# Digital Attenuator 1-Bit, 10 dB DC - 30 GHz



MAAD-011057-DIE Rev. V1

#### **Features**

- 1 Bit Digital Attenuator
- Low Insertion Loss: 1.4 dB
- 10 dB Attenuation
- 50 Ω Impedance
- Bare Die
- RoHS\* Compliant
- Chip Size: 645 x 605 μm

### **Applications**

- Telecom Infrastructure
- Fiber Optics
- Phase Array Radars, Sensors
- Test Instruments
- Microwave Radio & VSAT
- General Purpose

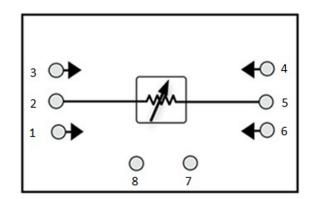
### Description

The MAAD-011057-DIE is a broadband bidirectional, 1-bit GaAs (pHEMT) digital step attenuator of 10 dB step size. Complementary 0 V and -5 V logic input is necessary to change the attenuators states from insertion loss to attenuation.

The MAAD-011057-DIE is part of a series of single bit digital attenuators covering the same frequency range and having the same physical size:

MAAD-011053-DIE: 2 dB MAAD-011054-DIE: 4 dB MAAD-011055-DIE: 6 dB MAAD-011056-DIE: 8 dB

### **Functional Schematic**



# Pad Configuration<sup>1</sup>

| Pad#    | Name              | Function          |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1,3,4,6 | GND               | Ground            |
| 2       | RF <sub>IN</sub>  | RF Input          |
| 5       | RF <sub>OUT</sub> | RF Output         |
| 7       | VC2               | Control Voltage 2 |
| 8       | VC1               | Control Voltage 1 |

 GND bond pads 1,3,4 and 6 are connected to the backside of the die through via holes. Therefore, these bond pads may be left open.

# **Ordering Information**

| Part Number     | Package  |
|-----------------|----------|
| MAAD-011057-DIE | Gel Pack |

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<sup>\*</sup> Restrictions on Hazardous Substances, compliant to current RoHS EU directive.



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### **Electrical Specifications:**

Freq. = DC - 30 GHz,  $T_A$  = 25°C,  $Z_0$  = 50  $\Omega$  (measured with 150  $\mu$ m G-S-G RF probes)

| Parameter                                | Test Conditions                                     | Units | Min.              | Тур.               | Max.                 |
|--|---|-------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Insertion Loss                           | 6 GHz<br>18 GHz<br>30 GHz                           | dB    | _                 | 0.9<br>1.2<br>1.4  | 1.45<br>1.65<br>2.00 |
| Attenuation                              | 6 GHz<br>18 GHz<br>30 GHz                           | dB    | 9.4<br>8.6<br>7.3 | 10.6<br>9.8<br>8.5 | 11.8<br>11.0<br>9.7  |
| Return Losses                            | RF Input<br>RF Output                               | dB    | _                 | 15<br>15           | _                    |
| Input IP3                                | Two-tone, 10 MHz, +5 dBm                            | dBm   | _                 | 40                 | _                    |
| T <sub>RISE</sub><br>T <sub>FALL</sub>   | 10% RF to 90% RF<br>90% RF to 10% RF                | ns    | _                 | 10<br>35           | _                    |
| T <sub>ON</sub><br>T <sub>OFF</sub>      | 50% Control to 90% RF<br>50% Control to 10% RF      | ns    | _                 | 15<br>40           | _                    |
| VC1, VC2                                 | LOW-level input voltage<br>HIGH-level input voltage | V     | -5.5<br>-0.2      | -5<br>0            | -3<br>0.2            |
| I <sub>VC</sub> (Input Control Currents) | $V_C = -5 \text{ V or } 0 \text{ V}$                | μA    | _                 | 1                  | _                    |

# Truth Table<sup>2</sup>

| VC1 | VC2 | Attenuation    |
|-----|-----|----------------|
| 0   | 1   | Insertion Loss |
| 1   | 0   | 10 dB          |

<sup>2. &</sup>quot;0" = -5 V; "1" = 0 V.

### **Handling Procedures**

Please observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

# Static Sensitivity (ESD Rating)

These electronic devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and can be damaged by static electricity. Proper ESD control techniques should be used when handling these devices. This device has a CLASS 0 ESD rating

# **Maximum Operating Conditions**

| Parameter             | Maximum          |  |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| Input Power           | 27 dBm           |  |
| VC1 and VC2           | -5.5 V to +0.2 V |  |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C to +85°C   |  |

# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>3,4</sup>

| Parameter           | Absolute Maximum |  |  |
|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Input Power         | 30 dBm           |  |  |
| VC1 and VC2         | -6 V to +0.5 V   |  |  |
| Storage Temperature | -65°C to +150°C  |  |  |

<sup>3.</sup> Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.

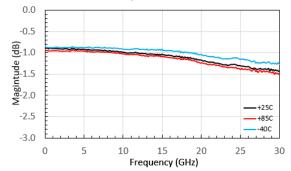
MACOM does not recommend sustained operation near these survivability limits.



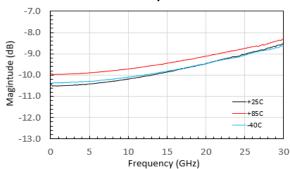
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### Typical Performance Curves: measured with 150 µm G-S-G RF probes

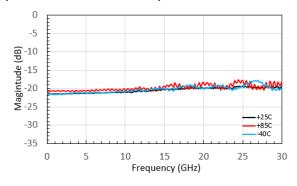
#### Insertion Loss, over temperature



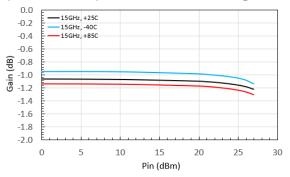
### Relative Attenuation & Temperature



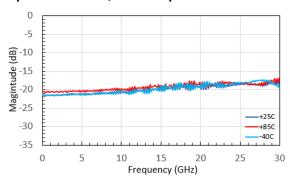
### Input Return Loss, over Temperature



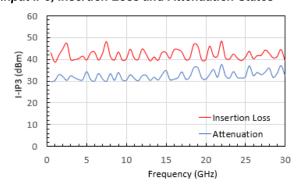
### Input Power Compression (Insertion Loss @ 15 GHz)



#### Output Return Loss, over Temperature



Input IP3, Insertion Loss and Attenuation States

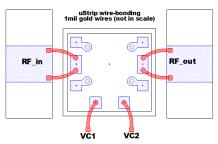




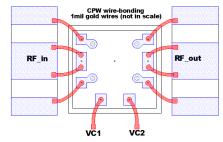
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### **Recommended Mounting & Wire-Bonding**



(a) Recommended Microstrip wire bonding



(b) Recommended CPW wire bonding

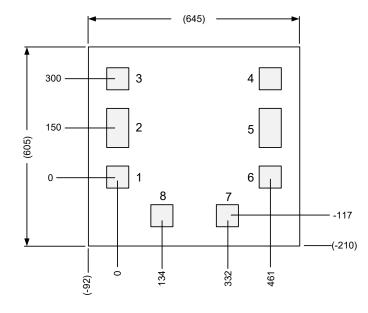
The DIE should be directly attached to the RF/DC ground plane; either with solder (AuSn) or a thin application of conductive epoxy. Avoid overflows.

The 50  $\Omega$  microstrip, or 50  $\Omega$  CPW transmission lines should be brought up as close as possible to the die in order to minimize the connecting wire bonds inductances.

A typical spacing between die and microstrip substrate should be kept between 75 - 125 µm for best RF behavior. All bonds should be kept as short as possible. Use minimum ultrasonic energy for reliable wire bonds.

Two bond wires are recommended for the RF ports as shown above. Simultaneously, it is recommended to have the height of the die at the same height of the transmission's line substrate. Do not exceed a substrate height of 10 mils for the transmission lines used. A pedestal may be needed to lift the chip to the level of the 50  $\Omega$  T-Line. If CPW transmission lines are used, make sure that the ground planes of the CPW structure are wire bonded to the ground pads (G-S-G) on the DIE as shown above.

# DIE Outline<sup>5,6,7</sup>



### Bond Pad Size (µm)

| Pad #   | X (µm) | Y (µm) | Pad Label         |
|---------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| 1,3,4,6 | 67     | 67     | Ground            |
| 2       | 67     | 117    | RF Input          |
| 5       | 67     | 117    | RF Output         |
| 7       | 70     | 70     | Control Voltage 2 |
| 8       | 70     | 70     | Control Voltage 1 |

- 5. Unless otherwise specified, all dimensions are in  $\mu m$  with a tolerance of  $\pm 5~\mu m$ .
- Die thickness is 100 ±10 μm.
- Die size reflects cut dimensions. Die size is reduced by 25 μm each dimension.