Monitoring Relays True RMS 3-Phase, 3-Phase+N, Multifunction Types DPC71, PPC71







- TRMS 3-phase over and under voltage, phase sequence, phase loss, asymmetry and tolerance monitoring relay
- Detect when all 3 phases are present and have the correct sequence
- Detect if all the 3-phase-phase or phase-neutral voltages are within the set limits
- Detect if asymmetry and tolerance are within the set value
- Separately adjustable setpoints
- Separately adjustable delay functions (0.1 to 30 s)
- Output: 2 x 5 A relay SPDT NE
- For mounting on DIN-rail in accordance with DIN/EN 50 022 (DPC71) or plug-in module (PPC71)
- 35.5 mm Euronorm housing (DPC71) or 35.5 mm plugin module (PPC71)
- LED indication for relays, alarm and power supply ON

Product Description

3-phase or 3-phase+neutral line voltage monitoring relay for phase sequence, phase loss, asymmetry, tolerance, over and under voltage (separately adjustable set points) with built-in time delay function.

Supply ranges from 208 to 480 VAC covered by two multivoltage relays.

Ordering key Housing Function Type Item number Output DPC 71 D M48

Type Selection

Mounting	Output	Frequency	Supply: 208 to 240 VAC	Supply: 380 to 415 VAC	Supply: 380 to 480 VAC
DIN-rail Plug-in	2 x SPDT 2 x SPDT	50 - 60 Hz 50 - 60 Hz	DPC 71 D M23 PPC 71 D M23	PPC 71 D M48	DPC 71 D M48

Power Supply

Input Specifications

Input L1, L2, L3, N DPC71: PPC71: PPC71: Note: Connect the neutral only if it is intrinsically at the star centre	Terminals 5, 6, 7, 11 Measure their own supply
Measuring ranges	
M23 M48 DPC71 PPC71	177 to 275 ΔVAC 323 to 550 ΔVAC 323 to 475 ΔVAC
Ranges	
Upper level	+2 to +22% of the nominal voltage
Lower level	-22 to -2%
Asymmetry	of the nominal voltage 2 to 22%
Tolerance	of the nominal voltage 2 to 22%
Note: The input voltage must not exceed the maximum rate voltage or drop below the minimum rated voltage reported above.	
Hysteresis Set points from 2 to 5% Set points from 5 to 22%	1% 2%

Output Specifications

Output Rated insulation voltage	2 x SPDT relays N.E. 250 VAC
Contact ratings (AgSnO ₂) Resistive loads AC 1 DC 12 Small inductive loads AC 15 DC 13	μ 5 A @ 250 VAC 5 A @ 24 VDC 2.5 A @ 250 VAC 2.5 A @ 24 VDC
Mechanical life	≥ 30 x 10 ⁶ operations
Electrical life	\geq 10 ⁵ operations (at 5 A, 250 V, cos φ = 1)
Operating frequency	≤ 7200 operations/h
Dielectric strength Dielectric voltage Rated impulse withstand volt.	≥ 2 kVAC (rms) 4 kV (1.2/50 µs)



Supply Specifications

Power supply Rated operational voltage through terminals: L1, L2, L3, N (DPC71) 5, 6, 7, 11 (PPC71)	Overvoltage cat. III (IEC 60664, IEC 60038)
M23 - Delta Voltage: DPC71 M48 - Delta Voltage: DPC71 M48 - Star Voltage: PPC71 M48 - Delta Voltage: PPC71 M48 - Star Voltage:	208 to 240VAC ±15%; 45 to 65Hz 380 to 480VAC ±15%;45 to 65H 220 to 277VAC ±15%;45 to 65H 380 to 415VAC ±15%;45 to 65H 220 to 240VAC ±15%;45 to 65H
Rated operational power M23 M48	6 VA @ Δ230 VAC, 50 Hz 9 VA @ Δ400 VAC, 50 Hz Supplied by L1 and L3

General Specifications

Power ON delay	1 s ± 0.5 s or 6 s ± 0.5 s	
Accuracy Temperature drift Delay ON alarm Repeatability	(15 min warm-up time) ± 1000 ppm/°C ± 10% on set value ± 50 ms ± 0.5% on full-scale	
Reaction time Incorrect phase sequence or total phase loss Voltage level	< 200 ms (input signal variation from -20% to +20% or from +20% to -20% of set value)	
Asymmetry level Alarm ON delay: Alarm OFF delay:	< 200 ms (delay < 0.1 s) < 200 ms (delay < 0.1 s)	

General Specifications (cont.)

Indication for	
Power supply ON	LED, green
Alarm ON	LED, red (flashing 2 Hz
	during delay time)
Output relays ON	2 x LED, yellow
Environment	(EN 60529)
Degree of protection	IP 20
Pollution degree	3 (DPC71), 2 (PPC71)
Operating temperature	
@ Max. voltage, 50 H	
@ Max. voltage, 60 H	z -20 to +50°C, R.H. < 95%
Storage temperature	-30 to +80°C, R.H. < 95%
Housing	
Dimensions DPC7	1 35.5 x 81 x 67.2 mm
PPC7	1 35.5 x 81.2 x 75 mm
Material	PA66 or noryl
Weight	Approx. 220 g
Screw terminals	(DPC71)
Tightening torque	Max. 0.5 Nm
	acc. to IEC 60947
Product standard	EN 60255-6
Approvals	UL
CE Marking	L.V. Directive 2006/95/EC
•	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
EMC	
Immunity	According to EN 60255-26
-	According to EN 61000-6-2
Emissions	According to EN 60255-26
	According to EN 61000-6-3

Mode of Operation

Asymmetry definition.

Asymmetry is an indicator of the mains quality and it is defined as the absolute value of the maximum deviation among the mains voltages, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

1) in case of measuring phase-phase voltages:

$$\frac{\max |\Delta V_{PH-PH}|}{V_{VVVVV}} \times 100$$

2) in case of measuring phase-neutral voltages:

$$\frac{\text{max } |\Delta V_{PH-N}|}{V_{ANOM}} \quad x \ 100$$

Tolerance definition.

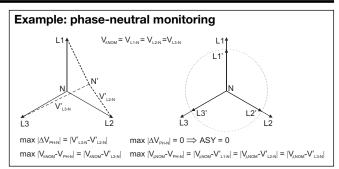
Tolerance is another indicator of the mains quality and it is definied as the absolute value of the maximum deviation of the mains voltages from the nominal voltage, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

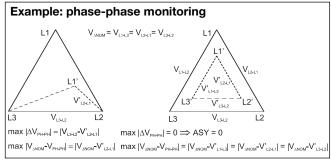
1) in case of measuring phase-phase voltages:

$$\frac{\max_{V_{\Delta NOM}} V_{PH-PH}}{V_{\Delta NOM}} \times 100$$

in case of measuring phase-neutral voltages:

$$\frac{\max |V_{ANOM} - V_{PH-N}|}{V_{ANOM}} \times 100$$







Mode of Operation (cont.)

Connected to the 3 phases (and neutral) DPC71 and PPC71 operate when all 3 phases are present at the same time and the phase sequence is correct. It can be decided whether to monitor upper and lower voltage level of each phase or their asymmetry and tolerance.

Voltage level monitoring:

if one or more phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage exceed the upper set level or drop below the lower set level, the red LED starts flashing 2 Hz and the respective output relay releases after the set time period.

Asymmetry and tolerance monitoring:

if one or more phase-phase or phase-neutral voltage exceed the set levels the red LED starts flashing 2 Hz and the respective output relay releases after the set time period.

Note: For both functions, if the phase sequence is wrong or one phase is lost, both output relays release immediately. Only 200 ms delay occurs. The failure is indicated by the red LED flashing 5 Hz during the alarm condition.

Example 1

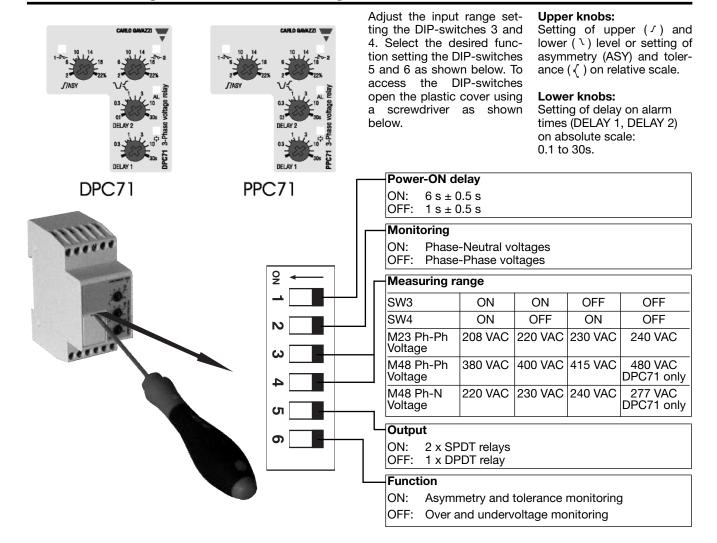
(Mains monitoring - over and under phase-phase voltage) The relay monitors over and under voltage, phase loss and correct phase sequence.

Example 2 (Motor monitoring - starting

and operating load - asymmetry and tolerance of phase-neutral voltage) DPC71 and PPC71 ensure correct starting and operating conditions. They monitor the voltage level, phase sequence (correct direction of the motor rotation) and asymmetry.

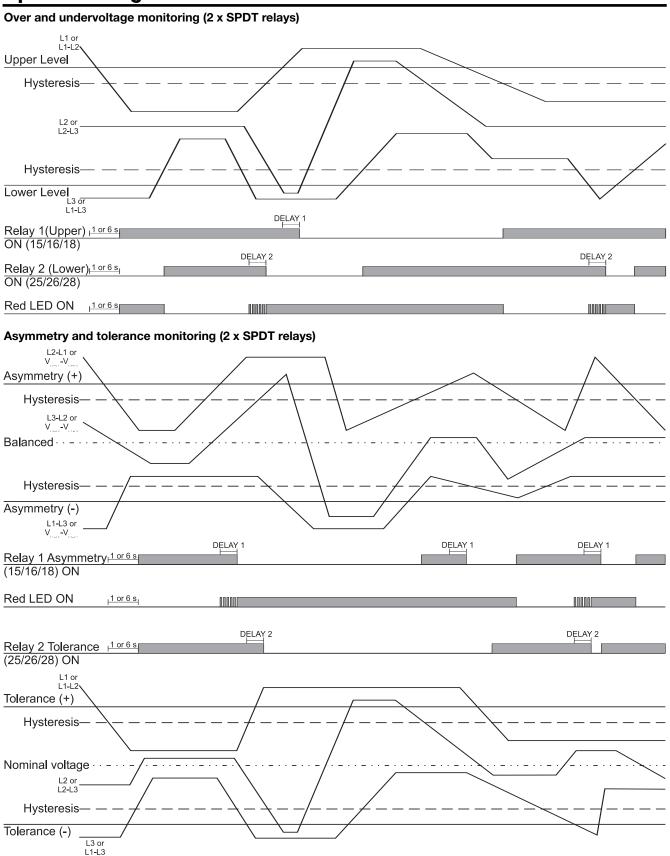
Frequent failures are fuse blowing and incorrect voltage level. In case of fuse blowing the motor regenerates a voltage in the interrupted phase. The relay detects the failure and reacts due to excessive imbalance among the phases

Function/Range/Level/Time Setting



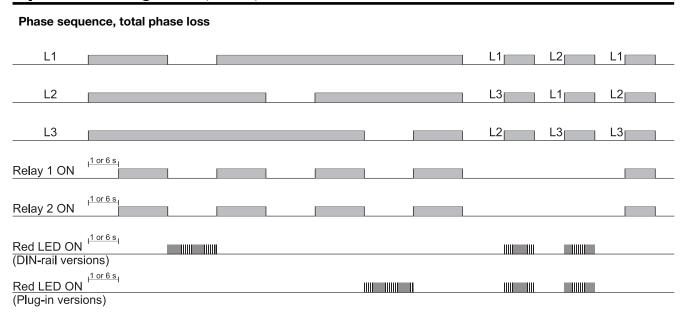


Operation Diagrams





Operation Diagrams (cont.)



Wiring Diagrams

