

Important notice

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Kind regards,

Team Nexperia



Product data sheet

1. Product profile

1.1 General description

PNP low V_{CEsat} Breakthrough in Small Signal (BISS) transistor and NPN Resistor-Equipped Transistor (RET) in a SOT457 (SC-74) small Surface Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package.

1.2 Features

- Low V_{CEsat} (BISS) and resistor-equipped transistor in one package
- Low threshold voltage (< 1 V) compared to MOSFET</p>
- Low drive power required
- Space-saving solution
- Reduction of component count

1.3 Applications

- Supply line switches
- Battery charger switches
- High-side switches for LEDs, drivers and backlights
- Portable equipment

1.4 Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TR1; PNP I	low V _{CEsat} transistor					
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	-20	V
I _C	collector current (DC)		-	-	-1	Α
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_{C} = -1 \text{ A};$ $I_{B} = -100 \text{ mA}$	[1] -	185	280	mΩ
TR2; NPN	resistor-equipped transistor	•				
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	50	V
Io	output current		-	-	100	mA
R1	bias resistor 1 (input)		3.3	4.7	6.1	kΩ
R2/R1	bias resistor ratio		0.8	1	1.2	

^[1] Pulse test: $t_p \leq 300~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0.02$



2. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning

Table 2.	riiiiiig		
Pin	Description	Simplified outline	Symbol
1	emitter TR1	D- D- D.	
2	base TR1	<u> </u>	6 5 4
3	output (collector) TR2	0	
4	GND (emitter) TR2	1 2 3	R1 R2
5	input (base) TR2		TR1
6	collector TR1		
			1 2 3
			svm036

3. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package	Package		
	Name	Description	Version	
PBLS2002D	SC-74	plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads	SOT457	

4. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code
PBLS2002D	F7

5. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
TR1; PN	P low V _{CEsat} transistor				
V_{CBO}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-20	V
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-20	V
V_{EBO}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	- 5	V
I _C	collector current (DC)		-	-1	Α
I _{CM}	peak collector current	$t_p \le 300 \; \mu s$	-	-2	Α
I _B	base current (DC)		-	-0.3	Α
I _{BM}	peak base current	$t_p \le 300 \; \mu s$	-	-0.6	Α
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	<u>[1]</u> -	250	mW
			[2] _	350	mW
			[3]	400	mW

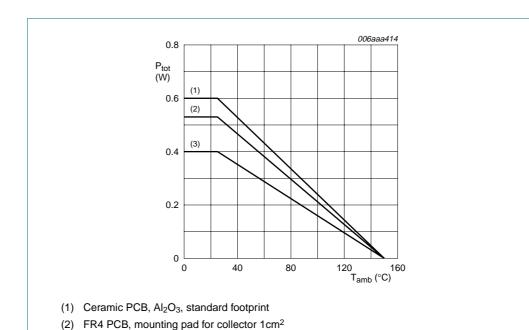
PBLS2002D_2 © NXP B.V. 2009. All rights reserved.

 Table 5.
 Limiting values ...continued

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
TR2; NPI	N resistor-equipped transis	stor			
V_{CBO}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	50	V
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	50	V
V_{EBO}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	10	V
V _I	input voltage				
	positive		-	+30	V
	negative		-	-10	V
lo	output current		-	100	mΑ
СМ	peak collector current	$t_p \le 300 \; \mu s$	-	100	mΑ
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25 ^{\circ}C$	<u>[1]</u> -	200	mW
Per devi	e				
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		<u>[1]</u> -	400	mW
			[2] _	530	mW
			[3] _	600	mW
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-	150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-65	+150	°C

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit Board (PCB), single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1cm².
- [3] Device mounted on a ceramic PCB, Al₂O₃, standard footprint.



(3) FR4 PCB, standard footprint1. Power derating curves

Fig 1.

6. Thermal characteristics

Table 6. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Per device						
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from	in free air	[1] -	-	315	K/W
junction to ambient		[2] _	-	236	K/W	
			[3]	-	210	K/W

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided copper, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1cm².
- [3] Device mounted on a ceramic PCB, Al₂O₃, standard footprint.

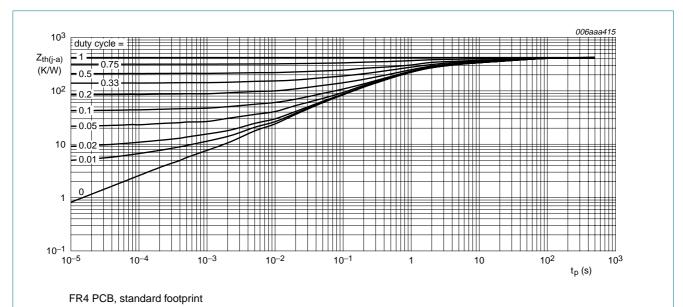
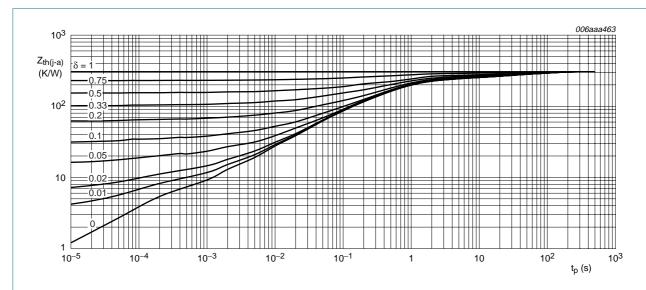
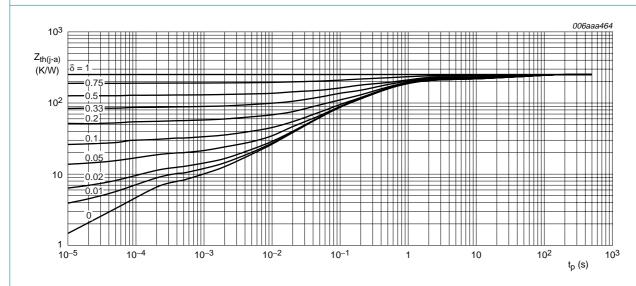


Fig 2. TR1 (PNP): Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse time; typical values



FR4 PCB, mounting pad for collector 1cm²

Fig 3. TR1 (PNP): Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse time; typical values



Ceramic PCB, Al₂O₃, standard footprint

Fig 4. TR1 (PNP): Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse time; typical values

7. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

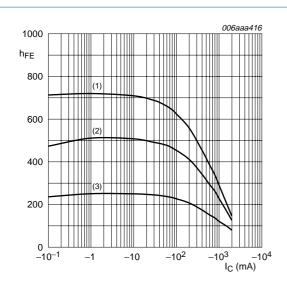
 $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TR1; PN	P low V _{CEsat} transistor						
I _{CBO}	CBO collector-base cut-off	$V_{CB} = -20 \text{ V}; I_E = 0 \text{ A}$		-	-	-0.1	μΑ
	current	$V_{CB} = -20 \text{ V}; I_E = 0 \text{ A};$ $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$		-	-	-50	μΑ
I _{CES}	collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = -20 \text{ V}; V_{BE} = 0 \text{ V}$		-	-	-0.1	μΑ
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5 \text{ V}; I_C = 0 \text{ A}$		-	-	-0.1	μΑ
h _{FE}	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}; I_{C} = -1 \text{ mA}$		220	495	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}; I_{C} = -100 \text{ mA}$		220	440	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}; I_{C} = -500 \text{ mA}$	<u>[1]</u>	220	310	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}; I_{C} = -1 \text{ A}$	<u>[1]</u>	155	220	-	
		$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}; I_{C} = -2 \text{ A}$	[1]	60	120	-	
V_{CEsat}	collector-emitter	$I_C = -100 \text{ mA}; I_B = -1 \text{ mA}$		-	-55	-90	mV
	saturation voltage	$I_C = -500 \text{ mA}; I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$	[1]	-	-100	-150	mV
		$I_C = -1 A$; $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	-200	-300	mV
		$I_C = -1 A$; $I_B = -100 \text{ mA}$	[1]	-	-185	-280	mV
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	$I_C = -1 A$; $I_B = -100 \text{ mA}$	[1]	-	185	280	mΩ
V_{BEsat}	base-emitter	$I_C = -1 A$; $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	-0.95	-1.1	V
	saturation voltage	$I_C = -1 A$; $I_B = -100 \text{ mA}$	<u>[1]</u>	-	-1	-1.1	V
V_{BEon}	base-emitter turn-on voltage	$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}; I_C = -1 \text{ A}$	[1]	-	-0.85	-1.1	V
t _d	delay time	$I_C = -1 A$; $I_{Bon} = -50 \text{ mA}$;		-	8	-	ns
t _r	rise time	$I_{Boff} = 50 \text{ mA}$		-	34	-	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time			-	42	-	ns
ts	storage time			-	140	-	ns
t _f	fall time			-	45	-	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time			-	185	-	ns
f _T	transition frequency	$I_C = -50 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V};$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		150	185	-	MHz
C _c	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}; I_E = I_e = 0 \text{ A};$ f = 1 MHz		-	15	20	pF

Table 7. Characteristics ...continued $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

· allib =0						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TR2; NPI	N resistor-equipped tra	ansistor				
I _{CBO}	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}; I_E = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	100	nA
I _{CEO}	collector-emitter	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}; I_{B} = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	1	μΑ
	cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}; I_{B} = 0 \text{ A};$ $T_{j} = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	50	μΑ
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}; I_{C} = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	900	μΑ
h _{FE}	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}; I_{C} = 10 \text{ mA}$	30	-	-	
V _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	-	-	150	mV
$V_{I(off)}$	off-state input voltage	V_{CE} = 5 V; I_C = 100 μA	-	1.1	0.5	V
V _{I(on)}	on-state input voltage	$V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}; I_{C} = 20 \text{ mA}$	2.5	1.9	-	V
R1	bias resistor 1 (input)		3.3	4.7	6.1	kΩ
R2/R1	bias resistor ratio		0.8	1	1.2	
C _c	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}; I_E = i_e = 0 \text{ A};$ f = 1 MHz	-	-	2.5	pF

^[1] Pulse test: $t_p \le 300~\mu s;~\delta \le 0.02$



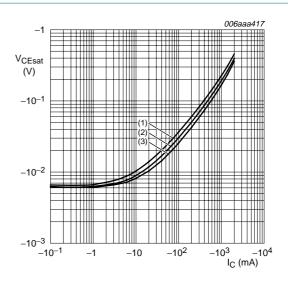
$$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V}$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$$

(3) $T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 5. TR1 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



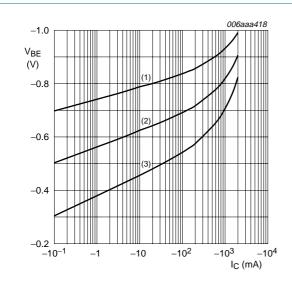
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

Fig 6. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



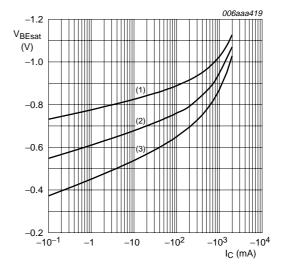
$$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55 \,^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 7. TR1 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 8. TR1 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

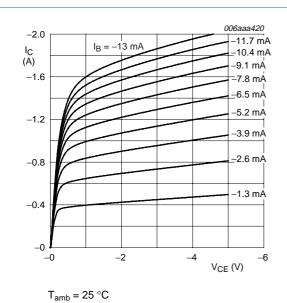
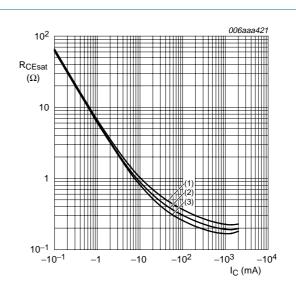
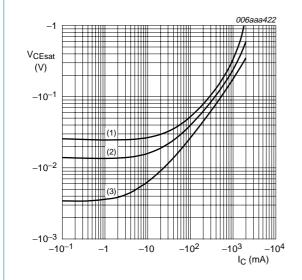


Fig 9. TR1 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



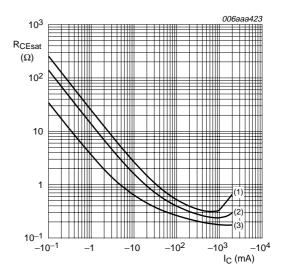
- $I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$
- (1) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 10. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



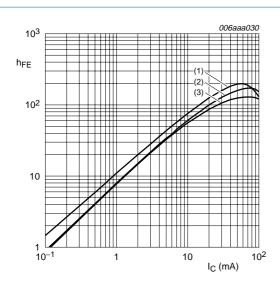
- $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig 11. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



- T_{amb} = 25 °C
- (1) $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2) $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3) $I_C/I_B = 10$

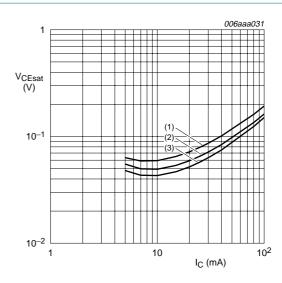
Fig 12. TR1 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$$

- (1) $T_{amb} = 150 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$

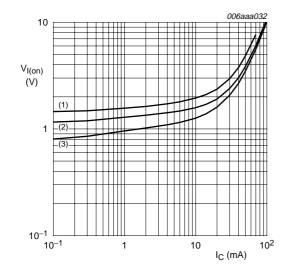
Fig 13. TR2 (NPN): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

- (1) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$

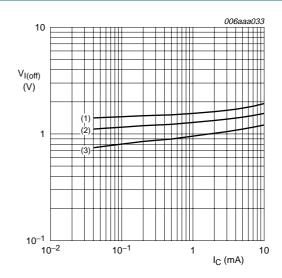
Fig 14. TR2 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values





- (1) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 15. TR2 (NPN): On-state input voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$$V_{CE} = 5 V$$

- (1) $T_{amb} = -40 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 16. TR2 (NPN): Off-state input voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

8. Test information

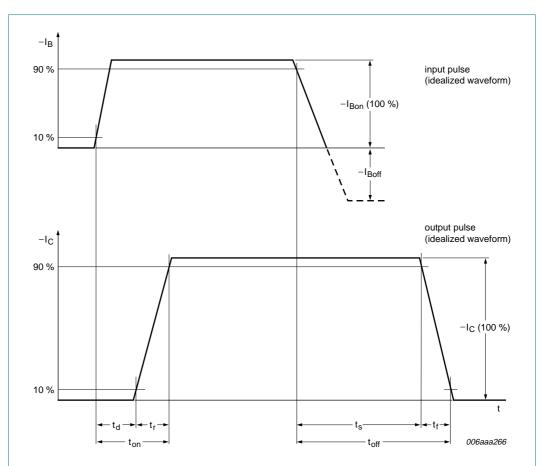
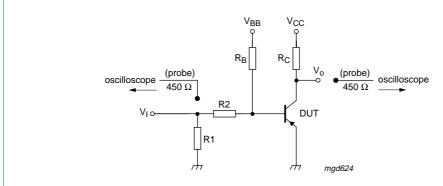


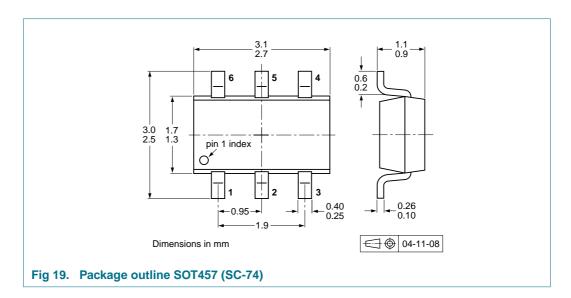
Fig 17. BISS transistor switching time definition



 I_C = -1 A; I_{Bon} = -50 mA; I_{Boff} = 50 mA; R1 = open; R2 = 45 Ω ; R_B = 145 Ω ; R_C = 10 Ω

Fig 18. Test circuit for switching times

9. Package outline



10. Packing information

Table 8. Packing methods

The indicated -xxx are the last three digits of the 12NC ordering code.[1]

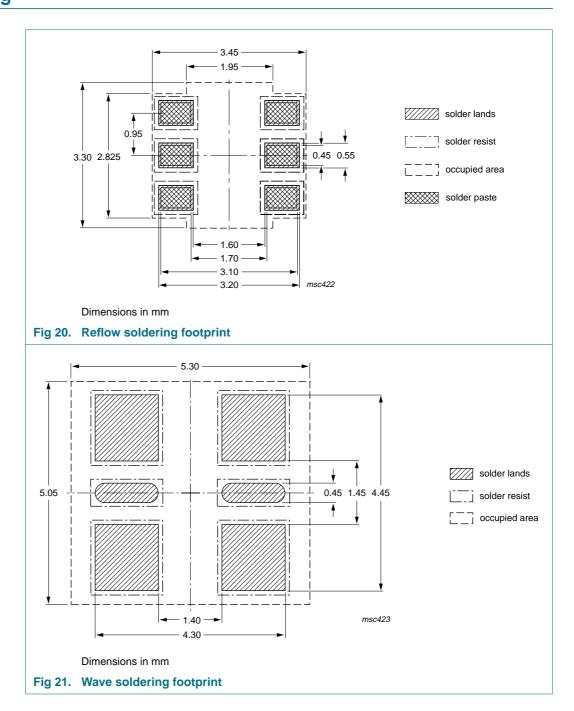
Type number	e number Package Description			Packing quantity	
				3000	10000
PBLS2002D	SOT457	4 mm pitch, 8 mm tape and reel; T1	[2]	-115	-135
		4 mm pitch, 8 mm tape and reel; T2	[3]	-125	-165

[1] For further information and the availability of packing methods, see Section 14.

[2] T1: normal taping

[3] T2: reverse taping

11. Soldering





12. Revision history

Table 9. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
PBLS2002D_2	20090827	Product data sheet	-	PBLS2002D_1
Modifications:	 This data sheet was changed to reflect the new company name NXP Semiconductors, including new legal definitions and disclaimers. No changes were made to the technical content. 			
	Figure 21 "Way	<u>re soldering footprint": upda</u>	ated	
PBLS2002D_1	20050623	Product data sheet	-	-

13. Legal information

13.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

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