

## General Description

The MAX17681 evaluation kit (EV kit) is a fully assembled and tested circuit board that demonstrates the performance of the MAX17681 high-efficiency, iso-buck DC-DC converter. The EV kit operates over a wide input voltage range of 17V to 32V and uses primary-side feedback to regulate the output voltage. The EV kit has two output configurations. In the first configuration, the output is programmed to  $\pm 15V$  at 100mA, with  $\pm 10\%$  output-voltage regulation. The second configuration uses a post regulator (MAX17651) to produce  $\pm 12V$  at 50mA with  $< \pm 3\%$  regulation.

The EV kit comes installed with the MAX17681 in a 10-pin (3mm x 2mm) TDFN package and MAX17651 in a 6-pin TSOT package.

## Features

- 17V to 32V Input Voltage Range
- $\pm 15V$ , 100mA or  $\pm 12V$ , 50mA Continuous Current
- EN/UVLO Input
- 200kHz Switching Frequency
- 90% Peak Efficiency
- Overcurrent Protection
- No Optocoupler
- Delivers Up to 3W Output Power
- Overtemperature Protection
- Proven PCB layout

**Ordering Information** appears at end of data sheet.

## Quick Start

### Recommended Equipment

- One 15V to 60V DC, 0.5A power supply
- Two loads of 50mA to 100mA sink capacity
- Four digital multimeters (DMM)

**Caution: Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.**

### Procedure

The EV kit comes with default output configuration programmed to  $\pm 15V$ .

### Test Procedure for $\pm 15V$ Output

- 1) Verify that jumper JU1 is open.
- 2) Verify that the R17–R19 are not installed.
- 3) Set the power-supply output to 24V. Disable the power supply.
- 4) Connect the positive terminal of the power supply to the VIN PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest PGND PCB pad. Connect the positive terminal of the first 100mA load to the +15V PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest GND0 PCB pad. Connect the positive terminal of the second 100mA load to the GND0 PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest -15V PCB pad.
- 5) Connect a DMM configured in voltmeter mode across the +15V PCB pad and the nearest GND0 PCB pad. Connect another DMM configured in voltmeter mode across the -15V PCB pad and the nearest GND0 PCB pad.
- 6) Enable the input power supply.
- 7) Enable the loads and verify that the output voltage is at  $\pm 15V$  with respect to GND.
- 8) If required, vary the input voltage from 17V to 32V, the load current from 0 to 100mA, and verify that the output voltage is  $\pm 15V$ .

**Test Procedure for  $\pm 12V$  Output**

- 1) Verify that JU1 is open.
- 2) Remove R16 and R10. Place 0 $\Omega$  resistors in R18 and R19. Place a 681k $\Omega$  pack-out resistor (comes with EV kit package) in R17.
- 3) Set the power-supply output to 24V. Disable the power supply.
- 4) Connect the positive terminal of the power supply to the VIN PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest PGND PCB pad. Connect the positive terminal of the first 50mA load to the +12V PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest GND0 PCB pad. Connect the positive terminal of the second 50mA load to the GND0 PCB pad and the negative terminal to the nearest -12V PCB pad.
- 5) Connect a DMM configured in voltmeter mode across the +12V PCB pad and the nearest GND0 PCB pad. Connect another DMM configured in voltmeter mode across the -12V PCB pad and the nearest GND0 PCB pad.
- 6) Enable the input power supply.
- 7) Enable the loads and verify that the output voltage is at  $\pm 12V$  with respect to GND.
- 8) If required, vary the input voltage from 17V to 32V, the load current from 0 to 50mA, and verify that the output voltage is  $\pm 12V$ .

**Detailed Description**

The EV kit is a fully assembled and tested circuit board that demonstrates the performance of the MAX17681 high-efficiency, iso-buck DC-DC converter designed to provide isolated power up to 3W. The EV kit generates either  $\pm 15V$ , 100mA or  $\pm 12V$ , 50mA output voltages from a 17V to 32V input supply. The EV kit features a forced-PWM control scheme that provides constant switching-frequency of 200kHz operation at all load and line conditions. The EV kit includes an EN/UVLO PCB pad to enable control of the converter output. The VPRI PCB pad helps measure the regulated nonisolated buck voltage. An additional RESET PCB pad is available for monitoring FB regulated voltage, the open-drain logic output. The programmable soft-start feature allows users to reduce input inrush current.

The iso-buck is a synchronous-buck-converter-based topology, useful for generating isolated outputs at low power level without using an optocoupler. The detailed procedure for setting the soft-start time, ENABLE/UVLO divider, primary output-voltage ( $V_{PRI}$ ) selection, adjusting the primary output voltage, primary inductance selection, turns-ratio selection, output capacitor selection, output diode selection, and external loop compensation are given in the MAX17681 IC data sheet. The post-regulator MAX17651 output-voltage setting and additional related information are detailed in the MAX17651 IC data sheet.

**Enable Control (JU1)**

The EN/UVLO pin on the device serves as an on/off control while also allowing the user to program the input undervoltage-lockout (UVLO) threshold. JU1 configures the EV kit’s output for on/off control. Install a shunt across JU1 pins 2-3 to disable VOUT. See [Table 1](#) for proper JU1 jumper configurations.

**Table 1. Enable Control (EN/UVLO) (JU1) Jumper Settings**

SHUNT POSITION	EN/UVLO PIN	VOUT OUTPUT
1-2	Connected to VIN	Enabled
2-3	Connected to GND	Disabled
Open*	Connected to midpoint of R1, R2 resistor-divider	Enabled at VIN $\geq$ 15.5V

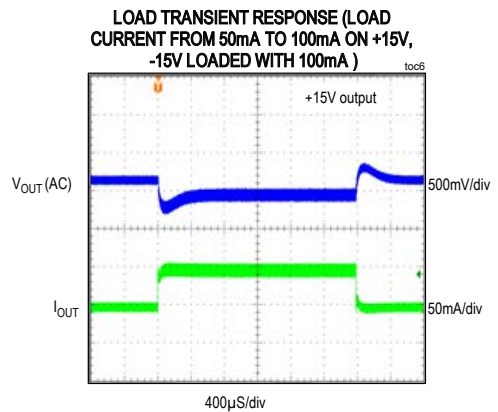
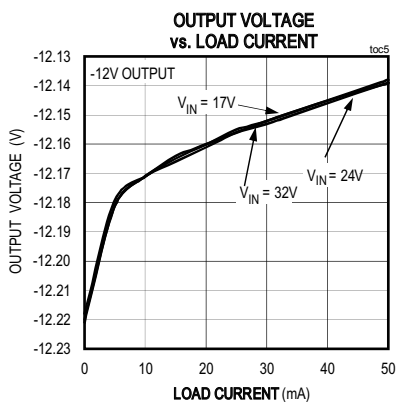
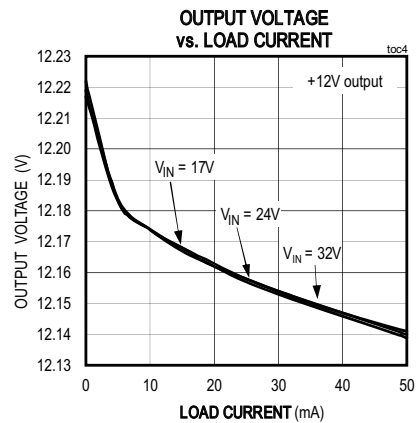
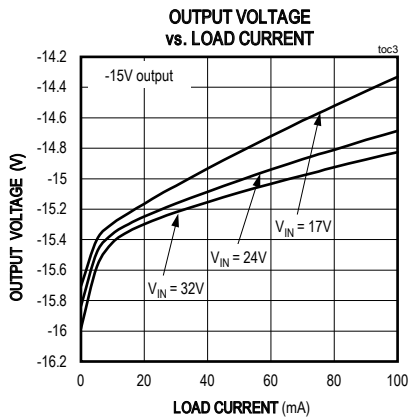
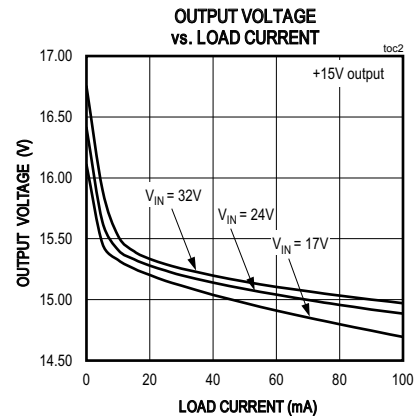
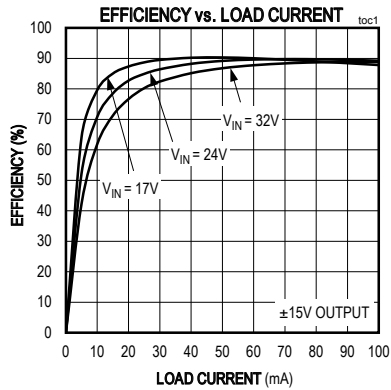
\*Default position.

**Component Suppliers**

SUPPLIER	WEBSITE
Wurth Electronik	www.we-online.com
Murata Americas	www.murata.com
Panasonic Corp.	www.panasonic.com

**Note:** Indicate that you are using the MAX17681 when contacting these component suppliers.

EV Kit Performance Report



MAX17681 EV Kit Bill of Materials

S NO	Designation	Qty	Description	Manufacturer Partnumber-1	Mfr PN-2	Mfr PN-3	Mfr PN-4
1	C1	1	1µF±10%, 50V, X7R Ceramic capacitor (1206)	Murata GRM31CR71H05KA61	KEMET C1206C105K5RAC	Murata GRM31MR71H05KA88	Mfr PN-4
2	C2	1	1µF±10%, 16V X7R Ceramic capacitor (0603)	Murata GRM188R71C105KA12	KEMET C0603C105K4RAC	TDK C1608X7R1C105K	TAIYO YUDEN EMK107B7L05KA
3	C3,C4	2	33nF±10%, 25V, X7R ceramic capacitor (0402)	Murata GRM155R71E333KA88			
4	C5	1	680pF±5%, 50V, X7R ceramic capacitor (0402)	Murata GRM1555C1H681JA01	TDK C1005C0G1H681G050	VENKEL LTD C0402COG500-681JNP	Murata GRM1555C1H681GA01
5	C6	1	10µF±10%, 16V, X7R ceramic capacitor (1206)	Murata GRM31CR71C106KAC7			
6	C7,C8,C9,C10	4	2.2µF±10%, 50V, X7R ceramic capacitor (1206)	Murata GRM31CR71H225KA88	TAIYO YUDEN UMK316B7225K		
7	C11	1	1000PF ±10%, 1500V, X7R ceramic capacitor (1206)	AVX 4206SC102KAT			
8	C12,C13	2	0.1µF±10%, 25V, COG ceramic capacitor(0402)	Murata GRM155R71E104KE14			
9	C14	1	0.01µF±10%, 50V, X7R ceramic capacitor (0402)	Murata GRM155R71H03KA88	KEMET C0402C103K5RAC		
10	C15	1	22µF, 20%, 50V, ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR 6.60" 6.60mm,	Panasonic EEEFK1H220P			
11	JU1	1	3-pin headers	SULLINS ELECTRONICS CORP PEC035AAN			
12	D1,D2	2	200V/1A, PowerDI®123	Diode inc. DF1S1200-7			
13	R1	1	3.011M Ohm±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW04023M01FK			
14	R2	1	261K Ohm±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW0402261KFK			
15	R3	1	90.9K Ohm±1% resistor (0402)	PANASONIC ERJ-2RKF9092X			
16	R4	1	10.5kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	PANASONIC ERJ-2RKF1052			
17	R5	1	4.75kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW0402475FK			
18	R6	1	100kΩ ±5% resistor (0402)	PANASONIC ERJ-2GEJ104X			
19	R7,R9	2	22kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW040222K0FK			
20	R8	1	82.5kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW0402825KFK	BOURNS CR0402-FX-8252GLF		
21	R10	1	562Ω ±1% resistor (0402)	PANASONIC ERJ-2RKF5620X			
22	R11	1	931kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW0402931KFK			
23	R12,R14	2	909kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW0402909KFK			
24	R13,R15	2	47.5kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	VISHAY DALE CRCW04024752FK	VISHAY DALE 9C04021A4752FLHF3	VISHAY DALE CRCW040247K5FK	
25	R16	1	0Ω ±5% resistor (0805)	YAGEO PHYCOMP RC0805JR-070RL			
26	R17	1	681kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)	YAGEO PHYCOMP RC0805JR-070RL			
27	R18,R19	2	0Ω ±1% resistor (0402)	YAGEO PHYCOMP RC0402JR-070RL	VENKEL LTD CR0402-16W-000RJT		
28	T1	1	EP10, 8-pin SMT, 50µH, 1.4A, (1-4)/(5-6)/(7-8) = 1:1.8:1.8	WURTH ELECTRONICS INC. 750342557			
29	U1	1	MAX17681 TDFN10 3*2mm Iso buck-DC-DC converter	MAX17681ATB+			
30	U2,U3	1	MAX17651 TSOT LDO	MAX17651AZT+			
31	U4	1	Shunt regulator SOT25	Diode inc. TL431BW5			

# MAX17681 Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX17681 for Isolated  $\pm 15V$  or  $\pm 12V$  Output Configuration

## MAX17681 EV Kit PCB Layout Diagrams

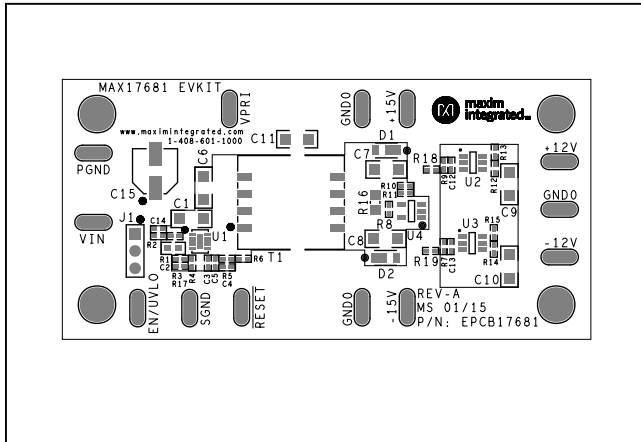


Figure 1. MAX17681 EV Kit Component Placement Guide—Component Side

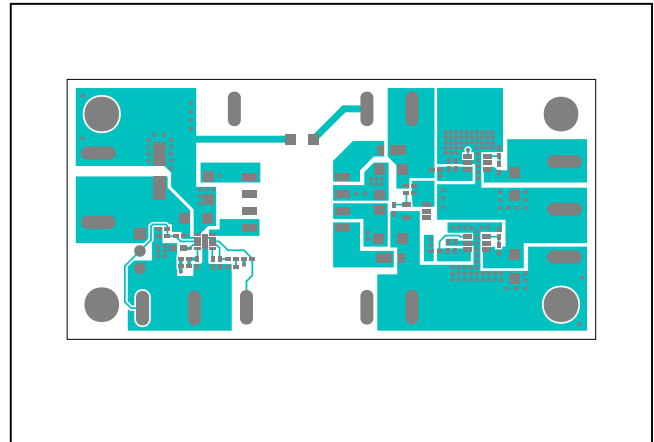


Figure 2. MAX17681V EV Kit PCB Layout—Component Side

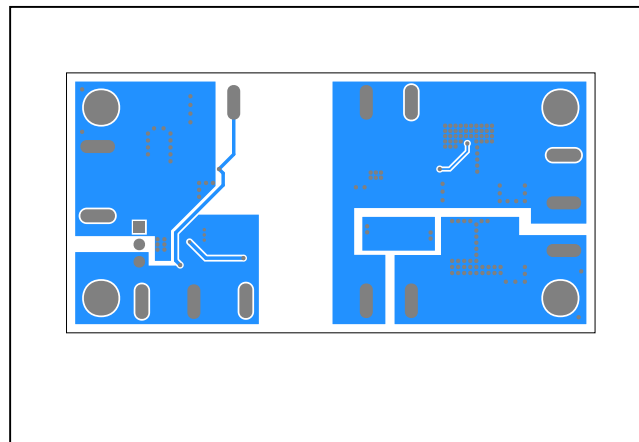
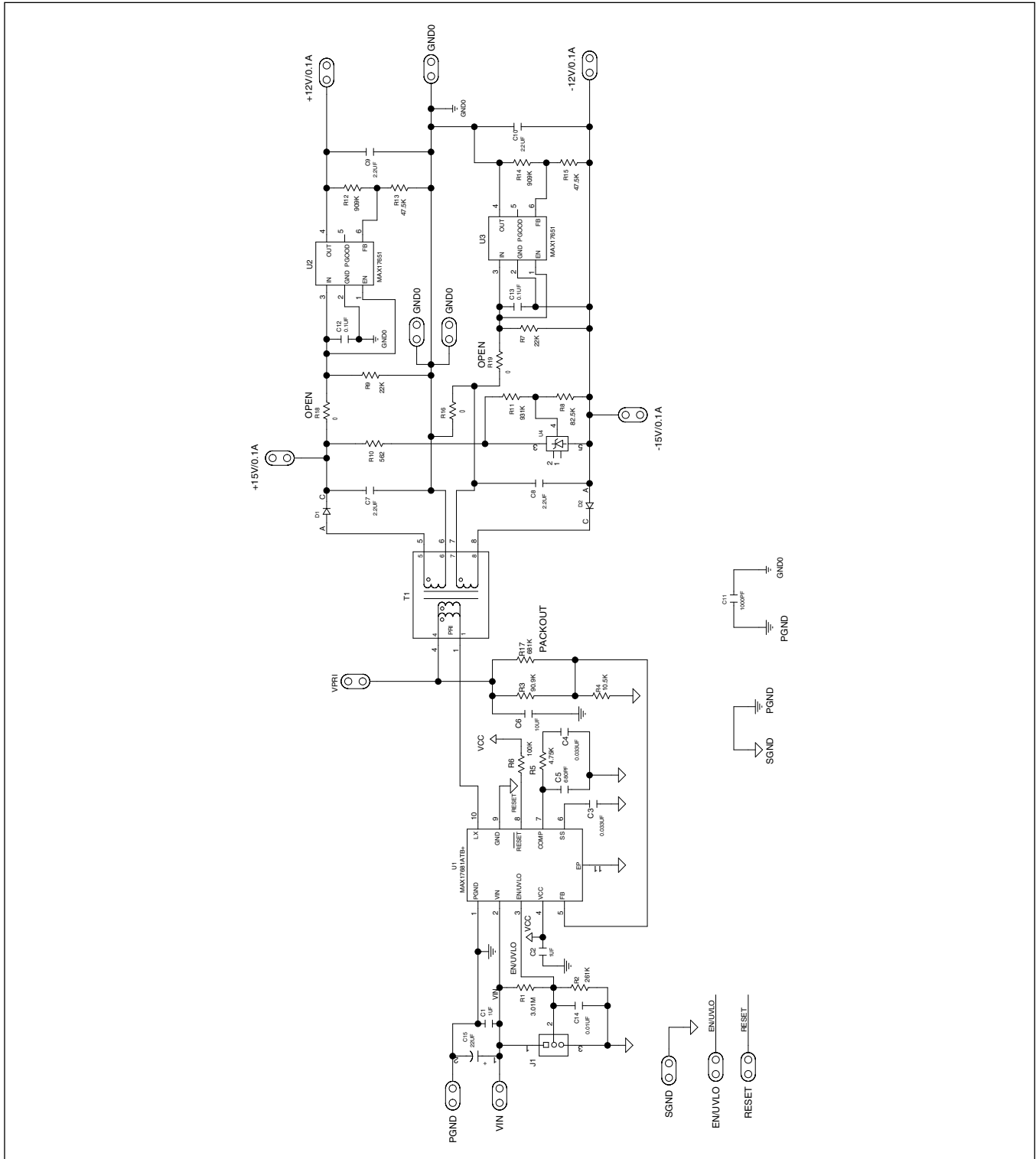


Figure 3. MAX17681 EV Kit PCB Layout—Solder Side

MAX17681 EV Kit Schematic



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MAX17681 Evaluation Kit

Evaluates: MAX17681 for Isolated  $\pm 15V$   
or  $\pm 12V$  Output Configuration

### Ordering Information

PART	TYPE
MAX17681EVKIT#	EV Kit

#Denotes RoHS compliant.