cermachip PIN

	Maximum Characteristics			Non	ninal Characteris	stics
Part Number	Reverse Voltage ⁵ V _R <10 μA	e ⁵ 1 MHz	Series Res. 100 MHz R _s @ 100 mA	Carrier Lifetime ⁶	l Region Length	Theta
	V _{DC}	pF	Ω	μs	μm	°C/W
MA4P303-134	200	0.15 @ 10 V	1.5 @ 10 mA ⁸	0.3	20	30
MA4P404-132	250	0.20 @ 50 V	0.70 @ 50 mA ⁸	0.6	30	20
MA4P504-132	500	0.20	0.60	1	50	20
MA4P505-131	500	0.35	0.45	2	50	14
MA4P506-131	500	0.70	0.30	3	50	11
MADP-000488-13740W	900	0.19 @ 50 V	1.6 @ 50 mA	4	140	45
MA4P604-131	1000	0.30	1.00	3	90	10
MA4P606-131	1000	0.60	0.70	4	90	8
MA4P607-212	1000	1.30	0.40	12	127	4
MADP-011141-13160W	1100	0.40	0.70	7	140	10
MADP-04P709-0DIEW0	1500	3.17 @ 50 V	0.20	24	200	2
MA4PK3000-1252 ⁷	3000	2.90	0.25 @ 500 mA ⁹	60	350	1.5

^{5.} Reverse Voltage (V_R) is sourced and the resultant reverse leakage current (I_R) is measured to be <10 μA.

6. Nominal carrier life time (T_L) specified at I_F = +10 mA, I_{REV} = -6 mA.

Cermachip NIP

	Max	Nominal Characteristics				
Part Number	Reverse Voltage ¹⁰ V _R <10 μA	Capacitance 1 MHz C _J @ -50 V	Series Res. 100 MHz R _s @ 10 mA	Carrier Lifetime ¹¹ T _L	I Region Length	Theta
	V _{DC}	pF	Ω	ns	μm	°C/W
MADN-011147-0DIEW0	400	0.1	2.5	950	45	20

^{10.} Reverse Voltage (V_R) is sourced and the resultant reverse leakage current (I_R) is measured to be <10 µA.

Upon completion of circuit installation, the chip must be covered with a dielectric conformal coating such as SYLGARD 539[®] to prevent voltage arcing.

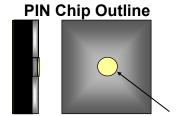
^{8.} Test Frequency = 500 MHz.

^{9.} Test Frequency = 4 MHz.

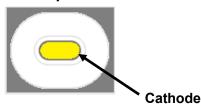
^{11.} Nominal carrier life time (T_L) specified at I_F = +10 mA, I_{REV} = -6 mA., 90%.



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NIP Chip Outline



Anode

Low Capacitance PIN Chip

	Nominal Characteristics (mils.)				
Part Number	Anode Diameter ± 0.5	Chip Size ± 0.5	Chip Thickness ± 0.5		
MA4P161-134	3.5	13 x 13	6.0		
MA4P203-134	3.1	13 x 13	6.0		
MA4P7493-134	3.8	13 x 13	6.5		
MADP-000165-01340W	2.3	13 x 13	10.0		
MADP-000135-01340W	3.1	13 x 13	10.0		

Attenuator PIN Chip

	Nominal Characteristics (mils.)				
Part Number	Anode Diameter ± 0.5	Chip Thickness ± 1.0			
MA47416-132	7.5 x 7.5 ¹⁰	19 x 19	7.0		
MA47418-134	7.5	13 x 13	7.0		

^{10.} Anode top contact is square.

Cermachip PIN Chip

	Nomi	Nominal Characteristics (mils.)				
Part Number	Anode Diameter ± 0.5	Chip Size ± 2.0	Chip Thickness ± 1.0			
MA4P303-134	3.0	13 x 13	10.0			
MA4P404-132	6.8	20 x 20	10.0			
MA4P504-132	6.8	20 x 20	10.0			
MA4P505-131	13.0	27 x 27	11.0			
MA4P506-131	15.8	27 x 27	12.0			
MADP-000488-13740W	12.2	23 x 23	13.5			
MA4P604-131	17.0	27 x 27	13.5			
MA4P606-131	21.0	32 x 32	14.0			
MA4P607-212	37.0	62 x 62	18.5			
MA4PK3000-1252	85.0	172 x 172	28.0			
MADP-011141-13160W	17.5	32 x 32	16.0			
MADP-04P709-0DIEW0	71.6	115 x 115	21.0			

Cermachip NIP Chip

	Nominal Characteristics (mils.)			
Part Number	Cathode (Oval) ± 0.2	Chip Size ± 1.0	Chip Thickness ± 0.5	
MADN-011147-0DIE0W	7.3 x 3.5	17.5 x 13.5	7.0	

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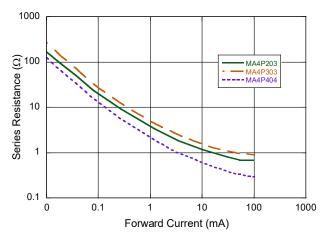
Visit www.macom.com for additional data sheets and product information.



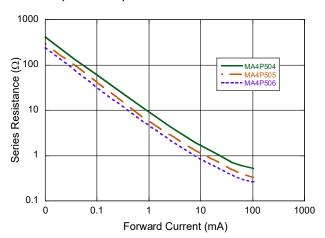
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Typical Series Resistance vs. Forward Current Performance

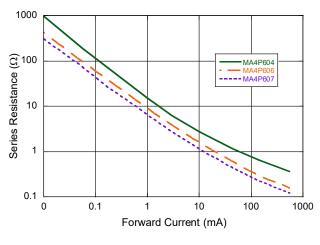
MA4P203, MA4P303, MA4P404



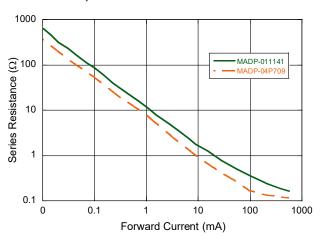
MA4P504, MA4P505, MA4P506



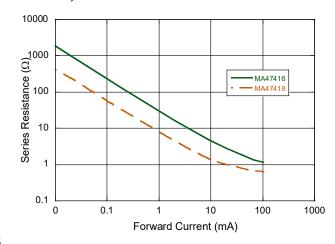
MA4P604, MA4P606, MA4P607



MADP-011141, MAPD-04P709



MA47416, MA47418

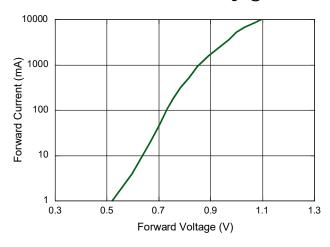




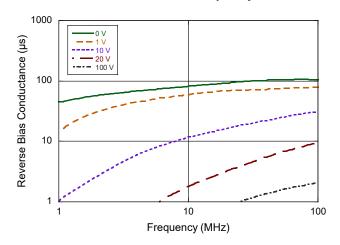
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MA4PK3000 (3kV) Chip

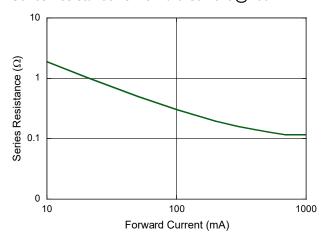
Forward Current vs. DC Forward Voltage @ 100 MHz



Reverse Bias Conductance vs. Frequency



Series Resistance vs. Forward Current @ 100 MHz





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Die Handling and Bonding Information:

Handling:

All semiconductor chips should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration, salts, and skin oils. The use of plastic tipped tweezers or vacuum pickup is strongly recommended for the handling and placing of individual components. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.

Die Attach Surface:

Die can be mounted with an 80Au/Sn20, eutectic solder preform, RoHS compliant solders or electrically conductive silver epoxy. The metal RF and DC ground plane mounting surface must be free of contamination and should have a surface flatness of $< \pm 0.002$ ".

Eutectic Die Attachment Using Hot Gas Die Bonder:

A work surface temperature of +255°C is recommended. When hot forming gas (95%N/5%H) is applied, the work area temperature should be approximately +290°C. The chip should not be exposed to temperatures greater than +320°C for more than 10 seconds.

Eutectic Die Attachment Using Reflow Oven:

For recommended reflow profile refer to Application Note 538 "Surface Mounting Instructions".

Electrically Conductive Epoxy Die Attachment:

A controlled amount of electrically conductive, silver epoxy, approximately 1 - 2 mils in thickness, should be used to minimize ohmic and thermal resistance. A thin epoxy fillet should be visible around the perimeter of the chip after placement to ensure full area coverage. Cure conductive epoxy per manufacturer's schedule. Typically +150°C for 1 hour.

Wire and Ribbon Bonding:

The die anode bond pads have a Ti-Pt-Au metallization scheme, with a final gold thickness of 1.0 micron. Thermo-compression or thermo-sonic wedge bonding of either gold wire or ribbon is recommended. A bonder heat stage temperature setting of +200°C, tool tip temperature of +150°C and a force of 18 to 50 grams is suggested. Ultrasonic energy may also be used but should be adjusted to the minimum amplitude required to achieve an acceptable bond. Excessive energy may cause the anode metallization to separate from the chip. Automatic ball or wedge bonding may also be used.

For more detailed handling and assembly instructions, see Application Note M541, "Bonding and Handling Procedures for Chip Diode Devices".