

DESCRIPTION

The MP2002 is a low-current, low-dropout linear regulator operating over a single input supply between 1.35V to 6.5V. The output voltage of the MP2002 is adjustable via an external resistor divider. The MP2002 can supply up to 500mA of load current. The enable pin (EN) allows the part to be put into a low current shutdown mode (EN=0). The MP2002 features thermal overload and current limit protection. It is available in an 8-pin QFN (2 x 3mm) package

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS

FEATURES

- Power Good Open Collector Output
- Operates from 1.35V 6.5V Input
- Low 300mV Dropout at 500mA Output
- Stable with Very Small Ceramic Capacitors
- 2% Feedback Reference
- Adjustable Output Voltage Option from 0.5V to 5V using an External Resistor Divider
- Better Than 0.001%/mA Load Regulation
- Low 100µA Ground Current
- Internal Thermal Protection
- Current Limit Protection
- 6µA Typical Quiescent Current at Shutdown
- Available in a Tiny 2 x 3mm 8-pin QFN Package

APPLICATIONS

- Low Current Regulators
- Battery Powered Systems
- Cellular Phones

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TYPICAL APPLICATION





ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	Free Air Temperature (T _A)
MP2002DD	QFN8 (2 x 3mm)	L7	-40°C to +85°C

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (eg. MP2002DD–Z)

For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix -LF (eg. MP2002DD-LF-Z)

PACKAGE REFERENCE



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

IN, PG, FB to GND	0.3V to +7V
EN to GND	0.3V to V _{IN} +0.3V
OUT	0.3V to V _{IN} + 0.3V
Continuous Power Dissipat	tion $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)^{(2)}$
	2.27W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
•	(0)

Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽³⁾

Input Voltage VIN	1.35V to 6.5V
Output Voltage	0.5V to 5V
Load Current	500mA Maximum
Maximum Junction Temp. ((T _J)+125°C

Thermal Resistance $^{(4)}$ θ_{JA} θ_{JC}

QFN8 (2 x 3mm)55 12 ... °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J(MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA}, and the ambient temperature TA. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D(MAX)=(T_J(MAX)-T_A)/ θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7 4-layer board.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{IN} = 1.8V, V_{OUT} = 1.2V, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, C_{IN} = 2.2 μ F, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур ⁽⁵⁾	Max	Units
Operating Voltage		lout = 1mA	1.35		6.5	V
Ground Bin Current		$I_{OUT} = 1 m A^{(7)}$		100		μA
Glound Fill Current		louт = 500mA		5		mA
Shutdown Current		$V_{EN} = 1.45V, V_{IN} = 5V$		7		μA
ED Degulation Valtage			0.482	0.500	0.508	V
FB Regulation Voltage		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le +85^{\circ}C$	0.477	0.495	0.513	
Dropout Voltage (8)		louт = 500mA		290		mV
Line Regulation		$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{mA},$ $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.5 \text{V}) \text{ to } 6.5 \text{V}^{(8)}$		0.005		%/V
Load Regulation		$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ to 500mA, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V$		0.001		%/mA
Power Good Output Voltage Low ⁽⁹⁾	Vol	I _{sink} = 0.5mA		0.5		V
EN Input High Voltage			1.2			V
EN Input Low Voltage					0.4	V
EN Input Bias Current		V _{EN} = 1.5V, 5V		0.01	1	μA
Thermal Protection				155		°C
Current Limit			550	730		mA

Notes:

5) Parameter is guaranteed by design, not production tested.

6)

Resistors for V_{OUT} measurement are 10k, 14k, 1% The ground current does not include current through feedback current 7)

8) Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential when the output voltage drops 1% below its nominal value

9) VFEEDBACK is 90% of the regulated value with 10k pull-up to 5V



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

C1=2.2 μ F, C2 =4.7 μ F, C3=1nF, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted. (Reference Figure 2)



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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

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Power Good ON

Thermal Protection

Short Circuit Protection

 $V_{IN} = 4V, V_O = 1.8V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}$





40µs/div.

Short Circuit Recovery

 $V_{IN} = 4V$, $V_O = 1.8V$, $V_{IN} = V_{EN}$





Pin #	Name	Description
1	OUT	Regulator Output. OUT is the output of the linear regulator. Bypass OUT to GND with a 4.7µF or greater capacitor.
2	NC	No connect.
3	PG	Power Good Open Collector Output
4	FB	Feedback Input. Connect a resistive voltage divider from OUT to FB to set the output voltage. OUT feedback threshold is 0.5V.
5	EN	Enable Input. Drive EN higher than 1.2V to turn on the MP2002, drive EN lower than 0.4V to turn it off.
6	GND, Exposed pad	Ground. Exposed pad must be connected to GND plane.
7	NC	No connect.
8	IN	Power Source Input. IN supplies the internal power to the MP2002 and is the source of the pass transistor. Bypass IN to GND with a 2.2μ F or greater capacitor.

PIN FUNCTIONS

OPERATION

The MP2002 is a low-current, low-voltage, high-PSRR, low-dropout, linear regulator. It is intended for use in devices that require very low voltage, low quiescent current power and high PSRR such as wireless modems, pagers, and cellular phones.

The MP2002 uses a PNP pass element and features internal thermal shutdown and an internal current limit circuit.



Figure 1—Block Diagram of Ultra Low Noise Adjustable Output Regulator



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Setting the Output Voltage

The MP2002 has an adjustable output voltage, set via an external resistor divider (R1 and R2 in Figure 2).

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT} - V_{FB}}{V_{FB}}\right)$$

where $V_{FB} = 0.5V$ (The OUT feedback threshold voltage.)

Example: For 2.5V Output and R2=10kΩ

$$R1 = 10k \times \left(\frac{2.5 - 0.5}{0.5}\right) = 40k\Omega$$

A standard 40k Ω (±1%) resistor can be selected for R1.

Table 1 lists the selected R1 values for some typical output voltages (assuming R2 = $10k\Omega$).

Power Good

The power good pin is an open collector output completed with a pull up resistor $(10k\Omega$ recommended). The pull up resistor can be tied to a supply within the voltage range of the pin (0V to 5.5V). For example, the pull up resistor can be tied to the input voltage when it is being monitored by an IC powered from this input voltage. It monitors the output voltage, and if the output voltage is 10% below its regulation point, the PG pin becomes low.

Table 1—Adjustable Output Voltage R1	Values
(R2=10kΩ)	

V _{оит} (V)	R1 (Ω)
1.25	15k
1.5	20k
1.8	26k
2	30k
2.5	40k
2.8	46k
3	50k
3.3	56k
4	70k
5	90k

Bypass Capacitors

For lower noise, the reference voltage can be bypassed by an external capacitor. A low ESR capacitor, such as the ceramic type, will provide the best performance.



PCB Layout Guide

PCB layout is very important to achieve good regulation, ripple rejection, transient response thermal performance. is and lt hiahlv recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance.

If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines and take Figure 2 for reference.

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS

- 1) Input and output bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the IN Pin and OUT Pin respectively.
- 2) Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and compensation components as close to the chip as possible.
- 3) Connect IN, OUT and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and







TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Figure 3—Typical Application Circuit with Fix Pinout