# onsemi

## Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> 5.2 System-in-Package (SiP)

## **RSL10 SIP**

#### Introduction

RSL10 System–In–Package (RSL10 SIP) is a complete solution that provides the easiest way to integrate the industry's lowest power Bluetooth Low Energy technology into a wireless application.

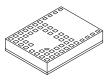
The RSL10 SIP features an on-board antenna, RSL10 radio SoC, and all necessary passive components in one package to help minimize overall system size. Already fully qualified to FCC, CE, and other regulatory standards; RSL10 SIP removes the need for additional antenna design considerations or RF certifications.

#### **Key Features**

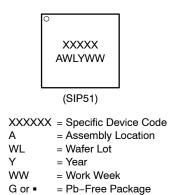
- Fully Certified:
  - Bluetooth 5.2
  - QDID
  - Declaration ID
  - ◆ FCC, CE, IC, MIC, KCC
- Industry's Lowest Power:
  - Peak Rx Current = 5.6 mA (1.25 V VBAT)
  - Peak Rx Current = 3.0 mA (3 V VBAT)
  - Peak Tx Current (0 dBm) = 8.9 mA (1.25 V VBAT)
  - Peak Tx Current (0 dBm) = 4.6 mA (3 V VBAT)
- Deep Sleep Current Consumption (1.25 V VBAT):
  - Deep Sleep, IO Wake-up: 50 nA
  - Deep Sleep, 8 kB RAM Retention: 300 nA
- Current Consumption (3 V VBAT):
  - Deep Sleep, IO Wake-up: 25 nA
  - Deep Sleep, 8 kB RAM Retention: 100 nA
- EEMBC ULPMark Core Profile (3 V): 1090
- EEMBC ULPMark Core Profile (2.1 V): 1360
- Advanced Wireless:
  - Bluetooth 5.2 Certified with LE 2–Mbit PHY (High Speed), as well as Backwards Compatibility and Support for Earlier Bluetooth Low Energy Specifications
  - Supports FOTA (Firmware Over-The-Air) Updates
  - ◆ Rx Sensitivity (Bluetooth Low Energy Mode, 1 Mbps): -93 dB
  - ◆ Transmitting Power: −17 to +6 dBm
  - Range up to 100 Meters

#### **Other Key Features**

- Arm<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M3 Processor Clocked at up to 48 MHz
- Supply Voltage Range: 1.1 3.3 V
- 384 kB of Flash Memory
- 76 kB of Program Memory
- 88 kB of Data Memory



SIP51 8x6 CASE 127EY



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
NCH-RSL10-	SIP51	2500 /
101S51-ACG	(Pb-Free)	Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

#### FEATURES

- Arm Cortex-M3 Processor: A 32-bit core for real-time applications, specifically developed to enable high-performance low-cost platforms for a broad range of low-power applications.
- LPDSP32: A 32-bit Dual Harvard DSP core that efficiently supports intensive signal processing applications. Various codecs are available to customers through libraries that are included in RSL10's development tools.
- **Radio Frequency Front–End:** Based on a 2.4 GHz RF transceiver, the RFFE implements the physical layer of the Bluetooth Low Energy technology standard and other proprietary or custom protocols.
- **Protocol Baseband Hardware:** Bluetooth 5.2 certified and includes support for a 2 Mbps RF link and custom protocol options. The RSL10 baseband stack is supplemented by support structures that enable implementation of **onsemi** and customer designed custom protocols.
- **Highly-Integrated SoC:** The dual-core architecture is complemented by high-efficiency power management units, oscillators, flash and RAM memories, a DMA controller, along with a full complement of peripherals and interfaces.
- **Deep Sleep Mode:** RSL10 can be put into a Deep Sleep Mode when no operations are required. Various Deep Sleep Mode configurations are available, including:
  - "IO wake-up" configuration. The power consumption in deep sleep mode is 50 nA (1.25 V VBAT).
  - Embedded 32 kHz oscillator running with interrupts from timer or external pin. The total current drain is 90 nA (1.25 V VBAT).
  - As above with 8 kB RAM data retention. The total current drain is 300 nA (1.25 V VBAT).
  - The DC-DC converter can be used in buck mode or LDO mode during Sleep Mode, depending on VBAT voltage.
- **Standby Mode:** Can be used to reduce the average power consumption for off-duty cycle operation, ranging typically from a few ms to a few hundreds of ms. The typical chip power consumption is 30 µA in Standby Mode.
- **Multi–Protocol Support:** Using the flexibility provided by LPDSP32, the Arm Cortex–M3 processor, and the RF front–end; proprietary protocols and other custom protocols are supported.
- Flexible Supply Voltage: RSL10 integrates highefficiency power regulators and has a VBAT range of 1.1 to 3.3 V.

- Highly Configurable Interfaces: I<sup>2</sup>C, UART, two SPI interfaces, PCM interface, multiple GPIOs. It also supports a digital microphone interface (DMIC) and an output driver (OD).
- Flexible Clocking Scheme: RSL10 must be clocked from the XTAL/PLL of the radio front-end at 48 MHz when transmitting or receiving RF traffic. When RSL10 is not transmitting/receiving RF traffic, it can run off the 48 MHz XTAL, the internal RC oscillators, the 32 kHz oscillator, or an external clock. A low frequency RTC clock at 32 kHz can also be used in Deep Sleep Mode. It can be sourced from either the internal XTAL, the RC oscillator, or a digital input pad.
- Diverse Memory Architecture: 76 kB of SRAM program memory (4 kB of which is PROM containing the chip boot–up program, and is thus unavailable to the user) and 88 kB of SRAM data memory are available. A total of 384 kB of flash is available to store the Bluetooth stack and other applications.

The Arm Cortex–M3 processor can execute from SRAM and/or flash.

- Security: AES128 encryption hardware block for custom secure algorithms and code protection with authenticated debug port access (JTAG 'lock')
- Ultra-Low Power Consumption Application Examples:
  - Low Duty Cycle Advertising: IDD 1.1 μA for advertising at all three channels at 5 second intervals
     @ VBAT 3 V, DCDC converter enabled.
- RoHS Compliant Device

#### Notice

All specifications for the RSL10 System-in-Package are based on the RSL10 radio SoC. The RSL10 SIP data sheet only contains key parameters. For a full list of RSL10 parameters and specifications, refer to the RSL10 data sheet.

#### **Application Board Connection**

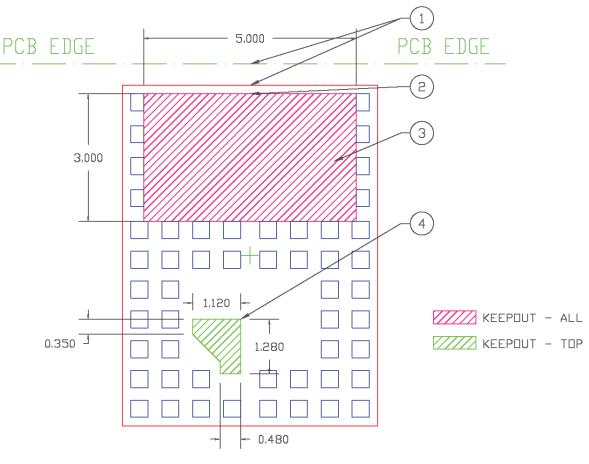
The RSL10 SIP is designed to be reflowed onto low-cost printed circuit boards. The RSL10 SIP connects to the application board via solder pads located on the bottom.

To properly operate the RSL10 SIP an external PCB connection between the RF and ANT pads is required. This connection connects the RF pin on RSL10 to the antenna

inside the SiP. If an external antenna is used instead of the antenna internal to the SiP, this external antenna needs to be connected to PIN E1.

Additionally, an external PCB connection is required for the VDDO pad to ensure that it is not left floating. For example, it can be connected to VBAT so that the logic high level for the digital I/O (DIO) pads is equal to VBAT.

Figures 1 and 2 show proposed layout patterns for the RSL10 SIP. The specific layout pattern used in the application may have to be adjusted to meet certain needs of the PCB manufacturer or assembly house. PCB design files for the RSL10 SIP are available at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>.



Notes:

1. Align component edge to PCB edge if possible.

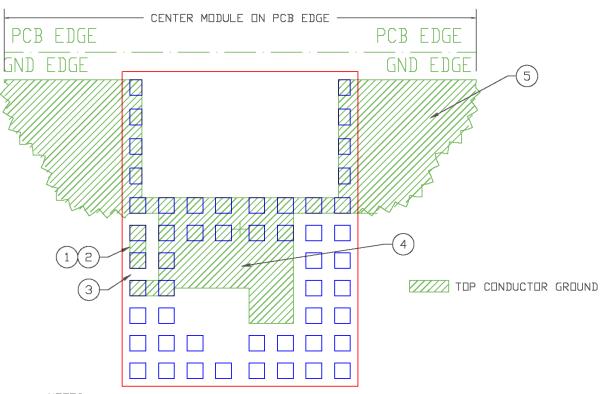
2. Extend keepout area to PCB edge.

3. Keepout area- All layers.

4. Keepout area- Top layer only.

5. Units = mm.

Figure 1. RSL10 SIP Keepout Area Requirements



#### Notes:

1. When incorporating internal antenna, join landing pads using 0.40  $\times$  1.10 shape.

2. Establish 50  $\Omega$  impedance to underlying reference plane.

3. Maintain minimum 300  $\mu m$  distance from ground plane.

4. Area for several vias.

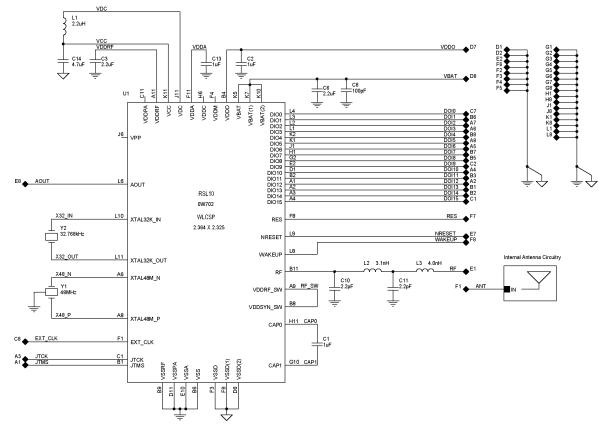
5. Refer to radiation efficiency data for applicable ground plane sizing.

6. Units = mm.

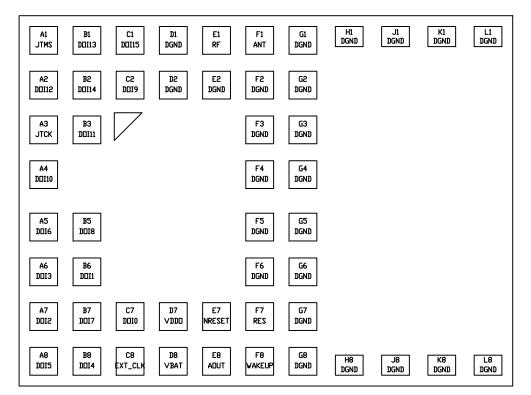
#### Figure 2. Minimum Top Layer Ground Structure

#### **RSL10 SiP Schematic**

The schematic for the RSL10 SIP is shown in Figure 3.



#### Figure 3. RSL10 SIP Schematic





#### PAD FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

For detailed pad function information see the RSL10 data sheet.

#### Table 1. PAD LIST

Pad Identifier	Pad Name	I/O	A/D	Pull	Description
A1	JTMS	I/O	D	U	CM3-JTAG Test Mode State
A2	DOI12	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 12
A3	JTCK	I/O	D	U	CM3–JTAG Test Clock
A4	DOI10	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 10
A5	DOI6	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 6
A6	DOI3	I/O	A/D	U/D	Digital input output 3 / ADC 3
A7	DOI2	I/O	A/D	U/D	Digital input output 2 / ADC 2
A8	DOI5	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 5
B1	DOI13	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output/CM3-JTAG Test Reset
B2	DOI14	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output/CM3-JTAG Test Data In
B3	DOI11	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 11
B5	DOI8	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 8
B6	DOI1	I/O	A/D	U/D	Digital input output 1 / ADC 1
B7	DOI7	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 7
B8	DOI4	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 4
C1	DOI15	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output/CM3-JTAG Test Data Out
C2	DOI9	I/O	D	U/D	Digital input output 9
C7	DOI0	I/O	A/D	U/D	Digital input output 0 / ADC 0
C8	EXT_CLK	1	D	U	External clock input
D1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
D2	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
D7	VDDO	1	Р		Digital O/I voltage supply
D8	VBAT	1	Р		Battery input voltage
E1	RF	I/O	А		RF signal input/output
E2	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
E7	NRESET	I	D	U	Reset pin
E8	AOUT	0	А		Analog test pin
F1	ANT	I/O	А		Antenna
F2	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
F3	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
F4	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
F5	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
F6	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
F7	RES	I	D	D	RESERVED
F8	WAKEUP	I	Α		Wake-up pin for power modes
G1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G2	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G3	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G4	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G5	DGND	I/O	Р	1	Ground

#### Table 1. PAD LIST (continued)

Pad Identifier	Pad Name	I/O	A/D	Pull	Description
G6	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G7	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
G8	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
H1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
H8	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
J1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
J8	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
K1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
K8	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
L1	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground
L8	DGND	I/O	Р		Ground

#### Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
VBAT	Power supply voltage		3.63	V
VDDO	I/O supply voltage (Note 1)		3.63	V
VSSRF	RF front-end ground	-0.3		V
VSSA	Analog ground	-0.3		V
VSSD	Digital core and I/O ground	-0.3		V
Vin	Voltage at any input pin	VSSD-0.3	VDDO+0.3 (Up to a maximum of 3.63 V)	V
T storage	Storage temperature range	-40	85	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. VDDO voltage must not be applied before VBAT voltage on cold start.

#### Table 3. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage operating range	VBAT	Input supply voltage on VBAT pin (Note 2)	1.18	1.25	3.3	V
Functional temperature range	T functional		-40	-	85	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

2. In order to be able to use a VBAT Min of 1.1 V, the following reduced operating conditions should be observed:

- Maximum Tx power 0 dBm.

– SYSCLK ≤ 24 MHz.

- Functional temperature range limited to 0-50 deg C

The following trimming parameters should be used:

– VCC = 1.10 V

– VDDC = 0.92 V

- VDDM = 1.05 V, will be limited by VCC at end of battery life

- VDDRF = 1.05 V, will be limited by VCC at end of battery life. VDDPA should be disabled

RSL10 should enter in end–of–battery–life operating mode if VCC falls below 1.03 V. VCC will remain above 1.03 V if VBAT  $\geq$  1.10 V under the restricted operating conditions described above.

 Table 4. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

 Unless otherwise noted, the specifications mentioned in the table below are valid at 25°C for VBAT = VDDO = 1.25 V in LDO mode, or VBAT = VDDO = 3 V in DC-DC (buck) mode.

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OVERALL						
Current consumption RX, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V, low latency	I <sub>VBAT</sub>			1.8		mA
Current consumption TX, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V, low latency	I <sub>VBAT</sub>			1.8		mA
Current consumption RX, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V	I <sub>VBAT</sub>			1.15		mA
Deep sleep current, example 1, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V	lds1	Wake up from wake up pin or DIO wake up.		50		nA
Deep sleep current, example 2, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V	lds2	Embedded 32 kHz oscillator running with interrupts from timer or external pin.		90		nA
Deep sleep current, example 3, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V	lds3	As Ids2 but with 8 kB RAM data retention.		300		nA
Standby Mode current, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 1.25 V	Istb	Digital blocks and memories are not clocked and are powered at a reduced voltage.		30		μΑ
Current consumption RX, $V_{BAT} = 3 V$	I <sub>VBAT</sub>			0.9		mA
Current consumption TX, $V_{BAT} = 3 V$	I <sub>VBAT</sub>			0.9		mA
Deep sleep current, example 1, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V	lds1	Wake up from wake up pin or DIO wake up.		25		nA
Deep sleep current, example 2, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V	lds2	Embedded 32 kHz oscillator running with interrupts from timer or external pin.		40		nA
Deep sleep current, example 3, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V	lds3	As Ids2 but with 8 kB RAM data retention.		100		nA
Standby Mode current, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V	Istb	Digital blocks and memories are not clocked and are powered at a reduced voltage.		17		μΑ
EEMBC ULPMark BENCHMARK,	CORE PROFIL	E				
ULPMark CP 3.0 V		Arm Cortex–M3 processor running from RAM, VBAT= 3.0 V, IAR C/C++ Compiler for ARM 8.20.1.14183		1090		ULP Mark
ULPMark CP 2.1 V		Arm Cortex–M3 processor running from RAM, VBAT= 2.1 V, IAR C/C++ Compiler for ARM 8.20.1.14183		1260		ULP Mark
EEMBC CoreMark BENCHMARK	for the Arm Co	ortex-M3 Processor and the LPDSP32 DSP		•		
Arm Cortex–M3 processor running from RAM		At 48 MHz SYSCLK. Using the IAR 8.10.1 C compiler, certified		159		Core Mark
LPDSP32 running from RAM		At 48 MHz SYSCLK Using the 2020.03 release of the Synopsys LPDSP32 C compiler		174		Core Mark
Arm Cortex–M3 processor and LPDSP32 running from RAM, VBAT = 1.25 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK		123		Core Mark/ mA
Arm Cortex–M3 processor and LPDSP32 running from RAM, VBAT = 3 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK		293		Core Mark/ mA
Arm Cortex–M3 processor running CoreMark from RAM, VBAT = 1.25 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		29.1		μA/MHz

 Table 4. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

 Unless otherwise noted, the specifications mentioned in the table below are valid at 25°C for VBAT = VDDO = 1.25 V in LDO mode, or VBAT = VDDO = 3 V in DC-DC (buck) mode.

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
EEMBC CoreMark BENCHMARK	for the Arm Cor	tex–M3 Processor and the LPDSP32	DSP			
Arm Cortex–M3 processor running CoreMark from RAM, VBAT = 3 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		12.3		μ <b>A/MH</b> z
Arm Cortex–M3 processor running CoreMark from Flash, VBAT = 1.25 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		34.3		μA/MHz
Arm Cortex–M3 processor running CoreMark from Flash, VBAT = 3 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		14.6		μA/MHz
LPDSP32 running CoreMark from RAM, VBAT = 1.25 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		19.5		μA/MHz
LPDSP32 running CoreMark from RAM, VBAT = 3 V		At 48 MHz SYSCLK (processor consumption only)		8.2		μA/MHz
INTERNALLY GENERATED VDDC	: Digital Block S	Supply Voltage				
Supply voltage: operating range	VDDC		0.92	1.15	1.32 (Note 3)	V
Supply voltage: trimming range	VDDC <sub>RANGE</sub>		0.75		1.38	V
Supply voltage: trimming step	VDDC <sub>STEP</sub>			10		mV
INTERNALLY GENERATED VDDN	: Memories Sup	oply Voltage				
Supply voltage: operating range	VDDM		1.05	1.15	1.32 (Note 4)	V
Supply voltage: trimming range	VDDM <sub>RANGE</sub>		0.75		1.38	V
Supply voltage: trimming step	VDDM <sub>STEP</sub>			10		mV
INTERNALLY GENERATED VDDR	F: Radio Front	end supply voltage				
Supply voltage: operating range	VDDRF		1.00	1.10	1.32 (Notes 5 and 6)	V
Supply voltage: trimming range	VDDRF <sub>RANGE</sub>		0.75		1.38	V
Supply voltage: trimming step	VDDRF <sub>STEP</sub>			10		mV
VDDO PAD SUPPLY VOLTAGE: D	igital Level High	1 Voltage				
Digital I/O supply	VDDO		1.1	1.25	3.3	V
INDUCTIVE BUCK DC-DC CONVI	ERTER	•	•			
VBAT range when the DC–DC converter is active (Note 7)	DCDC IN_RANGE		1.4		3.3	V
VBAT range when the LDO is active	LDO IN_RANGE		1.1		3.3	V
Output voltage: trimming range	DCDC OUT_RANGE		1.1	1.2	1.32	V
Supply voltage: trimming step	DCDC <sub>STEP</sub>			10		mV
POWER-ON RESET						
POR voltage	VBAT <sub>POR</sub>		0.4	0.8	1.0	V
RADIO FRONT-END: General Spe	cifications	-	•	-	-	•
RF input impedance	Z <sub>in</sub>	Single ended		50		Ω
Data rate FSK / MSK / GFSK	R <sub>FSK</sub>	OQPSK as MSK	62.5	1000	3000	kbps
Data rate 4-FSK					4000	kbps
On-air data rate	bps	GFSK	250	1	2000	kbps

 Table 4. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

 Unless otherwise noted, the specifications mentioned in the table below are valid at 25°C for VBAT = VDDO = 1.25 V in LDO mode, or VBAT = VDDO = 3 V in DC-DC (buck) mode.

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RADIO FRONT-END: Crystal and	Clock Specific	ations				
Xtal frequency	F <sub>XTAL</sub>	Fundamental		48		MHz
Settling time				0.5	1.5	ms
RADIO FRONT-END: Synthesizer	Specifications					
Frequency range	F <sub>RF</sub>	Supported carrier frequencies	2360		2500	MHz
RX frequency step		RX Mode frequency synthesizer resolution			100	Hz
TX frequency step		TX Mode frequency synthesizer resolution			600	Hz
PLL Settling time, RX	t <sub>PLL_RX</sub>	RX Mode		15	25	μs
PLL Settling time, TX	t <sub>PLL_TX</sub>	TX mode, BLE modulation		5	10	μs
RADIO FRONT-END: Receive Mod	de Specificatio	ns				•
Current consumption at 1 Mbps, $V_{BAT}$ = 1.25 V	IBAT <sub>RFRX</sub>	VDDRF = 1.1 V, 100% duty cycle		5.6		mA
Current consumption at 2 Mbps, $V_{BAT}$ = 1.25 V	IBAT <sub>RFRX</sub>	VDDRF = 1.1 V, 100% duty cycle		6.2		mA
Current consumption at 1 Mbps, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V, DC–DC	IBAT <sub>RFRX</sub>	VDDRF = 1.1 V, 100% duty cycle		3.0		mA
Current consumption at 2 Mbps, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3 V, DC–DC	IBAT <sub>RFRX</sub>	VDDRF = 1.1 V, 100% duty cycle		3.4		mA
RX Sensitivity, 0.25 Mbps		0.1% BER (Notes 8, 9)		-96		dBm
RX Sensitivity, 0.5 Mbps		0.1% BER (Notes 8, 9)		-95		dBm
RX Sensitivity, 1 Mbps, BLE		0.1% BER (Notes 8, 9) Single-ended match to 50 $\Omega$		-93		dBm
RX Sensitivity, 2 Mbps, BLE		0.1% BER (Notes 8, 9)		-91		dBm
RSSI effective range		Without AGC		60		dB
RSSI step size				2.4		dB
RX AGC range				48		dB
RX AGC step size		Programmable		6		dB
Max usable signal level		0.1% BER		-10		dBm
RADIO FRONT-END: Transmit Mo	de Specificatio	ons				
Tx peak power consumption at VBAT = 1.25 V (Note 10)	IBAT <sub>RFTX</sub>	Tx power 0 dBm, VDDRF = 1.07 V, VDDPA: off, LDO mode		8.9		mA
		Tx power 3 dBm, VDDRF = 1.1 V, VDDPA: 1.26 V, LDO mode		17.4		mA
		Tx power 6 dBm, VDDRF = 1.1 V, VDDPA: 1.60 V, LDO mode		25		mA
Tx peak power consumption at VBAT = 3 V (Note 10)	IBAT <sub>RFTX</sub>	Tx power 0 dBm, VDDRF = 1.07 V, VDDPA: off, DC-DC mode		4.6		mA
		Tx power 3 dBm, VDDRF = 1.1 V, VDDPA = 1.26 V, DC–DC mode		8.6		mA
				-		

Tx power 6 dBm, VDDRF = 1.1 V, VDDPA = 1.60 V, DC–DC mode

BLE

Full band

Transmit power range

Transmit power step size

12

1

+6

(Note 12)

-17

mΑ

dBm

dB

 Table 4. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

 Unless otherwise noted, the specifications mentioned in the table below are valid at 25°C for VBAT = VDDO = 1.25 V in LDO mode, or VBAT = VDDO = 3 V in DC-DC (buck) mode.

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RADIO FRONT-END: Transmit	Mode Specification	ons				
		Tx power 0 dBm. Full band. Relative to the typical value.	-1.5		1.5	dB
Power in 2 <sup>nd</sup> harmonic		0 dBm mode. 50 Ω for "Typ" value. (Note 11)		-62		dBm
Power in 3 <sup>rd</sup> harmonic		0 dBm mode. 50 Ω for "Typ" value. (Note 11)		-70		dBm
Power in 4 <sup>th</sup> harmonic		0 dBm mode. 50 Ω for "Typ" value. (Note 11)		-82		dBm
ADC		•	•			
Resolution	ADC <sub>RES</sub>		8	12	14	bits
Input voltage range	ADC <sub>RANGE</sub>		0		2	V
INL	ADCINL		-2		+2	mV
DNL	ADC <sub>DNL</sub>		-1		+1	mV
Channel sampling frequency	ADC <sub>CH_SF</sub>	For the 8 channels sequentially, SLOWCLK = 1 MHz	0.0195		6.25	kHz
32 kHz ON-CHIP RC OSCILLAT	OR	•	•			
Untrimmed Frequency	Freq <sub>UNTR</sub>		20	32	50	kHz
Trimming steps	Steps			1.5		%
3 MHz ON-CHIP RC OSCILLATO	DR	•	•			
Untrimmed Frequency	Freq <sub>UNTR</sub>		2	3	5	MHz
Trimming steps	Steps			1.5		%
Hi Speed mode	Fhi			10		MHz
32 kHz ON-CHIP CRYSTAL OSC	ILLATOR					
Output Frequency	Freq <sub>32k</sub>	Depends on xtal parameters		32768		Hz
Startup time				1	3	S
Internal load trimming range		Steps of 0.4 pF	0		25.2	pF
Duty Cycle			40	50	60	%
DC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	OF THE DIGITAL	PADS – With VDDO = 2.97 V – 3.3 V, nom	ninal: 3.0 V	/ Logic		
Voltage level for high input	V <sub>IH</sub>		2		VDDO + 0.3	V
Voltage level for low input	V <sub>IL</sub>		VSSD - 0.3		0.8	V
DC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	OF THE DIGITAL	PADS – With VDDO = 1.1 V – 1.32 V, nor	ninal: 1.2 V	/ Logic		
Voltage level for high input	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.65 * VDDO		VDDO + 0.3	V
Voltage level for low input	V <sub>IL</sub>		VSSD - 0.3		0.35 * VDDO	V
DC OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC	S OF THE DIGIT	AL PADS		1		
Voltage level for high output	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 mA to 12 mA	VDDO - 0.4			V
Voltage level for low output	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = 2 mA to 12 mA	4		0.4	V
DIO DRIVE STRENGTH						
DIO drive strength	IDIO		2	12	12	mA
	•					

#### Table 4. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specifications mentioned in the table below are valid at  $25^{\circ}C$  for VBAT = VDDO = 1.25 V in LDO mode, or VBAT = VDDO = 3 V in DC-DC (buck) mode.

Description	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
FLASH SPECIFICATIONS						
Endurance of the 384 kB of flash			10000			write/ erase cycles
Endurance for sections NVR1, NVR2, and NVR3 (6 kB in total)			1000			write/ erase cycles
Retention			25			years

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

3. The maximum VDDC voltage cannot exceed the VBAT input voltage or the VCC output from the buck converter.

4. The maximum VDDM voltage cannot exceed the VBAT input voltage or the VCC output from the buck converter.

5. The maximum VDDRF voltage cannot exceed the VBAT input voltage or the VCC output from the buck converter.

6. The VDDRF calibrated target is 1.07 V (TX power = 0 dBm).

7. The LDO can be used to regulate down from VBAT and generate VCC. For VBAT values higher than 1.5 V, the LDO is less efficient and it is possible to save power by activating the DC-DC converter to generate VCC.

8. Signal generated by RF tester.

9. Single-ended match to 50 ohms, measured at pin E1 including loss of integrated Tx harmonic filter.

10. All values are based on evaluation board performance, including the harmonic filter loss.

11. The values shown here are including integrated RF filter.

12. For optimal performance, charge pump frequency of 125 kHz should be avoided when VDDPA supply is enabled.

#### Table 5. VDDM TARGET TRIMMING VOLTAGE IN FUNCTION OF VDDO VOLTAGE

VDDM Voltage (V)	DIO_PAD_CFG DRIVE	Maximum VDDO Voltage (V)
1.05	1	2.7
1.05	0	3.2
1.10	0	3.3

NOTE: These are trimming targets at room/ATE temperature 25~30°C.

#### Table 6. VDDC TARGET TRIMMING VOLTAGE IN FUNCTION OF SYSCLK FREQUENCY

VDDC Voltage (V)	Maximum SYSCLK Frequency (MHz)	Restriction
0.92	≤24	The ADC will be functional in low frequency mode and between 0 and 85°C only.
1.00	≤24	Fully functional
1.05	48	Fully functional

NOTE: These are trimming targets at room/ATE temperature 25~30°C.

#### ANTENNA SPECIFICATIONS

The antenna performance of the RSL10 SIP depends on the size of the ground plane on which it is mounted. Figure 5 shows an overview of different ground plane sizes with expected antenna return losses shown in Figure 6.

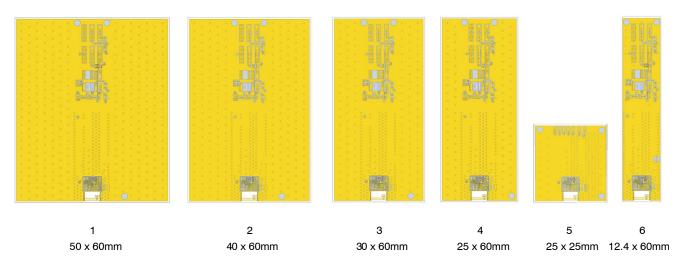


Figure 5. PCB ground planes. 1) 50x60, 2) 40x60, 3) 30x60, 4) 25x60, 5) 12.5x60. All sizes in mm



Figure 6. Antenna Efficiency vs. PCB Size

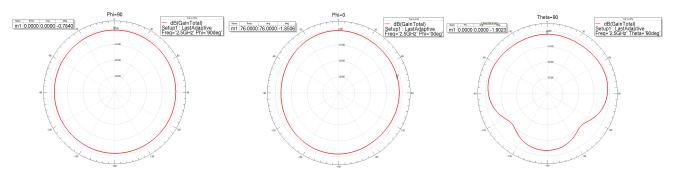


Figure 7. Radiation Pattern for 50 x 60 mm PCB Ground Plane

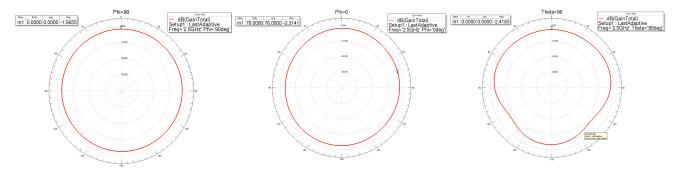


Figure 8. Radiation Pattern for 40 x 60 mm PCB Ground Plane

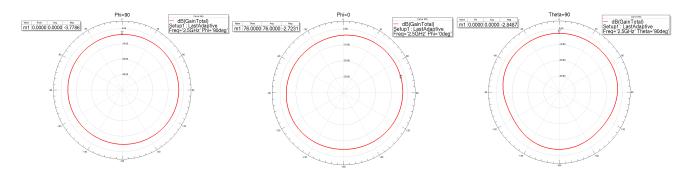


Figure 9. Radiation Pattern for 30 x 60 mm PCB Ground Plane

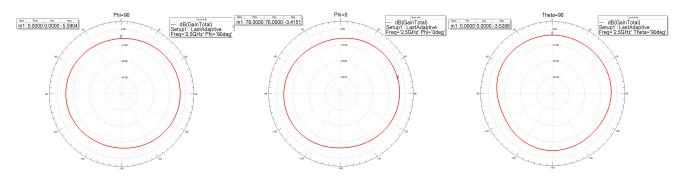


Figure 10. Radiation Pattern for 25 x 60 mm PCB Ground Plane

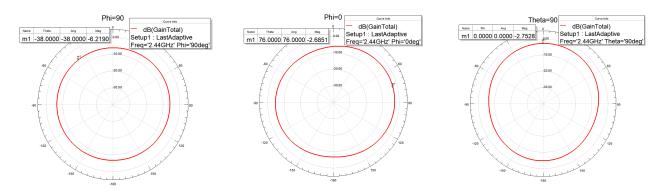


Figure 11. Radiation Pattern for 25 x 25 mm PCB Ground Plane

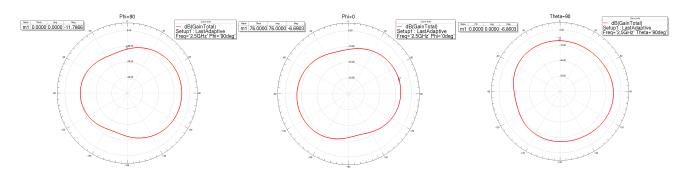


Figure 12. Radiation Pattern for 12.5 x 60 mm PCB Ground Plane

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitive Device

CAUTION: ESD sensitive device. Permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high-energy electrostatic discharges.

Proper ESD precautions in handling, packaging and testing are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

#### Solder Information

The RSL10 SIP is constructed with all RoHS compliant material and should be reflowed accordingly. This device is Moisture Sensitive Class MSL3 and must be stored and handled accordingly. Re–flow according to IPC/JEDEC standard J–STD–020C, Joint Industry Standard: Re–flow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices. Hand soldering is not recommended for this part.

For more information, see SOLDERRM/D available from <u>www.onsemi.com</u>.

#### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### FCC Regulatory and User Information

#### FCC ID: 2APD9-RSL10SIP

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by **onsemi** could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **Module Usage Conditions**

Manufacturers of products incorporating the RSL10SIP Bluetooth 5.2 Module are authorized to use the FCC Grant of the RSL10SIP module for their own products according to the conditions referenced in the grant.

A product containing the RSL10SIP module shall bear a label referring to the enclosed module. The label shall use wording such as: "Contains FCC ID:2APD9–RSL10SIP"

The label of the host device shall also contain the following statement. When this is not possible, the information shall be included in the User Manual of the host device:

"This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by **onsemi** could void the user's authority to operate the equipment."

#### WARNING: RF Exposure Compliance

In order to comply with FCC RF exposure requirements this device must be installed to provide a separation distance of 5 mm or greater between this device and the user.

#### ISED Regulatory and User Information

#### ISED ID 23763-RSL10SIP

#### HVIN RSL10SIP

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause interference.

(2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage; (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

#### **Module Usage Conditions**

A product containing the RSL10SIP module shall bear a label referring to the enclosed module. The label shall use wording such as: "Contains IC: 23763–RSL10SIP"

The label of the host device shall also contain the following statement. When this is not possible, the information shall be included in the User Manual of the host device:

"This device contains licence–exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence–exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause interference.

(2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device."

The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

Un produit contenant le module RSL10SIP devra porter une étiquette du dispositif qui fait référence au module inclus. L'étiquette du dispositif devra utiliser un libellé tel que: "Contient IC: 23763–RSL10SIP"

L'étiquette du dispositif devra également inclure la déclaration ci-dessous. Si cela n'est pas possible, cette information devra être précisée dans le manuel de l'utilisateur:

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage; (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Le module émetteur peut ne pas être coïmplanté avec un autre émetteur ou antenne.

#### WARNING: RF Exposure Compliance

In order to comply with ISED RF exposure requirements this device must be installed to provide a separation distance of 7 mm or greater between this device and the user.

Afin de se conformer aux exigences d'exposition ISDE RF, cet appareil doit être installé pour fournir une distance de séparation de 7 mm ou plus entre cet appareil et l'utilisateur.

#### Korean Regulatory and User Information

특정소출력 무선기기(데이터통신시스템용 무선기기) 제 조 자 (제조자): onsemi 제 조 국 (원산지): 캐나다 제 품 명 (제품): NCH-RSL10-101S51-ACG 모 델 명 (모델): RSL10SIP 제조년월 (생산일자): 계류 중 이 장치는 이동전화, Wi-Fi 또는 블루투스 장치 등 무선통신장치와 매우 근접한 장소에서 사용할 경우 오작동을 일으킬 가능성이 있습니다. 해당 무선설비는 전파혼신 가능성이 있으므로 인명안전과 관련된 서비스는 할 수 없음.

The following ID information needs to be added to the product package (application and user documentation).

Korean KC Mark and Identifier as shown below. Height of KC mark is 5mm minimum. Colour preference is Navy (5PB 2/8 color according to KS A 0062). Acceptable other colours are black, gold and silver. Other colours may only be used if preferred colours are not legible for the mark. The conformity assessment certification number is to be near the KC mark. (usually below).



#### **European Regulatory and User Information**

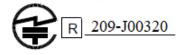
This device complies with the essential requirements of the Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU. The following ID information needs to be added to the product package (application and user documentation).



#### Japanese Regulatory and User Information

The following ID information needs to be added to the product package (application and user documentation).

ID (209-J00320) and must be combined with the Giteki (MIC) Mark as specified below.



#### 当該機器には電波法に基づく、技術基準適合証明等を受けた特定無線設備を装着している。

Translation: "This equipment contains specified radio equipment that has been certified to the Technical Regulation Conformity Certification under the Radio Law."

#### **Development Tools**

RSL10 is supported by a full suite of comprehensive tools including:

- An easy-to-use development board
- Software Development Kit (SDK) including an Oxygen Eclipse-based development environment, Bluetooth protocol stacks, sample code, libraries, and documentation

#### Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)

The ECCN designation for RSL10 is 5A991.g.

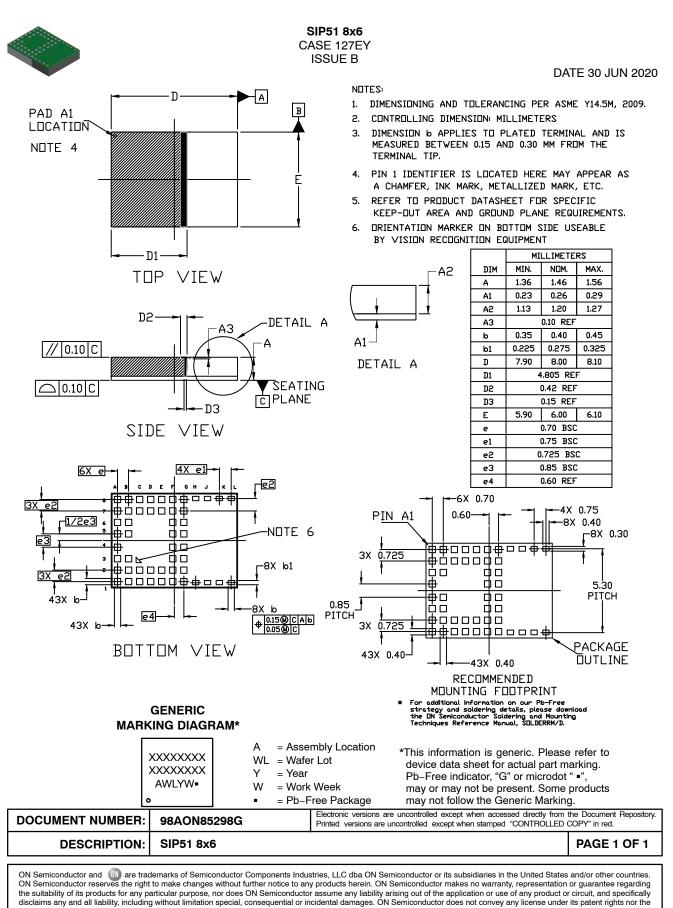
#### **Company or Product Inquiries**

For more information about **onsemi** products or services visit our Web site at <u>www.onsemi.com</u>.

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