# NX3L2467

## Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

Rev. 5.1 — 18 May 2021

**Product data sheet** 

### 1 General description

The NX3L2467 is a dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch suitable for use as an analog or digital multiplexer/demultiplexer. It consists of four switches, each with two independent input/outputs (nY0 and nY1) and a common input/output (nZ). The two digital inputs (1S and 2S) are used to select the switch position. 1S is used in selecting the independent inputs/outputs switched to 1Z and 2Z, and 2S is used in selecting the independent inputs/outputs switched to 3Z and 4Z. Schmitt trigger action at the digital inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times. Low threshold digital inputs allows this device to be driven by 1.8 V logic levels in 3.3 V applications without significant increase in supply current  $I_{\rm CC}$ . This makes it possible for the NX3L467 to switch 4.3 V signals with a 1.8 V digital controller, eliminating the need for logic level translation. The NX3L2467 allows signals with amplitude up to  $V_{\rm CC}$  to be transmitted from nZ to nY0 or nY1; or from nY0 or nY1 to nZ. Its low ON resistance (0.5  $\Omega$ ) and flatness (0.13  $\Omega$ ) ensures minimal attenuation and distortion of transmitted signals.

### 2 Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 1.4 V to 4.3 V
- · Very low ON resistance (peak):
  - 1.7  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC}$  = 1.4 V
  - 1.0  $\Omega$  (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V
  - 0.6  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC}$  = 2.3 V
  - $-0.5 \Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 2.7 V$
  - $-0.5 \Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC} = 4.3 V$
- Break-before-make switching
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM AEC-Q100-011 revision B exceeds 1000 V
  - IEC61000-4-2 contact discharge exceeds 6000 V for switch ports
- CMOS low-power consumption
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78B Class II Level A
- 1.8 V control logic at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V
- · Control input accepts voltages above supply voltage
- Very low supply current, even when input is below V<sub>CC</sub>
- High current handling capability (350 mA continuous current under 3.3 V supply)
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and from -40 °C to +125 °C



Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

## **Applications**

- · Cell phone
- PDA
- · Portable media player

## **Ordering information**

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Topside	Package							
	mark	Name	Description	Version					
NX3L2467PW	X3L2467	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1					
NX3L2467HR	D67	HXQFN16	plastic thermal enhanced extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 3 × 3 × 0.5 mm	SOT1039-2					
NX3L2467GU	D67	XQFN16	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 1.80 × 2.60 × 0.50 mm	SOT1161-1					

## 4.1 Ordering options

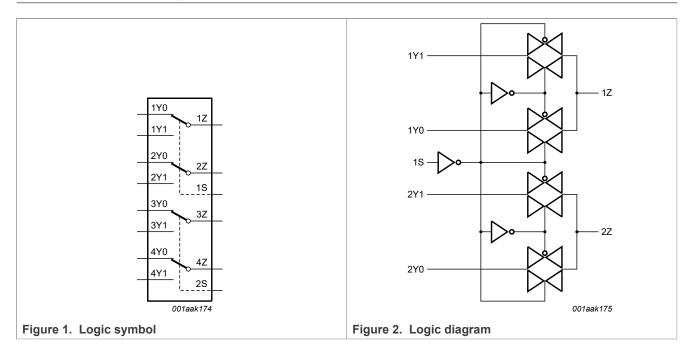
Table 2. Ordering options

Table 2. Order	ing options				
Type number	e number Orderable part number		Packing method	Minimum order quantity	Temperature
NX3L2467PW	NX3L2467PW,118	TSSOP16	Reel 13" Q1/T1 NDP	2500	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C
NX3L2467HR	NX3L2467HRZ	HXQFN16	Reel 7" Q1/T1 NDP SSB <sup>[1]</sup>	1500	$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C
	NX3L2467HR,115 <sup>[2]</sup>	HXQFN16	Reel 7" Q1/T1 NDP	1500	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C
NX3L2467GU	NX3L2467GU,115	XQFN16	Reel 7" Q1/T1 NDP	4000	$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C

This packing method uses a Static Shielding Bag (SSB) solution. Material is to be kept in the sealed bag between uses. Will go EOL - migrate to new leadframe NX3L2467HRZ orderable part number.

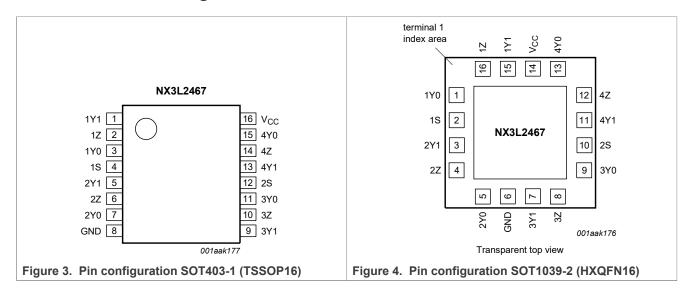
Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

## 5 Functional diagram

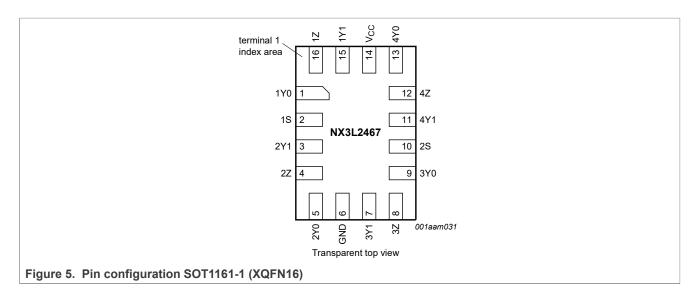


## 6 Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT1039-2 and SOT1161-1	SOT403-1	
1Y0, 2Y0, 3Y0, 4Y0	1, 5, 9, 13	3, 7, 11, 15	independent input or output
1S, 2S	2, 10	4, 12	select input
1Y1, 2Y1, 3Y1, 4Y1	15, 3, 7, 11	1, 5, 9, 13	independent input or output
1Z, 2Z, 3Z, 4Z	16, 4, 8, 12	2, 6, 10, 14	common output or input
GND	6	8	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC</sub>	14	16	supply voltage

## 7 Functional description

Table 4. Function table<sup>[1]</sup>

Input nS	Channel on
L	nY0
Н	nY1

<sup>[1]</sup> H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

## 8 Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage			-0.5	+4.6	V
VI	input voltage	select input nS	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
V <sub>SW</sub>	switch voltage		[2]	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V

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#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

Table 5. Limiting values...continued

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5 V		-50	-	mA
I <sub>SK</sub>	switch clamping current	$V_{I}$ < -0.5 V or $V_{I}$ > $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V		-	±50	mA
I <sub>SW</sub>	switch current	$V_{SW}$ > -0.5 V or $V_{SW}$ < $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V; source or sink current		-	±350	mA
		$V_{\rm SW}$ > -0.5 V or $V_{\rm SW}$ < $V_{\rm CC}$ + 0.5 V; pulsed at 1 ms duration, < 10 % duty cycle; peak current		-	±500	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C				
		TSSOP16	[3]	-	500	mW
		HXQFN16	[4]	-	250	mW
		XQFN16	[5]	-	250	mW

The minimum input voltage rating may be exceeded if the input current rating is observed.

#### 9 **Recommended operating conditions**

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Teodeminoriaea operating containers										
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit				
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage			1.4	4.3	V				
VI	input voltage	select input nS		0	4.3	V				
V <sub>SW</sub>	switch voltage		[1]	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V				
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature			-40	+125	°C				
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 4.3 V	[2]	-	200	ns/V				

To avoid sinking GND current from terminal nZ when switch current flows in terminal nYn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal nZ, no GND current will flow from terminal nYn. In this case, there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch.

The minimum and maximum switch voltage ratings may be exceeded if the switch clamping current rating is observed but may not exceed 4.6 V.

For TSSOP16 package: above 60 °C the value of  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K above. For HXQFN16 package: above 135 °C the value of  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 16.9 mW/K. For XQFN16 package: above 133 °C the value of  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 14.5 mW/K.

<sup>[2]</sup> [3] [4] [5]

Applies to control signal levels.

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### 10 Static characteristics

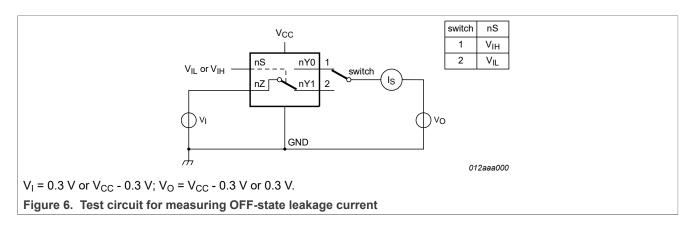
Table 7. Static characteristics

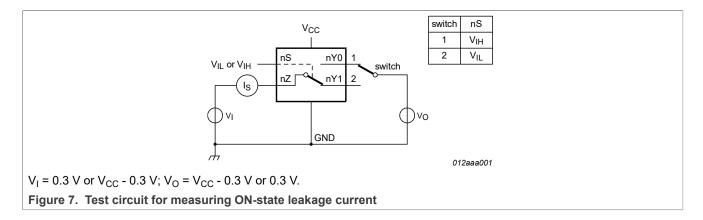
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Т	amb = 25 °	°C	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C			
<b>Oy5</b> 01	T di di liotoi		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Max	Unit
							(85 °C)	(125 °C)	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	0.9	-	-	0.9	-	-	V
	voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.9	-	-	0.9	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.1	-	-	1.1	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	1.3	-	-	1.3	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	1.4	-	-	1.4	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	-	0.3	-	0.3	0.3	V
voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.4	-	0.4	0.3	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.4	-	0.4	0.4	٧
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	0.5	٧	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	-	-	0.6	_	0.6	0.6	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	select input nS; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 4.3 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 4.3 V	-	-	-	-	±0.5	±1	μΑ
	OFF-state leakage current	nY0 and nY1 port; see Figure 6							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±5	-	±50	±500	nA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	-	-	±10	-	±50	±500	nA
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	nZ port; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 3.6 V; see <u>Figure 7</u>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±5	-	±50	±500	nA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	-	-	±10	-	±50	±500	nA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; V <sub>SW</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	-	100	-	500	5000	nA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V	-	-	150	-	800	6000	nA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply	V <sub>SW</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>							
	current	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V	-	2.0	4.0	-	7	7	μΑ
		V <sub>I</sub> = 2.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	0.35	0.7	-	1	1	μΑ
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.8 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V	-	7.0	10.0	-	15	15	μA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.8 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	-	2.5	4.0	-	5	5	μΑ
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.8 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	-	50	200	-	300	500	nA
Cı	input capacitance		-	1.0	-	-	-	-	pF
C <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state capacitance		-	35	-	-	-	-	pF
C <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state capacitance		-	130	-	-	-	-	pF

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#### 10.1 Test circuits





#### 10.2 ON resistance

Table 8. ON resistance [1]

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see Figure 9 to Figure 15.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		T <sub>amb</sub>	= -40 °C to	+85 °C	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °	C to +125 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	Min	Max	
R <sub>ON(peak)</sub>	ON resistance (peak)	$V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{SW}$ = 100 mA; see Figure 8							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V		-	1.7	3.7	-	4.1	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-	1.0	1.6	-	1.7	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-	0.6	0.8	-	0.9	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-	0.5	0.75	-	0.9	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V		-	0.5	0.75	-	0.9	Ω
ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance	$V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$ ; $I_{SW}$ = 100 mA	[3]						
	mismatch between channels	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V; V <sub>SW</sub> = 0.4 V		-	0.18	0.3	-	0.3	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V; V <sub>SW</sub> = 0.5 V		-	0.18	0.2	-	0.3	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; V <sub>SW</sub> = 0.7 V		-	0.07	0.1	-	0.13	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; V <sub>SW</sub> = 0.8 V		-	0.07	0.1	-	0.13	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V; V <sub>SW</sub> = 0.8 V		-	0.07	0.1	-	0.13	Ω

NX3L2467

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#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

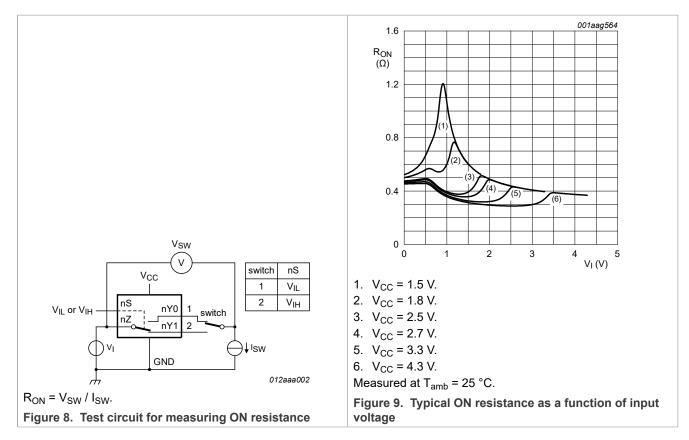
Table 8. ON resistance [1]...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for graphs see Figure 9 to Figure 15.

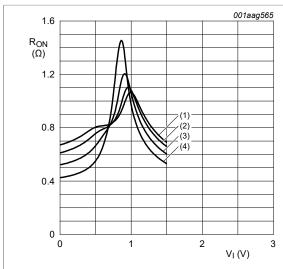
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °(	Unit	
				Min	Typ <sup>[2]</sup>	Max	Min	Max	
ON(liat)	ON resistance	$V_I = GND \text{ to } V_{CC}; I_{SW} = 100 \text{ mA}$	[4]						
	(flatness)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V		-	1.0	3.3	-	3.6	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-	0.5	1.2	-	1.3	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-	0.15	0.3	-	0.35	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-	0.13	0.3	-	0.35	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V		-	0.2	0.4	-	0.45	Ω

- For NX3L2467PW (TSSOP16 package), all ON resistance values are up to 0.05  $\Omega$  higher.
- [2]
- Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C. Measured at identical  $V_{CC}$ , temperature and input voltage. [3]
- Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of ON resistance measured at identical V<sub>CC</sub> and temperature.

### 10.3 ON resistance test circuit and graphs

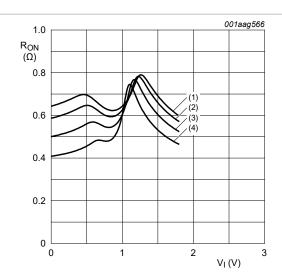


#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch



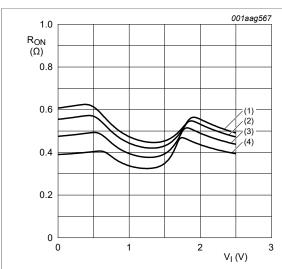
- 1.  $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 2.  $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 3.  $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 4.  $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

Figure 10. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC}$  = 1.5 V



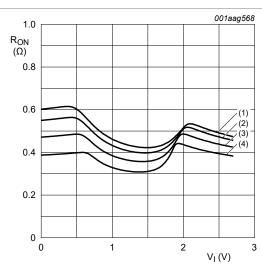
- 1. T<sub>amb</sub> = 125 °C.
- 2.  $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 3.  $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ .
- 4.  $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

Figure 11. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 



- 1.  $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 2.  $T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 3.  $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ .
- 4.  $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

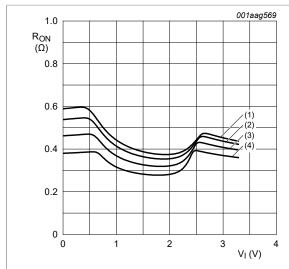
Figure 12. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ 

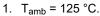


- 1.  $T_{amb} = 125 \, ^{\circ}C$ .
- 2. T<sub>amb</sub> = 85 °C.
- 3.  $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ .
- 4.  $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

Figure 13. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC}$  = 2.7 V

#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch



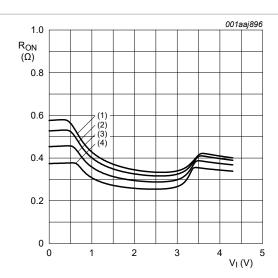


2. 
$$T_{amb} = 85 \, ^{\circ}C$$
.

3. 
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$
.

4. 
$$T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$$
.

Figure 14. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ 



- 1. T<sub>amb</sub> = 125 °C.
- 2.  $T_{amb} = 85 \,^{\circ}C$ .
- 3.  $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ .
- 4.  $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$ .

Figure 15. ON resistance as a function of input voltage;  $V_{CC}$  = 4.3 V

## 11 Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for load circuit see Figure 18.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C			
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)		
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	nS to nZ or nYn; see Figure 16								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	41	90	-	120	120	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	30	70	-	80	90	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	20	45	-	50	55	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	19	40	-	45	50	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	-	19	40	-	45	50	ns	
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nS to nZ or nYn; see Figure 16								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	24	70	-	80	90	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	15	55	-	60	65	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	9	25	-	30	35	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-	8	20	-	25	30	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V	-	8	20	-	25	30	ns	

#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for load circuit see Figure 18.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions		T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C			
				Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)		
t <sub>b-m</sub> break-before-make time	see Figure 17	[2]									
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		-	20	-	9	-	-	ns		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		-	17	-	7	-	-	ns		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		-	13	-	4	-	-	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		-	11	-	3	-	-	ns	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V		-	11	-	2	-	-	ns	

Typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C and  $V_{CC}$  = 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 4.3 V respectively. Break-before-make guaranteed by design.

#### 11.1 Waveform and test circuits

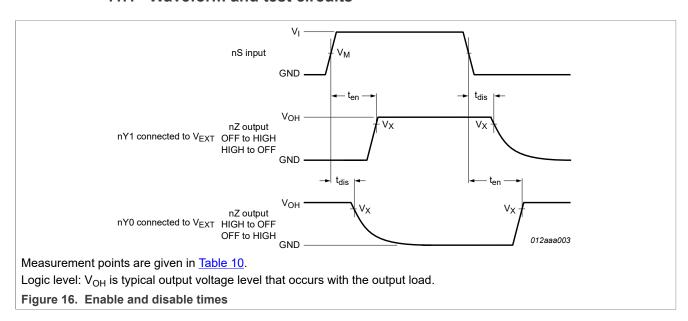
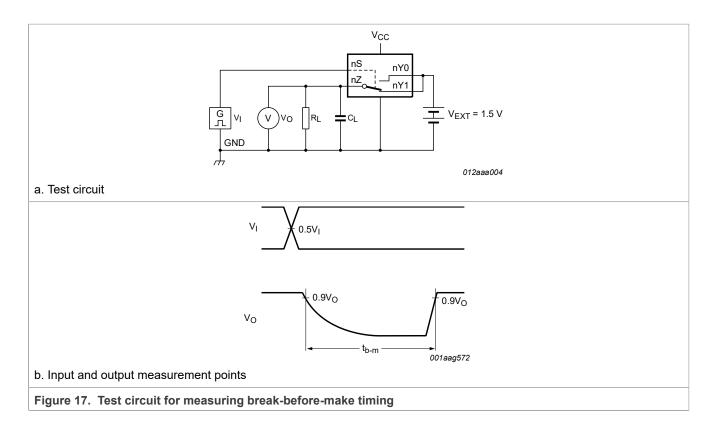


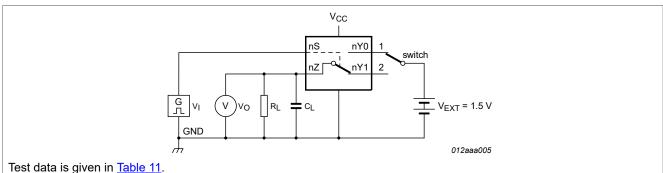
Table 10. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output
Vcc	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>
1.4 V to 4.3 V	0.5V <sub>CC</sub>	0.9V <sub>OH</sub>

<sup>[2]</sup> 

#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch





Definitions test circuit:

 $R_L$  = Load resistance.

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 $V_{\mathsf{EXT}}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Figure 18. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		
Vcc	VI	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	
1.4 V to 4.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 2.5 ns	35 pF	50 Ω	

NX3L2467

Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

## 11.2 Additional dynamic characteristics

Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics

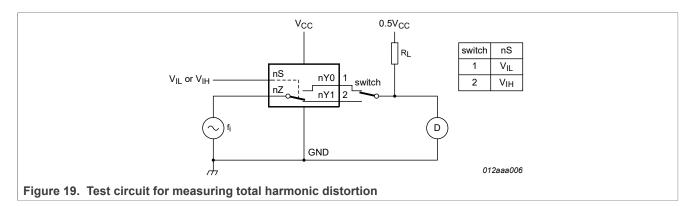
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $V_I$  = GND or  $V_{CC}$  (unless otherwise specified);  $t_r$  =  $t_f$   $\leq$  2.5 ns;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.

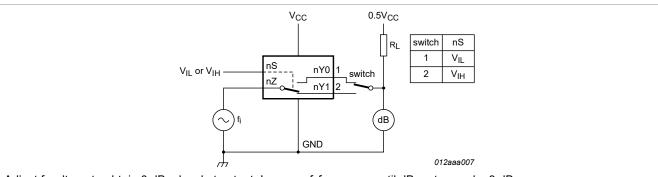
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
THD total harmonic distortion		$f_i$ = 20 Hz to 20 kHz; $R_L$ = 32 $\Omega$ ; see Figure 19	[1]				
	distortion	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 1 V (p-p)		-	0.15	-	%
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 1.2 V (p-p)		-	0.10	-	%	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 1.5 V (p-p)		-	0.02	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V (p-p)		-	0.02	-	%
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V (p-p)		-	0.02	-	%
f <sub>(-3dB)</sub>	-3 dB frequency	$R_L$ = 50 Ω; see <u>Figure 20</u>	[1]				
	response	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 4.3 V		-	60	-	MHz
$\alpha_{iso}$	isolation (OFF-state)	$f_i$ = 100 kHz; $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ ; see Figure 21	[1]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 4.3 V		-	-90	-	dB
V <sub>ct</sub>	crosstalk voltage	between digital inputs and switch; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; $C_L$ = 50 pF; $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ ; see Figure 22					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 3.6 V		-	0.2	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 4.3 V		-	0.3	-	V
Xtalk crosstalk	between switches; $f_i$ = 100 kHz; $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ ; see Figure 23	[1]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 4.3 V		-	-90	-	dB
Q <sub>inj</sub>	charge injection	$f_i$ = 1 MHz; $C_L$ = 0.1 nF; $R_L$ = 1 M $\Omega$ ; $V_{gen}$ = 0 V; $R_{gen}$ = 0 $\Omega$ ; see Figure 24					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V		-	3	-	рC
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		-	4	-	рС
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V		-	6	-	рС
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		-	9	-	рС
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3 V		_	15	-	pC

<sup>[1]</sup>  $f_i$  is biased at  $0.5V_{CC}$ .

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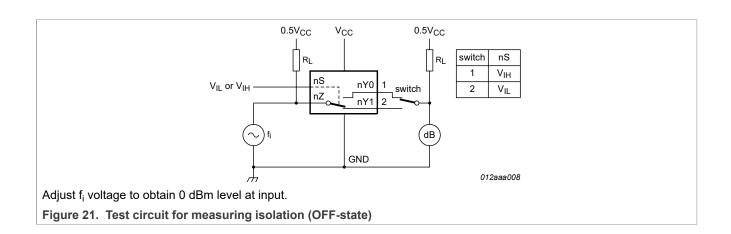
#### 11.3 Test circuits



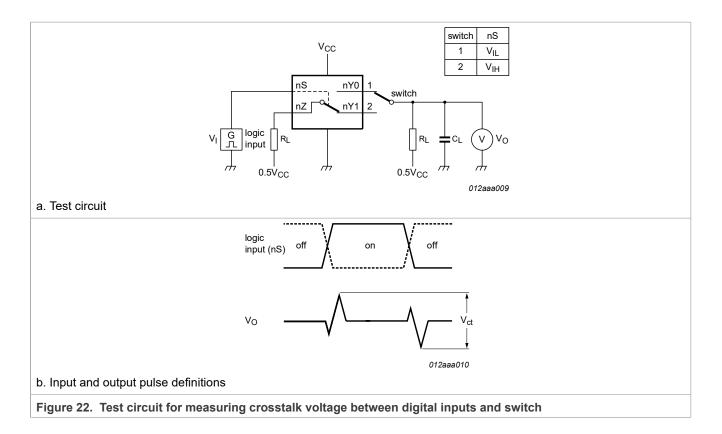


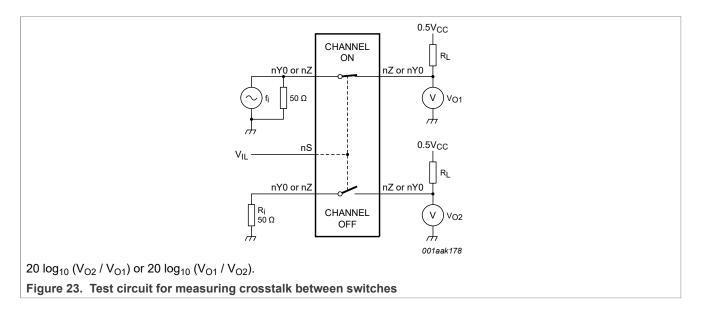
Adjust f<sub>i</sub> voltage to obtain 0 dBm level at output. Increase f<sub>i</sub> frequency until dB meter reads -3 dB.

Figure 20. Test circuit for measuring the frequency response when channel is in ON-state

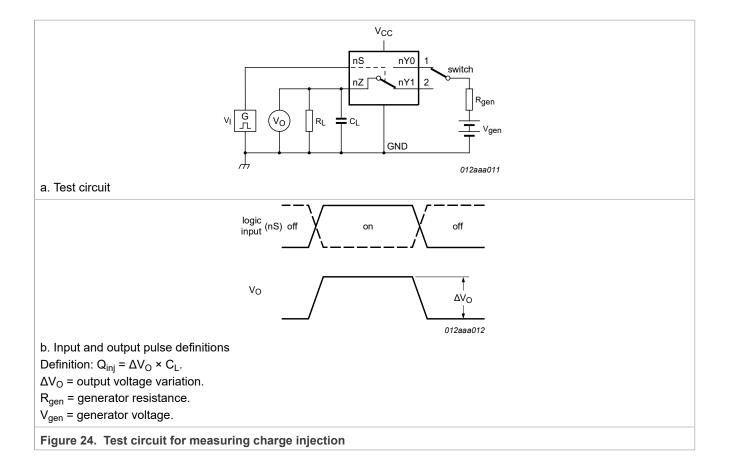


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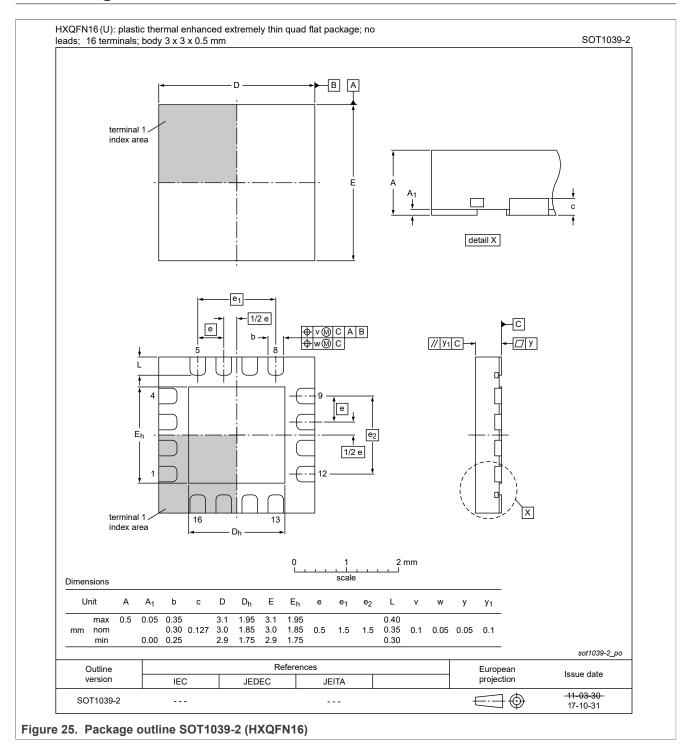


#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

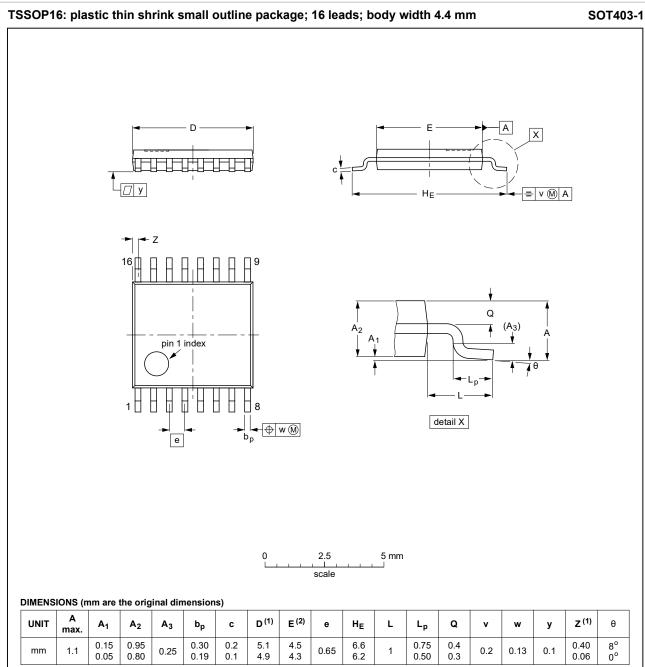


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## 12 Package outline



Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch



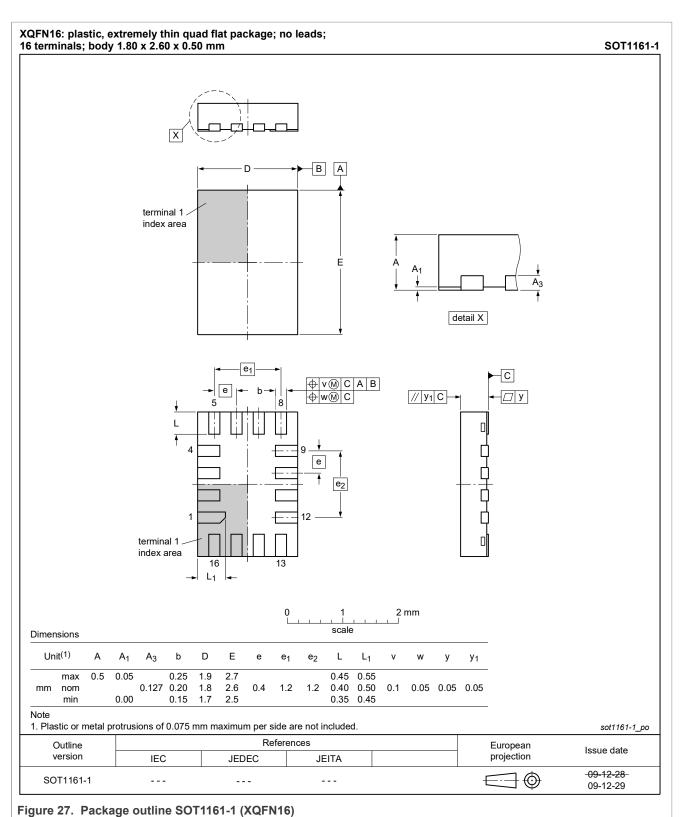
#### Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE	
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT403-1		MO-153				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-18

Figure 26. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

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### 13 Abbreviations

#### Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
PDA	Personal Digital Assistant

# 14 Revision history

#### Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
NX3L2467 v.5.1	20210518	Product data sheet	-	NX3L2467 v.5
Modifications:	Updated <u>Sect</u>	ion 4 "Ordering information	"	
NX3L2467 v.5	20120702	Product data sheet	-	NX3L2467 v.4
NX3L2467 v.4	20111108	Product data sheet	-	NX3L2467 v.3
NX3L2467 v.3	20101229	Product data sheet	-	NX3L2467 v.2
NX3L2467 v.2	20100519	Product data sheet	-	NX3L2467 v.1
NX3L2467 v.1	20090623	Product data sheet	-	-

Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

### 15 Legal information

#### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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#### Dual low-ohmic double-pole double-throw analog switch

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