

### Installation Instructions for the

### RTP Series Hall-effect Rotary Position Sensors

32307666

Issue A

#### 1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

The RTP Series Hall-effect Rotary Position Sensors provide non-contact sensing in harsh transportation and industrial applications at a competitive cost.

These products use a magnetically biased, Hall-effect integrated circuit (IC) to sense rotary movement of the actuator over a set operating range. Rotation of the actuator changes the magnet's position relative to the IC. The resulting flux density change is converted to a linear output.

#### 2.0 MOUNTING INFORMATION (see Figures 1 and 2)

#### 2.1 Housed magnet actuator

- Locate the sensor and the magnet in the desired position. Ensure the air gap between the sensor and the magnet will not exceed that noted in Table 2.
- Clamp the sensor on the customer-provided mounting plate and place the magnet on the customer-provided mounting shaft. Ensure the orientation arrow on the magnet points toward the connector end of the sensor.
- Apply the supply voltage to the sensor and monitor the output voltage. When the output voltage is at the midpoint as shown in Table 4, tighten the set screws on the magnet. The sensor angle is 0°.
- 5. If needed for harsh applications, apply a suitable thread locking compound to all screw threads.

#### 2.2 Bare magnet actuator

- Locate the sensor and the magnet in the desired position. Ensure the air gap between sensor and magnet will not exceed that noted in Table 2.
- Clamp the sensor on the customer-provided mounting plate and place the magnet on the desired actuator.
   Ensure the orientation hole on the magnet points towards the connector end of the sensor.
- Apply the supply voltage to the sensor and monitor the output voltage. When the output voltage is at the midpoint as shown in Table 4, mount the magnet. The sensor angle is 0°.
- 5. If needed for harsh applications, apply a suitable thread locking compound to all screw threads.

**Table 1. Electrical Specifications** 

Characteristic	LV (Low Voltage)	HV (High Voltage)
Supply voltage:	5 ±0.5 Vdc	10 Vdc to 30 Vdc
Supply current: normal during output to ground short	20 mA max. 25 mA max.	32 mA max. 47 mA max.
Output: standard inverted	0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc ratiometric 4.5 Vdc to 0.5 Vdc ratiometric	0.5 Vdc to 4.5 Vdc non-ratiometric 4.5 Vdc to 0.5 Vdc non-ratiometric
Output signal delay	4 ms typ.	
Overvoltage protection	10 Vdc	_
Reverse polarity protection	-10 Vdc	-30 Vdc
Output to ground short circuit protection	continuous	
Resolution	12 bit	
Output load resistance (pull down to ground)	10 kOhm typ.	
EMI: radiated immunity	100 V/m per ISO11452-2 from 200 MHz to 1000 MHz	
conducted immunity	100 mA BCl per ISO11452-4 from 1 MHz to 200 MHz	100 mA BCl per ISO11452-4 from 1 MHz to 400 MHz
EMC	exceeds CE requirements	

#### **Table 2. Mechanical Specifications**

Characteristic	LV	HV
Expected life	(Low Voltage) (High Voltage) infinite rotation	
	minite rotation	
Air gap: bare magnet actuator housed magnet actuator misalignment	3,00 mm ±0,5 mm [0.12 in ±0.02 in] 2,00 mm ±0,5 mm [0.08 in ±0.02 in] 2,00 in [0.08 in]	
Material: magnet sensor housing housed magnet overmold sensor/housed magnet bushing	NdFeB PBT plastic PPS plastic brass	
Mating connector	AMP Superseal 282087-1	
Mechanical end stop	no	
Mounting screw sizes: sensor to mounting surface		nless steel M4 X 0,7 [0.39 in] OD washers
housed magnet actuator to customer-provided mounting pin		nless steel, M3 X 0.5 nt set screws
Approvals	CE	

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**Table 3. Environmental Specifications** 

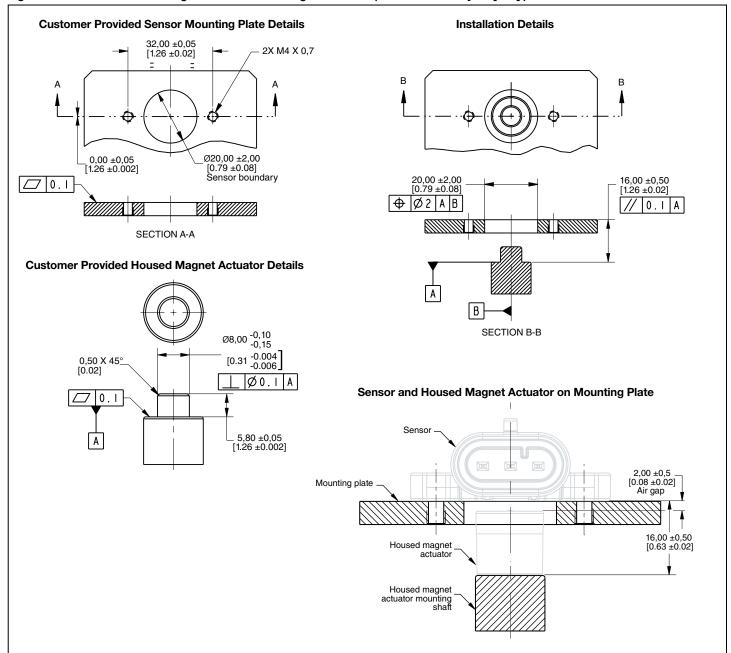
Characteristic	LV (Low Voltage)	HV (High Voltage)
Operating temperature range	-40 °C to 125 °C [-40 °F to 257 °F]	
Ingress protection	IP69K	
Media compatibility	heavy transportation fluids	
Shock	50 G peak	
Vibration	20 G peak	
Salt fog	bare magnet: 96 hr for as per ASTM B117 housed magnet: 240 hr per ASTM B117	



#### **NOTICE**

Ferrous material or magnet material more than 300 Gauss within 10 mm [0.39 in] from sensor boundary may impact sensor performance.

Figure 1. Sensor and Housed Magnet Actuator Mounting Information (For reference only: in/[mm].)



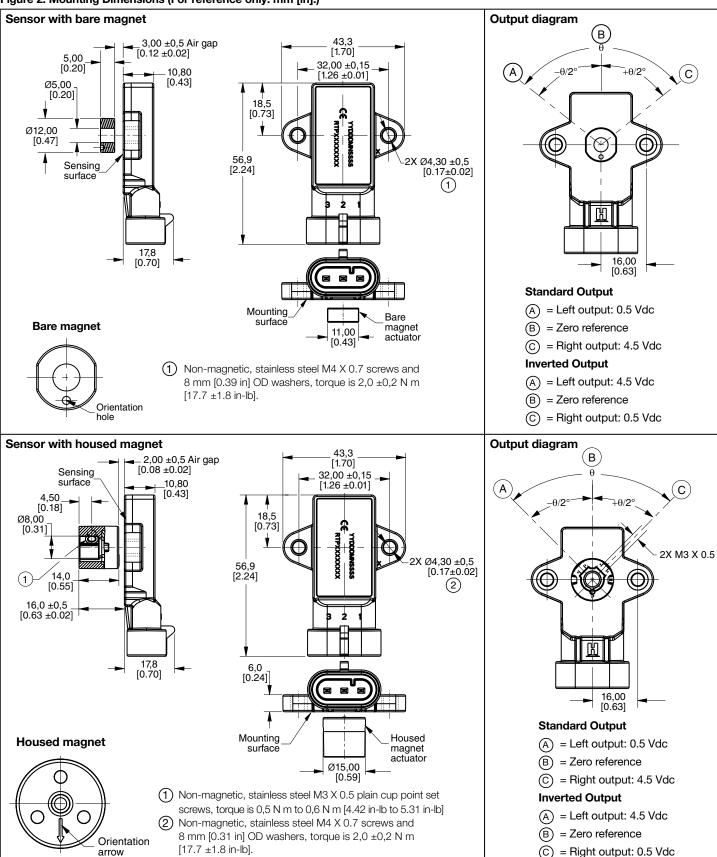
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Figure 2. Mounting Dimensions (For reference only: mm [in].)

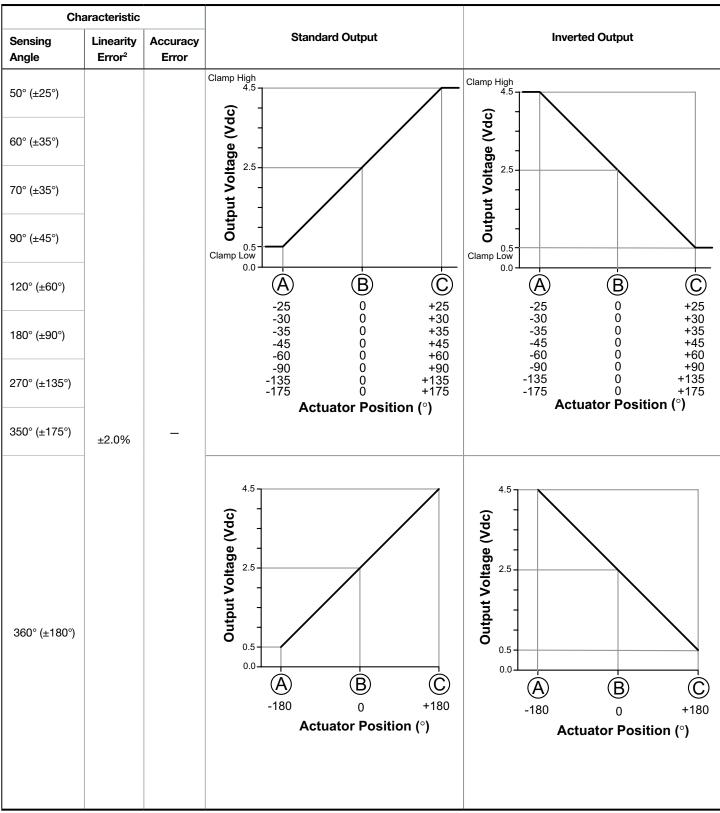
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Table 4. Functional Characteristics<sup>1</sup>



#### Notes:

- 1. See Figure 2 for references to A B C.
- 2. Linearity error is the deviation of the measured value from the best fit line and is the quotient of the measured output ratio deviation from the best fit line at the measured temperature to the best fit line output ratio span at the measured temperature.