

3 TO 5V PROGRAMMABLE GAIN HIGH EFFICIENCY POWER AMPLIFIER

Package Style: QFN, 16-Pin, 3mmx3mm



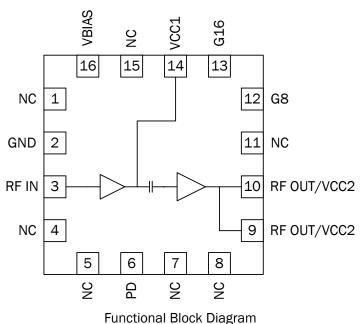


Features

- 0.5 W CW Output Power at 3.6 V
- 1W CW Output Power at 5V
- 32dB Small Signal Gain at 900MHz
- >60% Efficiency @ P_{SAT}
- Digitally Controlled Output Power
- 380 MHz to 960 MHz Frequency Range
- High Isolation

Applications

- Analog Communication Systems
- 900MHz Spread Spectrum Systems
- 400MHz Industrial Radios
- Driver Stage for Higher Power Applications
- 3V to 5V Applications
- High Isolation Buffer



Product Description

The RFPA0133 is a 3V to 5V high efficiency programmable gain amplifier IC. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process. The device has been designed to offer saturated efficiency greater than 60% over a range of frequencies from 380 MHz to 960 MHz.

Ordering Information

RFPA0133SQ Sample Bag with 25 Pieces 7" Reel with 100 Pieces RFPA0133TR7 7" Reel with 2500 Pieces

RFPA0133PCK-410 860 MHz to 930 MHz PCBA with 5-piece Sample Bag RFPA0133PCK-411 430 MHz to 470 MHz PCBA with 5-piece Sample Bag

Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

☑ GaAs HBT	☐ SiGe BiCMOS	☐ GaAs pHEMT	☐ GaN HEMT
☐ GaAs MESFET	☐ Si BiCMOS	☐ Si CMOS	☐ RF MEMS
☐ InGaP HBT	☐ SiGe HBT	☐ Si BJT	☐ LDMOS

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +5.25	V_{DC}
Power Down Voltage (V _{PD})	-0.5 to +3.3	V
V _{BIAS}	-0.5 to +3.3	V
DC Supply Current	500	mA
Input RF Power	+10	dBm
Output Load VSWR (See Note)	6:1	
Ambient Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150	°C

Note: Due to high efficiency of this PA, the maximum ICC should always be less than 400 mA. Only under short term poor VSWR conditions is 500 mA acceptable.



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

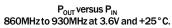
RoHS status based on EU Directive 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

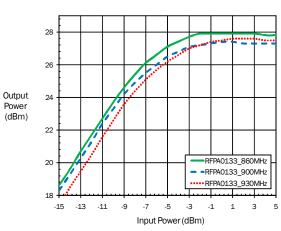
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Davamatav	:	Specification		l los!s	Condition	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
Overall					T=25 °C, V _{CC} =3.6V, V _{PD} =V _{BIAS} =3.0V, P _{IN} =0dBm, Freq=915MHz	
CW Output Power		27.5		dBm	V _{CC} =3.6V	
CW Output Power		30		dBm	V _{CC} =5V	
Small Signal Gain		32		dB	P _{IN} =-10dBm	
Second Harmonic		23		dBc	Without external second harmonic trap	
Third Harmonic		45		dBc		
CW Efficiency	55	63		%	G16="high", G8="high", P _{IN} =0dBm	
Power Down "ON"		3.0		V	Voltage supplied to the input	
Power Down "OFF"	0	0.5	0.8	V	Voltage supplied to the input	
VPD Input Current		6		mA	Only in "ON" state	
G16, G8 "ON"	1.7		3.0	V	Voltage supplied to the input	
G16, G8 "OFF"	0		0.7	V	Voltage supplied to the input	
G16, G8 Input Current		1.0		mA	Only in "ON" state	
Output Power	26.5	27.5	29	dBm	G16="high", G8="high", P _{IN} =0dBm	
	21	23	25	dBm	G16="high", G8="low", P _{IN} =0dBm	
	14	16	18	dBm	G16="low", G8="high", P _{IN} =0dBm	
	3	5	8	dBm	G16="low", G8="low", P _{IN} =0dBm	
Turn On/Off Time		200		ns		
Power Supply						
Power Supply Voltage		3.6		V	Specifications	
Power Supply Current		230		mA	G16="high", G8="high", P _{IN} =0dBm	
		150		mA	G16="high", G8="low", P _{IN} =0dBm	
		65		mA	G16="low", G8="high", P _{IN} =0dBm	
		35		mA	G16="low", G8="low", P _{IN} =0dBm	
Idle Current	40	75	110	mA	G16="high", G8="high", No RF In	
		60	200	nA	G16="low", G8="low", PD="low". No RF IN.	

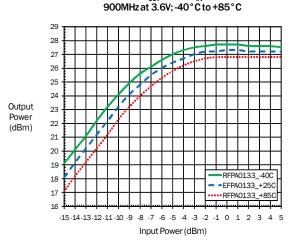




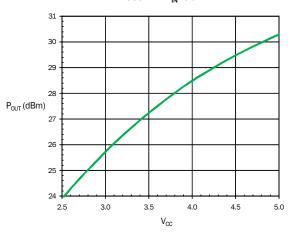




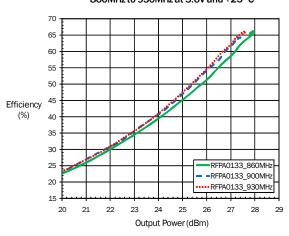
Input Power (dBm) Pout versus Pin



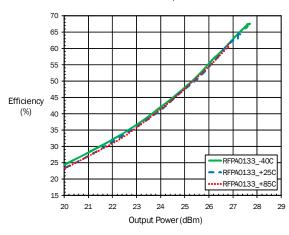
P_{SAT} versus V_{CC} 900 MHz P_{IN}=0 dBm



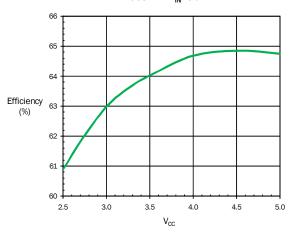
Efficiency versus $\rm P_{OUT}$ 860MHz to 930MHz at 3.6V and +25 $^{\circ}$ C



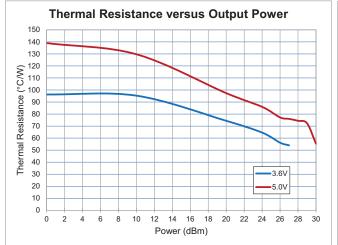
Efficiency versus P_{OUT} 900MHz at 3.6V; -40°C to +85°C

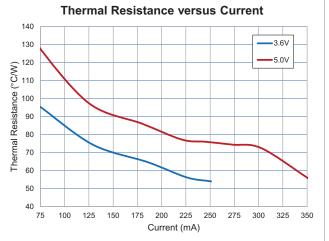


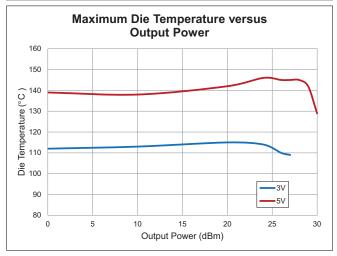
Saturated Efficiency versus V_{CC} 900 MHz P_{IN} =0 dBm











NOTE: Thermal resistance and die temperature are measured at a PCB temperature of 85° C on a standard 900MHz evaluation board.





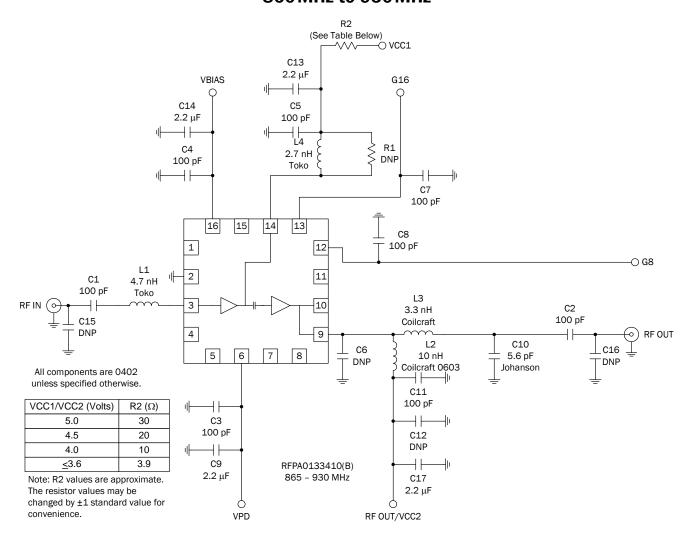
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Pin	Function	Description
1,4,5,	NC	These pins may be left unconnected or soldered to ground.
7,8,		
11, 15		
2	GND	Ground connection. Keep traces physically short and connect immediately to the ground plane for best performance.
3	RF IN	Amplifier RF input. The amplifier does not contain internal DC blocking and, therefore, should be externally DC blocked before connecting to any device which has DC present or which contains a DC path to ground.
6	VPD	Power down control voltage. When this pin is at 0V, the device will be in power down mode, dissipating minimum DC power. When this pin is at 3V the device will be in full power mode delivering maximum gain and output power capability. This pin should not, in any circumstance, be higher than 3.3V. This pin should also have an external UHF and HF bypassing capacitor. Typically V _{BIAS} =V _{PD} =3.0V.
9,10	RF OUT/VCC2	Amplifier RF output. This is an unmatched collector output of the final amplifier transistor. Bias for the final power amplifier output transistor must also be provided through one of these pins. Pins 9 and 10 should be used for the RF output with a matching network that presents the optimum load impedance to the PA for maximum power and efficiency, as well as providing DC blocking at the output.
12	G8	RF output power gain control 8dB bit (see specification table for logic). The control voltage at this pin should never exceed 3.3V and a logic high should be at least 1.7V. This pin should also have an external UHF bypassing capacitor. See note.
13	G16	RF output power gain control 16dB bit (see specification table for logic). The control voltage at this pin should never exceed 3.3V and a logic high should be at least 1.7V. This pin should also have an external UHF bypassing capacitor. See note.
14	VCC1	Positive supply for the first stage (driver) amplifier. This is an unmatched transistor collector output.
16	VBIAS	Positive supply for the bias circuits. This pin should be bypassed with a single UHF capacitor, placed as close as possible to the package. Typically, $V_{BIAS} = V_{PD} = 3.0$ V.

Note: The 8dB and 16dB gain steps are approximate for small signal operation. As the device compresses, the values of the gain steps compress as well. The output power table on page two shows the effect of the gain steps for saturated (OdBm input) operation.

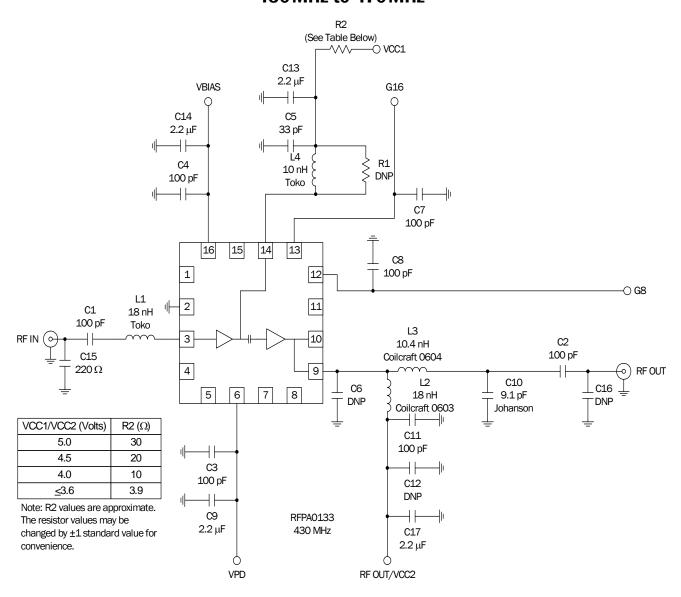


Evaluation Board Schematic 860 MHz to 930 MHz





Evaluation Board Schematic 430 MHz to 470 MHz





Evaluation Board Layout

