MP5611 2.9V to 5.2V Input, Triple-Output, AMOLED Display Power Supply

DESCRIPTION

The MP5611 is a triple-output converter across a 2.9 to 5.2V input voltage (V_{IN}) range designed for small-size AMOLED (active matrix organic light-emitting diode) display power supplies.

The MP5611 integrates a boost converter for ELVDD, an inverting buck-boost (IBB) converter for ELVSS, and another boost converter for AVDD. The one wire digital control pin (CTRL) can program the ELVSS, ELVDD, and AVDD voltages following digital protocol.

The MP5611 supports an independent start-up sequence for AVDD and ELVDD via the separated enable pins (EN_AVDD and CTRL). It also integrates an optional fast discharge function after the IC has been disabled.

The device features rich protections, including V_{IN} under-voltage lockout (UVLO), cycle-bycycle current limit protection, thermal shutdown protection, short output protection, and overcurrent protection (OCP) for AVDD and ELVDD.

The fully integrated synchronous rectification solution with low on resistance improves total system efficiency, minimizes external components, and reduces PCB layout size.

The MP5611 is available in a TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm) package.

FEATURES

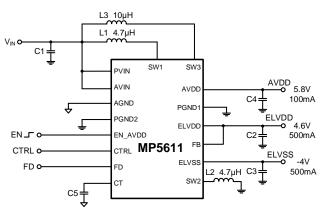
- 2.9 to 5.2V Input Voltage (V_{IN}) Range
- Triple Output AVDD, ELVDD, ELVSS
- High Accuracy for Output Voltage (V_{OUT})
- Good Line and Load Regulation
- Configurable $V_{ELVDD} = 4.6V$ to 5.2V, Default 4.6V
- Configurable V_{ELVSS} = -1.4V to -6.4V, Default -4V
- 500mA Output Current (I_{OUT}) for ELVDD and ELVSS
- Configurable $V_{AVDD} = 5V$ to 7.7V, Default 5.8V
- 100mA IOUT for AVDD
- Respective Enable for AVDD and ELVDD
- Soft Start (SS)
- Active Fast Discharge Function
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit Protection
- AVDD Output Over-Current Protection (OCP) 90mA to 270mA
- ELVDD Output OCP 80mA to 650mA
- Output Short-to-GND Protection
- Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Available in a TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm) Package

APPLICATIONS

- AMOLED Smartphones
- AMOLED Displays

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TYPICAL APPLICATION





ORDERING INFORMATION

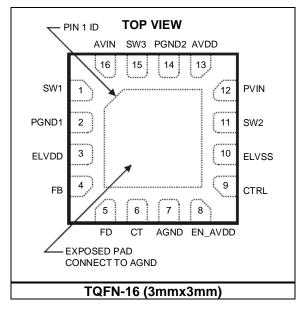
Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	MSL Rating
MP5611GQT	TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm)	See Below	1

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP5611GQT-Z).

TOP MARKING

BKHY LLL

BKH: Product code Y: Year code LLL: Lot number



PACKAGE REFERENCE



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description		
1	SW1	Switching node of the ELVDD boost converter.		
2	PGND1	Power ground of the ELVDD boost converter.		
3	ELVDD	Output of the ELVDD boost converter.		
4	FB	Feedback. ELVDD output voltage (Vout) sense pin.		
5	FD	Fast discharge enable and disable during shutdown. Pull this pin high to enable fast discharge.		
6	СТ	ELVSS transition time configured pin.		
7	AGND	Analog ground.		
8	EN_AVDD	AVDD boost converter enable pin. Pull this pin high to enable the AVDD converter.		
9	CTRL	Digital control. This pin also enables the ELVDD and ELVSS converter.		
10	ELVSS	Output of the ELVSS inverting buck-boost (IBB) converter.		
11	SW2	Switching node of the ELVSS IBB converter.		
12	PVIN	Power supply of the ELVSS IBB converter.		
13	AVDD	Output of the AVDD boost converter.		
14	PGND2	Power ground of the AVDD boost converter.		
15	SW3	Switching node of the AVDD boost converter.		
16	AVIN	Power supply for internal circuit.		
Expo	sed pad	Exposed pad. Connect this pin to AGND.		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

V _{IN} , SW1	0.3V to +5.3V
SW3, AVDD	0.3V to +10V
ELVSS	7.5V to +0.3V
SW2	7.5V to +5.3V
All other pins	0.3V to +5.3V
Junction temperature	150°C
Lead temperature	260°C
Storage temperature	65°C to +150°C
Continuous power dissipation	$(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)^{(2)}$
TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm)	2.1W

ESD Ratings

Human body model (HE	3M)±1.5kV
Charged device model	(CDM)±2kV

Recommended Operating Conditions ⁽³⁾

Supply voltage (V_{IN}) 2.9V to 5.2V Operating junction temp (T_J) -40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾ θ_{JA} θ_{JC} TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm)......60......12...°C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX) - T_A) / θ_{JA} . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can generate an excessive die temperature, which may cause the regulator to go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD} = default$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
General						
Operating input voltage	Vin		2.9		5.2	V
Shutdown current	Isd	EN_AVDD = CTRL = 0V		0.1		μA
Quiescent supply current	lq	$V_{IN} = 3.7V$, ELVDD switching		1.6	3	mA
Input under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold	Vin_uvlo	Rising edge			2.65	V
Input UVLO hysteresis				300		mV
EN_AVDD/FD high voltage	V _{EN_HIGH}	Rising V_{EN}	1.35			V
EN_AVDD/FD low voltage	V _{EN_LOW}	Falling V _{EN}			0.4	V
EN_AVDD pull-down resister	RDOWN			500		kΩ
Over-temperature protection (OTP) threshold ⁽⁵⁾	T _{SD}			150		°C
Thermal protection hysteresis ⁽⁵⁾				25		°C
Boost Converter ELVDD			•	•	•	•
ELVDD voltage				4.6		V
ELVDD voltage variation	Velvdd	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, no load -40°C to +85°C, no load	-0.5 -0.8		+0.5 +0.8	% %
Low-side MOSFET (LS-FET) on resistance	Ron_ls_elvdd	Isw1 = 200mA		160		mΩ
High-side MOSFET (HS-FET) on resistance	Ron_HS_ELVDD	I _{SW1} = 200mA		320		mΩ
Switching frequency	fsw1			1.35		MHz
Current limit				1.5		Α
Output over-current protection (OCP) threshold	IOCP_ELVDD	IOCP_ELVDD = 650mA		650		mA
Short protection threshold		During operation		80		%
Short protection detection time		During operation		1		ms
ELVDD sense threshold	Vtelvdd	Increasing ELVDD-FB		350		mV
Feedback (FB) sense threshold	V _{TFB}	Decreasing ELVDD-FB		250		mV
ELVDD/FB leakage current	ILEAKAGE	CTRL = FD = 0V			5	μA
FB pull-down resister	Rdown_fb			4		MΩ
Active discharge resistance	RDS_ELVDD	CTRL = 0V, I _{ELVDD} = 1mA		75		Ω
Load regulation ⁽⁵⁾		1mA < I _{ELVDD} < 300mA		0.2	1	%/A
Line regulation ⁽⁵⁾		$2.9V < V_{IN} < 4.3V$, $I_{ELVDD} = 200mA$ $2.9V < V_{IN} < 5.2V$, $I_{ELVDD} = 200mA$		0.015 1.5 ⁽⁶⁾		%/V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 V_{IN} = 3.7V, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD}$ = default, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Buck-Boost Converter EL	VSS					
ELVSS default output				-4		V
voltage (Vout)				-4		v
ELVSS VOUT range	VELVSS		-6.4		-1.4	V
ELVSS regulation		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, no load	-30		+30	mV
ELV33 regulation		-40°C to +85°C, no load	-50		+50	mV
LS-FET on resistance	RON_LS_ELVSS	I _{SW2} = 200mA		200		mΩ
HS-FET on resistance	RON_HS_ELVSS	I _{SW2} = 200mA		350		mΩ
Switching frequency	f _{SW2}			1.7		MHz
Current limit	I _{LIMIT2}		2	3		Α
Short protection threshold		At start-up		250		mV
at start-up		At Start-up		200		IIIV
Short protection threshold	- Velvss_scp	Voltage drop from normal ELVSS		600		mV
during operation		Voltage drop nom normal EEV33		000		111V
Short protection detection	taana	At start-up		12.5		ms
time	tscp2	During operation		1		ms
ELVSS leakage current	LEAKAGE	CTRL = FD = 0V		0.01	5	μA
ELVSS discharge	RDC_ELVSS	CTRL = 0V, I _{ELVSS} = 1mA		150		Ω
resistance		CTRL = 0V, IELVSS = IIIIA		150		52
CT output impedance	Rct		130	300	490	kΩ
CT comparator				50		mV
Load regulation (5)		$1mA < I_{ELVSS} < 300mA$		1.5		%/A
		$2.9V < V_{IN} < 5.2V, I_{ELVSS} = 200mA$		0.45		
Line regulation (5)		$2.9V < V_{IN} < 5.2V, I_{ELVSS} = 200 \text{mA}$		0.08 (7)	%/V	
		with an external rectifier diode		0.06 (*)		
Boost Converter AVDD						
AVDD default voltage				5.8		V
AVDD voltage range	Vavdd		5		7.7	V
AVDD regulation		-40°C to +85°C, no load	-1		+1	%
LS-FET on resistance	Ron_ls_avdd	I _{SW3} = 200mA		500		mΩ
HS-FET on resistance	RON_HS_AVDD	I _{SW3} = 200mA		1400		mΩ
Switching frequency	fswз			1.35		MHz
Current limit	LIMIT3			0.5		Α
Output OCP threshold	IOCP_AVDD	I _{OCP_AVDD} = 210mA		210		mA
Short protection threshold		During operation		90		%
Short protection detection	1					
time		During operation		1		ms
AVDD leakage current	LEAKAGE	CTRL = FD = 0V		2.8	5.6	μA
Active discharge				20		
resistance	Rds_avdd	$CTRL = 0V, I_{AVDD} = 1mA$		30		Ω
Load regulation ⁽⁵⁾		1mA < I _{AVDD} < 100mA		0.08		%/A
Line regulation (5)		$2.9V < V_{IN} < 5.2V, I_{AVDD} = 50mA$		0.015		%/V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

V_{IN} = 3.7V, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD}$ = default, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
CTRL Interface						
Logic high voltage	VH		1.35			V
Logic low voltage	VL				0.4	V
Pull-down resistor	R			500		kΩ
Initialization time	tinit			340	470	μs
Shutdown period ⁽⁵⁾	toff		30		80	μs
Pulse high-level period ⁽⁵⁾	tніgн		2	10	25	μs
Pulse low-level period ⁽⁵⁾	tLOW		2	10	25	μs
Data storage and acceptance period ⁽⁵⁾	t store		30		80	μs

Notes:

5) Guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

TIMING DIAGRAM

6) When VIN is between 4.3V and 4.5V, ELVDD line regulation increases since VIN is close to ELVDD's VOUT.

7) To improve ELVSS line regulation in heavy load when V_{IN} < 3.5V, use an external Schottky diode as a rectifier between ELVSS and SW2.

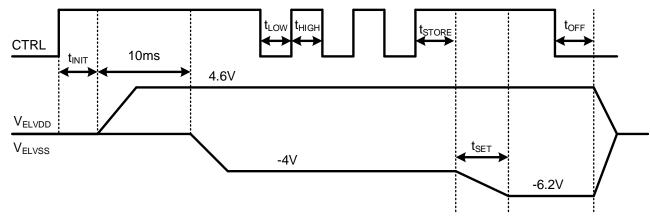
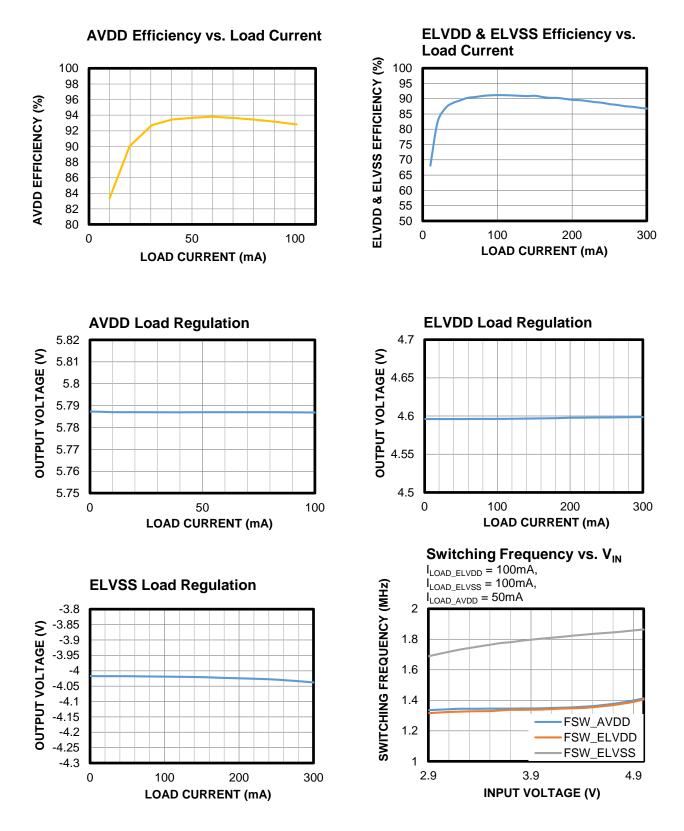


Figure 1: Digital Interface (CTRL) Timing Diagram

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

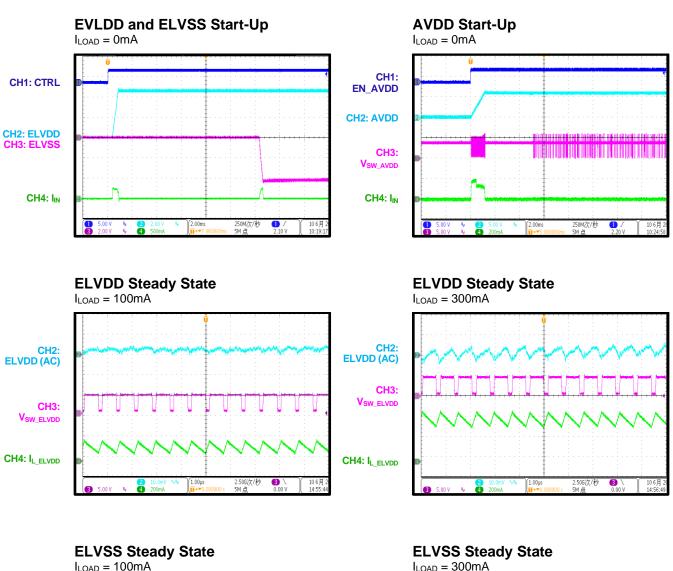
 $V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD} = default$, $L1 = L2 = 4.7\mu$ H, $L3 = 10\mu$ H, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

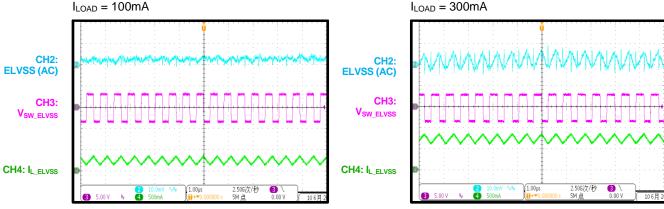


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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD} = default$, $L1 = L2 = 4.7\mu$ H, $L3 = 10\mu$ H, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

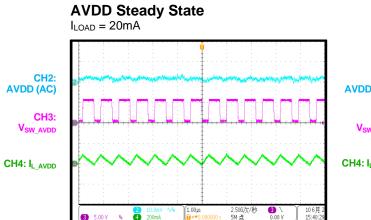


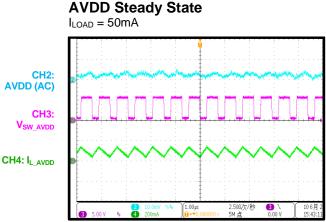


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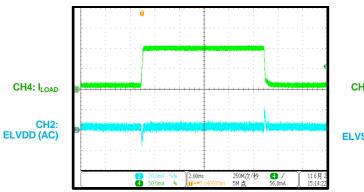
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD} = default$, $L1 = L2 = 4.7\mu$ H, $L3 = 10\mu$ H, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

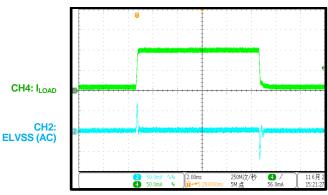


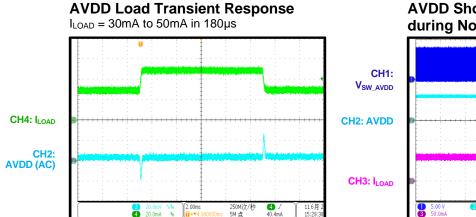


ELVDD Load Transient Response ILOAD = 10mA to 100mA in 180µs

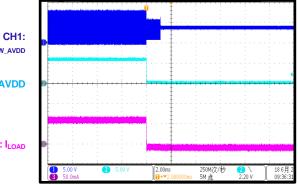








AVDD Short to GND Protection during Normal Operation

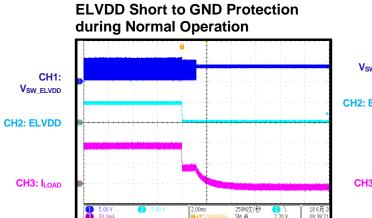


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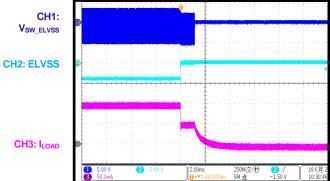


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

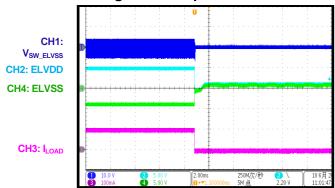
 $V_{IN} = 3.7V$, $V_{ELVDD/ELVSS/AVDD} = default$, $L1 = L2 = 4.7\mu$ H, $L3 = 10\mu$ H, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.



ELVSS Short to GND Protection during Normal Operation



ELVDD Short to ELVSS Protection during Normal Operation





FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

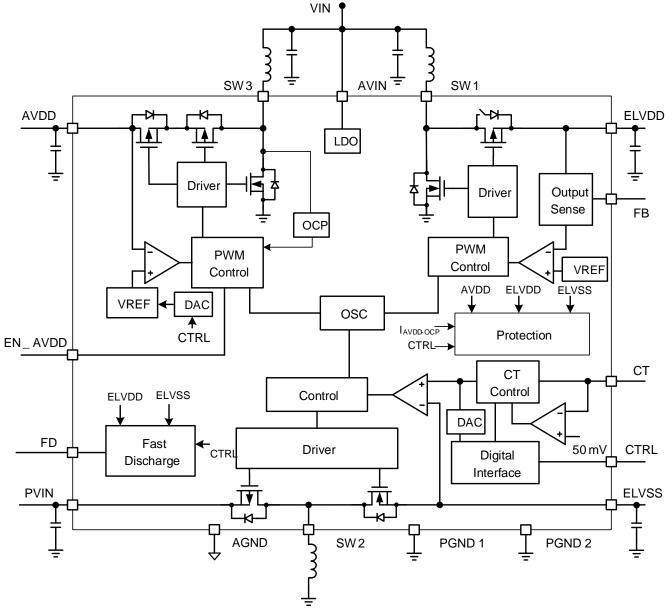


Figure 2: Functional Block Diagram



OPERATION

The MP5611 is a triple-output converter designed for small-size AMOLED (active matrix organic light-emitting diode) display power supplies. It integrates a boost converter for ELVDD, an inverting buck-boost (IBB) converter for ELVSS, and another boost converter for AVDD. The one wire digital control pin (CTRL) can program the ELVSS, ELVDD, and AVDD voltages following digital protocol.

Feedback (FB) Connection for ELVDD

If the FB pin is floating or tied to GND, or (V_{ELVDD} - V_{FB}) > 350mV, then the ELVDD boost converter's output voltage (V_{OUT}) is sensed via the ELVDD pin directly. To improve the ELVDD V_{OUT} sense performance, externally connect FB to the main ELVDD output capacitor's positive terminal. In this case, when $(V_{ELVDD} - V_{FB}) < 250 \text{mV}$, V_{OUT} is sensed via FB pin with better sense accuracy.

Fast Discharge Function

Pull the FD pin high to enable the active fast discharge function when the MP5611 shuts down. By connecting FD to GND, all outputs are high-impedance when the IC shuts down. When FD is pulled high, the fast discharge function can also be disabled by applying 81 pulses to the CTRL pin.

Figure 3 shows the start-up/shutdown sequence, where the solid line is with active discharge enabled and the dotted line is without active discharge enabled.

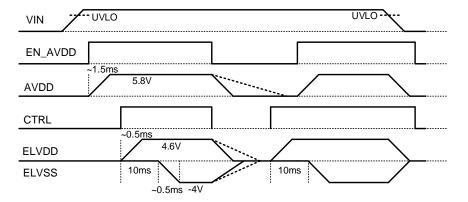


Figure 3: Start-Up/Shutdown Sequence with and without Active Discharge Enable

Configuring the ELVSS Transition Time

When ELVSS is controlled by the CTRL pulse, the voltage transition time can be configured by the capacitor on the CT pin ($C_{EXTERNAL}$), which can be estimated using Equation (1):

t (μ s) = 3 x R_{INTERNAL} ($k\Omega$) x C_{EXTERNAL} (nF) (1)

Where $R_{INTERNAL} = 300 k\Omega$. $C_{EXTERNAL}$ e.g. 100nF is about 90ms of the transition time.

Digital Interface (CTRL)

The CTRL pin has two functions:

 CTRL is the digital interface that configures the output of ELVSS, ELVDD, and AVDD, as well as the output over-current (OC) limit. The number of pulse signal's rising edges applied on the CTRL pin is counted for configuring the corresponding item to a certain value (see Table 1 on page 13). CTRL is also ELVDD and ELVSS's enable signal. Once CTRL pulls high, ELVDD starts up to the default value. After 10ms, ELVSS establishes to its default value (see the Timing Diagram section on page 6).

The reset information for ELVSS, ELVDD, and AVDD follows:

- A power cycle resets all settings to default.
- CTRL is low, and lasts for a set time to reset ELVDD and ELVSS to the default value.
- EN_AVDD can enable/disable AVDD.
- EN_AVDD and CTRL are both pulled low to reset AVDD and all registers to the default value.



Pulse #	ELVSS
1	-6.4V
2	-6.3V
3	-6.2V
4	-6.1V
5	-6V
6	-5.9V
7	-5.8V
8	-5.7V
9	-5.6V
10	-5.5V
11	-5.4V
12	-5.3V
13	-5.2V
14	-5.1V
15	-5V
16	-4.9V
17	-4.8V
18	-4.7V
19	-4.6V
20	-4.5V
21	-4.4V
22	-4.3V
23	-4.2V
24	-4.1V
25	-4V
26	-3.9V
27	-3.8V
28	-3.7V
29	-3.6V
30	-3.5V
31	-3.4V
32	-3.3V
33	-3.2V
34	-3.1V
35	-3V
36	-2.9V
37	-2.8V
38	-2.7V
39	-2.6V
40	-2.5V
41	-2.4V
42	-2.3V
43	-2.2V
44	-2.1V
45	-2V
46	-1.9V
47	-1.8V
48	-1.7V
49	-1.6V
50	-1.5V
51	-1.4V

Table 1: CTRL Configuration Table

Pulse #	AVDD	
52	+5V	
53	+5.1V	
54	+5.2V	
55	+5.3V	
56	+5.4V	
57	+5.5V	
58	+5.6V	
59	+5.7V	
60	+5.8V	
61	+5.9V	
62	+6V	
63	+6.1V	
64	+6.2V	
65	+6.3V	
66	+6.4V	
67	+6.5V	
68	+6.6V	
69	+6.7V	
70	+6.8V	
70	+6.9V	
72	+0.9V +7V	
73	+7.1V	
73	+7.1V +7.2V	
74	+7.2V +7.3V	
75		
	+7.4V +7.5V	
77		
78	+7.6V +7.7V	
79		
Pulse #	V _{OUT} Fast	
	Discharge	
0	Controlled by FD	
80	On	
81	Off	
Pulse #	250mV Detection	
0	Off	
82	On	
83	Off	
Pulse #	ELVDD	
0	4.6V	
84	4.6V	
85	4.7V	
86	4.8V	
87	4.9V	
88	5V	
89	5.1V	
90	5.2V	
Pulse #	OCP (ELVDD)	
0	650mA	
91	80mA	
92	175mA	
93	270mA	
93	365mA	

Pulse #	OCP (ELVDD)	
95	460mA	
96	555mA	
97	650mA	
Pulse #	OCP (AVDD)	
0	210mA	
98	90mA	
99	120mA	
100	150mA	
101	180mA	
102	210mA	
103	240mA	
104	270mA	



Diode Mode when $V_{IN} \approx ELVDD$

When the input voltage (V_{IN}) is close to ELVDD, the MP5611 operates in diode mode. In this mode, the ELVDD boost converter's high-side MOSFET (HS-FET) is disabled, and its body diode operates as a rectifier to regulate V_{OUT} . Note that the converter must work in continuous conduction mode (CCM) to achieve proper output regulation in diode mode.

ELVDD Over-Current Protection (OCP)

The MP5611 supports ELVDD over-current protection (OCP). If EVDD's output current (I_{OUT}) exceeds 650mA (default) or the threshold configured via the CTRL signal, and lasts for 1ms, then OCP is triggered and the IC shuts down until CTRL or the power resets.

AVDD OCP

The MP5611 supports AVDD OCP. When AVDD's I_{OUT} exceeds 210mA (default) or the threshold configured via the CTRL signal, and lasts for 1ms, then OCP is triggered and the IC shuts down until EN_AVDD or the power resets.

Short Output Voltage (Vout) Protection

The MP5611 features complete short protection functions, including AVDD, ELVDD, ELVSS short to GND protection, as well as ELVDD short to LEVSS protection.

The conditions required for the short protection functions follow:

 If ELVDD does not reach its regulated voltage within 10ms after ELVDD is enabled (CTRL = high), all output voltages shut down (for ELVDD short to GND protection at start-up).

- If ELVSS does not reach its regulated voltage within 12.5ms after ELVSS is enabled (22.5ms after CTRL = high), all output voltages shut down (for ELVSS short to GND protection at start-up).
- If ELVSS > 250mV when ELVSS is enabled (10ms after CTRL = high), ELVDD and ELVSS shut down, and AVDD operates normally (for ELVDD short to ELVSS protection).
- 4. If AVDD decreases to 90% of its configured voltage for 1ms, all output voltages shut down (for AVDD short to GND protection during operation).
- 5. If ELVDD decreases to 80% of its configured voltage for 1ms, all output voltages shut down (for ELVDD short to GND protection during operation).
- If ELVSS increases to >600mV for 1ms, all output voltages shut down (for ELVSS short to GND protection during operation).

Thermal Shutdown

To prevent the IC from operating at exceedingly high temperatures, thermal shutdown is implemented by monitoring the silicon die temperature. When the die temperature exceeds the upper threshold (T_{ST}), the IC shuts down. Once the die temperature drops below the lower threshold, the IC restarts and resumes normal operation. The hysteresis is 25°C.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Selecting the Inductor

It is recommended to use the ELVDD and ELVSS converters with 4.7μ H inductors, and the AVDD boost converter with a 10μ H inductor (see Table 2).

For a given inductance, the inductor DC current rating should be at least 40% greater than the maximum input peak inductor current for most applications. The inductor's DC resistance should be as small as possible for higher efficiency.

Selecting the Capacitor

Table 2 shows the recommended capacitors. Lower capacitance may lead to increased

voltage ripple. Generally, the lower I_{OUT} , the lower the required capacitance. It is recommended to use ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics for their low ESR and small temperature coefficients.

Optional ELVSS External Rectifier Diode

Using an external Schottky diode as a rectifier for ELVSS can be beneficial for improving ELVSS line regulation in heavy load when $V_{IN} < 3.5V$. If necessary, a B0530WS Schottky diode in an SOD-323 package is sufficient. Connect this diode between ELVSS and SW2 (see the dotted box in Figure 4 on page 16).

Ref	Value	Manufacturer	Manufacturer PN
L _{SW1} , L _{SW2}	L _{SW1} , L _{SW2} 4.7µH		XFL4020-4R7ML
L _{SW3}	L _{SW3} 10µH		MMPP252012-100N
CIN	3 x 10µF	Murata	GRM21BR71A106KE51
Co_avdd, Co_elvdd 10µF		Murata	GRM21BR71A106KE51
C _{O_ELVSS}	2 x 10µF	Murata	GRM21BR71A106KE51
C _{CT}	100nF	Murata	GRM155B11A104KA01

PCB Layout Guidelines

Efficient PCB layout and placement of the highfrequency switching path are critical to prevent noise and electromagnetic interference (EMI). For the best results, refer to Figure 4 and follow the guidelines below:

- 1. Place the input capacitors on PVIN and AVIN as close as possible to the device.
- 2. Place the output capacitors on AVDD, ELVDD, and ELVSS as close as possible to the device.
- 3. Use short and wide traces to connect the input capacitors on PVIN and AVIN.

- 4. Use short and wide traces to connect the output capacitors on AVDD, ELVDD, and ELVSS.
- 5. Connect the CT capacitor's negative terminal directly to the AGND pin.
- Keep the loop between SW2, L2, the PVIN input capacitor, the ELVSS output capacitor, and GND as short as possible due to the high-frequency pulse current.
- 7. Connect the IC's exposed thermal pad to AGND, PGND1, and PGND2.

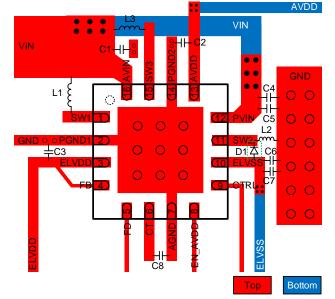


Figure 4: Recommended PCB Layout



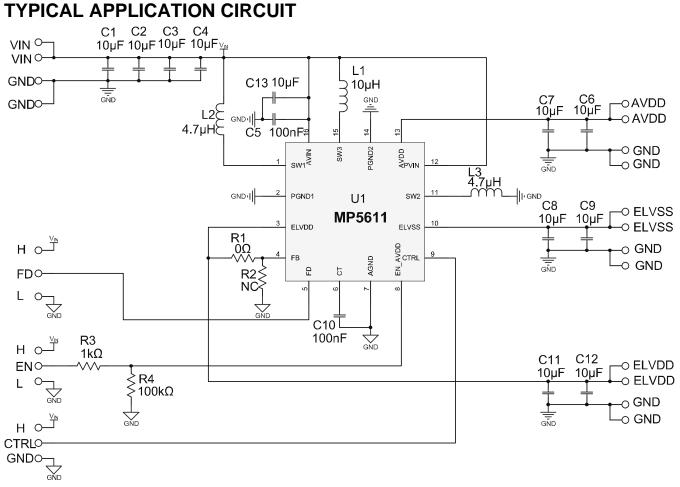
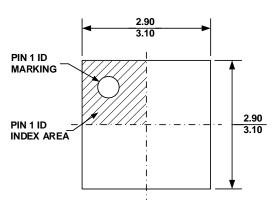


Figure 5: Typical Application Circuit

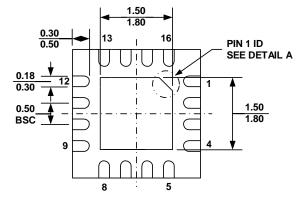


PACKAGE INFORMATION

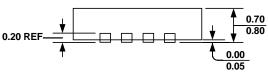
TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm)



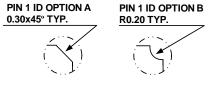
TOP VIEW



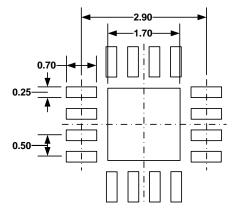
BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



<u>DETAIL A</u>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

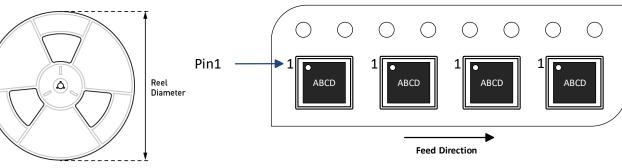
NOTE:

1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

- 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX.
- 4) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-220, VARIATION WEED-4.
- 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.



CARRIER INFORMATION



Part Number	Package Description	Quantity/ Reel	Quantity/ Tube	Quantity/ Tray	Reel Diameter	Carrier Tape Width	Carrier Tape Pitch
MP5611GQT-Z	TQFN-16 (3mmx3mm)	5000	N/A	N/A	13in	12mm	8mm