



### High-Speed USB2.0 1:2 Multiplexer/DeMultiplexer Switch with Signal Enable

#### **Features**

- → V<sub>DD</sub> Operation at 2.5 V and 3.3 V
- → V<sub>I/O</sub> Accepts Signals up to 5.5 V
- → 1.8-V Compatible Control-Pin Inputs
- $\rightarrow$  Low-Power Mode When  $\overline{OE}$  Is Disabled (2  $\mu$ A)
- $\rightarrow$  r<sub>ON</sub> = 6 $\Omega$  Maximum
- $\rightarrow$   $\Delta r_{ON} = 0.2\Omega$  Typical
- $\rightarrow$  Cio(on) = 4pF Typical
- → Support Over Voltage Protection
- → Low Power Consumption (50 µA Maximum)
- **→** ESD Performance
  - IO Pins
  - 12KV HBM
  - 1KV CDM
  - +/-8KV contact Discharge (IEC61000-4-2)
  - VDD, GND, S, OE Pins
  - 4KV HBM
  - 1KV CDM
- → High Bandwidth (1.6 GHz Typical)
- → Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- → Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- → Packaging (Pb-free & Green):
  - 10-contact, UDFN (ZW10)
  - 10-contact, UQFN (ZUA10)

### **Description**

The PI3USB221E is a high-bandwidth switch specially designed for the switching of high-speed USB 2.0 signals in handset and consumer applications, such as cell phones, digital cameras, and notebooks with hubs or controllers with limited USB I/Os.

The wide bandwidth (1.1 GHz) of this switch allows signals to pass with minimum edge and phase distortion. The device multiplexes differential outputs from a USB host device to one of two corresponding outputs. The switch is bidirectional and offers little or no attenuation of the high-speed signals at the outputs.

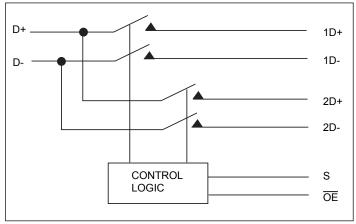
It is designed for low bit-to-bit skew and high channel-to-channel noise isolation, and is compatible with various standards, such as high-speed USB 2.0 (480 Mbps).

The PI3USB221E offer over voltage protection for the D+/D- pins as per the USB 2.0 specification. with the chip power on or off if D+/D- pins are shorted to VBus (5V+/-5%), a less than 3.8V (typical) signal will transmit through 1D+/1D- and 2D+/2D-output.

## **Applications**

- → Routes Signals for USB 1.0, 1.1, and 2.0
- → Mobile Industry Processor Interface (MIPI) Signal Routing

# **Block Diagram**



### **Truth Table**

S	ŌĒ	Function
X	Н	Disconnect
L	L	D = 1D
Н	L	D = 2D

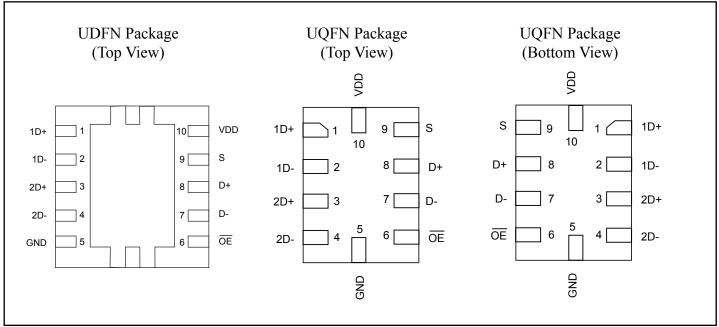
#### Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





**Pin Configuration** 



## **Pin Description**

Name	Description
ŌĒ	Active LOW, Output enable
S	Select input
D	COM port
nD	I/O for USB data path (port 1 and port 2)





## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

V <sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage Range	0.5V to 4.6V
V <sub>IN</sub> Control Input Voltage Range <sup>(2, 3)</sup>	–0.5V to 5.5V
I <sub>IK</sub> Control Input Clamp Current (V <sub>IN</sub> < 0)	
I <sub>I/OK</sub> I/O Port Clamp Current (V <sub>I/O</sub> < 0)	50mA
I <sub>I/O</sub> ON-state Switch Current <sup>(5)</sup>	±120mA
Continuous Current through $V_{DD}$ or GND $\theta_{JA}$ Package Thermal Impedance	±100mA
TLLGA Package	48.7°C/W
TDFN Package	243°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub> Storage Temperature Range	65 to 150°C
Tj Junction Temperature	125°C

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- 3. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- 4. VI and VO are used to denote specific conditions for VI/O.
- 5. II and IO are used to denote specific conditions for II/O.
- 6. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

## Recommended Operating Conditions(1)

Symbol	Description	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	Supply voltage		2.3	3.6	
$V_{\mathrm{IH}}$	High-level control input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.3	-	
		$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.4	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level control input voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.6	V
		$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.6	
V <sub>I/O</sub>	Data input/output voltage		0	4.6	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

#### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>DD</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation.





#### **Electrical Chatacteristics**

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		<b>Testing Conditions</b>		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>IK</sub>		$V_{\rm DD} = 3.6 \text{V}, 2.7 \text{V}, I_{\rm I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.2	V
I <sub>IN</sub>	Control Inputs	$V_{DD} = 3.6V, 2.7V, 0V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } 3.6V$				±1	
$I_{OZ}^{(3)}$		$V_{DD} = 3.6V, 2.7V, V_{IN} = V_{DD} \text{ or GND},$ $V_{O} = 0V \text{ to } 3.6V, V_{I} = 0V, \text{ Switch OFF}$				±1	
т		V. OV.	$V_{I/O} = 0V \text{ to } 3.6V$			±2	
$I_{(OFF)}$		$V_{DD} = 0V$	$V_{I/O} = 0$ to 2.7V			±1	
I <sub>CC</sub>		$V_{DD}$ = 3.6V, 2.7V, $V_{IN}$ = $V_{DD}$ or GN $I_{I/O}$ = 0 V, Switch ON or OFF	ND,		25	50	μА
I <sub>CC</sub> (low mode)	power	$V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $2.7V$ , $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND, Switch disabled, ( $\overline{OE}$ in high state)				4	
DI <sub>CC</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	Control		$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , S sweeps from 1.4V to 3.3V, OE/ = 0V			15	
	Inputs		$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , OE/ sweeps from 1.4V to 3.3V, S = 0V			0.75	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Control Inputs	$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ or } 0V$			1	2	_
C <sub>io(OFF)</sub>		$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ or } 0V, \text{ Switch OFF}$			2	3	pF
C <sub>io(ON)</sub>		$V_{DD} = 3.3V, 2.5V, V_{IN} = 3.3V \text{ or } 0V, \text{ Switch ON}$			4	6	
r <sub>ON</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	V - 2V 2 2V	$V_{DD} = 3V, 2.3V$	$V_I = 0V, I_O = 30 \text{ mA}$			4	
10N(°)		v DD - 3 v, 2.3 v	$V_I = 2.4V$ , $I_O = -15 \text{ mA}$			6	
Dr <sub>ON</sub> <sup>(6)</sup>		V2W 2 2W	$V_I = 0V, I_O = 30 \text{ mA}$		0.2		Ω
		$V_{DD} = 3V$ , 2.3V	$V_I = 1.7V$ , $I_O = -15 \text{ mA}$		0.2		
*******	·	V2V 2 2V	$V_{\rm I} = 0V, I_{\rm O} = 30 \text{ mA}$		1		
r <sub>ON(flat)</sub>		$V_{DD} = 3V, 2.3V$	$V_I = 1.7V$ , $I_O = -15 \text{ mA}$		1		
V <sub>pass</sub>		$V_{DD} = 2.5 - 3.3V$	$V_{IN} > 3.8V$ , $I_{O} = 10uA$	2.8	3.8	4.2	V

#### Notes:

- 1.  $V_{IN}$  and  $I_{IN}$  refer to control inputs. VI, VO, II, and IO refer to data pins.
- 2. All typical values are at  $V_{\rm DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted),  $T_{\rm A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- 3. For  $I\!/\!O$  ports, the parameter IOZ includes the input leakage current.
- 4. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than  $V_{DD}$  or GND.
- 5. Measured by the voltage drop between the input and output terminals at the indicated current through the switch. ON-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two terminals.
- 6. Dron is delta Ron between channels

### **Dynamic Electrical Chatacteristics**

Over operating range,  $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C,  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ , GND = 0V

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Conditions</b>	Typ.(1)	Unit
$X_{TALK}$	Crosstalk	$R_L = 50\Omega, f = 250 \text{ MHz}$	-40	dB
O <sub>IRR</sub>	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50\Omega, f = 250 \text{ MHz}$	-41	uБ
BW	Bandwidth (-3 dB)	$R_L = 50\Omega$	1.6	GHz

#### Note:

1. For Max or Min conditions, use the appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.





## **Switching Chatacteristics**

Over operating range,  $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C,  $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ , GND = 0V

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	<b>Typ.</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Unit
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation Delay (2,3)			0.25		
t <sub>ON</sub> Line enable ti	Tine analyle time	S to D, nD			125	
	Line enable time	OE to D, nD			100	
t <sub>OFF</sub> Line disable time	Tina disable time	S to D, nD			12	ns
	OE to D, nD			12		
t <sub>SK(O)</sub>	Output skew between center port to any other port <sup>(2)</sup>			0.1	0.2	
t <sub>SK(P)</sub>	Skew between opposite transitions of the same output (tPHL – tPLH) <sup>(2)</sup>			0.1	0.2	
t <sub>VPASS</sub>	OVP response time			53		ns

#### **Notes:**

- 1. For Max or Min conditions, use the appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Specified by design
- 3. The switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the on resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25 ns for 10-pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagational delay to the system. Propagational delay of the bus switch, when used in a system, is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.





**Application Information** 

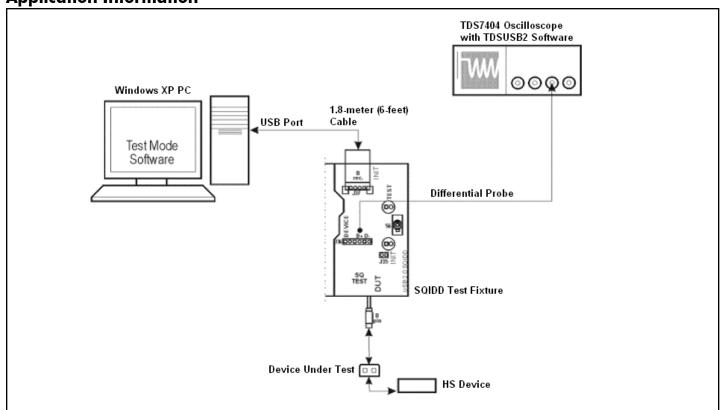
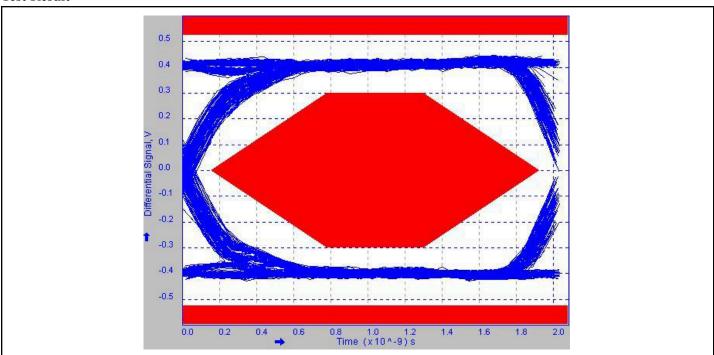


Figure 1: HS Eye Test Setup

#### **Test Result**

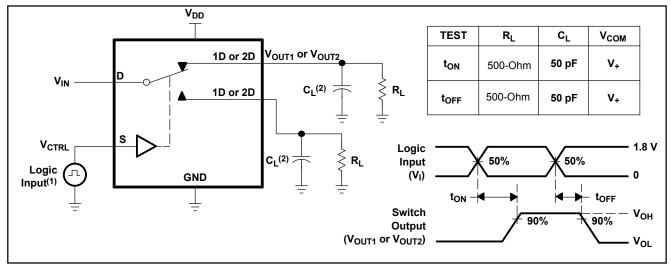


Test Result: High-speed, Up-stream, Near-end Eye of PI3USB221E





## **Parameter Measurement Information**



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50-Ohm, t<sub>f</sub>< 5 ns, t<sub>f</sub>< 5 ns.
- $^{(2)}$  C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Turn-On (t<sub>ON</sub>) and Turn-Off Time (t<sub>OFF</sub>)

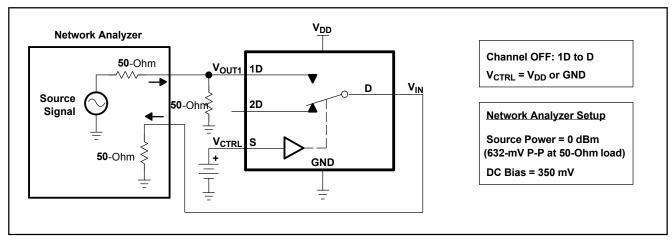


Figure 3.OFF Isolation (O<sub>ISO</sub>)





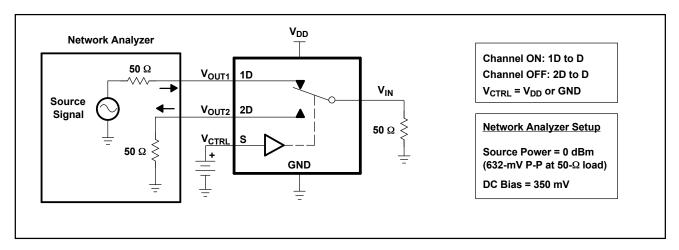


Figure 4. Crosstalk (X<sub>TALK</sub>)

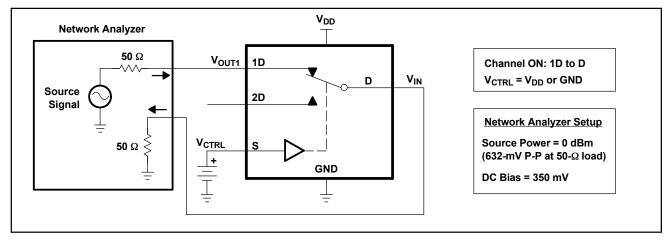


Figure 5. Bandwidth (BW)

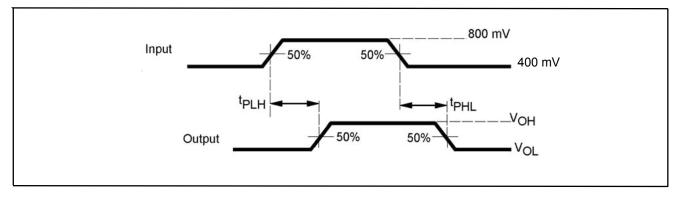


Figure 6. Propagation Delay



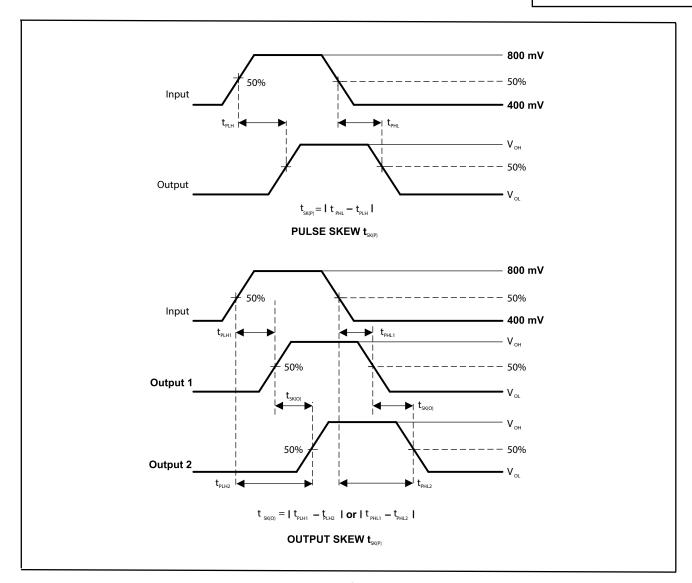


Figure 7. Skew Test

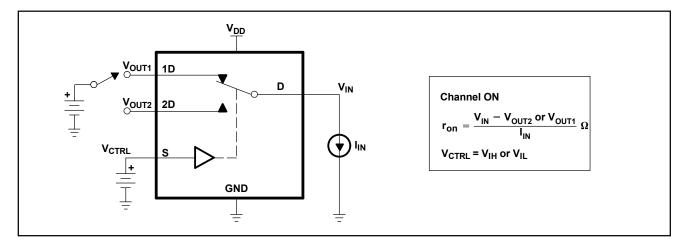


Figure 8. ON-State Resistance (r<sub>on</sub>)



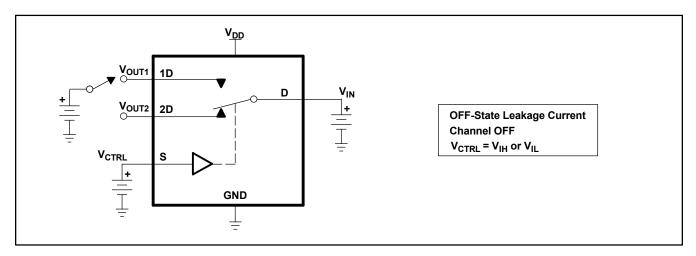


Figure 9. OFF-State Leakage Current

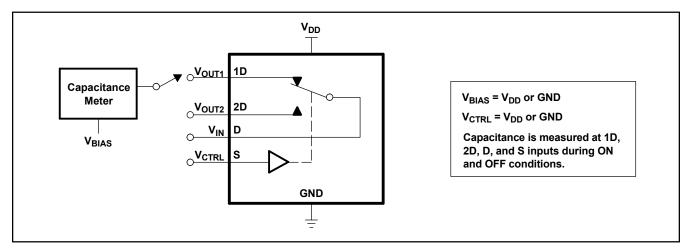


Figure 10. Capacitance

# **Part Marking**

ZW Paclage



Z : Die Rev Y : Year

W: Workweek

1st X: Assembly Code 2nd X: Fab Code

ZUA Package



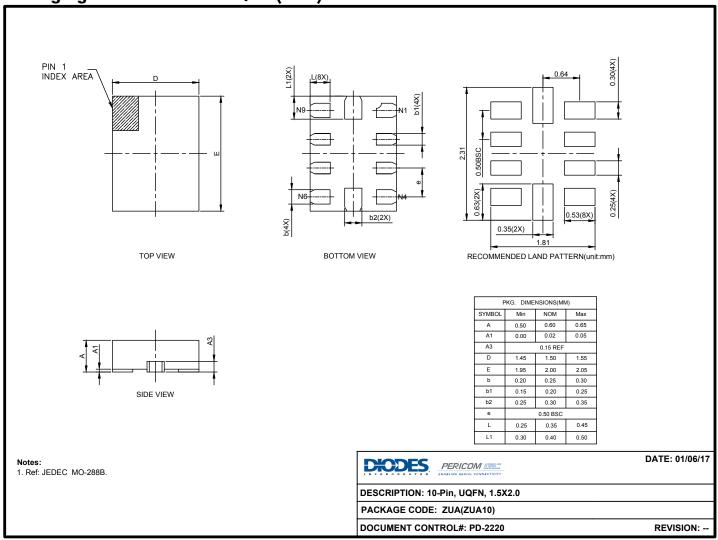
Y: Shorten Year Code

W: Shorten Workweek Code





# Packaging Mechanical: 10-UQFN (ZUA)

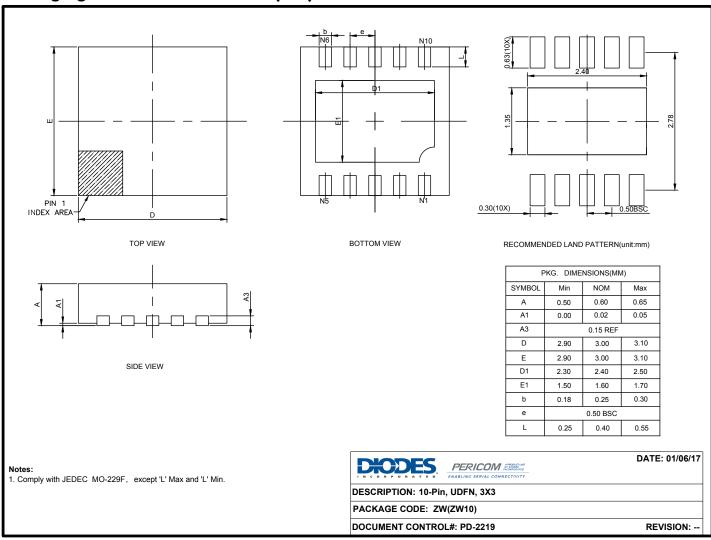


17-0002





# Packaging Mechanical: 10-UDFN (ZW)



17-0001

#### For latest package info.

 $please\ check: http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/pericom-packaging-packagin$ 

### **Ordering Information**

Ordering Number	Package Code	Package Description
PI3USB221EZUAEX	ZUA	10-Pin, 1.5x2.0 (UQFN)
PI3USB221EZWEX	ZW	10-Pin, 3x3 (UDFN)

#### Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- $2. \ \ See \ https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/\ for\ more\ information\ about\ Diodes\ Incorporated's\ definitions\ of\ Halogen-\ and\ Antimony-free,\ "Green"\ and\ Lead-free.$
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- 4. E = Pb-free and Green
- 5. X suffix = Tape/Reel