

General Description

The MAX8571 evaluation kit (EV kit) contains a fully assembled and tested circuit for evaluating the MAX8571 step-up converter. This circuit operates with 2.7V to 5.5V input supply and provides a regulated 18V output at up to 10mA. The output voltage is adjustable from VCC to 28V by changing resistors on the EV kit. The MAX8571 EV kit contains a second unpopulated circuit to accomodate a larger inductor and diode for the higher-current-limited MAX8574 and MAX8575. Either circuit can be used to evaluate any of the parts in the MAX8570 family.

Features

- ♦ 18V Output Voltage, Adjustable from V_{CC} Up to 28V
- ♦ Built-In Safety Features Protect Against Output **Faults**
- ♦ True Shutdown™
- ♦ 87% Efficiency
- ♦ Up to 800kHz Switching Frequency
- ♦ 0.01µA Shutdown Current
- **♦ Fully Assembled and Tested**

Ordering Information

PART	TEN	IP RANGE	IC PACKAGE
MAX8571EVI	KIT 0°C	c to +70°C	6 SOT23-6

True Shutdown is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products,

Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C1	1	1µF ±20%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitor (0402) TDK C1005X5R0J105M Panasonic ECJ0EB0J105M
C2	1	4.7µF ±10%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) TDK C1608X5R0J475K Panasonic ECJ1VB0J475K
C3	1	1µF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (1206) TDK C3216X7R1H105K
C4	1	10pF ±5%, 50V C0G ceramic capacitor (0402) Murata GRM1555C1H100J TDK C1005C0G1H100J
C5	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitor (1206)
C6, C8	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitors (0402)
C7	0	Not installed, ceramic capacitor (0603)

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
D1	1	200mA, 30V Schottky diode (SOD-323) Central CMDSH2-3
D2	0	Not installed, diode (SOD-123)
JU1	1	3-pin header
JU3	0	Not installed, 3-pin header
L1	1	22µH inductor Murata LQH32CN220K23
L2	0	Not installed, inductor
R1	1	3.92MΩ ±1% resistor (0402)
R2	1	287kΩ ±1% resistor (0402)
R3, R4	0	Not installed, resistors (0402)
U1	1	MAX8571EUT (6-pin SOT23)
U2	0	Not installed, MAX857_EUT (6-pin SOT23)
None	1	Shunt, 2 position
None	1	MAX8571 EV kit PC board

MIXIM

MAX8571 Evaluation Kit

Component Suppliers

SUPPLIER	PHONE	WEBSITE
Central Semiconductor	631-435-1110	www.centralsemi.com
Kamaya	260-489-1533	www.kamaya.com
Murata	814-237-1431	www.murata.com
Panasonic	714-373-7939	www.panasonic.com
TDK	847-803-6100	www.component.tdk.com
TOKO	847-297-0070	www.toko.com
Vishay	402-563-6866	www.vishay.com

Note: Indicate that you are using the MAX8571 when contacting these component suppliers.

Quick Start

Recommended Equipment

- Power supply or battery capable of supplying 2.7V to 5.5V at up to 100mA
- Load (up to 10mA)
- Voltmeter

Procedure

The MAX8571 EV kit is fully assembled and tested. Follow these steps to verify board operation:

- Preset the power supply to between 2.7V and 5.5V. Turn off the power supply. Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.
- Connect the positive power-supply lead to the EV kit terminal labeled VCC1.
- Connect the negative power-supply lead to the EV kit terminal labeled GND1.
- Connect the load and voltmeter between EV kit terminals OUT1 and GND1.
- 5) Verify that jumper JU1 is shorted across pins 1 and 2.
- 6) Turn on the power supply.
- 7) Verify that the voltmeter reads 18V.

_Detailed Description

Enable/Shutdown

The low-power True Shutdown feature is evaluated using the jumpers provided on the EV kit (see Table 1). Short pins 1-2 of JU1 to enable circuit 1, or short pins 2-3 for shutdown. Short pins 1-2 of JU3 to enable circuit 2, or short pins 2-3 for shutdown.

Setting the Output Voltage

The output voltage is adjustable from VCC to 28V by using a resistor voltage-divider (R1 and R2). For circuit 1,

Table 1. JU1 and JU3 Jumper Settings

JU1/JU3	FUNCTION	
1-2	Enable	
2-3	Shutdown	

Table 2. JU2 and JU4 Settings

JU2/JU4	INPUT POWER	TRUE SHUTDOWN
Short	VCC_ only	Yes
Open	BATT_ and VCC_	No

select R2 from 10k Ω to 600k Ω and calculate R1 with the following equation:

$$R1 = R2 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{FB}} - 1 \right)$$

where V_{FB} = 1.226V and V_{OUT} can range from V_{CC} to 28V. For best accuracy, ensure that the bias current through the feedback resistors is at least 2 μ A.

The output voltage for circuit 2 is set similarly, only using resistors R4 and R3. When evaluating the ICs with a preset output voltage (MAX8572/MAX8573/MAX8575), short R1/R4 and leave R2/R3 open.

Using a Separate Supply for the Inductor

Separate power supplies can be used for the IC and the inductor. This allows power to be drawn from a separate supply (i.e., a battery) that may range above or below the 2.7V to 5.5V operating range of V_{CC}. When using a separate inductor supply for circuit 1, cut the trace shorting JU2 and connect the inductor supply to the EV kit pad labeled BATT1 (see Table 2). For circuit 2, cut the trace shorting JU4 and connect the inductor supply to the EV kit pad labeled BATT2. A VCC_ supply between 2.7V and 5.5V is still needed to power the IC;

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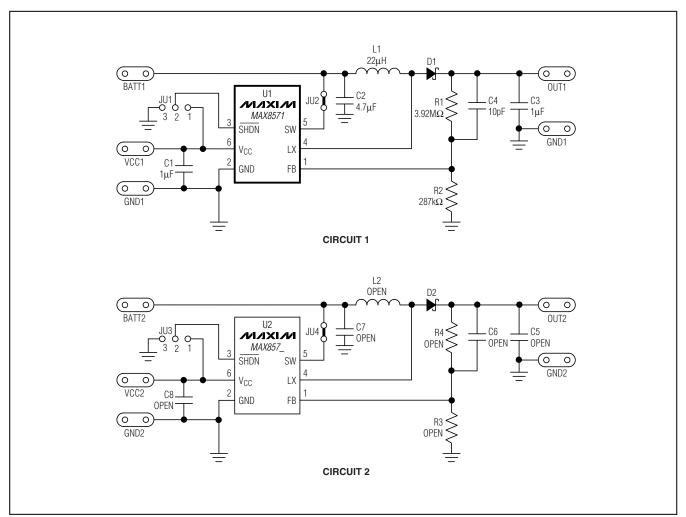


Figure 1. MAX8571 EV Kit Schematic

however, most of the power is drawn from BATT_. Note that in this configuration, the output is no longer disconnected from the input during shutdown. In shutdown, the output voltage goes to a diode drop below the inductor supply voltage.

Evaluating the MAX8570/MAX8572-MAX8575

The MAX8571 EV kit can be used to evaluate the entire MAX8570 family of step-up converters. The second (right-side) circuit on the PC board accommodates a

larger inductor and diode for use with the MAX8574 and MAX8575, which have an inductor peak current limit of 500mA and can supply higher output current.

When changing to a part with a different current limit, refer to the MAX8570–MAX8575 data sheet for information on selecting external components. When using parts with a preset output voltage (MAX8572/MAX8573/MAX8575), short R1 and remove R2 (for circuit 2, short R4 and leave R3 open).