# **MPF42790**



## 2 to 16 Stacked Cells Battery Pack Fuel Gauge with Level LEDs

# DESCRIPTION

The MPF42790 is a drop-in solution to provide comprehensive status information on lithium-ion battery strings up to 16 series cells. The MPF42790 estimates the internal state-ofcharge (SOC) and state-of-health (SOH) for each cell, as well as the full pack. The MPF42790 also determines remaining runtime, charge time, and instantaneous available power. On-board memory enables the lifetime logging of key parameters.

The MPF42790 is simple to use and supports a variety of lithium cell chemistries and cell sizes. A few basic configurations allow for quick set-up, and advanced configuration capabilities can fine-tune the device for specific applications.

When paired with an MP279x battery monitor, the MPF42790 can achieve SOC accuracy within 3%. The MPF42790 can also be paired with other analog front-end (AFE) or battery stack monitors. The 400kHz I<sup>2</sup>C interface provides standard, robust communication. The 5-level LED drivers provide a simple, costeffective charge level indicator for the device.

The MPF42790 is available in a TQFN-32 (4mmx4mm) package.

## MINIMUM SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- Battery Monitor Providing Individual Cell Voltages for 2 to 16 Series Cells, Pack Current, and Temperature
- M0 System MCU with I<sup>2</sup>C and Interrupt, 48kB of Flash and 4kB of RAM

# FEATURES

- Compatible with Commonly used Battery Monitors for up to 16 Series Cells
  - ±3% State-of-Charge (SOC) Accuracy when Paired with MP279x Battery Monitors
- Provides Critical Battery Information:
  - Pack and Cell SOC
  - Pack and Cell State-of-Health (SOH)
  - Remaining Runtime and Charge Time
  - Instantaneous Available Power
- Supports a Wide Variety of Lithium Cells
- Adaptive Learning can be Enabled to:
  - Refine Initial Charge Settings
  - Refine Initial Discharge Settings
  - Update Individual Cells' SOH to Track Degradation
- Provides Lifetime Logging
- Supports 5-Level LED SOC Indicator with Push-Button Trigger
- 2.5V Minimum Supply Voltage
- Low Current Consumption: 6µA in Disabled Mode and 135µA (Average) in Operating Mode during Rest
- Supports Up to 400kHz I<sup>2</sup>C with CRC for Robust Communication
- Available in a Compact TQFN-32 (4mmx4mm) Package
- Available in Turn-Key MPS BMS Module:
   MBM1xS-P50 and MBM1xS-P100

## APPLICATIONS

- Light EV: Scooters, Bikes, and Golf Carts
- Energy Storage: UPS and Renewable
   Energy
- Industrial Robots, Floor Cleaners, and Forklifts
- Cordless Tools and Gardening Equipment

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# **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

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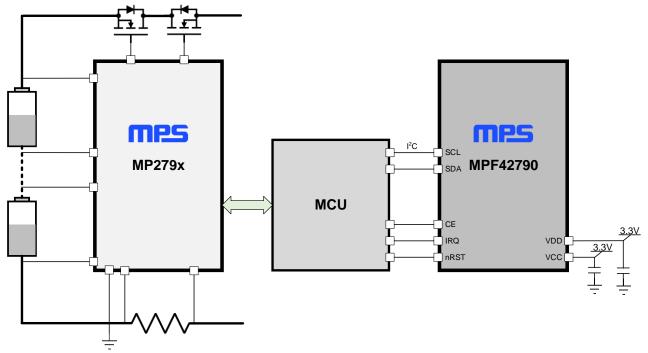


Figure 1: MPF42790 with MP279x AFE Typical Electrical Diagram



## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	MSL Rating	
MPF42790DRT-0B-yyyy**	TQFN-32 (4mmx4mm)	See Below	3	
EVKT-MPF42790	Evaluation kit	-	-	
EVKT-MBM1xS-P50	Evaluation kit	-	-	

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MPF42790DRT-0B-yyyy-Z).

\*\* "-yyyy" refers to the default configuration identifier ("-0000" by default), where each "y" is a hexadecimal value between 0 and F. Work with an MPS FAE to obtain a customized default configuration.

## **TOP MARKING**

# MPSYWW M4279X LLLLLL

MPF4279x Family Generic Version

MPS : MPS prefix Y : Year code WW : Week code M4279X : Family part number\* LLLLLL : Lot number

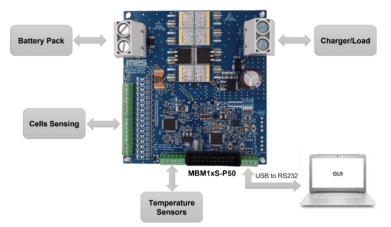
\* The specific part number is in the IC\_VER register.

## EVALUATION KIT EVKT-MBM1XS-P50 (MP279x BMS)

EVKT-MBM1xS-P50 kit contents (items below can be ordered separately):

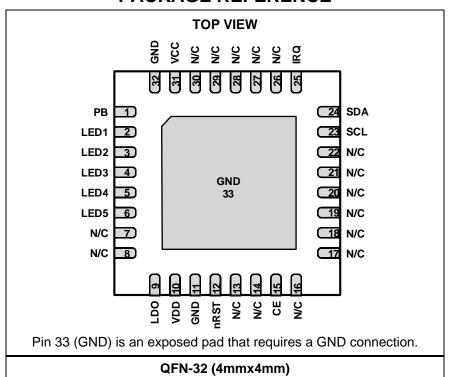
#	Part Number	Item	Quantity
1	MBM1xS-P50	MPF42790DRT-0B-yyyy and MP279x AFE reference design evaluation board	1
2	EVKT-USB_RS232/I2C-01	USB to RS232/I <sup>2</sup> C adapter	1
3	Online resources	Include datasheet, user guide, product brief, and GUI	1

#### Order directly from MonolithicPower.com or our distributors.



#### Figure 2: MBM1xS-P50 Evaluation Kit Set-Up





## **PACKAGE REFERENCE**

# **PIN FUNCTIONS**

Pin #	Name	I/O	Description
1	PB	I	Push-button. Triggers state-of-charge (SOC) LED indicator.
2	LED1	0	<b>LED 1 driver.</b> The LED1 pin reports the SOC with a $330\Omega$ resistor in series.
3	LED2	0	<b>LED 2 driver.</b> The LED2 pin reports the SOC with a $330\Omega$ resistor in series.
4	LED3	0	<b>LED 3 driver.</b> The LED3 pin reports the SOC with a $330\Omega$ resistor in series.
5	LED4	0	<b>LED 4 driver.</b> The LED4 pin reports the SOC with a $330\Omega$ resistor in series.
6	LED5	0	<b>LED 5 driver.</b> The LED5 pin reports the SOC with a $330\Omega$ resistor in series.
7	NC	-	No connection.
8	NC	-	No connection.
9	LDO	Power	<b>Internal LDO.</b> Bypass the LDO pin with a 2.2µF + 100nF ceramic capacitor connected to ground.
10	VDD	Power	<b>Power supply input.</b> Bypass VDD with a 2.2µF ceramic capacitor connected to ground.
11	GND	Power	Ground pin.
12	nRST	I	IC reset control.
13	NC	-	No connection.
14	NC	-	No connection.
15	CE	I	<b>Chip enabled.</b> Set the CE pin to stop fuel gauge updates and disable the communication interface to minimize current consumption.
16	NC	-	No connection.
17	NC	-	No connection.
18	NC	-	No connection.
19	NC	-	No connection.
20	NC	-	No connection.
21	NC	-	No connection.
22	NC	-	No connection.
23	SCL	I/O	$I^2$ <b>C interface clock.</b> Connect the SCL pin to the logic rail through a 10kΩ resistor.
24	SDA	I/O	$I^2$ <b>C</b> interface data. Connect the SDA pin to the logic rail through a 10kΩ resistor.
25	IRQ	0	Interrupt request pin. The IRQ pin is the interrupt going to the host system(s).
26	NC	-	No connection.
27	NC	-	No connection.
28	NC	-	No connection.
29	NC	-	No connection.
30	NC	-	No connection.
31	VCC	Power	<b>3V to 3.3V power supply input.</b> Bypass the VCC pin with a $2.2\mu$ F ceramic capacitor connected to ground.
32	GND	Power	Ground pin.
33	GND	Power	Ground pin.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

VCC supply voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) 3	.6V
VDD supply voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> ) 3	.6V
nRST pin0.3V to +3	.6V
All other pins0.3V to $V_{CC}$ + 0	.3V
Total power dissipation ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) <sup>(2)</sup> 500r	πW
Storage temperature55°C to +15	0°C
Junction temperature55°C to +15	0°C

## ESD Ratings

Human body model (HBM) ..... ±4000V

### **Recommended Operating Conditions** <sup>(3)</sup>

Supply voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> )	
All other pins	
Operating junction temp	(T <sub>J</sub> )40°C to +85°C

# Thermal Resistance θJA θJC TQFN-32 (4mmx4mm)......47.....45....°C/W

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, T<sub>J</sub> (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ<sub>JA</sub>, and the ambient temperature, T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub> (MAX) = (T<sub>J</sub> (MAX) T<sub>A</sub>) / θ<sub>JA</sub>. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can produce an excessive die temperature, and the regulator may go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### $V_{CC}$ = 3.3V, $T_A$ = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
State-of-Charge Performa	ance					
Dook state of shores	0	MPS MP279x AFE family, $15^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 35^{\circ}C$ , $I_{CHG} \leq 0.5C$ , $I_{DIS} \leq 0.5C$	-2	0	+2	%
Pack state-of-charge (SOC) accuracy <sup>(5)</sup>	$\theta_{\text{ERR}}$	MPS MP279x AFE family, $10^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 50^{\circ}C$ , $I_{CHG} \leq 1C$ , $I_{DIS} \leq 1C$	-3	0	+3	%
		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{MPS MP279x AFE family, 10°C } \\ \mbox{T}_A \leq 50°C,  I_{CHG} \leq 2C,  I_{DIS} \leq 2C \end{array}$	-4	0	+4	%
Power Supply						
VDD operating voltage range	Vdd		2.5	3.3	3.6	V
VCC operating voltage range	Vcc		2.5	3.3	3.6	V
Total active current	IDD_ACTIVE	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , LEDs off, fuel gauge updating		7.5		mA
Total standby current	IDD_STANDBY	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3V, LEDs off, fuel gauge idle		50		μA
Average operating current during CHG or DSG	Idd_chg/dsg	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3V, LEDs off, NCELLS_SER = 10, EXE_TIME = 4s, with I <sup>2</sup> C traffic		270		μA
Average operating current during rest	Idd_rest	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3V, LEDs off, NCELLS_SER = 10, EXE_TIME = 4s, WEXE_TIME_REST = 4, with I <sup>2</sup> C traffic		135		μΑ
Total disabled current	DD_DIS	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V		6		μA
Power-On Reset (POR)						
Release threshold of POR	Vrot	V <sub>DD</sub> rising	1.66	1.79	1.9	V
nRST PIN						
nRST pin threshold voltage	V <sub>RST</sub>		0.2 x V <sub>DD</sub>		0.9 x V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Minimum pulse width on the nRST pin	t <sub>RST</sub>	$V_{DD} = 3.3V$		700		ns
Time-out after reset	<b>t</b> TOUT			64	128	ms
CE						
Low input voltage	VIL_CE	Iol = 5mA	-0.3		V <sub>DD</sub> x 0.35	V
High input voltage	$V_{\text{IH}_{\text{CE}}}$		V <sub>DD</sub> x 0.65V		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V	V
Low leakage current	ICE_LKG_LOW	$V_{CE} = 3.3V$			3	μA
High leakage current	ICE_LKG_HIGH	$V_{CE} = 3.3V$			3	μA
IRQ						
Low output voltage	$V_{IRQL}$	Sink = 4mA			0.4	V
High output voltage	Virqh	Source = 4mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4			V
PB						
Low input voltage	$V_{PBL}$		-0.3		V <sub>DD</sub> x 0.35	V
High input voltage	Vpbh		V <sub>DD</sub> x 0.65V		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V	V

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameters	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
LEDs					•	
High-level output voltage	V <sub>OH_LED</sub>	Output current = 4mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4V			V
High-level output current	IOH_LED	$\underline{V}_{LEDx} = V_{DD} - 0.4V$	4			mA
I <sup>2</sup> C DC Characteristics						
High input voltage	VIH	SCL, SDA	0.7 x V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Low input voltage	VIL	SCL, SDA	-0.5		0.3 x V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Low output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	SDA 3mA sink current			0.4	V
I <sup>2</sup> C Timing Characteristics		-				
Spikes suppressed by input filter	tsp		0		50	ns
Operating frequency range	f <sub>SCL</sub>		10		400	kHz
SCL clock low period	t <sub>LOW</sub>		1.125			μs
SCL clock high period	t <sub>ніGH</sub>		1.125			μs
SCL and SDA falling time	t <sub>FALL</sub>				0.34	μs
SCL and SDA rising time	t <sub>RISE</sub>				0.34	μs
Data hold time	thd_dat		0			ns
Data set-up time	tsu_dat		125			ns
Data valid time	tv_dat		475			ns
Set-up time for a repeated start condition	tsu_sta		125			ns
Hold time for a repeated start condition	thd_sta		0			ns
Set-up time for a stop condition	tsu_sто		125			ns

Note:

5) Validated on a 10S1P Samsung INR18650 25R pack (see the Typical Performance Characteristics section on page 8 for more details). Similar results can be achieved with other cell/pack types after characterization.

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

The fuel gauge performance depends on multiple factors, such as the accuracy of the measurements, the correctness of the configuration, and the fidelity of the cell mathematical model. This means that fuel gauge performance may vary depending on the battery operating conditions.

This section shows examples of the MPS MPF42790 fuel gauge pack's SOC performance when paired with MPS's MP279x AFE family.

## Constant-Current/Constant-Voltage (CC/CV) Charge and Dynamic Discharge Cycle

The next scenarios consist of charging a 10S1P <sup>(6)</sup> battery using the typical CC/CV method, followed by a highly dynamic discharge at different ambient temperatures. The charge constant current rate is 1C, while the charge termination current in this example is 0.1C. The highly dynamic discharge corresponds to a typical e-bike's current profile, with an average current of 1C and maximum peak currents up to 2.8C. Figure 3 shows the current profile of the complete cycle at 25°C.

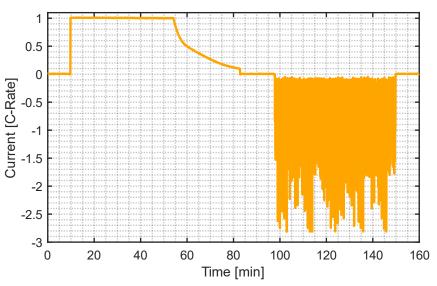


Figure 3: CC/CV Charge and Dynamic Discharge Current Profile

Figure 4 on page 10 shows the MPF42790's performance for the CC/CV charge and dynamic discharge cycle at an ambient temperature of 25°C. During charge, the root-mean-square <sup>(7)</sup> and maximum pack SOC error are 0.70% and 1.20%, respectively. During discharge, the root-mean-squared and pack SOC error are 1.18% and 2.93%, respectively.

#### Note:

6) 10S1P refers to the battery configuration. There are 10 groups of 1 parallel cell connected in series.

7) The RMS error is equal to  $\sqrt{\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N}(\theta_{n}-\hat{\theta}_{n})^{2}}{N}}$ , where  $\theta$  is the actual SOC,  $\hat{\theta}$  is the estimated SOC, and N is the number of samples.

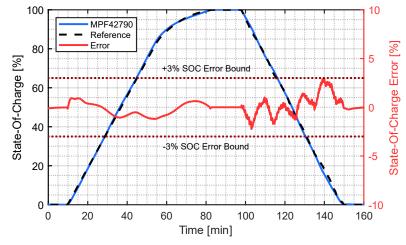


Figure 4: MPF42790 Performance for a CC/CV Charge and Dynamic Discharge (Ambient Temperature = 25°C)

Figure 5 shows the MPF42790's performance for the CC/CV charge and dynamic discharge cycle at 40°C ambient temperature. During charge, the root-mean-squared and maximum pack SOC error are 1.31% and 2.49%, respectively. During discharge, the root-mean-squared and pack SOC error are 1.36% and 2.96%, respectively.

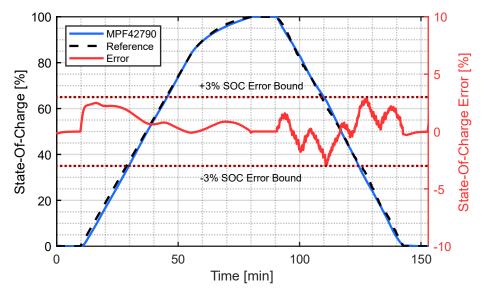


Figure 6: MPF42790 Performance for a CC/CV Charge and Dynamic Discharge (Ambient Temperature = 40°C)

#### **Performance Summary**

This section provides a summary of the MPF42790's real-world performance. **Error! Reference source not found.** shows a summary of the pack SOC performance metrics for a 10S1P battery.

Test Case	25°C	40°C						
CC/CV charge	0.70% (1.20%)	1.31% (2.49%)						
Dynamic discharge	1.18% (2.93%)	1.36% (2.96%)						

Table 2: MPF42790 SOC Root-Mean-Squared (and Maximum) Error

# OPERATION

The MPF42790 relies on a host microcontroller (MCU) to periodically update the fuel gauge's required inputs. This includes the cell voltages (via the VRDG\_CELLxx registers), current (via the IRDG\_CELLxx registers), and temperature (via the TRDG\_TSx registers).

The host MCU is responsible for synchronizing the input data to the fuel gauge's execution time (EXE\_TIME). The host MCU sends the EXE\_CMD command to trigger the fuel gauge execution and waits until the iteration is completed (FG\_EXE\_FLAG = 0). Then the host MCU can read back the fuel gauge's output registers, such as the pack state-of-charge (SOC). The interrupt request (IRQ) pin can be configured to notify several events, such as a completed iteration or other conditions.

## **Operating Modes**

### Active

In active mode, the fuel gauge is either updating the battery internal states or communicating via the  $l^2C$  bus.

## Standby

In standby mode, the fuel gauge is idle, which means that all triggered updates have been completed and the fuel gauge is waiting for activity on the SDA line to transition to active mode. See the I<sup>2</sup>C Communication Interface section on page 12 for more details.

## Disabled

In disabled mode, the chip enable (CE) pin is low. I<sup>2</sup>C communication is not available, and the fuel gauge achieves minimal current consumption but still retains all internal state variables in its memory.

# Configuration and Data Exchange

#### **Configuration Mode**

In the configuration mode, the MPF42790 is set to receive configuration parameters. However,

Table 1 on page 12). When the PB pin is pulled low (if the LEDS\_ON\_BTN register is enabled), or when the battery pack is charging (if LEDS\_ON\_CHG is enabled), the LEDs display pack SOC. The deglitch time between charge and discharge can be configured via the

the device will stop operating. This mode is enabled by sending the CONFIG\_MODE\_CMD and can be confirmed by reading the CONFIG\_MODE\_FLAG register. After the fuel gauge configurations are successfully updated. the send host svstem must the CONFIG EXIT CMD command to save the configuration into non-volatile memory (NVM). This ensures that the configuration remains after a hardware reset (cycling the device's power or cycling power on the nRST pin).

### **Editing Mode**

As an alternative to the configuration mode, the edit mode allows for partial configuration changes. In this mode, the fuel gauge settings can be updated, but not changes to the fuel gauge cell model. Configuration mode is required to change the fuel gauge cell model. In this mode, the fuel gauge operation does not stop, which allows for on-the-fly configurations. This mode is enabled by sending the EDIT CONFIG CMD command and can be confirmed the by reading EDIT\_SETTINGS\_FLAG. The host system can this mode sending exit by the END EDIT CONFIG CMD or CONFIG EXIT CMD command, which store the updated configuration in the MPF42790's NVM.

## LED Control

The MPF42790 can drive five external LEDs that report the pack SOC. There are 2 methods for controlling the LEDs, direct control or manual control, which is configured using the LEDS\_ON\_MAN register.

Note that the LED settings can be written at any time during active or standby operating modes without having to enter configuration or edit modes.

#### Direct LED Control

With direct LED control, the fuel gauge directly controls the LEDs based on the pack SOC (see

LED\_TRANS register. The LED turn-on time can be configured via the LEDS\_ON\_TIME register.

Pack SOC		LED	) Stat	us	
Fack SUC	1	2	4	4	5
SOC > 90%	On	On	On	On	On
90% ≥ SOC > 70%	On	On	On	On	Off
70% ≥ SOC > 50%	On	On	On	Off	Off
50% ≥ SOC > 30%	On	On	Off	Off	Off
30% ≥ SOC > 10%	On	Off	Off	Off	Off
10% ≥ SOC	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off

#### Table 1: LED State-of-Charge Indicator Map

### Manual LED Control

With manual LED control, the host manually controls each LED via the corresponding LEDx\_ON register.

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Communication Interface

The MPF42790 has an I<sup>2</sup>C channel that communicates with the host MCU which extracts the data from the AFE.

The I<sup>2</sup>C is a bidirectional, two-wire serial interface. Only two bus lines are required: a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). The device can be considered a master or a slave when performing data transfers. A device that initiates a data transfer on the bus and generates the clock signals to permit the transfer is considered a master. Any device that the master addresses is considered a slave.

Both MPF42790 I<sup>2</sup>C interfaces operate as slave devices with a configurable address (0x08 by default). They receive control inputs from the master device and ignore general call addresses.

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface supports both standard mode (up to 100kbits), and fast mode (up to 400kbits). The SDA and SCL lines are bidirectional with open drain outputs that should be connected to the positive supply voltage via a current source or pull-up resistor. When the bus is free, both lines are high.

The data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. the high or low state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is low. Note that a single clock pulse is generated for each data bit transferred (see Figure 7).

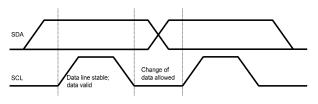


Figure 7: Bit Transfer on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus

All transactions must begin with a start (S) command and can be terminated with a stop (P) command. Start and stop commands are always generated by the master. A start command is defined by a high-to-low transition on the SDA line while SCL is high (see Figure 8). A stop command is defined by a low-to-high transition on the SDA line while the SCL is high (see Figure 8). The bus is considered busy after a start command and free after a stop command.

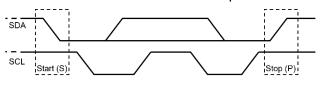


Figure 8: I<sup>2</sup>C Start and Stop Commands

Every byte on the SDA line must be 8 bits long and must be followed by an acknowledge (ACK) bit. Note that data is transferred with the most significant bit (MSB) first.

A slave cannot receive or transmit a complete byte of data while performing other tasks, but it can hold the SCL line low to force the master into a wait state (clock stretching). Then, when the slave is ready, data transfer continues, and the clock line (SCL) is released.

The acknowledgement takes place after every byte and allows the receiver to signal to the transmitter that the byte was successfully received. All clock pulses are generated by the master, including the 9th clock pulse (ACK).

The transmitter releases the SDA line during the ACK clock pulse so that the receiver pulls the SDA line low. If the SDA line remains high during the acknowledge clock pulse, it is not acknowledged (NACK). Then the master can generate a stop command to abort the transfer, or it can generate a repeated start (Sr) command to start a new transfer.

After the start command, a 7-bit slave address is sent, followed by the read/write (R/W) bit. A 0

represents a write transmission (W), while a 1 indicates a read request (R). Figure 9 shows a complete data transfer.

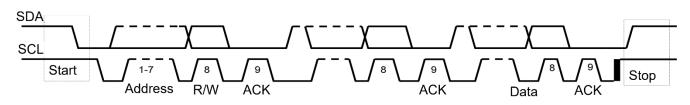


Figure 9: Complete Data Transfer

## Active Mode

The MPF42790 must be in active mode to communicate (see Operating Modes for additional detail). To transition to active mode, the SDA line must be pulled low. There is a 20ms timeout before starting operation, or the device transitions back to standby mode. After the operations are completed (e.g. I<sup>2</sup>C communication or fuel gauge updates) there is a 5ms timeout.

A low 5ms pulse on the SDA line is recommended to transition to active mode. To verify that the MPF42790 is ready for communication, an I<sup>2</sup>C header with the start command, the device address, and the R/W bit can be sent. The device responds with an ACK signal if it is ready for communication.

## Protocol Layer

The MPF42790 uses a protocol where 2 bytes are used for the register and command addresses. A length field is also provided to declare the number of bytes in each read or write transaction. The maximum allowed transaction length is 82 bytes of data (not including the register address, length byte, or CRC bytes).

Cyclic redundancy check (CRC) can be used to ensure the transaction's integrity. When enabled, the last 4 bytes of the transaction correspond to the CRC code. Figure 10 and Figure 11 show an example of read and write transactions with CRC, respectively.



Figure 11: I<sup>2</sup>C Write Transaction with CRC

If CRC is disabled, a write transaction can optionally include the correct CRC bytes to be accepted. During a read, the MPF42790 does not include CRC, so the NACK signal and stop command from the master come after DATA[x].

I<sup>2</sup>C operations using any address outside of the register map are invalid, even if they are partially valid addresses. An invalid read operation returns a 0 as the data and correct CRC (if

enabled), and an invalid write operation is ignored.

## Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

CRC spans the register address, length, and data payload. It is generated in blocks of 4 bytes. If the number of bytes is not a multiple of 4, the block is padded with 0x00. The algorithm to generate the CRC code is listed on page 14.

unsigned long crc32 (unsigned short Reg\_Address, unsigned char len, unsigned char \*data){ short i; unsigned long crc = 0xfffffff; unsigned char dataTemp[4]; for (i=-1; i<len; i++) {</pre> if(i==-1) { dataTemp[0]=len; dataTemp[1]=Reg\_Address&0x00FF; dataTemp[2]=(Reg\_Address&0xFF00)>>8; dataTemp[3]=0; } else dataTemp[i%4]=data[i]; if((i%4)==3 || i == len-1 || i == -1) { for (char j=0; j<4; j++) {
 crc ^= dataTemp[3-j] << 24;
 for (char k = 0; k < 8; ++k) {
</pre> if ((crc & 0x80000000) != 0) crc = (crc << 1) ^ 0x04C11DB7; else crc <<= 1;</pre> }} dataTemp[0]=0; dataTemp[1]=0; dataTemp[2]=0; dataTemp[3]=0; }} return crc; }

To disable CRC and configure the slave address as 0x08, send the following message: {0x00, 0x41, 0x01, 0x08, 0x94, 0xA0, 0xDE, 0xDD} (Address = 0x4100, Length = 0x01, Data = 0x08, CRC = 0xDDDE A094).

# I<sup>2</sup>C REGISTER MAP

## Fuel Gauge Input

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Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
VRDG_CELL1, 0x0000	Inputs cell 1's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL2, 0x0002	Inputs cell 2's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL3, 0x0004	Inputs cell 3's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL4, 0x0006	Inputs cell 4's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL5, 0x0008	Inputs cell 5's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL6, 0x000A	Inputs cell 6's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL7, 0x000C	Inputs cell 7's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL8, 0x000E	Inputs cell 8's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL9, 0x0010	Inputs cell 9's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL10, 0x0012	Inputs cell 10's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL11, 0x0014	Inputs cell 11's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL12, 0x0016	Inputs cell 12's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL13, 0x0018	Inputs cell 13's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL14, 0x001A	Inputs cell 14's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL15, 0x001C	Inputs cell 15's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_CELL16, 0x001E	Inputs cell 16's voltage reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_PACK, 0x0020	Inputs the pack's voltage reading if VRDG_PACK_EN is enabled.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	0mV	0mV to 131070mV
IRDG_CELL1, 0x0022	Inputs cell 1's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288m/ to +524287m/

IRDG_CELL2, 0x0026	Inputs cell 2's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL3, 0x002A	Inputs cell 3's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL4, 0x002E	Inputs cell 4's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL5, 0x0032	Inputs cell 5's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL6, 0x0036	Inputs cell 6's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL7, 0x003A	Inputs cell 7's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL8, 0x003E	Inputs cell 8's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL9, 0x0042	Inputs cell 9's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL10, 0x0046	Inputs cell 10's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL11, 0x004A	Inputs cell 11's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL12, 0x004E	Inputs cell 12's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL13, 0x0052	Inputs cell 13's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL14, 0x0056	Inputs cell 14's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL15, 0x005A	Inputs cell 15's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_CELL16, 0x005E	Inputs cell 16's current reading if IRDG_CELLS_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
IRDG_PACK, 0x0062	Inputs the pack's current reading if IRDG_PACK_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1mA	0mA	-524288mA to +524287mA
CCRDG, 0x0066	Inputs the Coulomb count reading if CCRDG_EN is enabled.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.0005mA	0mA	-1073741.832mA to +1073741.832mA
TRDG_TS1, 0x006A	Inputs temperature sensor 1's reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.01°C	0°C	-273.15°C to +327.67°C
TRDG_TS2, 0x006C	Inputs temperature sensor 2's reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.01°C	0°C	-273.15°C to +327.67°C
TRDG_TS3, 0x006E	Inputs temperature sensor 3's reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.01°C	0°C	-273.15°C to +327.67°C

TRDG_TS4, 0x0070	Inputs temperature sensor 4's reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.01°C	0°C	-273.15°C to +327.67°C
TRDG_DIE, 0x0072	Inputs the die temperature reading.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 0.01°C	0°C	-273.15°C to +327.67°C
BAL_CELL1, 0x0074	Indicates cell 1's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [0]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL2, 0x0074	Indicates cell 2's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [1]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL3, 0x0074	Indicates cell 3's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [2]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL4, 0x0074	Indicates cell 4's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [3]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL5, 0x0074	Indicates cell 5's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [4]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL6, 0x0074	Indicates cell 6's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [5]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL7, 0x0074	Indicates cell 7's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [6]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL8, 0x0074	Indicates cell 8's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [7]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL9, 0x0074	Indicates cell 9's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [8]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL10, 0x0074	Indicates cell 10's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [9]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL11, 0x0074	Indicates cell 11's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [10]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL12, 0x0074	Indicates cell 12's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [11]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL13, 0x0074	Indicates cell 13's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [12]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL14, 0x0074	Indicates cell 14's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [13]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
BAL_CELL15, 0x0074	Indicates cell 15's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [14]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1

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BAL_CELL16, 0x0074	Indicates cell 16's balancing status. 1: Active 0: Inactive	1, [15]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
HARD_RST, 0x0076	Resets the fuel gauge and lifetime log if set to 1 (i.e. FG_RST = LOG_RST = 1). This is a self-clearing register that returns to 0 automatically.	1, [0]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
FG_RST, 0x0076	Resets the fuel gauge if set to 1 (i.e. STATUS_RST = SOH_RST = SOC_RST = FULL_RST = EMTY_RST = IR_RST = ETAC_RST = IDIS_AVG_RST = IDIS_END_RST = ICHG_END_RST = ICHG_CC_RST = VCHG_CV_RST = 1). This is a self- clearing register that returns to 0 automatically.	1, [1]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
LOG_RST, 0x0076	Resets the lifetime log. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [2]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
WKUP, 0x0076	Wakes up the fuel gauge. 1: Wake up (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [3]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
STATUS_RST, 0x0076	Resets the pack status. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [4]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
SOH_RST, 0x0076	Resets the SOH. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [5]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
SOC_RST, 0x0076	Resets the SOC. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [7]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
FULL_RST, 0x0076	Resets the pack full. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [8]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
EMTY_RST, 0x0076	Resets the pack empty. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [9]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
IDIS_AVG_RST, 0x0076	Resets the average discharge current. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [10]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
IDIS_END_RST, 0x0076	Resets the discharge termination current. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [11]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
ICHG_END_ RST, 0x0076	Resets the charge termination current. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [12]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
ICHG_CC_RST, 0x0076	Resets the charge CC. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [13]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1
VCHG_CV_ RST, 0x0076	Resets the charge CV. 1: Reset (self-clearing) 0: No action	1, [14]	R/W	Boolean true/false	0	0 to 1

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PCHG_SHW, 0x0078	Shows the maximum charge power in PCHG, the limiting cell ID in PCHG_ID, and the limiting factor in PCHG_LIM (PCHG_SHW_EN by default). 1: Show 0: Do not show	1, [0]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	PCHG_SHW_ EN	0 to 1
PDIS_SHW, 0x0078	Shows the maximum discharge power (PDIS_SHW_EN by default). 1: Show 0: Do not show	1, [1]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	PDIS_SHW_EN	0 to 1

### **Fuel Gauge Backup**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
SOH_CELL1_ BKUP, 0x0200	These bits are the backup register for cell 1's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL1 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL2_ BKUP, 0x0204	These bits are the backup register for cell 2's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL2 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL3_ BKUP, 0x0208	These bits are the backup register for cell 3's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL3 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL4_ BKUP, 0x020C	These bits are the backup register for cell 4's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL4 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%

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SOH_CELL5_ BKUP, 0x0210	These bits are the backup register for cell 5's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL5 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL6_ BKUP, 0x0214	These bits are the backup register for cell 6's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL6 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL7_ BKUP, 0x0218	These bits are the backup register for cell 7's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL7 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL8_ BKUP, 0x021C	These bits are the backup register for cell 8's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL8 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL9_ BKUP, 0x0220	These bits are the backup register for cell 9's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL9 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%

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SOH_CELL10_ BKUP, 0x0224	These bits are the backup register for cell 10's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL10 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL11_ BKUP, 0x0228	These bits are the backup register for cell 11's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL11 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35 Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL12_ BKUP, 0x022C	These bits are the backup register for cell 12's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL12 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL13_ BKUP, 0x0230	These bits are the backup register for cell 13's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL13 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL14_ BKUP, 0x0234	These bits are the backup register for cell 14's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL14 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%

SOH_CELL15_ BKUP, 0x0238	These bits are the backup register for cell 15's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL15 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL16_ BKUP, 0x023C	These bits are the backup register for cell 16's SOH. This address is a R/W alias for the SOH_CELL16 register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this or any other of the cell SOH backup registers prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in these registers as a starting point for the SOH learning.	32, [31:0]	R/W	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
IDIS_AVG_ BKUP, 0x0280	These bits are the backup register for the average discharge current. This address is a R/W alias for the IDIS_AVG register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this backup register prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in this register as a starting point for this learning.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070mA
IDIS_END_ BKUP, 0x0290	These bits are the backup register for the discharge end current. This address is a R/W alias for the IDIS_END register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this backup register prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in this register as a starting point for this learning.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070mA
ICHG_CC_ BKUP, 0x02A0	These bits are the backup register for the charge CC current. This address is a R/W alias for the ICHG_CC register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this backup register prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in this register as a starting point for this learning.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070mA

ICHG_END_ BKUP, 0x02B0	These bits are the backup register for the charge termination current. This address is a R/W alias for the ICHG_END register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details, see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this backup register prepares the fuel gauge to use the values written in this register as a starting point for this learning.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070mA
VCHG_CV_ BKUP,	These bits are the backup register for the charge CV voltage. This address is a R/W alias for the VCHG_CV register. The fuel gauge must be in learning backup mode for this register to be written. For more details,	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer	_	0mA to
0x02C0	see the FG_BKUP_ENABLE register on page 23 and the FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35. Writing to this backup register prepares the fuel	10, [10.0]		LSB = 2mA		131070mA
	gauge to use the values written in this register as a starting point for this learning.					
FG_BKUP_	Enables learning backup mode. See the		Write-	Control		
ENABLE, 0x0300	FG_BKUP_FLAG register on page 35 for more details.	1, [0]	only	Enable = 1 Disable = 0	0	0 to 1

## Fuel Gauge Output

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Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
EMTY_SOC_ CELL1, 0x0564	Returns cell 1's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL2, 0x0565	Returns cell 2's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL3, 0x0566	Returns cell 3's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL4, 0x0567	Returns cell 4's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL5, 0x0568	Returns cell 5's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL6, 0x0569	Returns cell 6's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL7, 0x056A	Returns cell 7's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL8, 0x056B	Returns cell 8's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL9, 0x056C	Returns cell 9's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL10, 0x056D	Returns cell 10's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL11, 0x056E	Returns cell 11's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%

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EMTY_SOC_				8-bit unsigned integer		
CELL12, 0x056F	Returns cell 12's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL13, 0x0570	Returns cell 13's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL14, 0x0571	Returns cell 14's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL15, 0x0572	Returns cell 15's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL16, 0x0573	Returns cell 16's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_ID, 0x0574	Returns the cell ID for the cell that is empty limiting the pack.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	0 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)
EMTY_RTIME, 0x0575	Returns the remaining time for the pack to become empty. Smoother changes for the remaining time estimate can be achieved by increasing EMTY_RTIME_FILTER with the tradeoff of an increased phase delay.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	Os	0s to 65535s
EMTY_LIM, 0x0577	Outputs the pack's empty limiting factor. 0: Cell 1: Pack	8, [7:0]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1	0	0 to 1
FULL_SOC_ CELL1, 0x057C	Returns cell's 1 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL2, 0x057D	Returns cell's 2 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL3, 0x057E	Returns cell's 3 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL4, 0x057F	Returns cell's 4 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL5, 0x0580	Returns cell's 5 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL6, 0x0581	Returns cell's 6 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL7, 0x0582	Returns cell's 7 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL8, 0x0583	Returns cell's 8 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL9, 0x0584	Returns cell's 9 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL10, 0x0585	Returns cell's 10 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%



FULL_SOC_ CELL11, 0x0586	Returns cell's 11 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL12, 0x0587	Returns cell's 12 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL13, 0x0588	Returns cell's 13 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL14, 0x0589	Returns cell's 14 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL15, 0x058A	Returns cell's 15 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL16, 0x058B	Returns cell's 16 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_ID, 0x058C	Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	0	1 to 16 (cell ID)
FULL_RTIME, 0x058D	Returns the remaining time to reach a full pack.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	0	0s to 65535s
FULL_LIM, 0x058F	Returns the pack's full limiting factor. 0: Cell 1: Pack	1, [0]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1

### **Fuel Gauge Output**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
EMTY_SOC_ CELL1, 0x0564	Returns cell 1's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL2, 0x0565	Returns cell 2's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL3, 0x0566	Returns cell 3's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL4, 0x0567	Returns cell 4's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL5, 0x0568	Returns cell 5's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL6, 0x0569	Returns cell 6's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL7, 0x056A	Returns cell 7's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL8, 0x056B	Returns cell 8's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL9, 0x056C	Returns cell 9's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%

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EMTY_SOC_ CELL10, 0x056D	Returns cell 10's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL11, 0x056E	Returns cell 11's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL12, 0x056F	Returns cell 12's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL13, 0x0570	Returns cell 13's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL14, 0x0571	Returns cell 14's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL15, 0x0572	Returns cell 15's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_SOC_ CELL16, 0x0573	Returns cell 16's empty SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
EMTY_ID, 0x0574	Returns the cell ID for the cell that is empty limiting the pack.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	0 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)
EMTY_RTIME, 0x0575	Returns the remaining time for the pack to become empty. Smoother changes for the remaining time estimate can be achieved by increasing EMTY_RTIME_FILTER with the tradeoff of an increased phase delay.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	Os	0s to 65535s
EMTY_LIM, 0x0577	Outputs the pack's empty limiting factor. 0: Cell 1: Pack	8, [7:0]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1	0	0 to 1
FULL_SOC_ CELL1, 0x057C	Returns cell's 1 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL2, 0x057D	Returns cell's 2 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL3, 0x057E	Returns cell's 3 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL4, 0x057F	Returns cell's 4 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL5, 0x0580	Returns cell's 5 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL6, 0x0581	Returns cell's 6 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL7, 0x0582	Returns cell's 7 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL8, 0x0583	Returns cell's 8 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4 %	100%	0% to 100%
FULL_SOC_ CELL9, 0x0584	Returns cell's 9 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%

Returns cell's 10 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns cell's 11 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns cell's 12 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	Read-only 8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%		0% to 100%
Returns cell's 13 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns cell's 14 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns cell's 15 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns cell's 16 full SOC.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	100%	0% to 100%
Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	0 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)
Returns the remaining time to reach a full pack.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	0s	0s to 65535s
Returns the pack's full limiting factor. 0: Cell 1: Pack	1, [0]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1	0	0 to 1
Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is drained from the battery during its use (the average discharge current).	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070 mA
Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070 mA
Returns the learned charge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070 mA
Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	-	0mA to 131070 mA
Returns the learned value for the typical charge CV voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	0mV	0mV to 131070mV
Indicates whether the pack has an unavailable SOC due to empty or full conditions, or a mismatch between cells. Reflects the quantity of pack's unusable capacity.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.002 %	0%	0% to 100%
Returns the pack's SOC.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.002 %	0%	0% to 100%
	Returns cell's 11 full SOC.         Returns cell's 12 full SOC.         Returns cell's 13 full SOC.         Returns cell's 14 full SOC.         Returns cell's 15 full SOC.         Returns cell's 16 full SOC.         Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.         Returns the remaining time to reach a full pack.         Returns the pack's full limiting factor.         0: Cell 1: Pack         Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is drained from the battery during its use (the average discharge current).         Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.         Returns the learned value for the typical discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current         Returns the learned value for the typical charge CV voltage.         Indicates whether the pack has an unavailable SOC due to empty or full conditions, or a mismatch between cells. Reflects the quantity of pack's unusable capacity. </td <td>Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Returns the remaining time to reach a full pack.16, [15:0]Returns the pack's full limiting factor.1, [0]1, [0]1, [0]Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is drained from the battery during its use (the average discharge current).16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current operformed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of pack's unusable capacity.16, [15:0]</td> <td>Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns the remaining time to reach a full pack.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the pack's full limiting factor.1, [0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical load current, which is or current).16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the colls. Reflects the quantity of pack's unusable capacity.16, [15:0]Read-only</td> <td>Returns cell's 10 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyLSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>0.4\%</math>Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>1.4\%</math>Returns the pack's full limiting factor.16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>1.5</math>Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is us get (the average discharge current).16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>2mA</math>Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>2mA</math>Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current out end the discharge current16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = <math>2mA</math>Returns the learn</td> <td>Returns cell's 10 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyLSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting factor.16, [15:0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)0 (cell ID)Returns the pack's full limiting factor.11, [0]Read-only<math>b</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 10Returns the learned value for the typical cload current, which is ture discharge current performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-only<math>16</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA-Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current to the charger in the CZ region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-only<math>16</math>-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA-Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discha</br></td>	Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Returns the remaining time to reach a full pack.16, [15:0]Returns the pack's full limiting factor.1, [0]1, [0]1, [0]Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is drained from the battery during its use (the average discharge current).16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical discharge termination performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current operformed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of pack's unusable capacity.16, [15:0]	Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Read-onlyReturns the remaining time to reach a full pack.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the pack's full limiting factor.1, [0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical load current, which is or current).16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical discharge termination current.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-onlyReturns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the colls. Reflects the quantity of pack's unusable capacity.16, [15:0]Read-only	Returns cell's 10 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyLSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 15 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns cell's 16 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $0.4\%$ Returns the cell ID for the cell that is full limiting the pack.8, [7:0]Read-only8-bit unsigned integer LSB = $1.4\%$ Returns the pack's full limiting factor.16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = $1.5$ Returns the learned value for the typical load current, which is us get (the average discharge current).16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = $2mA$ Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current of the charger in the CC region, as performed by the algorithm.16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = $2mA$ Returns the learned value for the typical end of the discharge current out end the discharge current16, [15:0]Read-only16-bit unsigned integer LSB = $2mA$ Returns the learn	Returns cell's 10 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-onlyLSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 11 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only $b$ -bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 12 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only $b$ -bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 13 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only $b$ -bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%100%Returns cell's 14 full SOC.8, [7:0]Read-only $b$ -bit unsigned integer 

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SOC_ABS_ CELL1, 0x05A8	Returns cell 1's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL2, 0x05A9	Returns cell 2's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL3, 0x05AA	Returns cell 3's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL4, 0x05AB	Returns cell 4's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL5, 0x05AC	Returns cell 5's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL6, 0x05AD	Returns cell 6's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL7, 0x05AE	Returns cell 7's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL8, 0x05AF	Returns cell 8's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL9, 0x05B0	Returns cell 9's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL10, 0x05B1	Returns cell 10's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL11, 0x05B2	Returns cell 11's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL12, 0x05B3	Returns cell 12's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL13, 0x05B4	Returns cell 13's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL14, 0x05B5	Returns cell 14's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL15, 0x05B6	Returns cell 15's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOC_ABS_ CELL16, 0x05B7	Returns cell 16's absolute SOC. Shows as reserved.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.4%	0%	0% to 100%
SOH_PACK, 0x0608	Returns the pack's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL1, 0x060C	Returns cell 1's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL2, 0x0610	Returns cell 2's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL3, 0x0614	Returns cell 3's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%

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SOH_CELL4, 0x0618	Returns cell 4's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL5,	Returns cell 5's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	LSB = 0.0000001% 32-bit unsigned integer	0%	0% to 255%
0x061C SOH_CELL6,		52, [51.0]	Ttead-only	LSB = 0.0000001% 32-bit unsigned integer	078	0 % 10 233 %
0x0620	Returns cell 6's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL7, 0x0624	Returns cell 7's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL8, 0x0628	Returns cell 8's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL9, 0x062C	Returns cell 9's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL10, 0x0630	Returns cell 10's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL11, 0x0634	Returns cell 11's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL12, 0x0638	Returns cell 12's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL13, 0x063C	Returns cell 13's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL14, 0x0640	Returns cell 14's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL15, 0x0644	Returns cell 15's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
SOH_CELL16, 0x0648	Returns cell 16's SOH.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.0000001%	0%	0% to 255%
PRDG, 0x070C	Returns the power state of the battery pack, which is equal to the pack current multiplied by the battery pack voltage.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mW	0mW	0mW to 429496729.5 mW
PDIS, 0x0710	Returns the maximum possible applicable discharge power.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mW	0mW	0mW to 429496729.5 mW
PDIS_ID, 0x0714	Returns the cell ID that is most significantly limiting the maximum discharge power estimate.	5, [4:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)
PDIS_LIM, 0x0715	Returns the limiting factor in the maximum discharge power estimate. 0: Cell 1: Pack	1, [0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer	0	0 to 1
PCHG, 0x0716	Returns the maximum possible applicable charge power.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mW	0mW	0mW to 429496729.5 mW
PCHG_ID, 0x071A	Returns the cell ID that is most significantly limiting the maximum charge power estimate.	5, [4:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)

PCHG_LIM, 0x071B	Returns the limiting factor in the maximum charge power estimate. 0: Cell 1: Pack	1, [0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer	0	0 to 1
STATUS, 0x071C	Indicates the pack's current status. 0: Charge 1: Discharge 2: Rest	2, [1:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1	0	0 to 2
FG_ITER, 0x071D	Counts the number of iterations executed by the fuel gauge.	32, [31:0]	Read-only	32-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1	0	0 to 4294967295

## Fuel Gauge Lifetime Log

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
VRDG_MIN_ CELL1, 0x0C00	Returns cell 1's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL2, 0x0C02	Returns cell 2's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL3, 0x0C04	Returns cell 3's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL4, 0x0C06	Returns cell 4's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL5, 0x0C08	Returns cell 5's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL6, 0x0C0A	Returns cell 6's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL7, 0x0C0C	Returns cell 7's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL8, 0x0C0E	Returns cell 8's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL9, 0x0C10	Returns cell 9's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL10, 0x0C12	Returns cell 10's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL11, 0x0C14	Returns cell 11's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL12, 0x0C16	Returns cell 12's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL13, 0x0C18	Returns cell 13's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL14, 0x0C1A	Returns cell 14's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MIN_ CELL15, 0x0C1C	Returns cell 15's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV

VRDG_MIN_ CELL16, 0x0C1E	Returns cell 16's minimum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	5000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL1, 0x0C20	Returns cell 1's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL2, 0x0C22	Returns cell 2's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL3, 0x0C24	Returns cell 3's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL4, 0x0C26	Returns cell 4's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL5, 0x0C28	Returns cell 5's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL6, 0x0C2A	Returns cell 6's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL7, 0x0C2C	Returns cell 7's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL8, 0x0C2E	Returns cell 8's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL9, 0x0C30	Returns cell 9's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL10, 0x0C32	Returns cell 10's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL11, 0x0C34	Returns cell 11's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL12, 0x0C36	Returns cell 12's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL13, 0x0C38	Returns cell 13's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL14, 0x0C3A	Returns cell 14's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL15, 0x0C3C	Returns cell 15's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_MAX_ CELL16, 0x0C3E	Returns cell 16's maximum measured voltage.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	0mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VRDG_DMAX, 0x0C40	Returns the maximum measured voltage difference between the cells.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	0mV	0mV to 512mV
VRDG_DMAX_ IDMAX, 0x0C41	Identifies the cell with the highest voltage. This cell is used to calculate the maximum voltage difference between the cells.	4, [3:0]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1 (cell ID) Offset = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)

	1	1	1	1	1	1
VRDG_DMAX_ IDMIN, 0x0C41	Identifies the cell with the lowest voltage. This cell is used to calculate the maximum voltage difference between the cells.	4, [7:4]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1 (cell ID) Offset = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 16 (cell ID)
BAL_ETIME_ CELL1, 0x0C42	Returns the total time that cell 1 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	Omin	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL2, 0x0C44	Returns the total time that cell 2 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL3, 0x0C46	Returns the total time that cell 3 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL4, 0x0C48	Returns the total time that cell 4 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL5, 0x0C4A	Returns the total time that cell 5 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	Omin	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL6, 0x0C4C	Returns the total time that cell 6 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL7, 0x0C4E	Returns the total time that cell 7 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL8, 0x0C50	Returns the total time that cell 8 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL9, 0x0C52	Returns the total time that cell 9 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL10, 0x0C54	Returns the total time that cell 10 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL11, 0x0C56	Returns the total time that cell 11 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL12, 0x0C58	Returns the total time that cell 12 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL13, 0x0C5A	Returns the total time that cell 13 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL14, 0x0C5C	Returns the total time that cell 14 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL15, 0x0C5E	Returns the total time that cell 15 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	0min	0min to 65535min
BAL_ETIME_ CELL16, 0x0C60	Returns the total time that cell 16 has been balanced.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1min	Omin	0min to 65535min
TRDG_MIN_ TS1, 0x0C62	Returns the minimum temperature measured with temperature sensor 1.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MIN_ TS2, 0x0C63	Returns the minimum temperature measured with temperature sensor 2.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MIN_ TS3, 0x0C64	Returns the minimum temperature measured with temperature sensor 2.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C

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TRDG_MIN_ TS4, 0x0C65	Returns the minimum temperature measured with temperature sensor 2.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MAX_ TS1, 0x0C66	Returns the maximum temperature measured with temperature sensor 1.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MAX_ TS2, 0x0C67	Returns the maximum temperature measured with temperature sensor 2.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MAX_ TS3, 0x0C68	Returns the maximum temperature measured with temperature sensor 3.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MAX_ TS4, 0x0C69	Returns the maximum temperature measured with temperature sensor 4.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	97.5°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_DMAX, 0x0C6A	Returns the maximum measured temperature difference between temperature the sensors.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	0°C	0°C to 127.5°C
TRDG_DMAX_ IDMAX, 0x0C6B	Identifies the cell with the highest temperature. This cell is used to calculate the maximum temperature difference between the cells.	4, [3:0]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1 (cell ID) Offset = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 4 (cell ID)
TRDG_DMAX_ IDMIN, 0x0C6B	Identifies the cell with the lowest temperature. This cell is used to calculate the maximum temperature difference between the cells.	4, [7:4]	Read-only	Non-standard LSB = 1 (cell ID) Offset = 1 (cell ID)	1 (cell ID)	1 to 4 (cell ID)
TRDG_ETIME_ UND0, 0x0C6C	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been below 0°C	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 0TO5, 0x0C6E	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 0°C and 5°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 5TO10, 0x0C70	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 5°C and 10°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	0hr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 10TO15, 0x0C72	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 10°C and 15°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	0hr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 15TO20, 0x0C74	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 15°C and 20°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 20TO25, 0x0C76	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 20°C and 25°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 25TO30, 0x0C78	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 25°C and 30°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 30TO35, 0x0C7A	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 30°C and 35°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr

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TRDG_ETIME_ 35TO40, 0x0C7C	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 35°C and 40°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 40TO45, 0x0C7E	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 40°C and 45°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 45TO50, 0x0C80	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 45°C and 50°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 50TO55, 0x0C82	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 50°C and 55°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ 55TO60, 0x0C84	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature has been between 55°C and 60°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	Ohr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_ETIME_ ABV60, 0x0C86	Returns the amount of time that the battery's average temperature exceeds 60°C.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1hr	0hr	0hr to 65535hr
TRDG_MIN_ DIE, 0x0C88	Returns the minimum temperature measured on the die.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	0°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
TRDG_MAX_ DIE, 0x0C89	Returns the maximum temperature measured on the die.	8, [7:0]	Read-only	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	-30°C	-30°C to +97.5°C
IRDG_MAX_ CHG, 0x0C8A	Returns the maximum measured charge current.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	0mA	0mA to 131070 mA
IRDG_MAX_ DIS, 0x0C8C	Returns the maximum measured discharge current.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	0mA	0mA to 131070mA
NCHG_CYC, 0x0C8E	Returns the number of completed charge cycles, which is when the battery pack's SOC has charged from below 15% to above 85%.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 Event(s)	0 events(s)	0 events(s) to 65535 events(s)
NCHG_10SOC, 0x0C90	Returns the number of times the pack has been charged by 10%.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 event	0 events(s)	0 events(s) to 65535 events(s)
NSHDN, 0x0C92	Returns the number of times the fuel gauge has woken up after sleep mode, a hard reset, or a shutdown.	16, [15:0]	Read-only	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1 event	0 events(s)	0 events(s) to 65535 events(s)

## **Fuel Gauge Flags**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
FG_EXE_FLAG, 0x0F00	1: Fuel gauge calculations are ongoing 0: Fuel gauge calculations are complete	1, [0]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
EDIT_ SETTINGS_ FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>Fuel gauge settings can be edited on the fly</li> <li>Fuel gauge settings cannot be edited on the fly</li> </ol>	1, [1]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
CONFIG_ MODE_FLAG, 0x0F00	1: The fuel gauge is in configuration mode 0: The fuel gauge is in running mode	1, [2]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
CONFIG_ EXIT_FLAG, 0x0F00	1: There is a pending exit from configuration mode 0: There is no pending exit from configuration mode	1, [3]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
CONFIG_RST_ FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>There is a pending reset to set the configurations to their default values</li> <li>There is no pending reset to set the configurations to their default values</li> </ol>	1, [4]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
FG_RST_FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>There is no pending reset for the fuel gauge algorithm</li> <li>There is a pending reset for the fuel gauge algorithm</li> </ol>	1, [5]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
LOG_RST_ FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>The lifetime log registers are being reset in the current fuel gauge iteration</li> <li>No lifetime log registers are being reset</li> </ol>	1, [6]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
LOG_RST_ PNDG_FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>There is a pending reset to the lifetime log registers</li> <li>There is no pending reset to the lifetime log registers</li> </ol>	1, [7]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
LEDS_ON_ BTN_FLAG, 0x0F00	1: The LEDs are on due to the push- button 0: No LEDs are on due to the push- button	1, [8]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
LEDS_ON_ CHG_FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>The LEDs are on due to the charge current being detected</li> <li>The LEDs are not on due to the charge current being detected</li> </ol>	1, [9]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
LEDS_CHG_ FLAG, 0x0F00	<ol> <li>The LED controller considers the fuel gauge to be in a charge state</li> <li>The LED controller does not consider the fuel gauge to be in a charge state</li> </ol>	1, [10]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1
FG_BKUP_ FLAG, 0x0F00	1: The fuel gauge is in learning backup mode 0: The fuel gauge is not in learning backup mode Use FG_BKUP_ENABLE to exit/enter this mode.	1, [11]	Read-only	Non-standard	0	0 to 1

### **Fuel Gauge Settings**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
EXE_TIME, 0x1000	Sets the fuel gauge execution time interval.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1s	4s	0.5s to 16s



WEXE_TIME_ REST, 0x1001	Updates the most time-consuming functions when the fuel gauge is resting each (WEXE_TIME_REST x EXE_TIME), instead of each EXE_TIME. The maximum allowed value for the execution period of this functions is 32s, so if the fuel gauge is set such that (WEXE_TIME_REST x EXE_TIME) is longer than 32s, then the period used is the multiple of EXE_TIME, that is closest to but shorter than 32s.	5, [4:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1	4	1 to 16
DIS_ITH, 0x1002	Sets the discharge status current threshold.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1mA	25mA	0mA to 65535mA
CHG_ITH, 0x1004	Sets the charge status current threshold.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1mA	25mA	0mA to 65535mA
SOC_DMAX, 0x1006	Sets the maximum SOC for the charge and discharge statuses.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.00005%/s	0.07%/s	0.00005%/s to 2%/s
SOC_DMAX_ REST, 0x1008	Sets the maximum SOC slope for the resting status.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.00005%/s	0.001%/s	0%/s to 2%/s
VRDG_PACK_ EN, 0x1100	Enables the VRDG_PACK input (pack voltage reading).	1, [0]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
IRDG_PACK_ EN, 0x1100	Enables the IRDG_PACK input (pack current reading).	1, [1]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
IRDG_CELLS_ EN, 0x1100	Enables the IRDG_CELLx inputs (cell current reading).	1, [2]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
CCRDG_EN, 0x1100	Enables the CCRDG input (coulomb counting).	1, [3]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
SOH_LRN_EN, 0x1100	Enables SOH learning.	1, [7]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
ICHG_CC_LRN_ EN, 0x1100	Enables charge CC learning.	1, [10]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
ICHG_END_ LRN_EN, 0x1100	Enables charge termination current learning.	1, [11]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
VCHG_CV_ LRN_EN, 0x1100	Enables charge CV learning.	1, [12]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
IDIS_AVG_ LRN_EN, 0x1100	Enables discharge average current learning.	1, [13]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
IDIS_END_ LRN_EN, 0x1100	Enables discharge termination current learning.	1, [14]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1

						1
IDIS_END_ LRN_CONT_EN, 0x1100	Enables continuous discharge termination current learning.	1, [15]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
PCHG_SHW_ EN, 0x1100	Sets the PCHG_SHW default value (show maximum charge power).	1, [18]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
PDIS_SHW_EN, 0x1100	Sets the PDIS_SHW default value (show maximum discharge power).	1, [19]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
TSS_CELL1, 0x1200	Sets cell 1's temperature sensor source.	2, [1:0]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL2, 0x1200	Sets cell 2's temperature sensor source.	2, [3:2]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL3, 0x1200	Sets cell 3's temperature sensor source.	2, [5:4]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL4, 0x1200	Sets cell 4's temperature sensor source.	2, [7:6]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL5, 0x1201	Sets cell 5's temperature sensor source.	2, [1:0]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL6, 0x1201	Sets cell 6's temperature sensor source.	2, [3:2]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL7, 0x1201	Sets cell 7's temperature sensor source.	2, [5:4]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL8, 0x1201	Sets cell 8's temperature sensor source.	2, [7:6]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL9, 0x1202	Sets cell 9's temperature sensor source.	2, [1:0]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL10, 0x1202	Sets cell 10's temperature sensor source.	2, [3:2]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4
TSS_CELL11, 0x1202	Sets cell 11's temperature sensor source.	2, [5:4]	R/W	Non-standard LSB = 1 Offset = 1	1	1 to 4



				•	1	
TSS_CELL12,				Non-standard		
0x1202	Sets cell 12's temperature sensor source.	2, [7:6]	R/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 4
				Offset = 1 Non-standard		
TSS_CELL13,	Sets cell 13's temperature sensor source.	2 [1:0]	R/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 4
0x1203	Sets cell 13's temperature sensor source.	2, [1:0]	R/ VV	Offset = 1	1	1 10 4
				Non-standard		
TSS_CELL14,	Sets cell 14's temperature sensor source.	2, [3:2]	R/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 4
0x1203		2, [0.2]	1.7, 4.4	Offset = 1		1 10 4
				Non-standard		
TSS_CELL15,	Sets cell 15's temperature sensor source.	2, [5:4]	R/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 4
0x1203		_,[•]		Offset = 1		
				Non-standard		
TSS_CELL16, 0x1203	Sets cell 16's temperature sensor source.	2, [7:6]	R/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 4
				Offset = 1		
				8-bit unsigned		
NCELLS_SER, 0x1204	Sets the number of series-connected cells in the battery pack.	5, [4:0]	R/W	integer	16	2 to 16
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			LSB = 1		
NCELLS_PAR, 0x1205	Sets the number of parallel-connected cells	0 [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer	4	1 to 255
	in the battery pack.	8, [7:0]	K/W	LSB = 1	1	1 to 255
				8-bit unsigned		
NTSS, 0x1206	Sets the number of temperature sensors in the battery pack.	3, [2:0]	R/W	integer	1	1 to 4
				LSB = 1		
RCXN_PACK,	Sets the connection resistance between	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer	100	0mΩ to
0x1207	the battery and the battery management system (BMS) terminals.			LSB = $0.1m\Omega$	10mΩ	6553.5mΩ
				16-bit unsigned		
RBMS_HSIDE, 0x1209	Sets the BMS's high-side resistance.	16, [15:0]	R/W	integer	4mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
				$LSB = 0.1m\Omega$		0000.01112
RBMS_LSIDE,			5.44	16-bit unsigned integer		0mΩ to
0x120B	Sets the BMS's low-side resistance.	16, [15:0]	R/W	LSB = $0.1m\Omega$	2mΩ	6553.5mΩ
				16-bit unsigned		
RCXN_CELL1, 0x120D	Sets the connection resistance between cell 1's terminals and its corresponding	16, [15:0]	R/W	integer	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
00012000	voltage-sensing probes.			$LSB = 0.1m\Omega$		0555.50122
RCXN CELL2,	Sets the connection resistance between			16-bit unsigned		0mΩ to
0x120F	cell 2's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	integer	1mΩ	6553.5mΩ
				LSB = 0.1mΩ 16-bit unsigned		
RCXN_CELL3,	Sets the connection resistance between cell 3's terminals and its corresponding	16, [15:0]	R/W	integer	1mΩ	0mΩ to
0x1211	voltage-sensing probes.	,[]		$LSB = 0.1m\Omega$		6553.5mΩ
	Sets the connection resistance between			16-bit unsigned		00 1
RCXN_CELL4, 0x1213	cell 4's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	integer	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
0/1213	totage behoing probes.			$LSB = 0.1m\Omega$		

			1			
RCXN_CELL5, 0x1215	Sets the connection resistance between cell 5's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL6, 0x1217	Sets the connection resistance between cell 6's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL7, 0x1219	Sets the connection resistance between cell 7's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL8, 0x121B	Sets the connection resistance between cell 8's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL9, 0x121D	Sets the connection resistance between cell 9's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL10, 0x121F	Sets the connection resistance between cell 10's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL11, 0x1221	Sets the connection resistance between cell 11's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL12, 0x1223	Sets the connection resistance between cell 12's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL13, 0x1225	Sets the connection resistance between cell 13's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL14, 0x1227	Sets the connection resistance between cell 14's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL15, 0x1229	Sets the connection resistance between cell 15's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
RCXN_CELL16, 0x122B	Sets the connection resistance between cell 16's terminals and its corresponding voltage-sensing probes.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mΩ	1mΩ	0mΩ to 6553.5mΩ
ICHG_MAX, 0x122D	Sets the maximum charge current that the pack can accept.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	4000	0mA to 131070mA
ICHG_MAX_ MRGN, 0x122F	Sets the maximum charge current margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	120	0mA to 1020mA
IDIS_MAX, 0x1230	Sets the maximum discharge current that the pack can accept.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	20000	0mA to 131070mA
IDIS_MAX_ MRGN, 0x1232	Sets the maximum discharge current margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	500	0mA to 1020mA

VCELL_MAX, 0x1233	Sets the maximum voltage accepted at the cell level.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	4200mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VCELL_MAX_ MRGN, 0x1235	Sets the maximum cell voltage margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5mV	5mV	0mV to 127.5mV
VCELL_MIN, 0x1236	Sets the minimum voltage accepted at the cell level.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1mV	3000mV	0mV to 6553.5mV
VCELL_MIN_ MRGN, 0x1238	Sets the minimum cell voltage margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5mV	5mV	0mV to 127.5mV
VPACK_MAX, 0x1239	Sets the maximum voltage that the pack can accept. This value is used for charge power estimate. The pack float voltage represents the maximum voltage that the battery pack can reach in a charging scenario. It should be set the be equal to or exceed the charging system's CV.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	66800mV	0mV to 131070mV
VPACK_MAX_ MRGN, 0x123B	Sets the pack's maximum pack voltage margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 4mV	48mV	0mV to 1020mV
VPACK_EMTY, 0x123C	Sets the pack empty voltage, which represents the lowest usable pack voltage. This is the voltage at which the application considers the battery pack to be completely discharged and stops operation.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	48800mV	0mV to 131070mV
VPACK_EMTY_ MRGN, 0x123E	Sets the margin for the power learning algorithm, which is applied to the pack empty voltage.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 4mV	48mV	0mV to 1020mV
IDIS_AVG_SET, 0x1400	Sets the nominal average discharge current (i.e. IDIS_AVG).	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	2500	2mA to 131070mA
IDIS_END_SET, 0x1402	Sets the nominal discharge termination current (i.e. IDIS_END).	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	2500	2mA to 131070mA
EMTY_RTIME_ FILTER, 0x1406	Sets the filter time constant for the remaining time-to-empty (i.e. EMTY_RTIME). Increasing EMTY_RTIME_FILTER results in a smoother estimate at the tradeoff of an increased phase delay.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	60s	0s to 255s
ICHG_CC_SET, 0x1500	Sets the nominal charge constant current (i.e. ICHG_CC).It should be set to the nominal current that applied by the external charger to the battery pack while in the charge CC region.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	2500	2mA to 131070mA
ICHG_END_ SET, 0x1502	Sets the nominal charge termination current (i.e. ICHG_END). It should be set to the nominal current, which is used to detect the end of charge while in the charge CV region.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	2500	2mA to 131070mA
VCHG_CV_SET, 0x1504	Sets the nominal charge constant voltage (i.e. VCHG_CV). This value should be set to the nominal voltage, which is applied to the battery pack by the external charger during CV charge.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	66400mV	0mV to 131070mV

VCHG_CV_ MRGN, 0x1506	Sets the charge constant voltage (i.e. VCHG_CV) margin.	8, [7:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mV	50mV	0mV to 510mV
FULL_RTIME_ FILTER, 0x150A	Sets the filter time constant for the remaining time-to-full (i.e. FULL_RTIME).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	10s	0s to 255s
ICHG_CC_ LRN_RNG, 0x1600	If ICHG_CC_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the charge CC (i.e. ICHG_CC) learning range.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	10%	0% to 100%
ICHG_END_ LRN_RNG, 0x1601	If ICHG_END_LRN_EN enabled, these bits set the charge termination current (i.e. ICHG_END) learning range.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	10%	0% to 100%
VCHG_CV_ LRN_RNG, 0x1602	If VCHG_CV_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the charge CV (i.e. VCHG_CV) learning range.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	3%	0% to 100%
ICHG_LRN_ITH, 0x1603	Sets the charge current threshold for current learnings (i.e. ICHG_END and VCHG_CV).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.01 C-rate	0.01 C- rate	0 C-rate to 2.55 C-rate
ICHG_CC_ LRN_DITH, 0x1604	Sets the charge current derivative threshold for charge CC learning (i.e. ICHG_CC).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.01mA/s	0.1mA/s	0mA/s to 2.55mA/s
VCHG_LRN_ DVTH, 0x1605	Sets the charge voltage derivative threshold for charge CV learning (i.e. VCHG_CV and ICHG_END).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.01mV/s	0.1mV/s	0mV/s to 2.55mV/s
IDIS_END_ LRN_RNG, 0x1700	If IDIS_END_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the discharge termination current (i.e. IDIS_END) learning range.	7, [6:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	10%	0% to 100%
IDIS_END_ LRN_SOCTH, 0x1701	If IDIS_END_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the SOC discharge termination current (i.e. IDIS_END) learning threshold.	7, [6:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	50%	0% to 100%
IDIS_END_ LRN_KPEAK, 0x1702	If IDIS_END_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the discharge termination current (i.e. IDIS_END) learning peak current gain.	7, [6:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	70%	0% to 100%
IDIS_ LRN_ITH, 0x1703	Sets the discharge termination current threshold for learnings (i.e. IDIS_AVG, IDIS_END).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.01 C-rate	0.05 C- rate	0 C-rate to 2.55 C-rate
IDIS_END_ LRN_FILTER, 0x1704	Sets the filter time constant for discharge current learnings (i.e. IDIS_AVG and IDIS_END).	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1s	10s	0s to 255s
SOH_LRN_K, 0x1800	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the SOH learning gain.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.001	0.1s	0s to 0.255s
SOH_LRN_ DMAX, 0x1801	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the maximum increase for SOH learning.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1%	1%	0% to 25.5%
SOH_LRN_ DMIN, 0x1802	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the maximum decrease for SOH learning.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.1%	1%	0% to 25.5%
SOH_LRN_ MAX, 0x1803	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the maximum value for SOH learning.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	110%	100% to 255%
SOH_LRN_MIN, 0x1804	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the minimum value for SOH learning.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1%	80%	0% to 100%
SOH_LRN_ TMAX, 0x1805	If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the maximum temperature for SOH learning	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1°C	30°C	-128°C to +127°C

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SOH_LRN_ TMIN, 0x1806         If SOH_LRN_EN is enabled, these bits set the minimum temperature for SOH learning         8	8, [7:0]	R/W 8-bit signed, 2-comp integer LSB = 1°C	10°C	-128°C to +127°C
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#### **Fuel Gauge Model**

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Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
CELL_MFR, 0x2000	Sets the cell manufacturer.	128, [127:0]	R/W	ASCII character(s)	Default	-
CELL_ TYPE, 0x2010	Sets the cell type model.	128, [127:0]	R/W	ASCII character(s)	Default	-
MDL_ QNOM, 0x2036	Sets the nominal capacity of the cell, which is reported by the manufacturer.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1mAh	2500mAh	1mAh to 65535mAh
MDL_QMEAS, 0x2038	Sets the capacity measured in the cell characterization test.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1mAh	2437mAh	1mAh to 65535mAh
CELL_ICHG_ MAX, 0x203E	Sets the maximum charge current that the cell can handle, according to the manufacturer.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	4000	0mA to 131070mA
CELL_IDIS_ MAX, 0x2040	Sets the maximum discharge current that the cell can handle, according to the manufacturer.	16, [15:0]	R/W	16-bit unsigned integer LSB = 2mA	20000	0mA to 131070mA
CELL_ TMIN, 0x2042	Sets the minimum temperature that the cell can handle, according to the manufacturer.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	0°C	-128°C to +127°C
CELL_ TMAX, 0x2043	Sets the maximum temperature that the cell can handle, according to the manufacturer.	8, [7:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 0.5°C	50°C	-128°C to +127°C

### **LED Settings**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
LEDS_ON_ MAN, 0x4000	1: The LEDs are controlled manually using the dedicated register bits 0: The LEDs are directly controlled to report the SOC	1, [0]	R/W	Control Enable = 1	0	0 to 1
LEDS_ON_ CHG,	1: The LEDs display the pack SOC while charging, if the manual LED controls are set to 0 0: The LEDs do not display the pack SOC while the	1, [1]	R/W	Disable = 0 Control Enable = 1	1	0 to 1
0x4000	charging and manual LED controls are set to 0			Disable = 0		
LEDS_ON_BTN, 0x4000	<ol> <li>The LEDs display the pack SOC after the LED push-button is pressed if the manual LED controls are set to 0</li> <li>The LEDs do not display the pack SOC after the LEDs push-button is pressed and the manual LED controls are set to 0</li> </ol>	1, [2]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1
LED1_ON, 0x4000	1: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns on 0: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns off	1, [3]	R/W	Control On = 1 Off = 0	0	0 to 1
LED2_ON, 0x4000	1: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns on 0: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns off	1, [4]	R/W	Control On = 1 Off = 0	0	0 to 1
LED3_ON, 0x4000	1: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns on 0: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns off	1, [5]	R/W	Control On = 1 Off = 0	0	0 to 1



LED4 ON,	1: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns on			Control		
0x4000	0: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns off	1, [6]	R/W	On = 1 Off = 0	0	0 to 1
LED5 ON,	1: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns on			Control		
0x4000	0: If manual LED control is set to 1 the LED turns off	1, [7]	R/W	On = 1 Off = 0	0	0 to 1
LED_TRANS, 0x4001	Sets the deglitch time to control when the LED turns on/off upon transitioning between charge and discharge mode.	7, [6:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer	4s	0s to 12.7s
	uscharge mode.			LSB = 0.1s		
LEDS_ON_ TIME.	Sets the time during which the LEDs are on after	4, [3:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer	5s	1s to
0x4002	pressing the LED push-button.	,, [0.0]		LSB = 1s		16s
				Offset = 1s		

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Settings

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
I2C_ADDRESS, 0x4100	Selects the slave I <sup>2</sup> C address of the device.	7, [6:0]	R/W	8-bit unsigned integer LSB = 1	8	0 to 127
I2C_CRC_EN, 0x4100	1: Enable CRC for I <sup>2</sup> C communication. Only write commands with the correct CRC are accepted. The response after a read command includes the 4 CRC bytes at the end 0: Disable CRC for I <sup>2</sup> C communication. Write commands with no CRC bytes (or with the correct CRC) are accepted. The response after a read command does not include the 4 CRC bytes	1, [7]	R/W	Control Enable = 1 Disable = 0	1	0 to 1

#### **Firmware Version**

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
IC_VER, 0x6100	Returns the IC version. 42790: 2 to 16 cells in series with LED support 42792: 2 to 16 cells in series cells 42795: 2 to 10 cells with LED support 42797: 2S to 10 in series cells 42791: 2 to 16 cells in series with resistance detection and a thermal model	40, [39:0]	Read-only	ASCII character(s)	42790	-

#### Commands

Name, Address	Description	Bit Length, Position	Туре	Encoding	Decoded Default Value	Range
RST_CMD, 0x7FFF	Resets the fuel gauge calculations. 0x01: Reset the fuel gauge. This is a self- clearing function	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255

EXE_CMD, 0x7FFE	Triggers the fuel gauge calculations. The system MCU is responsible for periodically writing this register to trigger an SOC update. This function should be triggered after providing all the updated voltage and current readings that are used to produce the updated SOC estimate. 0x01: Trigger a fuel gauge update refresh	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
EDIT_CONFIG_ CMD, 0x7FFD	0x01: The fuel gauge settings can be edited	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
END_EDIT_ CONFIG_CMD, 0x7FFC	0x01: The fuel gauge settings cannot be edited	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
CONFIG_ MODE_CMD, 0x7FFB	Directs the fuel gauge to enter configuration mode (cell profile, battery pack, and algorithm tuning). 0x01: Enter configuration mode	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
CONFIG_EXIT_ CMD, 0x7FFA	Directs the fuel gauge to exit configuration mode (saves configuration values to flash) and reset. If not in configuration mode, the device stores the fuel gauge settings from the volatile memory to the NVM. 0x01: Exit configuration mode. The new configuration is stored in the NVM	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
CONFIG_ RST_CMD, 0x7FF9	The configuration values are re-initialized to the default values and the fuel gauge calculations are reset. 0x01: Reset the configuration. This is a self-clearing function	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255
LOG_RST_ CMD, 0x7FF8	Re-initializes lifetime logging. 0x01: Re-initialize the lifetime log registers. This is a self-clearing function	8, [7:0]	Write-only	Active high command 1 = Execute LSB = 1	0	0 to 255

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### **Core Algorithm**

The fuel gauge core algorithm accurately estimates core cell-level and pack-level parameters. These core parameters can be found in the Fuel Gauge Output register map.

#### **Cell Mathematical Model**

Cell dynamics are influenced by multiple factors, such as chemistry, SOC, current, and temperature. A mathematical model that captures the cell's most important dynamics is required to accurately measure internal variables.

Cell mathematical models are provided by MPS. These models are either from a database or they are a result of the cell characterization routine.

#### Cell State-of-Charge (SOC)

Cell SOC refers to the cell capacity that is currently available, as a function of the rated capacity. SOC is an unknown, internal variable that cannot be directly measured, meaning it estimated must be using available measurements. The MPF42790 uses voltage. temperature current. and measurements observed over time to produce accurate SOC estimates across a wide range of operating conditions.

#### Empty State-of-Charge (SOC)

Empty SOC refers to the SOC level at which the battery pack is unable to discharge further without reaching the voltage cutoff limits. The empty SOC prediction relies on the operating conditions of the different cells, as well as the discharge current supplied to the load, which is specific to each application.

In addition, the MPF42790 can predict whether the battery pack discharge is limited by the pack or one of the cells (the cell ID is provided). This is extremely important for accurate empty SOC estimation in unbalanced packs, since the fuel gauge must track the condition that limits the battery pack discharge.

#### Full State-of-Charge (SOC)

Full SOC refers to the SOC level at which the battery pack is unable to charge further without leaving the safe operating area (SOA). The full SOC prediction relies on the operating conditions of the different cells, as well as the constant-current/constant-voltage (CC/CV) charging sequence, which is specific to each application.

The MPF42790 can predict whether the battery pack charge is limited by the pack or one of the cells (the cell ID is provided). This is extremely important for accurate full SOC estimation in unbalanced packs, since the fuel gauge must track the condition that limits the battery pack charge.

#### Pack State-of-Charge (SOC)

Pack SOC provides the capacity, which is a function of the available capacity given the actual pack operating conditions. Pack SOC relies on cell-level quantities and tracks the remaining capacity that the battery can charge or discharge without reaching the cutoff limits.

Pack SOC can be considered the most vital estimate since it is typically the value shown to the application end user.

#### Pack Unavailable State-of-Charge (SOC)

Pack unavailable SOC refers to the capacity that is not available due to the actual pack operating conditions (e.g. mismatched cells and battery pack configurations). Pack unavailable SOC provides the capacity that the battery cannot use without violating the defined SOA.

#### Indicators

In addition to the core parameters, an extensive set of fuel gauge indicators are provided, based on the internal battery estimates. These indicators can be found in the Fuel Gauge Output register map.

#### Remaining Time-to-Empty

Remaining time-to-empty (EMTY\_RTIME) refers to how much time is left until the battery pack reaches the empty state while assuming the application-specific discharge current. This estimate informs the user of the remaining runtime until the pack reaches 0% SOC.

#### Remaining Time-to-Full

Remaining time-to-full (FULL\_RTIME) refers to how much time is left until the battery pack reaches the cutoff limits using the applicationspecific charge parameters (i.e. the CC and CV levels). This estimate informs the user of the remaining charge time until the pack reaches 100% SOC.

#### Maximum Discharge Power

The maximum discharge power (PDIS) refers to how much power the pack can deliver to the load without reaching the pack empty levels and leaving the SOA.

The MPF42790 can predict whether the limiting factor under the maximum discharge power is caused by the pack or one of the cells (the cell ID is provided).

#### Maximum Charge Power

The maximum charge power (PCHG) refers to how much power the pack can accept for charging without breaching the cutoff limits.

The MPF42790 can predict whether the limiting factor under the maximum charge power is caused by the pack or one of the cells (the cell ID is provided).

#### Learnings

Fuel gauge learnings are responsible for automatically fine-tuning the algorithm and tracking aging to keep estimates accurate across the device's lifetime.

#### Charge Constant Current (CC)

The charge CC learning (ICHG\_CC\_LRN) feature refines the initial charge CC value defined by the user. This smart adjustment compensates for when the charge CC deviates from its nominal settings, such as when there are production tolerances to the charging system. This feature minimizes the need for tuning while maintaining optimal SOC accuracy. The learning can be completed and leveraged within the same charge cycle.

#### Charge Termination Current

The charge termination current learning (ICHG\_END\_LRN) feature refines the initial charge termination current value defined by the user. This smart adjustment compensates for when the charge termination current deviates from its nominal settings, such as when there are production tolerances to the charging system.

Charge termination current smart adjustments are applied in subsequent charge cycles

following the cycle in which the learning occurred.

#### Charge Constant Voltage (CV)

The charge CV learning (VCHG\_CV\_LRN) feature refines the initial charge CV value defined by the user. This smart adjustment compensates for when the charge CV deviates from its nominal settings, such as production tolerances to the charging system. Charge CV smart adjustments are applied in subsequent charge cycles following the cycle in which the learning occurred.

#### Discharge Average Current

The discharge average current learning (IDIS\_AVG\_LRN) feature calculates the load average discharge current to accurately provide the time-to-empty estimate.

#### **Discharge Termination Current**

The discharge termination current learning (IDIS\_END\_LRN) feature refines the initial discharge termination current value defined by the user. This value adapts to load dynamics and keeps the SOC accurate with minimal user tuning.

In addition, this feature includes two different operation modes depending on the application reauirements: continuous and past-cvcle learning. In continuous learning mode, the discharge termination current updates continuously while the pack discharges to accurately determine the empty SOC. Past-cycle learning uses the previous discharge cycle data to learn. Continuous learning is recommended for unpredictable discharge termination currents, whereas past-cycle learning is recommended for consistent discharge termination currents.

#### State-of-Health (SOH)

As battery cells age, their total capacity decreases due to unwanted side reactions and structural deterioration (often referred to as capacity fading). Up-to-date state-of-health (SOH) information is important since it has a major impact on the battery pack's available energy.

The MPF42790 incorporates an SOH learning (SOH\_LRN) feature that can track individual cells' capacities (SOH\_CELLx) with respect to their nominal capacity. This feature can identify

cells that are negatively impacting the overall pack performance.

#### Lifetime Log

Important events and certain conditions are reported in the lifetime log to gain insight on how the battery pack has been operating. The MPF42790 backs the relevant registers up to its non-volatile memory (NVM) every time the part enters disabled mode (or for each elapsed hour).

### Count Log

The count log is the number of times the pack has been charged from below 15% to above 85%. The number of times the pack has been charged by 10% and the number of shutdowns are also reported in the lifetime log. Full shutdowns and entering disabled mode are considered shutdowns, and increase the counter.

### Current Log

The current log is the maximum charge and discharge current that has been applied to the pack. It is reported in the lifetime log.

#### Voltage Log

The voltage log tracks the maximum and minimum voltage for each cell. This is reported in the lifetime log. In addition, the maximum cell voltage difference between two cells is also reported, as well as their corresponding cell IDs.

#### Temperature Log

The temperature log tracks the maximum and minimum temperature sensed on the pack. It also reports the maximum temperature difference between two sensors, and their corresponding temperature sensor IDs.

The lifetime log details how much time the pack has operated under different temperature ranges.

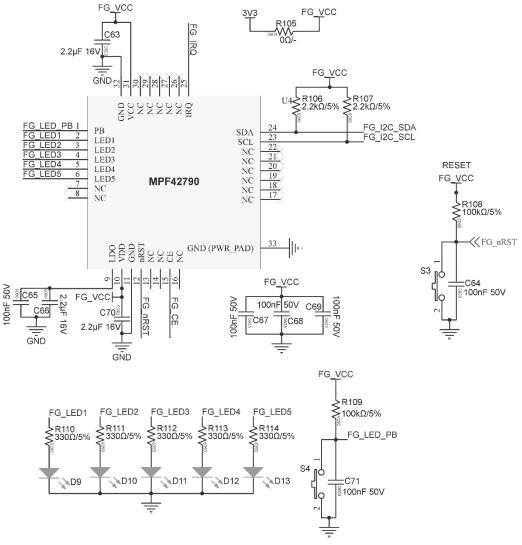
#### **Balancing Log**

The balancing log tracks the number of times each cell has been balanced.

#### PCB Layout Guidelines

Place the bypass capacitor between each pair of VDD and GND pins, and as close as possible to the pin.

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT**

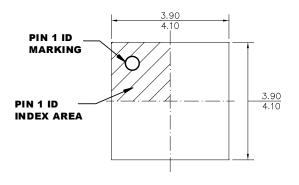




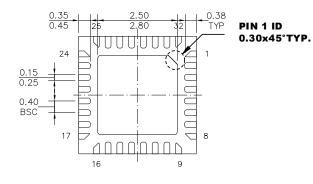


### **PACKAGE INFORMATION**

QFN-32 (4mmx4mm)



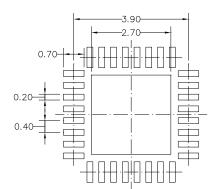
TOP VIEW



**BOTTOM VIEW** 



SIDE VIEW

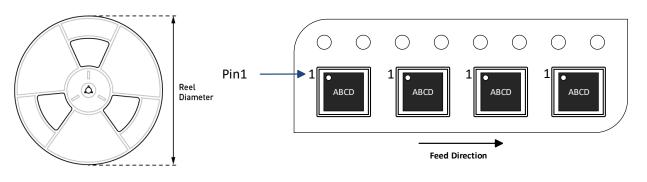


**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN** 

#### NOTE:

 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
 LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.08 MILLIMETERS MAX.
 JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-220.
 DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

## **CARRIER INFORMATION**



Part Number	Package Description	Quantity/ Reel	Quantity/ Tube	Quantity/ Tray	Reel Diameter	Carrier Tape Width	Carrier Tape Pitch
MPF42790DRT- 0B-yyyy-Z	TQFN-32 (4mmx4mm)	5000	N/A	N/A	13in	12mm	8mm