

USB 2.0 Port Protection with Charger Detection

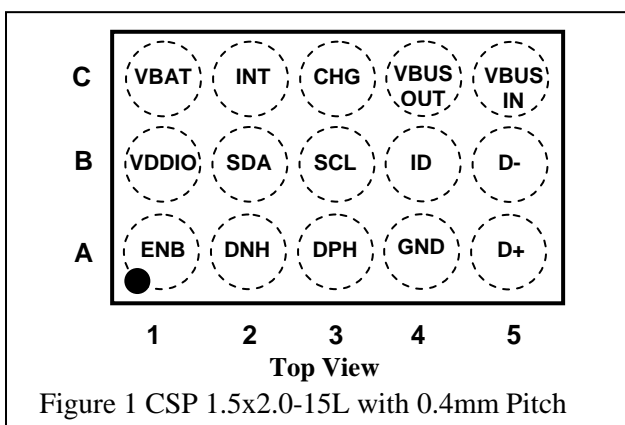
Features

- USB-device charger detector
- Can tolerate USB3.0-PD with VBUS = 20V
- USB Charging-type detection
- Battery Charging 1.2 (BC1.2) – DCP
- Battery Charging 1.2 (BC1.2) – CDP
- Battery Charging 1.2 (BC1.2) – SDP
- Apple 1A, 2A, & 2.4A dedicated chargers
- Samsung-Fast chargers
- YD/T-1951 dedicated chargers
- CEA-936 Carkit#1 and #2 chargers
- Integrated Power FET
- VBUS Tolerance up to 28V
- 1.7A Over-Current Protection (OCP)
- VBUS Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)
- Non-charging Accessory Detection
- USB On-The-Go (OTG) detection
- Mobile HDMI Link (MHL) device detection
- Wide Supply Voltage Range 3V to 5.5V
- I²C Programmability
- Small Package: CSP 1.5x2.0-15L

Applications

- Personal Media Players
- Mobile Phones
- Tablet

Pin Configuration



Description

PI3USB9281 provides external detection for any USB-device. The part can detect various chargers available in the market, MHL accessories, OTG accessories, and car-chargers per the CEA936 spec. It also integrates a power switch with over-voltage and over-current protections. The VBUSIN input pin can tolerate voltages up to 28V, which is important for USB3.0-PowerDelivery enabled ports. The new USB-3.0-PowerDelivery specification supports voltages up to 20V.

The PI3USB9281 can operate over a temperature range of -40 to +85 °C.

Typical applications involve portable & consumer applications, such as tablet, smart phones, digital cameras, and notebooks with integrated Li-ion batteries that charge via USB connectors.

Block Diagram

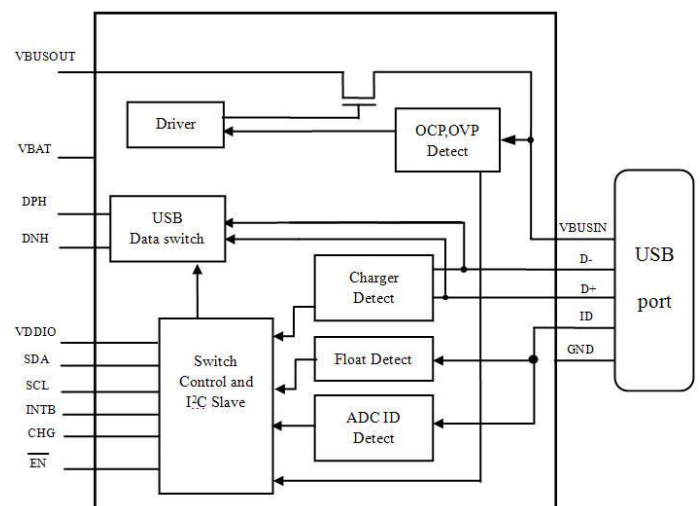


Figure 2. PI3USB9281 Block diagram

Pin Descriptions

Name	Type	Default State	Description
USB Interface			
DPH	Signal Path	Open	D+ signal switch path, dedicated USB port to be connected to the resident USB transceiver on the device
DNH	Signal Path	Open	D- signal switch path, dedicated USB port to be connected to the resident USB transceiver on the device
Connector Interface			
ID	Signal Path	Open	Connected to the USB connector ID pin and used for detecting accessories
D+	Signal Path	Open	Connected to the USB connector D+ pin; depending on the signaling mode
D-	Signal Path	Open	Connected to the USB connector D- pin; depending on the signaling mode
V _{BUSIN}	Power Path	NA	Input voltage supply pin to be connected to the VBUS pin of the USB connector
Power Interface			
V _{BAT}	Power	NA	Input voltage supply pin to be connected to the device battery output or to an internal regulator
V _{DDIO}	Power	NA	Baseband processor interface I/O supply pin
ENB	Input	Hi-Z	System enable for the circuit (Active Low)
GND	Power	NA	Ground
Charger Interface			
V _{BUSOUT}	Power Path	NA	Output voltage supply pin to be connected to the source voltage pin on the charger IC
CHG	Open-Drain Output	Hi-Z	Open-drain active LOW output, used to signal the charger IC that a charger has been attached
I²C Interface			
SCL	Input	Hi-Z	I ² C serial clock signal to be connected to the phone-based I ² C master
SDA	Open-Drain I/O	Hi-Z	I ² C serial data signal to be connected to the phone-based I ² C master
INTB	CMOS Output	LOW	Interrupt active LOW output used to prompt the phone baseband processor to read the I ² C register bits, indicates a change in ID pin status or accessory attach status

Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Supply Voltage from Battery/Baseband	-0.5V to +6.5V
Supply Voltage from Micro-USB Connector	-0.5V to +28.0V
Switch I/O Voltage USB	-1.0V to +5.5V
Input Clamp Diode current	50mA
Charger Detect CHG Pin Sink current	30mA
Switch I/O Current (Continuous) USB	50mA
Switch I/O Switch Peak Current (Pulsed at 1ms Duration, <10% Duty Cycle) USB, and All Other Channels	150mA
Charger FET	2A
ESD: HBM	2000V
HB M (USB connector pins: VBUSIN, D+, D-, ID to GND)	6000V

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended operation conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
V _{BAT}	Battery Supply Voltage	3.0	5.5	V
V _{BAT_TH}	Battery Supply Voltage Threshold	-	3.0	V
V _{BUSIN}	V _{BUSIN} Pin Supply Voltage	4.0	5.5	V
V _{DDIO}	Processor Supply Voltage	1.8	5.5	V
V _{SW}	Switch I/O Voltage	0	3.6	V
C _{ID}	Capacitive Load on ID Pin for Reliable Accessory Detection	0	1.0	nF
T _A	Operating Temperature	-40	85	°C

Switch Path DC Electrical Characteristics

Min and Max apply for T_A between $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and T_J up to $+125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are referenced to $T_A=+25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
USB Data Switches (D+, D-)						
R_{ONUSB}	USB Switch On-Resistance	$I_{LOAD}=8\text{mA}$, $V_{D+ / D-}=0\text{V}$, 0.4V	-	2.5	3.1	Ω
USB Analog Signal Voltage Range		$V_{BAT}=3.0$ to 4.4V	0	-	3.6	V
Charging FET Switch						
V_{OVP}	Over-Voltage Protection (OVP) Threshold Voltage		6.2	6.8	7.2	V
R_{ONCHG}	Charging FET On-Resistance	$V_{BUSIN}=4.2\text{V}-5.0\text{V}$, $I_{LOAD}=1\text{A}$	-	100	150	$\text{m}\Omega$
I_{OCP}	Over-Current Protection (OCP) Threshold Current ⁽²⁾	$V_{BUSIN}=5\text{V}$	1.5	1.7	1.9	A
Host Interface Pins (INTB, CHG)						
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH}=2\text{mA}$, $V_{BAT}=3.0$ to 4.4V	$0.7 \times V_{DDIO}$	-	-	V
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL}=10\text{mA}$, $V_{BAT}=3.0$ to 4.4V	-	-	0.4	V
Current Consumption						
I_{CC}	Battery Supply Current	No Accessory Static Current, $V_{BAT}=3.6\text{V}$, $V_{BUSIN}=0\text{V}$	-	20	30	μA
		With Accessory Static Current, $V_{BAT}=3.6\text{V}$, $V_{BUSIN}=0\text{V}$	-	50	80	μA
		With Accessory Static Current, $V_{BAT}=3.6\text{V}$, $V_{BUSIN}=5\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA
$I_{STANDBY}$	Battery Supply Standby Current	$V_{BAT}=3.6\text{V}$, $V_{BUSIN}=0\text{V}$, $ENB=3.6\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{BAT}=0\text{V}$, $V_{SW}=0$ to 4.4V	-	-	10	μA
$I_{ON(OFF)}$	Off Leakage Current	$V_{BAT}=3.0$ to 4.4V , I/O pins= 0.3V , 4.1V	-0.1	0.001	0.1	μA
$I_{IDSHORT}$	Short-Circuit Current ⁽²⁾	$V_{BAT}=3.0$ to 4.4V , $I_D=0\text{V}$	-	5	-	mA

Note:

1. On-resistance is the voltage drop between the two terminals at the indicated current through the switch.
2. Limits based on electrical characterization data.

Capacitance ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
C_{ONUSB}	D+, D- On Capacitance (USB Mode)	$V_{BAT}=3.8\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	4.0	-	pF

Switch AC Electrical Characteristics

Min and Max apply for T_A between $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and T_J up to $+125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted). Typical values are referenced to $T_A=+25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{BAT}=3.8\text{V}$.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
BW_{USB}	-3dB Bandwidth of USB channel		-	1300	-	MHz	
O_{IRR}	OFF-Isolation	USB Mode	$f=1\text{MHz}$, $R_S=50\Omega$, $C_L=0$	-	-70	-	dB
X_{TALK}	Active Channel Crosstalk D+ to D-	USB Mode	$f=1\text{MHz}$, $R_S=50\Omega$, $C_L=0$	-	-70	-	dB
			$f=240\text{MHz}$, $R_S=50\Omega$, $C_L=0$	-	-30	-	
$t_{SK(P)}$	Skew of Opposite Transitions of the Same Output (USB Mode)	$t_r=t_f=750\text{ps}$ (10-90%) at 240MHz , $C_L=0\text{pF}$, $R_L=50\Omega$	-	30	-	ps	
t_{I2CRST}	Time When I^2C_SDA and I^2C_SCL Both LOW to Cause a Reset	-	15	-	-	ms	
$t_{INTMASK}$	Time after INT Mask Cleared to "0" until INTB Goes LOW to Signal the Interrupt after Interruptible Event while INT Mask Bit Set to "1"	-	25	-	-	ms	
t_{SDPDET}	Time from V_{BUSIN} Valid to V_{BUSOUT} Valid with Charger FET Closed and USB Switches Closed for USB Standard Downstream Port	See Figure 6	-	200	-	ms	
t_{CHGOUT}	Time from V_{BUSIN} Valid to V_{BUSOUT} Valid with Charger FET Closed for USB Charging Ports(CDP and DCP)	See Figure 4 and Figure 5	-	200	-	ms	
t_{CARKIT}	Time from V_{BUSIN} Valid to Car Kit Type 1 or Type 2 Charger Detected	See Figure 8	-	130	-	ms	
t_{IDDET}	Time from ID Not Floating to INTB LOW to Signal Accessory Attached that is ID Resistance-Based Only (V_{BUSIN} Not Valid)	See Figure 9	-	100	-	ms	

I²C Controller DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Fast Mode (400kHz)		Units	
		Min.	Max.		
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage	-0.5	$0.3V_{DDIO}$	V	
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage	$0.7V_{DDIO}$	-	V	
V_{HYS}	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Inputs	$V_{DDIO}>2\text{V}$	$0.05V_{DDIO}$	-	V
		$V_{DDIO}<2\text{V}$	$0.1V_{DDIO}$	-	
V_{OL1}	Low-Level Output Voltage at 3mA Sink Current (Open-Drain)	$V_{DDIO}>2\text{V}$	0	0.4	V
		$V_{DDIO}<2\text{V}$	-	$0.2V_{DDIO}$	
I_{I2C}	Input Current of I ² C SDA and SCL Pins, Input Voltage 0.26V to 2.34V	-10	10	μA	
C_I	Capacitance for Each I/O Pin	-	10	pF	

I²C AC Electrical Characteristics

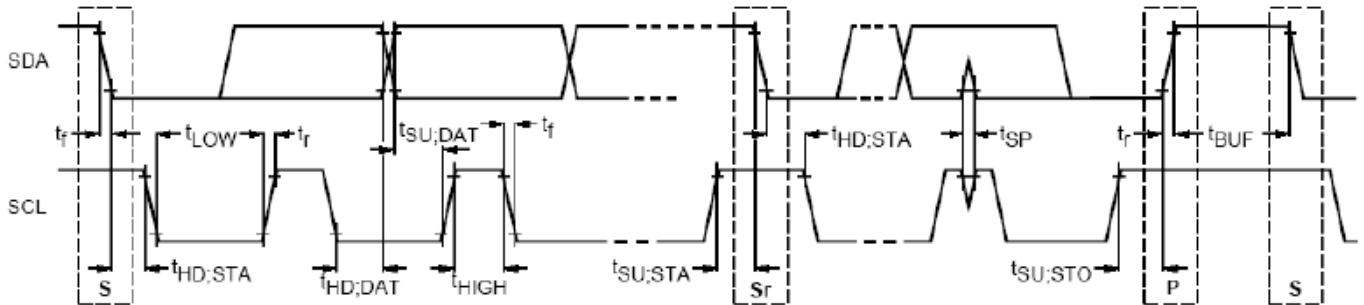
Symbol	Parameter	Fast Mode (400kHz)		Units
		Min.	Max.	
f_{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	0	400	kHz
t_{HDSTA}	Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	0.6	-	μs
t_{LOW}	LOW Period of SCL Clock	1.3	-	μs
t_{HIGH}	HIGH Period of SCL Clock	0.6	-	μs
t_{SETSTA}	Set-up Time for Repeated START Condition	0.6	-	μs
t_{HDDAT}	Data Hold Time	0	0.9	μs
t_{SETDAT}	Data Set-up Time ⁽¹⁾	100	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time of SDA and SCL Signals ⁽²⁾	$20+0.1C_b$	300	ns
t_f	Fall Time of SDA and SCL Signals ⁽²⁾	$20+0.1C_b$	300	
t_{SETSTO}	Set-up Time for STOP Condition	0.6	-	μs
t_{BUF}	Bus-Free Time between STOP and START Conditions	1.3	-	μs
t_{SP}	Pulse Width of Spikes that Must Be Suppressed by the Input Filter	0	50	ns

Notes:

1. A fast-mode I²C-bus device can be used in a standard-mode I²C-bus system, but the requirement $t_{SETDAT} \geq 250\text{ns}$ must be met.

This is automatically the case if the device does not stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal. If such a device does stretch the LOW period of the SCL signal, it must output the next data bit to the SDA line $t_{r_max} + t_{SETDAT} = 1000 + 250 = 1250ns$ (according to the standard-mode I²C bus specification) before the SCL line is released.

2. C_b equals the total capacitance of one BUS line in pF. If mixed with high-speed devices, faster fall times are allowed according to the I²C specification.



Definition of Timing for Full-Speed Mode Devices on the I²C Bus

Table 2. I²C Slave Address

Name	Size (Bits)	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Slave Address	8	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	R/W

Table 3 Register Map

Address	Register	Type	Reset Value	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
01H	Device ID	Read	00000000	Version ID : 00010				Vendor ID(Pericom): 000			
02H	Control	Read/Write	00011111	Reserved: -Read xxx -Write 000			Switch Open 0: Open all switches 1: Switch based on detection	Reserved:	Manual Switch 0: Manual configuration 1: Automatic configuration	Reserved	Global Interrupt Mask 0: Does not Mask Interrupts 1: Mask Interrupts
03H	Interrupt	Read/Clear	00000000	OVP&OCP Recovery	OCP Event	OVP Event	Reserved			Detach	Attach
				0: OVP and/or OCP event not recovered 1: OVP and/or OCP event recovered	0: No OCP event 1: OCP event	0: No OVP event 1: OVP event	0: No Interrupt			Reserved:-Read xxx, -Write 000	1: accessory detached 1: accessory attached
05H	Interrupt Mask	Read/Write	00000000	OVP&OCP	OCP	OVP	Reserved			Detach	Attach
				0: No Interrupt Mask			Reserved:-Read xxx, -Write 000			1: Mask OVP&OCP Recovery interrupt	1: Mask OCP Event interrupt

To be continued.

Register Map (Continuously.)

Address	Register	Type	Reset Value	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0AH	Device Type	Read	00000000	Reserved	USB Charging (DCP)	USB Charging (CDP)	Car Kit Charger	Reserved	USB Data (SDP)	OTG	MHL	
				0: No Detect								1: USB standard downstream port (SDP) detected
0EH	Charger Status	Read	00000000	Reserved: -Read xxx -Write 000			Apple Charger Type			Charger Type		
							0: No Detect			00: No connection		
				1: 2.4A Apple charger detected	1: 2A Apple charger detected	1: 1A Apple charger detected	01: Reserved Charger					
							10: Car Kit charger type1					
13H	Manual Switch	Read/Write	00000000	D- Connection			D+ Connection			V _{BUS} Connection		
				000: Open D- switch 001: D- connected to DNH of USB port			000: Open D+ switch 001: D+ connected to DPH of USB port			00: Open V _{BUS} switch 11: V _{BUSOUT} connected to V _{BUSIN}		
1BH	Reset	Read/Write	x0001000	Reserved: -Read xxxxxxxx, -Write 0000000							Reset 0: No Reset 1: Reset (Always reads 0)	
1DH	VBUS	Read	00000000	Reserved: -Read xxxxxx, -Write 000000					V _{BUSIN} Valid		Reserved: -Read x, -Write 0	
									0: V _{BUSIN} Not Valid			
									1: V _{BUSIN} Valid			

Note: Register address 04H, 06H, 07H, 08H, 09H, 0BH, 0CH, 0DH, 0FH, 10H, 11H, 12H, 14H, 15H, 16H, 17H, 18H, 19H, 1AH, 1CH, 1EH, 1FH, 20H and 21H are reserved

Functional Description

USB Port Accessory Detection List

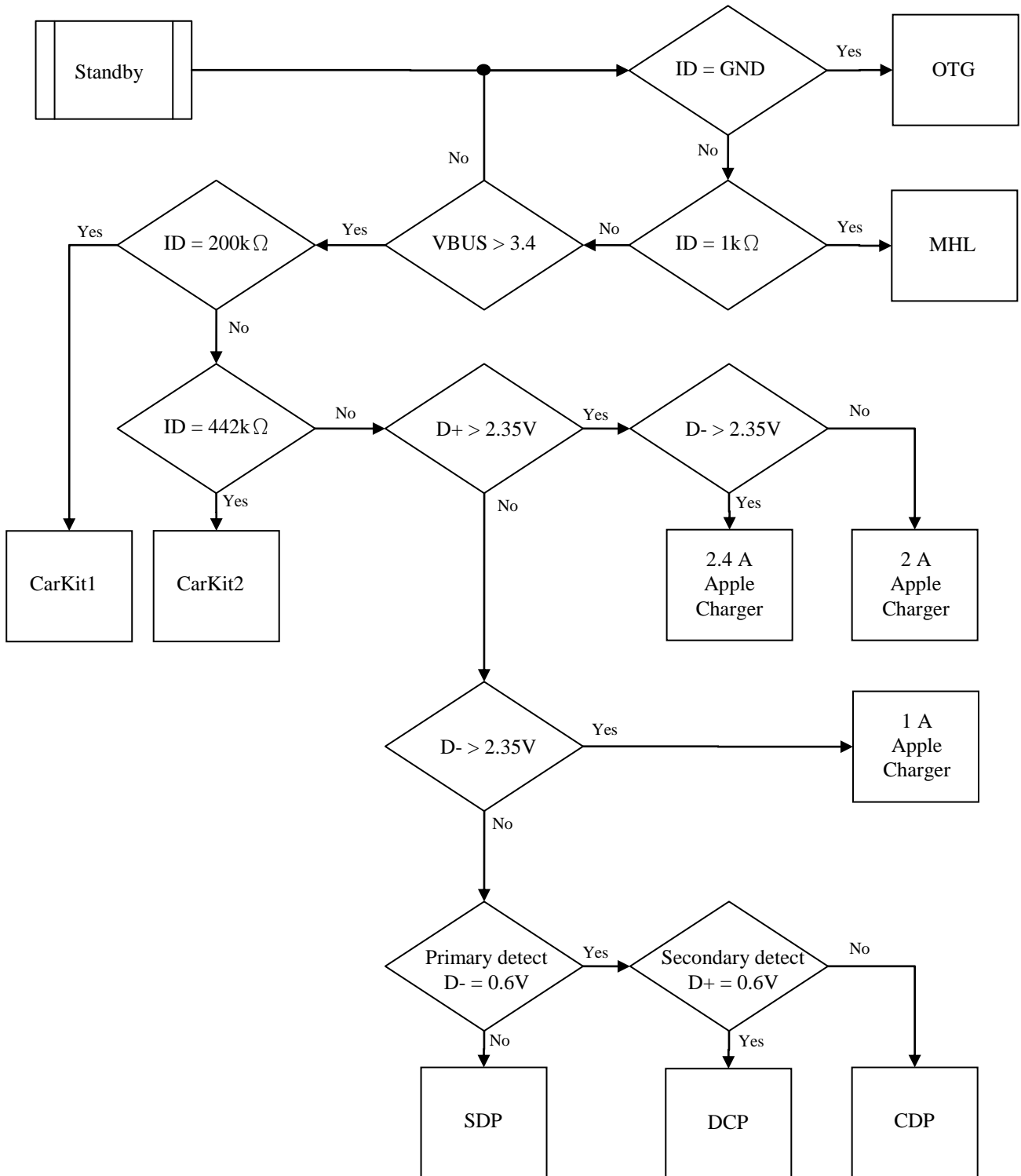
Summarized below in Table 1 are the types of USB2.0 ports that PI3USB9281 can detect.

Table 1. ID and V_{BUSIN} Detection for USB Devices

V _{BUS}	D+	D-	USB switch	ID Resistance to GND ⁽⁵⁾			CHG	Accessory Detected ⁽¹⁾
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
x	x	x	Enable	GND	GND	GND	Hi-z	OTG
x	x	x	Disable	950Ω	1kΩ	1.05Ω	Hi-z	MHL
5V	x	x	Enable	190kΩ	200kΩ	210kΩ	LOW	Car Kit Type 1 Charger ⁽²⁾
5V	x	x	Enable	419.9kΩ	442kΩ	464kΩ	LOW	Car Kit Type 2 Charger ⁽²⁾
5V	2V	2.7V	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	LOW	1A Apple Charger
5V	2.7V	2V	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	LOW	2A Apple Charger
5V	2.7V	2.7V	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	LOW	2.4A Apple Charger
5V	(3)	(3)	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	LOW	USBBC1.2 DCP mode or Samsung FAST Charger ⁽⁴⁾
5V	(3)	(3)	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	LOW	USB BC1.2 CDP Mode
5V	(3)	(3)	Enable	3MΩ	Open	Open	Hi-z	USB BC1.2 SDP Mode

Notes:

1. The accessory type is reported in the Device Type 1 (0Ah) and Charger Status (0Eh) registers with each valid accessory detection.
2. Follows the ANSI/CEA-936-A USB Car Kit specification.
3. The PI3USB9281 follows the Battery Charging 1.2 specification, which uses D+ and D- to determine what USB accessory is attached.
4. Samsung 1.2V fast charger will recognize as DCP attachment and enable the fast charging operation.
5. For devices with ID resistance other than those listed in Table 1, PI3USB9281 reports device attachment through I²C to the embedded controller. The Unknown devices are mapped to OTG such that data switches are turned on to allow embedded controller to communicate and identify the unknown devices through USB protocols.

USB Port Detection Flowchart

Figure 3. Accessory detection flowchart

USB Port Detection Timing

The following figures show the attach timing of the USB after insertion of accessories and the relationship between the INTB assertion and the CHG assertion. PI3USB9281 has incorporated a V_{BUS} de-bounce circuit that waits a settle time of the USB cable.

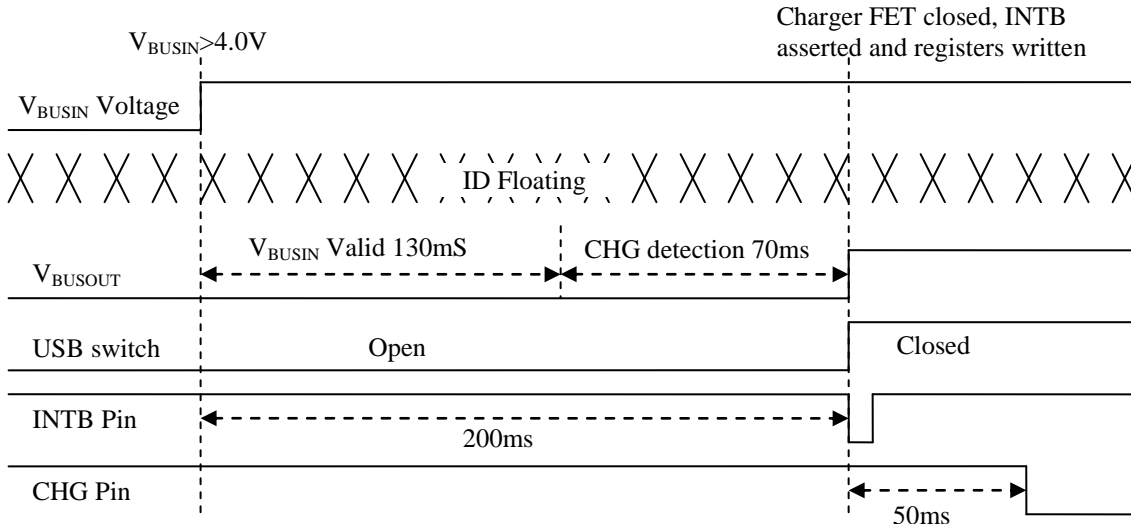


Figure 4. USB Charging Downstream Port (CDP) Attach Timing

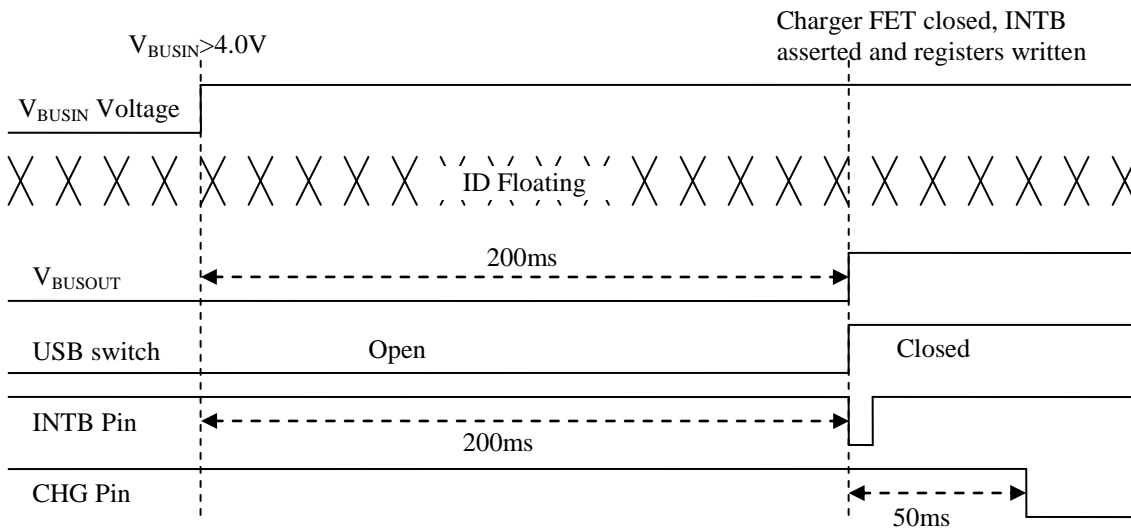


Figure 5. USB Dedicated Charging Port (DCP) Attach Timing

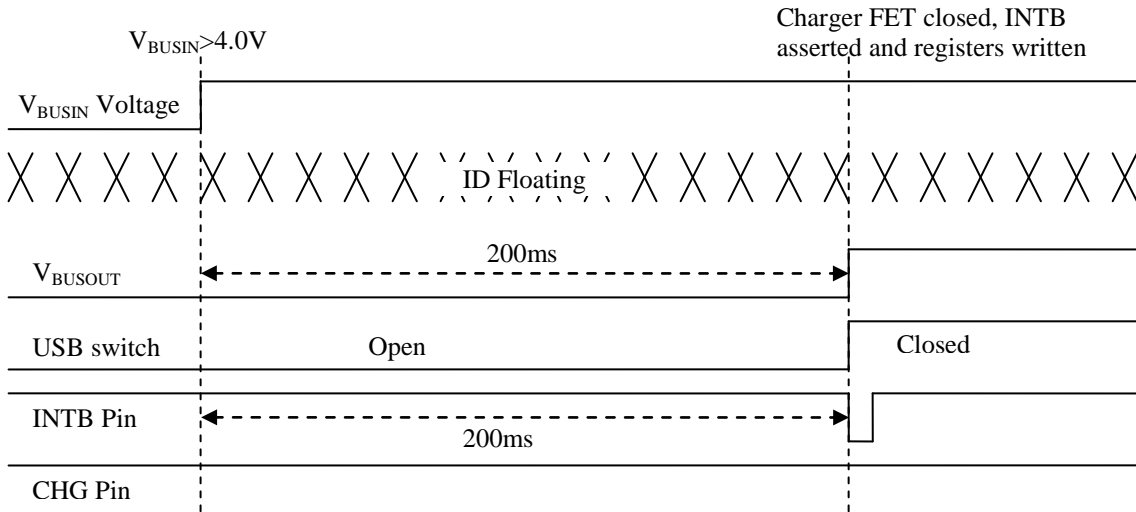


Figure 6. USB Standard Downstream Port (SDP) Attach Timing

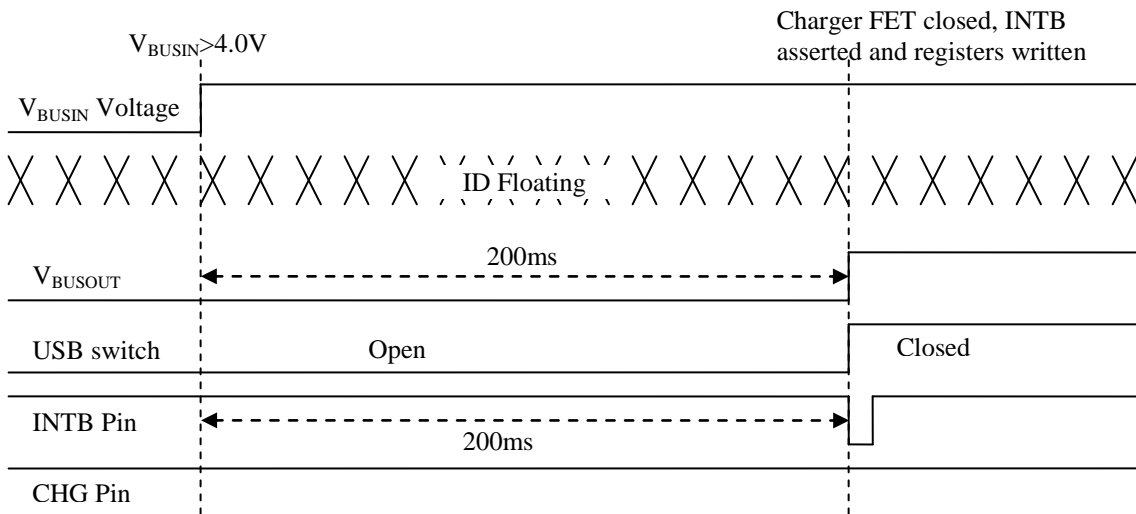


Figure 7. Apple Chargers (1A/2A/2.4A) Attach Timing

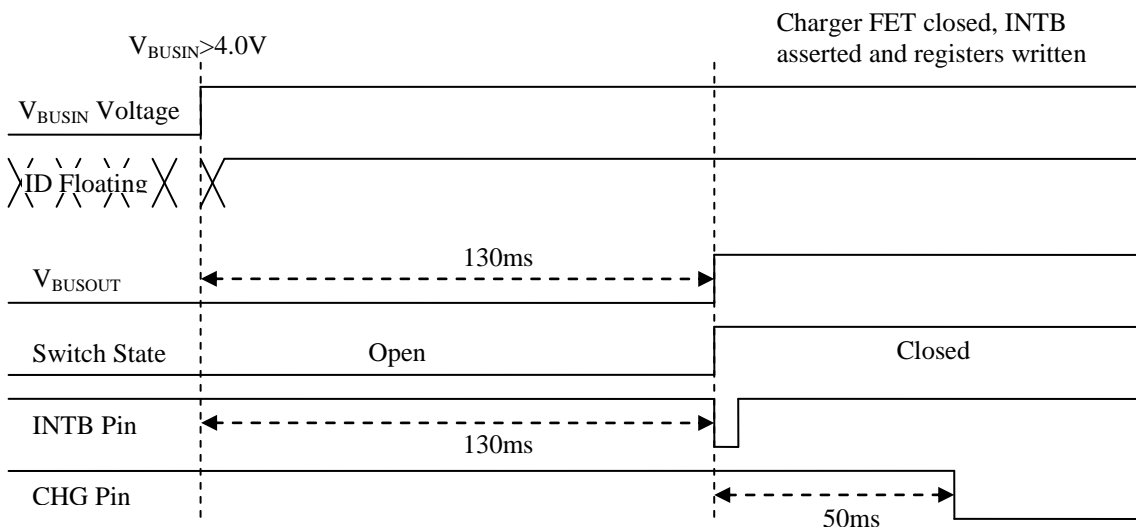


Figure 8. Car Kit Type 1 and 2 Timing

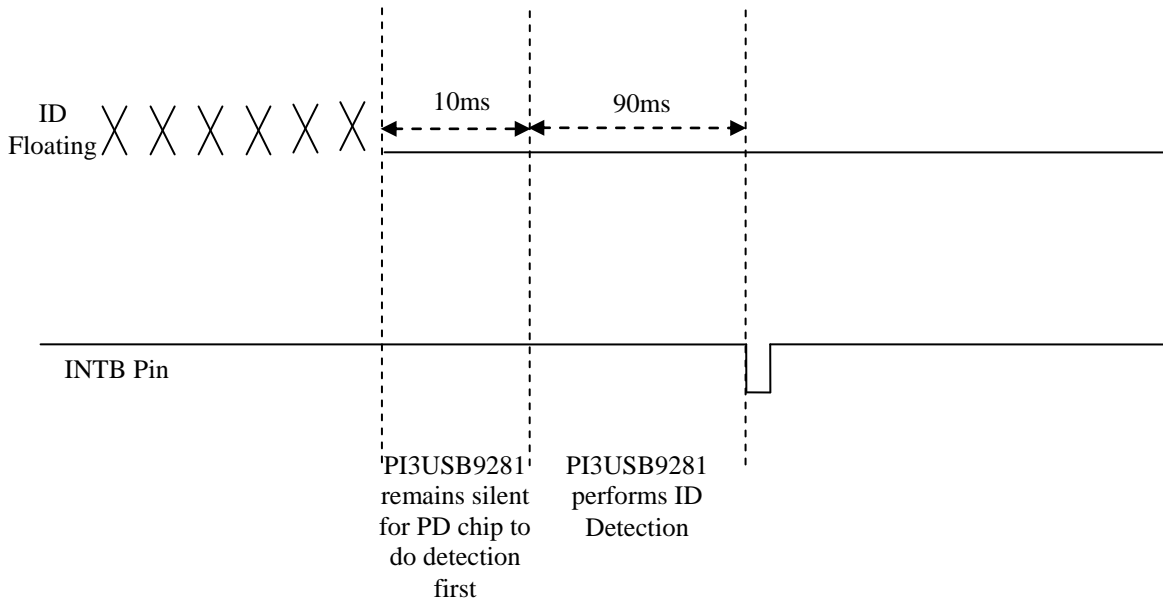


Figure 9. USB Power Delivery (PD) Cables and Other Accessories Detection Timing

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Frequency response curve for USB switch channel (D+ to DPH, 3db BW=1.3G)


Eye diagram for USB 2.0 High Speed
