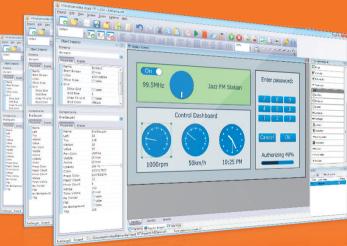
GUI Design Made Easy



Let's go together through several easy steps and build a simple GUI with two buttons and two screens using the powerful Visual TFT software.





TO OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS

I want to express my thanks to you for being interested in our products and for having confidence in MikroElektronika.

The primary aim of our company is to design and produce high quality electronic products and to constantly improve the performance thereof in order to better suit your needs.

Nebojsa Matic General Manager

The PIC® and Windows® logos and product names are trademarks of Microchip Technology® and Microsoft® in the U.S.A. and other countries.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction to Visual TFT software	4
2. What do we need?	5
3. New Project Wizard	6
Start a new project wizard	6
Specify project name and location	7
Make the final check and create a new project	8
Quick project configuration using Project Settings	9
Select the target hardware	10
Select the target compiler	11
4. Designing the User Interface	12
Place a button on the screen	14
Change button caption to "Next Screen >"	15

Add another screen using the toolbar button	16
New empty Screen2	17
Place a button on Screen2	18
Change button caption to "< Previous Screen"	19
Add "OnClick" event code to ButtonRound2	20
Add "OnClick" event code to ButtonRound1	21
5. Building the code in the compiler	22
6. Uploading the firmware to MCU	24
7. Test on target hardware	25
8. Learn more with provided examples	26
9. Support for FT800/EVE controller from FTDI	28
10. What's Next?	30

1. Introduction to Visual TFT software

Visual TFT software is a standalone application used for rapid development of graphical user interfaces for TFT displays. Software generates code compatible with mikroElektronika compilers: mikroC, mikroBasic and mikroPascal, for all supported MCU architectures: PIC, dsPIC30/33, PIC24, PIC32, ARM and AVR.

When first started, the window features following sections:



👌 Layers Window

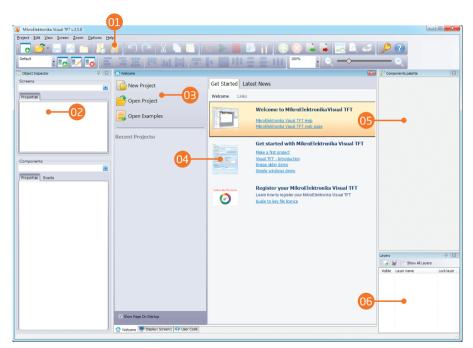


Figure 1-1: Visual TFT software displaying welcome screen when first started



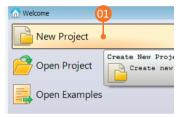


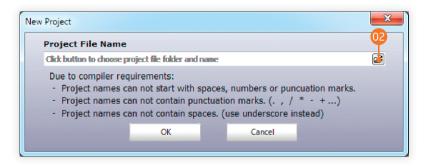
Figure 2-1: mikroC PRO for PIC is a powerful ANSI C compiler for popular Microchip PIC microcontrollers

Figure 2-2: mikromedia for PIC18FJ is a PIC development board with multimedia modules

In this tutorial we will develop a simple application with two screens. Each screen will carry a button which can be used to switch to the other screen. We will be designing our graphical interface in **Visual TFT** software, and after we add user code we will use **mikroC PRO for PIC** compiler to build it. We will download the firmware to the **mikromedia for PIC18FJ** development board and test it on 320x240px TFT with Touch Panel. Let's begin!

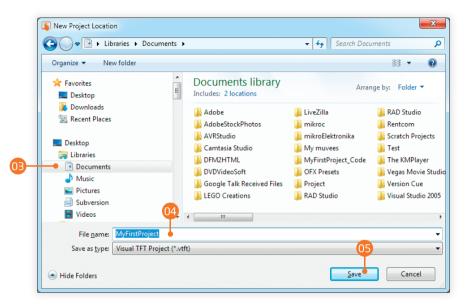
3. New Project Wizard





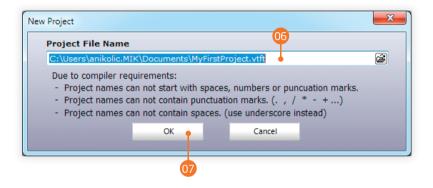
Start a new project wizard

Let's start by creating a new project. On the welcome screen click the **New Project** button (1). A new window will appear and guide you through the process of creating a new project. The first thing we need to do is to specify the new project's name and destination folder. Click the browse button (2) next to the edit field.



Specify project name and location

A new dialog window will appear. First select the destination folder 🔞 where you want to store your new project. Then specify the project's name 🙆. "MyFirstProject", for example. Then click the Save button 😏 to confirm.



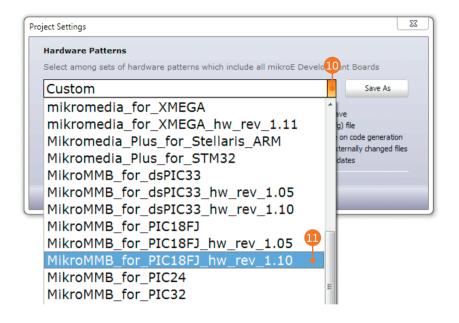
Make the final check and create a new project

Full project path will be shown in the edit field 6. If you want to change destination path or project name you can still do it. When you are done click the **OK** button 7 to create a blank new project.



Quick project configuration using Project Settings

After the project is created the **Project Settings window** will appear. We need to specify the target hardware we will be using ¹ and compiler ¹ as well.



Select the target hardware

Click the button 10 of the first dropdown box and a list of hardware configuration patterns will appear. Each one carries complete settings of TFT and Touch Panel connections for the target hardware. We will select MikroMMB_for_PIC18FJ_hw_rev_1.10 from the list 10.

Hardware Patterns Select among sets of hardware patterns whic	h include all mikroE Development Boards
MikroMMB_for_PIC18FJ_h	W_rev_1.10 • Save As
Target Compiler Choose your compiler from the list mikroC PRO for PIC ※ Advanced Settings	 Generate code on save Generate config (.cfg) file Don't show message on code generation Show warning for externally changed files Enable automatic updates
ок 📍	Cancel

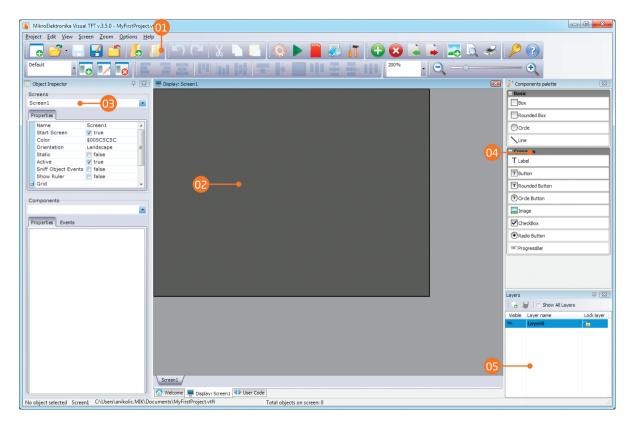
Select the target compiler and confirm

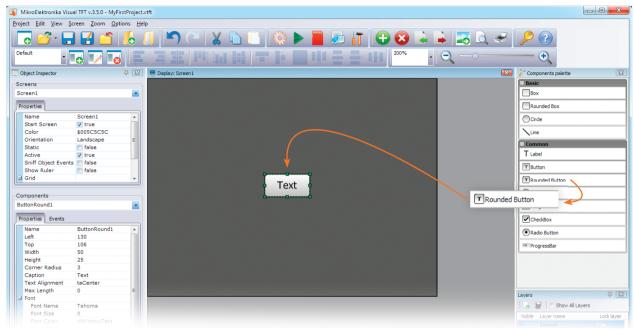
Now we need to select the target compiler. We will only be able to choose among PIC compilers because our selected target hardware (mikromedia for PIC18FJ) is a PIC development board. Select **mikroC PRO for PIC 1** and hit **OK 1**.

4. Designing the User Interface

So far, we have successfully created a blank new project for **mikromedia for PIC18FJ** development board. Graphics will be displayed on 320x240 pixel graphical display based on KS108 controller. A 4-wire resistive touch panel is placed on top of the display, thus creating a Touch Screen module. We have chosen to use **mikroC PRO for PIC** compiler and the code generated by Visual TFT will be compatible with it. Let's take a brief look at the **Visual TFT** window before we begin. Here are the main sections of this window:

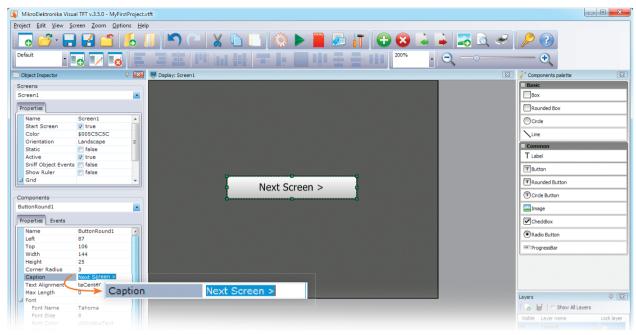
- 01 Main Toolbar. It features buttons with icons that depict each button's function. Here we can open, save or export projects, add or delete screens, generate code, start the target compiler, invoke Project Settings window and much more.
- **Current Screen**. This is the graphical representation of the active display surface. It's the area where we will be placing components and designing graphical user interface for this project. You can add as many screens as you want. We will use just two.
- **Object Inspector.** This window can be used to change properties of each screen and component. Change names, captions, fonts, sizes, position, add events to components (OnUp, OnDown, OnClick, OnPress) and define their behaviour.
- Components Pallete. Collection of components which can be placed on screens. There are simple, basic components, such as box, circle, line, image and label, and as well as more complex components such as buttons, checkbox and progress bar.
- Use the second secon





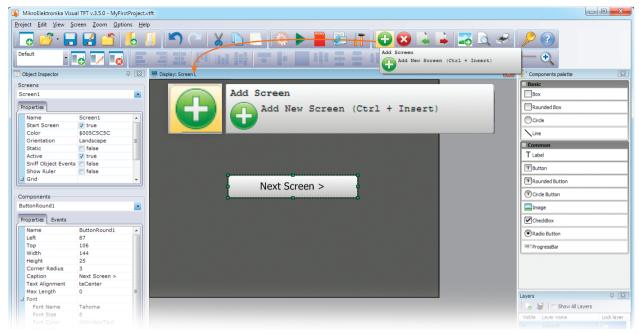
Place a button on the screen

We will start by placing a **Rounded Button** component onto the Screen1. Just click and drag the component from the components palette and drop it over the center of the Screen1.



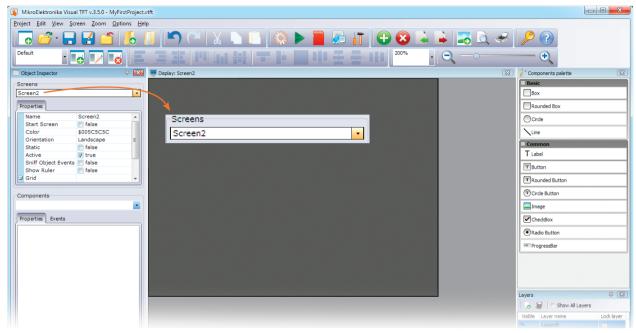
Change button caption to "Next Screen >"

Click the button to select it. It's properties will be shown in Components section of the **Object Inspector**. Click the **Caption** property and change it to "**Next Screen** >". Button will be instantly updated. Readjust it's size and position as shown in the screenshot above.



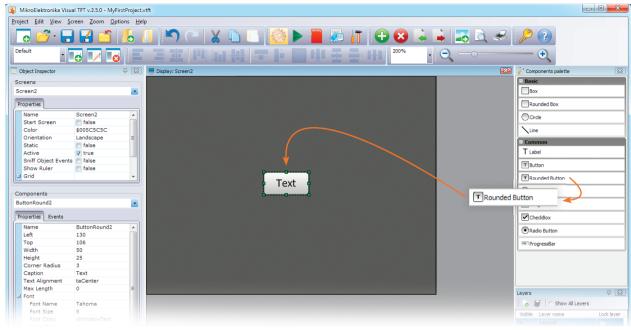
Add another screen using the toolbar button

Let's add another screen now. In the toolbar section locate the green round button with the white "plus" in the middle. It is used for adding screens to the project. Click this button to add a new screen.



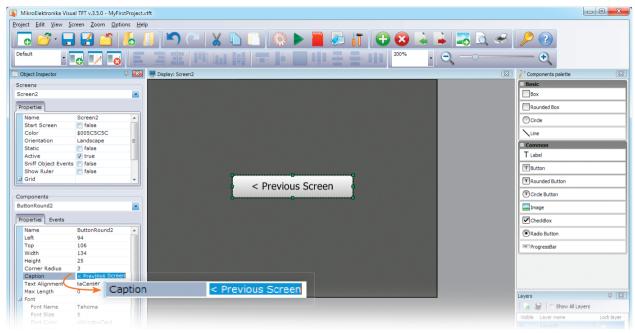
New empty Screen2

New screen is automatically named **Screen2**. It will be initially empty. You can traverse through screens using the dropdown list in the Screens section of the Object Inspector.



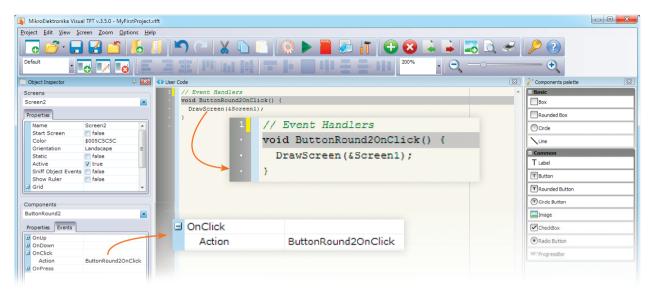
Place a button on Screen2

Let's now place a button on **Screen2**. As in the previous case, just click and drag the **Rounded Button** component from Components Palette window and drop it over the center of the Screen2. A new component named **ButtonRound2** will appear.



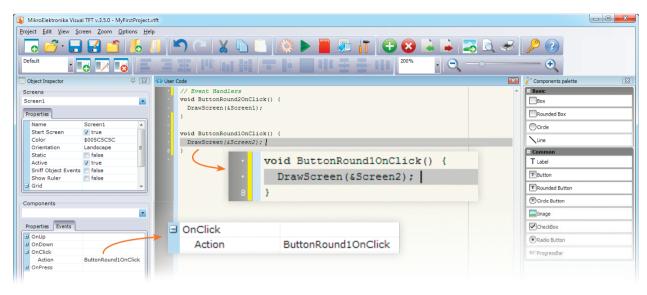
Change button caption to "< Previous Screen"

Click the **ButtonRound2** to select it. It's properties will be shown in Components section of the **Object Inspector**. Click the **Caption** property and change it to "< **Previous Screen**". The button will be instantly updated.



Add "OnClick" event code to ButtonRound2

It's time to specify the function of the buttons when clicked. In order to do that we will add **OnClick** events to both buttons. Locate the OnClick event of the **ButtonRound2** in the of the Events Tab of **Object Inspector**. Double click it. The **User Code window** will appear. It will contain the function prototype that is automatically associated with the click event. In the function body just type the following line of code: "DrawScreen(&Screen1);". This code will be executed when the button is clicked, thus invoking the drawing of Screen1.



Add "OnClick" event code to ButtonRound1

Select **ButtonRound1** component from the dropdown list in the **Components** section of the **Object Inspector** window. Double click it's **OnClick** event in the Events Tab to create and associate the corresponding function. Type the following line of code in the body of the function using the editor of **User Code window**:

"DrawScreen(&Screen2);". The code will be executed when the button is clicked, thus invoking the drawing of Screen2. So, when we click the button on the first screen it will take us to the next screen, and when we click the button there it will return us to the initial screen.

5. Building the code in the compiler

We have now successfully created a new project, designed a new graphical interface with two screens and two buttons, and defined their behaviour. All we have to do now is to generate the application code and build it with **mikroC PRO for PIC** compiler, assuming that you have already downloaded and installed the mikroC PRO for PIC compiler and that you have a valid license (USB Dongle or KeyFile License). If not, please visit the compiler website, download the Demo version, and consider purchasing the license:

http://www.mikroe.com/mikroc/pic/

In **Visual TFT toolbar**, locate the **Start Compiler** button with the green triangle. We call it the Play button. When clicked it will automatically generate code for the target compiler, and launch the compiler with the project loaded, as shown in the screenshot on **Figure 5.1**.



The entire code is ready to be built as soon as the compiler is started. No additional interventions are required. We can initiate project building using **Build->Build [CTRL+F9]** command. After the compilation and linking is done successfully, the message window should contain this information, as shown in the screenshot below.

Line	Message No.	Message Text	Unit	
0	127	All files Compiled in 203 ms		
0	1144	Used RAM (bytes): 526 (14%) Free RAM (bytes): 3357 (86%)	Used RAM (bytes): 526 (14%) Free RAM (bytes): 3357 (86%)	
0	1144	Used ROM (bytes): 25032 (19%) Free ROM (bytes): 106032 (81%)	Used ROM (bytes): 25032 (19%) Free ROM (bytes): 106032 (81%)	
0	125	Project Linked Successfully	MyFirstProject.mcppi	
0	128	Linked in 187 ms		
D	129	Project 'MyFirstProject.mcppi' completed: 562 ms		
0	103	Finished successfully: 19 Feb 2013, 15:47:16	MyFirstProject.mcppi	

mikroC PRO	for PIC v.5.8.0 - C:\User	\anikolic.MIK\Documents\MyFirstProject_Code\mikroC PRO for PIC\MyFirstP	oject.mcppi	
ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> ie	ew <u>P</u> roject <u>B</u> uild <u>R</u>	n <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		
P. P. 19	🖹 📴 🛋 🛛 🛃 💕	i 🗅 🏕 🖶 😱 🖉 🗞 i 🗞 🏂 🏖 i 🗞 i 🖳 💹 🕂 🧎 🔌	🖻 🔐 🖸 Default 💿 🚽 🕞 🖬 🕴 🖉 💭 🔌 😥	
Code Explore	er 🔀	NyFirstProject_main.c 区 📄 MyFirstProject_events_code.c 🖾 🏠 St		💽 F Project Manager [1/1] - MyFirstProject 😤 🔯
날카		· /*		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
E Functions		 * Project name: 		HyFirstProject.mcppi
Globals		 MyFirstProject.vtft 		E Sources
Externs		 * Generated by: 		MyFirstProject main.c
TypeDef		- Visual TFT		MyFirstProject events code.c
- Tags		* Date of creation		MyFirstProject_driver.c
- Includes		2013-02-19		MyFirstProject resources.c
Directives		* Time of creation		Header Files
- Web Links		3:41:23 PM		MyFirstProject_objects.h
- Image Links		10 * Test configuration:		MyFirstProject resources.h
Active Comm				Binaries
		• MCU: P18F87J50		Project Level Defines
		Dev.Board: MikroMMB_for_PIC18FJ		
🥤 Project Settin	ngs 주 🖾		n/mikromedia/pic18fj/	E Library Manager S Project Explorer
∃ 🦛 Device		Oscillator: 48000000 Hz		
		- SW: mikroC PRO for PIC		🔢 🗄 🤹 🎭 🛗 🛗 🛗 🏾 🍧 LibStock
Name: P18	8F87J50 👻	http://www.mikroe.com	/mikroc/pic/	- mikroE
		· */		ADC
		•		Button
∋🐟 MCU Clock	k	<pre>#include "MyFirstProject_objects.h"</pre>		CAN_SPI
		20		Compact Flash
Frequency:	48.000000 MHz	· void main() {		Compact Flash FAT16
		22		Conversions
		<pre>. Start TP();</pre>		C Math
∋ Build/ Debugg	ner Tune			C_Stdlib
		- 🖻 while (1) {		C_String
Build Type	C ICD Debug	Check TP();		C_Type
Release	ICD Debug	check_rr(),		EPSON S1D13700
Debugger				E FLASH
 Software 	mikrolCD			
Contributor	O middleb	<		Glcd_Fonts
				I I2C
💶 Messages 🚦	🚾 Quick Converter			Keypad4x4
V Errors	V Warnings	✓ Hints		B C Lcd
				Lcd Constants
ine	Message No.	Message Text Unit		Manchester
D	127	All files Compiled in 203 ms		MemManager
	1144		LAM (bytes): 526 (14%) Free RAM (bytes): 3357 (86%)	Mmc
)	1144		tOM (bytes): 25032 (19%) Free ROM (bytes): 106032 (81%)	Mmc FAT16
)	125		Project.mcppi	Mmc Fat16 Config
)	128	Linked in 187 ms		E One Wire
)	129	Project 'MyFirstProject.mcppi' completed: 562 ms		Port Expander
D	103	Finished successfully: 19 Feb 2013, 15:47:16 MyFirst	tProject.mcppi	PointCut
2: 55	Insert	Compiled C:\Users\anikolic.MIK\Docu		

Figure 5-1: mikroC PRO for PIC compiler loaded with our first Visual TFT project

6. Uploading the firmware to MCU

After the project is built, the compiler produces a .HEX file which can be downloaded into the target microcontroller on the **mikromedia for PIC18FJ** development board. Programming of the MCU is done using external **mikroProg for PIC, dsPIC and PIC32** programmer/debugger and the software called **mikroProg Suite for** PIC. Software and programmer drivers are usually installed together with the compiler. Prior to programming, make sure that mikroProg is connected to your PC via USB programmer connector, and that USB and LINK LEDs are active. In order to initiate programming just hit [F11] button in the compiler.

Figure 6-1: mikromedia board connected to mikroProg programmer

7. Test on target hardware

When programming is done, the application will start and the Graphic Display will show calibration screen. This is due to the piece of code automatically created by Visual TFT software. It will help you to calibrate the Touch panel using 2-point calibration procedure. After that, the initial screen will appear. It features the "Next Screen >" button, exactly as we have intended. One click of the button takes us to the next screen. Click of the "< Previous Screen" button brings us back to the first screen.

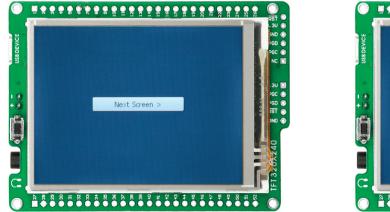




Figure 7-1: Your first project's appearance on target hardware

8. Learn more with provided examples

Voila! You first project is up and running. You must be excited to see those buttons doing exactly what you excpected. It's now time to move on and get to know other Visual TFT features as well. There's no better way to explore all the possibilities of the software than to experiment with provided example projects. Examples like the **Calculator** show how to use matrix of customized buttons to create

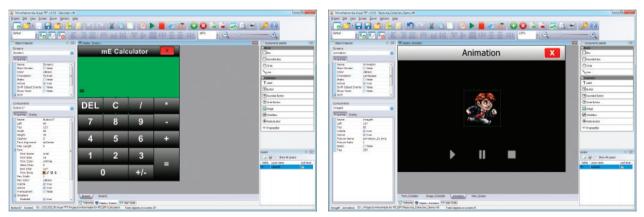




Figure 8-2: Resource Collection Demo

your own touch-screen calculator. **Resource Collection Demo** covers the topic of using fonts and images stored in the resource file on your MMC/SD card to create image sliders, animations, etc. **Progress Bar Demo** shows the possibilities of ProgressBar, CheckBox and RadioButton components. **Simple Maze** is a demonstration of how to make simple gaming user interfaces.

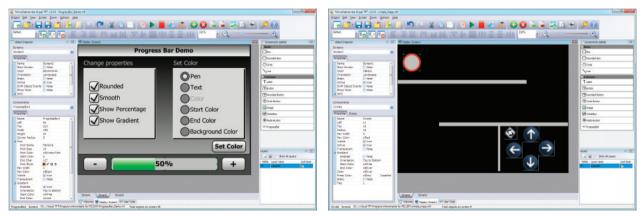


Figure 8-3: Progress Bar Demo

Figure 8-4: Simple Maze Demo

9. Support for FT800/EVE controller from FTDI

A wide variety of industry sectors are now demanding more sophisticated forms of human-machine interaction and expecting more satisfying user experiences. This is why MikroElektronika teamed up with FTDI chip® company to provide development support

Co	mponents	
Ev	eGauge1	-
Pr	operties Events	
	Name	EveGauge1
	Left	204
	Тор	90
	Radius	35
	Value	20
	Pen Color	clWhite
	Visible	🔽 true
	Active	🔽 true
	Opacity	100 %
	Color	\$00D17802
	Press Color	\$00FEC67A
	Major Count	10
	Minor Count	5
	Range	100
	Ticks Visible	V true
	No Pointer	false
	Flat	🔲 false
	No Background	🔲 false
	Tag	255

Figure 9-1: EveGauge component and it's set of supported features for their latest **EVE GUI Platform** and **FT800** family of graphics controllers. EVE integrates display, audio and touch onto a low cost, easy-to-use, single-chip solution.

The EVE family has an object based structure (where objects can be images, fonts, etc) that presents engineers with an easy way to design more effective GUIs for TFTs, with all the display, audio and touch functionality included.

Visual TFT is the first software in the world to provide full support for many of EVE's powerful features like sound, transparency and anti-aliasing fonts. There are 12 new components available for GUI design, which are natively supported in the controller itself.

= EVE
(3) EveClock
EveGauge
OK EveButton
€DEveToggle
T EveText
N EveNumber
EveProgressBar
EveGradient
EveSlider
• EveScrollBar
EveKeys

Figure 9-2: An Additional set of 12 EVE components supported natively by the controller

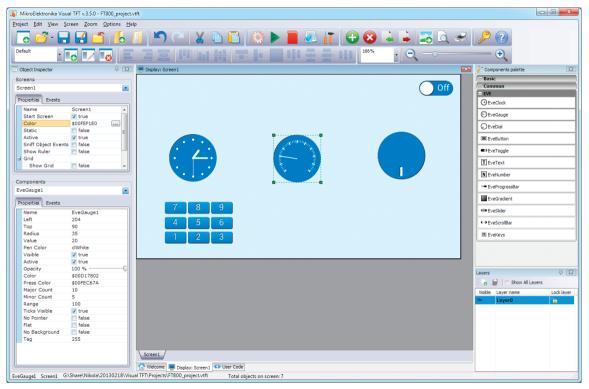


Figure 9-3: Visual TFT Project Workspace with EVE components on Screen

10. What's Next?

We have successfully created together your first project in **Visual TFT** software. But this is only the first step. You can now continue on your own, but will always have our help and support along the way.

Projects

Choose the development board and compiler and you are ready to start writing your projects. We have equipped **Visual TFT** with dozens of examples that demonstrate the use of every single feature of the software. There are interesting examples for each supported board. They are an excellent starting point for your future projects. Just load the example, read well commented code, and see how it works on hardware. Click the **Open example** button located on the welcome screen to browse through the Projects folder:

\Visual TFT\Projects\

Community

If you want to find answers to your questions on many interesting topics we invite you to visit our forum at **http://www.mikroe.com/forum** and browse through more than 185 thousand posts. You are likely to find just the right information for you. On the other hand, if you want to download free projects and libraries, or share your own code, please visit the LibstockTM website. With user profiles, you can get to know other programmers, and subscribe to receive notifications on their code.

http://www.libstock.com/

Support

We all know how important to have someone to rely on in moments when we are stuck with our projects, facing a deadline, or when we just want to ask a simple, basic question, that's pulling us back for a while. We do understand how important this is and therefore our Support Department is one of the pillars upon which our company is based. MikroElektronika offers Free Tech Support to the end of product lifetime, so if something goes wrong, we are ready and willing to help!

DISCLAIMER

All the products owned by MikroElektronika are protected by copyright law and international copyright treaty. Therefore, this manual is to be treated as any other copyright material. No part of this manual, including product and software described herein, may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, translated or transmitted in any form or by any means, without the prior written permission of MikroElektronika. The manual PDF edition can be printed for private or local use, but not for distribution. Any modification of this manual is prohibited. MikroElektronika provides this manual 'as is' without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties or conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

MikroElektronika shall assume no responsibility or liability for any errors, omissions and inaccuracies that may appear in this manual. In no event shall MikroElektronika, its directors, officers, employees or distributors be liable for any indirect, specific, incidental or consequential damages (including damages for loss of business profits and business information, business interruption or any other pecuniary loss) arising out of the use of this manual or product, even if MikroElektronika has been advised of the possibility of such damages. MikroElektronika reserves the right to change information contained in this manual at any time without prior notice, if necessary.

HIGH RISK ACTIVITIES

The products of MikroElektronika are not fault - tolerant nor designed, manufactured or intended for use or resale as on - line control equipment in hazardous environments requiring fail - safe performance, such as in the operation of nuclear facilities, aircraft navigation or communication systems, air traffic control, direct life support machines or weapons systems in which the failure of Software could lead directly to death, personal injury or severe physical or environmental damage ('High Risk Activities'). MikroElektronika and its suppliers specifically disclaim any expressed or implied warranty of fitness for High Risk Activities.

TRADEMARKS

The MikroElektronika name and logo, the MikroElektronika logo, mikroCTM, mikroBasicTM, mikroPascalTM, mikroProgTM, mikromediaTM and Visual TFTTM are trademarks of MikroElektronika. All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies. All other product and corporate names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies, and are only used for identification or explanation and to the owners' benefit, with no intent to infringe.

Copyright © MikroElektronika, 2013, All Rights Reserved.