

# RV1S9213A

1 Mbps, OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUT, HIGH CMR, IPM DRIVER,  
5-PIN SSOP WITH 8.2mm CREEPAGE DISTANCE (LSSO5) PHOTOCOUPLED

R08DS0187EJ0100  
Rev.1.00  
Nov 11,2019

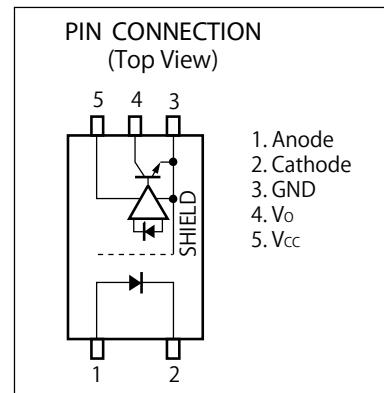
## DESCRIPTION

The RV1S9213A is an optically coupled isolator containing an AlGaAs LED on the input side and a photo diode and a signal processing circuit on the output side on one chip. The RV1S9213A is designed specifically for high common mode transient immunity (CMR) and low pulse width distortion with operating temperature. It is suitable for IPM drive. This package is very small and thin with long creepage distance(8.2mm).

This small product is suitable for various interface circuits which require surface mounting and high-density mounting.

## FEATURES

- Small and long creepage (8.2 mm, LSSO5)
- Open collector output
- High speed switching ( $t_{PHL} = 500\text{ns}$  Max.,  $t_{PLH} = 750\text{ns}$  MAX.)
- Propagation Delay Difference ( $t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} = 270 \text{ ns}$  TYP.)
- Operating temperature (-40 ~ +125°C)
- High common mode transient immunity ( $CM_H, CM_L = \pm 50 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$  MIN.)
- High isolation voltage ( $BV = 5000 \text{ Vr.m.s.}$ )
- Embossed tape product : RV1S9213ACCSP-10Yx#KC0: 3500 pcs/reel
- Pb-Free product
- Safety standard
  - UL : UL1577, Double protection
  - CSA : CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.62368-1, Reinforced insulation
  - VDE : DIN EN 60747-5-5 (Option)

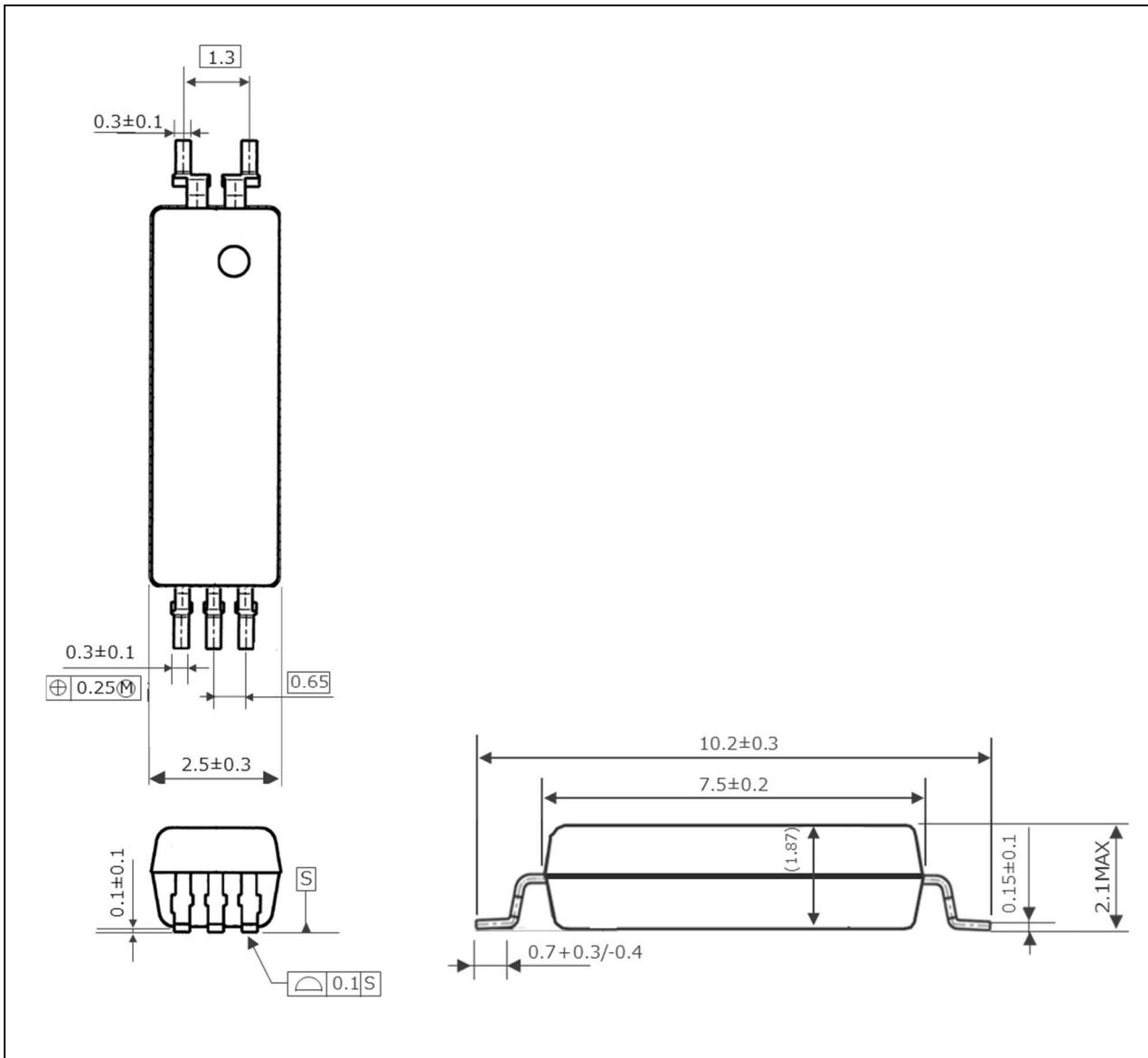


## APPLICATIONS

- Robot controller
- Industrial inverter
- AC Servo
- FA Network
- Measurement equipment

Start of mass production  
Nov.2019

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT : mm)

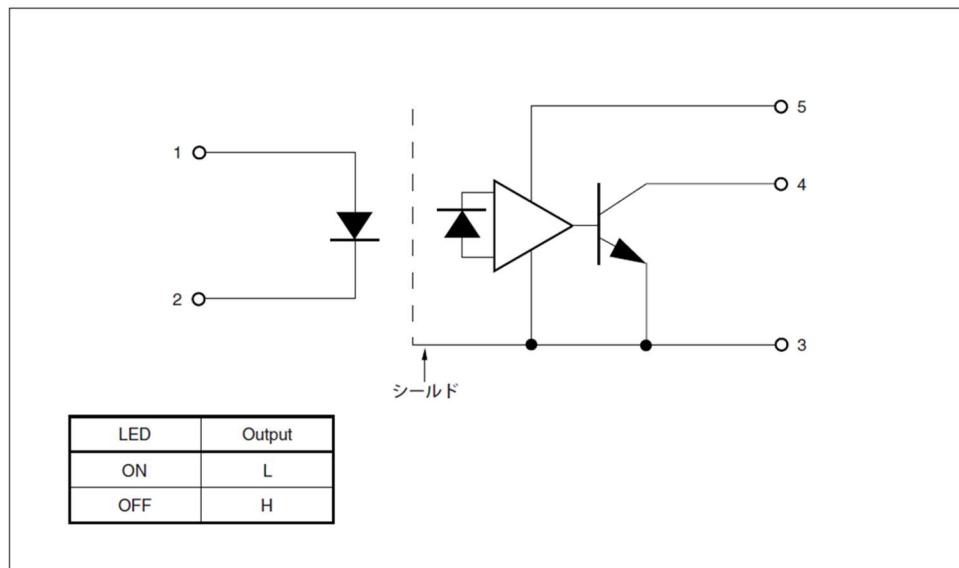


Weight :0.075g (Typ.)

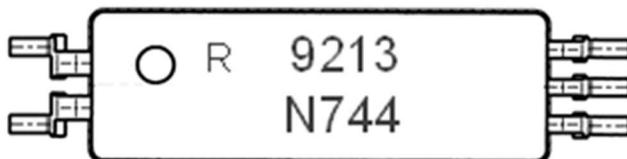
## PHOTOCOUPLER CONSTRUCTION

Parameter	MIN.
Air Distance	8.2 mm
Creepage Distance	8.2 mm
Isolation Distance	0.15 mm

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## MARKING EXAMPLE



R	An initial of "Renesas"	
9213	Product Part Number *	
O	No.1 pin Mark	
N744	N	Rank Code
	744	Assembly Lot
	7	Last one-digit of Assembly Year
	44	Weekly Serial Code

\* ) Applicable type numbers listed below

RV1S **9213** ACCSP-10Yx

Marking type number. " RV1S" and "ACCSP-10Yx" are omitted from original type number

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number <sup>*1</sup>
RV1S9213ACCSP-10YC	RV1S9213ACCSP-10YC#SC0	Pb-Free and Halogen Free (Ni/Pd/Au)	20 pcs(Tape 20 pcs cut)	Standard products (UL, CSA approved)	RV1S9213A
	RV1S9213ACCSP-10YC#KC0		Embossed Tape 3500 pcs/reel		
RV1S9213ACCSP-10YV	RV1S9213ACCSP-10YV#SC0		20 pcs(Tape 20 pcs cut)	UL, CSA, DIN EN 60747-5-5 approved	
	RV1S9213ACCSP-10YV#KC0		Embossed Tape 3500 pcs/reel		

Notes:<sup>\*1</sup>. For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

ABSOLUTELY MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current	$I_F$	20	mA
	Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
	Power Dissipation Derating	$\Delta P_D/\text{°C}$	1.2 ( $T_A \geq 110^\circ\text{C}$ )	mW/°C
	Power Dissipation	$P_D$	45	mW
Detector	Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 ~ +30	V
	Output Voltage	$V_o$	-0.5 ~ $V_{CC}$	V
	Output Current	$I_o$	15	mA
	Power Dissipation Derating	$\Delta P_c/\text{°C}$	4.15 ( $T_A \geq 85^\circ\text{C}$ )	mW/°C
	Power Dissipation	$P_c$	250	mW
Isolation Voltage *1		$BV$	5000	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		$T_A$	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature		$T_{stg}$	-55 ~ +150	°C

Notes: 1. AC Voltage for 1minite at  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , RH=60% between input and output.

Pins 1-2 shorted together, 3-5 shorted together.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.5	15	25	V
High Level Forward Current	$I_{F(ON)}$	8	10	12	mA
Low Level forward voltage	$V_{F(OFF)}$	-2		0.8	V

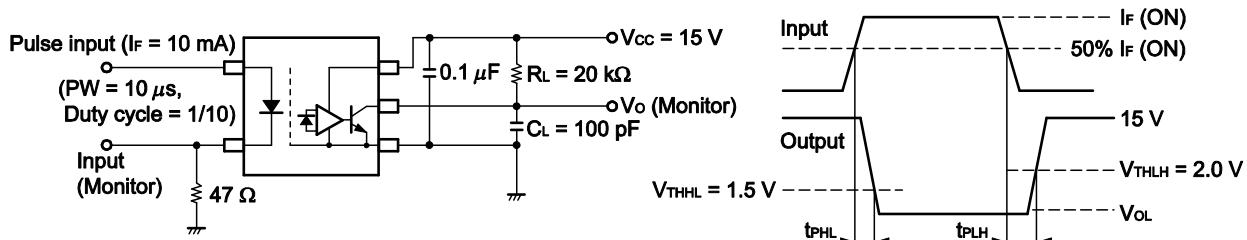
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(T<sub>A</sub> = -40 ~ +125°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 15V, unless otherwise specified)

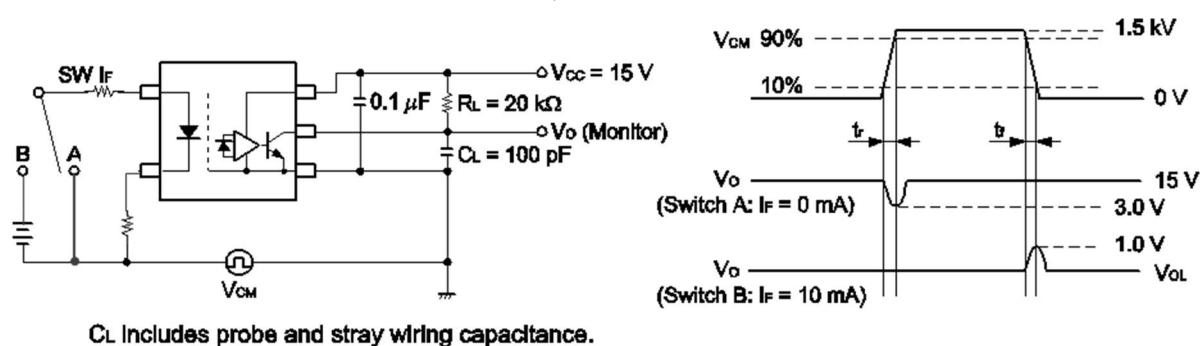
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.* <sup>1</sup>	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.35	1.56	1.75	V
	Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			10	μA
	Terminal Capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	V <sub>F</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		30		pF
Detector	High Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 20V, V <sub>F</sub> = 0.8V, V <sub>O</sub> = Open		1.0	1.3	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	I <sub>CCL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 20V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>O</sub> = Open		1.0	1.3	mA
	High Level Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 20V, V <sub>F</sub> = 0.8V		0.01	50	μA
	Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.4mA		0.13	0.6	V
Coupled	Threshold Input Current	I <sub>FHL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0.8V, I <sub>O</sub> = 0.75mA		0.8	5.0	mA
	Isolation Resistance	R <sub>I-O</sub>	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 1kVDC	10 <sup>11</sup>			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0V, f = 1MHz		0.7		pF
	Propagation Delay Time (H → L) <sup>*2</sup>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, R <sub>L</sub> = 20kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF V <sub>THHL</sub> = 1.5V, V <sub>THLH</sub> = 2.0V		180	500	ns
	Propagation Delay Time (L → H) <sup>*2</sup>	t <sub>PLH</sub>			420	750	ns
	Propagation Delay Difference	t <sub>PLH</sub> -t <sub>PHL</sub>		-200	240	650	ns
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD) <sup>*2</sup>	t <sub>PHL</sub> -t <sub>PLH</sub>			240	650	ns
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output <sup>*3</sup>	CM <sub>H</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 0mA, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5kV, R <sub>L</sub> =20kΩ C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, V <sub>O</sub> > 3.0V	50			kV/μs
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output <sup>*3</sup>	CM <sub>L</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5kV, R <sub>L</sub> =20kΩ C <sub>L</sub> = 100pF, V <sub>O</sub> < 1.0V	50			kV/μs

Notes\*: 1. Typical values at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

2. Test circuit for propagation delay time

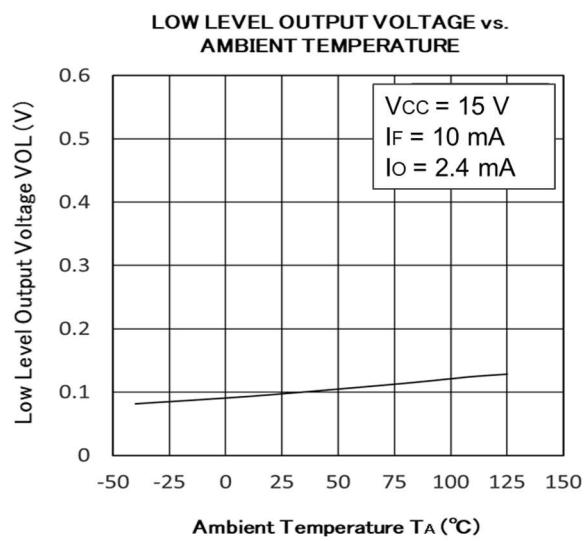
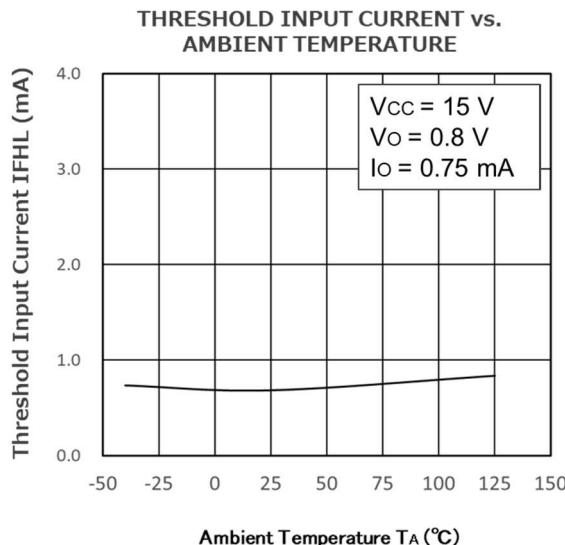
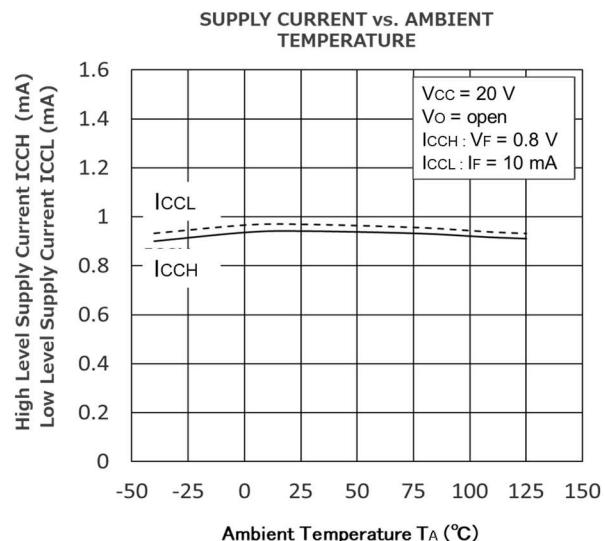
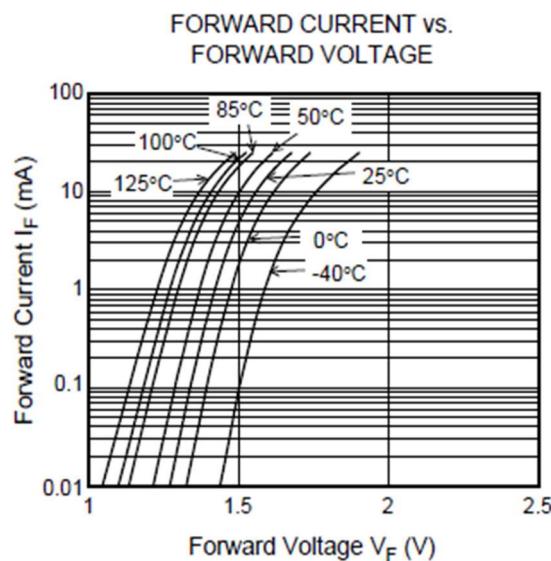
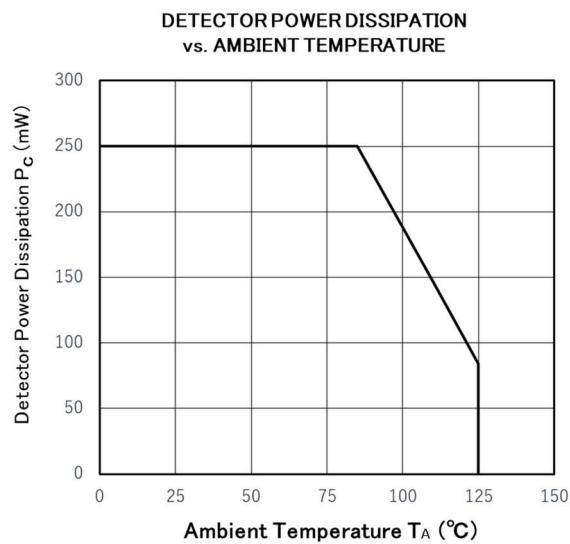
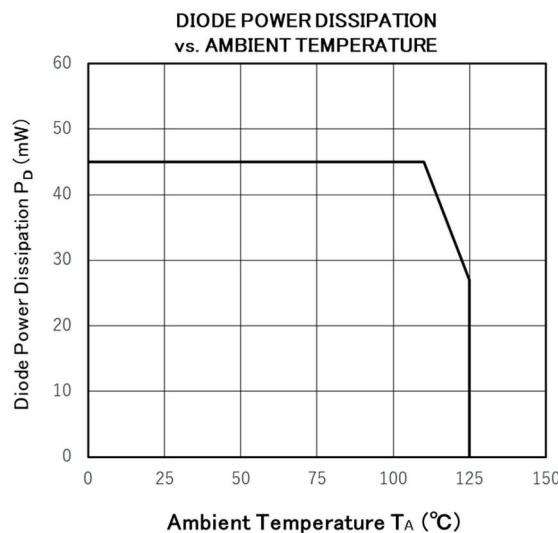


3. Test circuit for common mode transient immunity

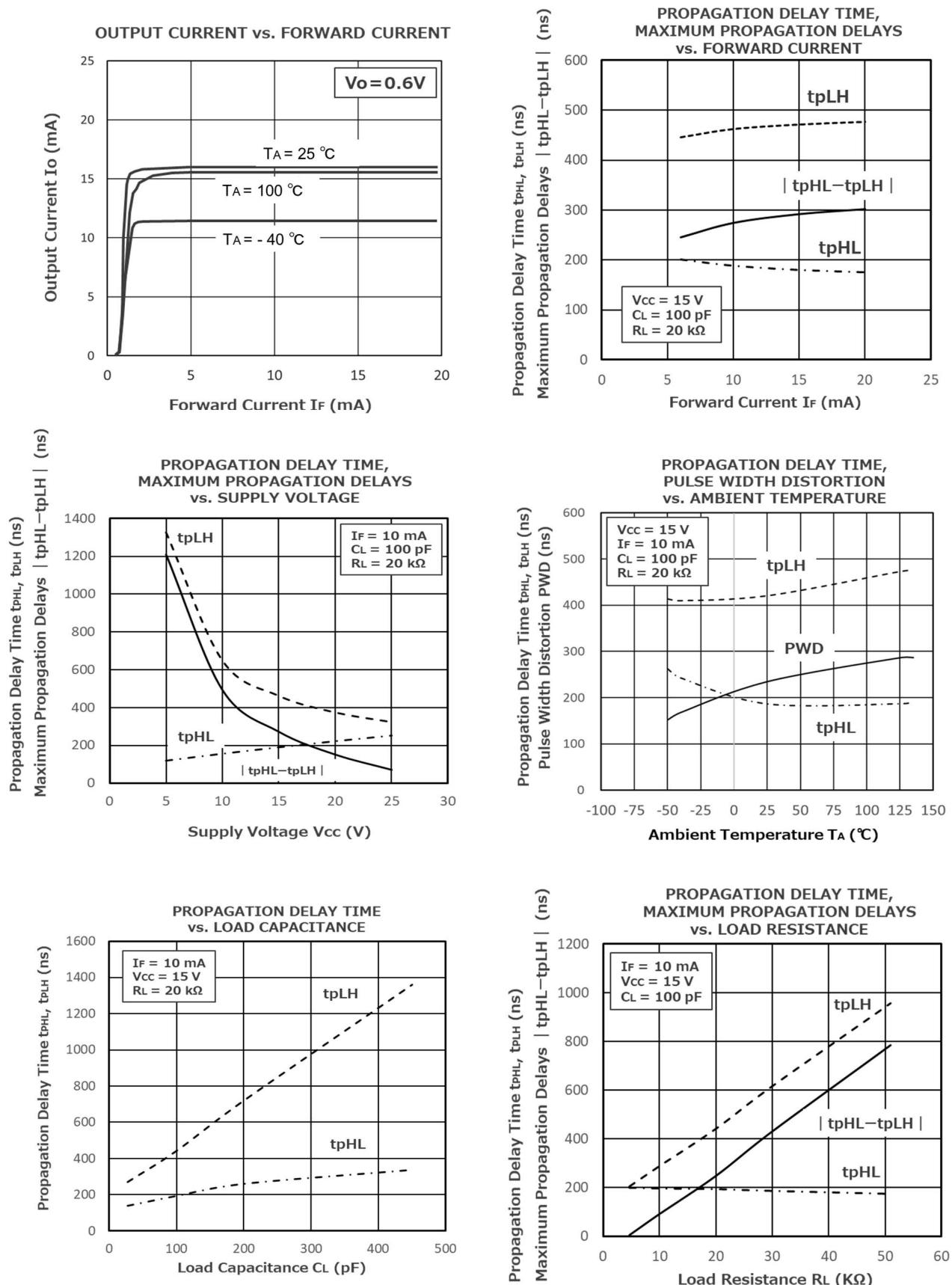


## **USAGE CAUTIONS**

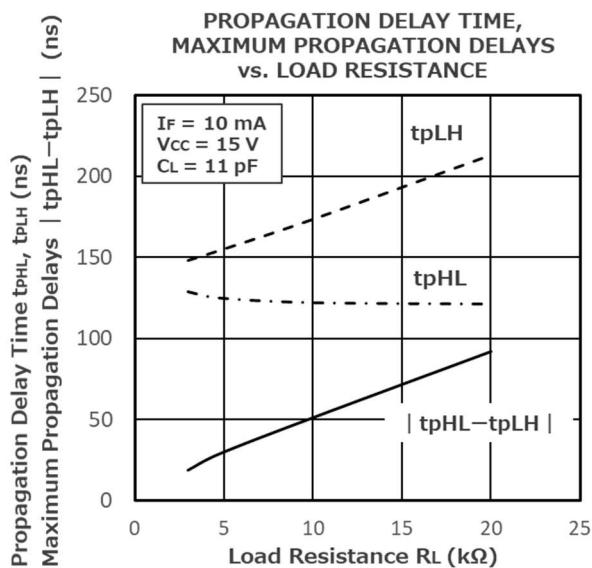
1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
2. By-pass capacitor of more than  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  is used between  $\text{V}_{\text{CC}}$  and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

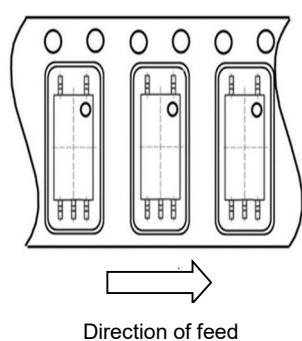
**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

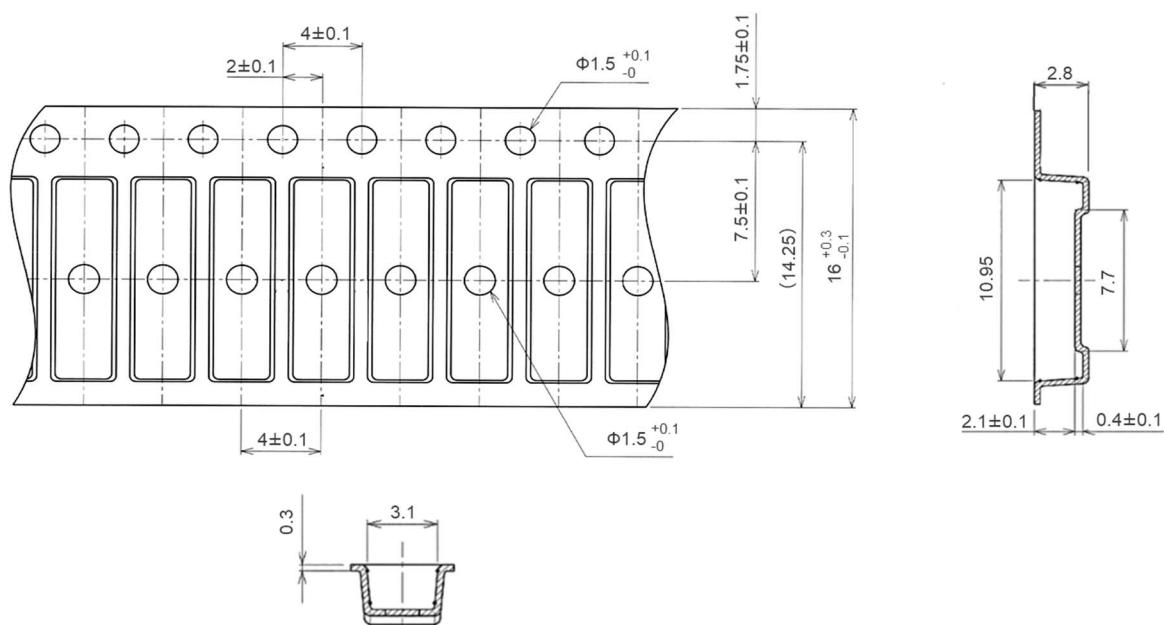
**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

## TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT : mm)

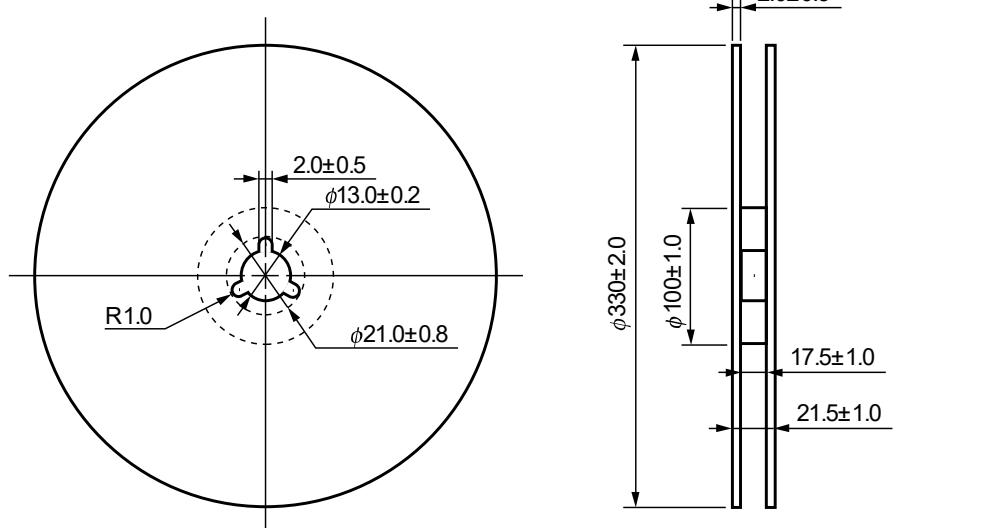
## Taping Direction



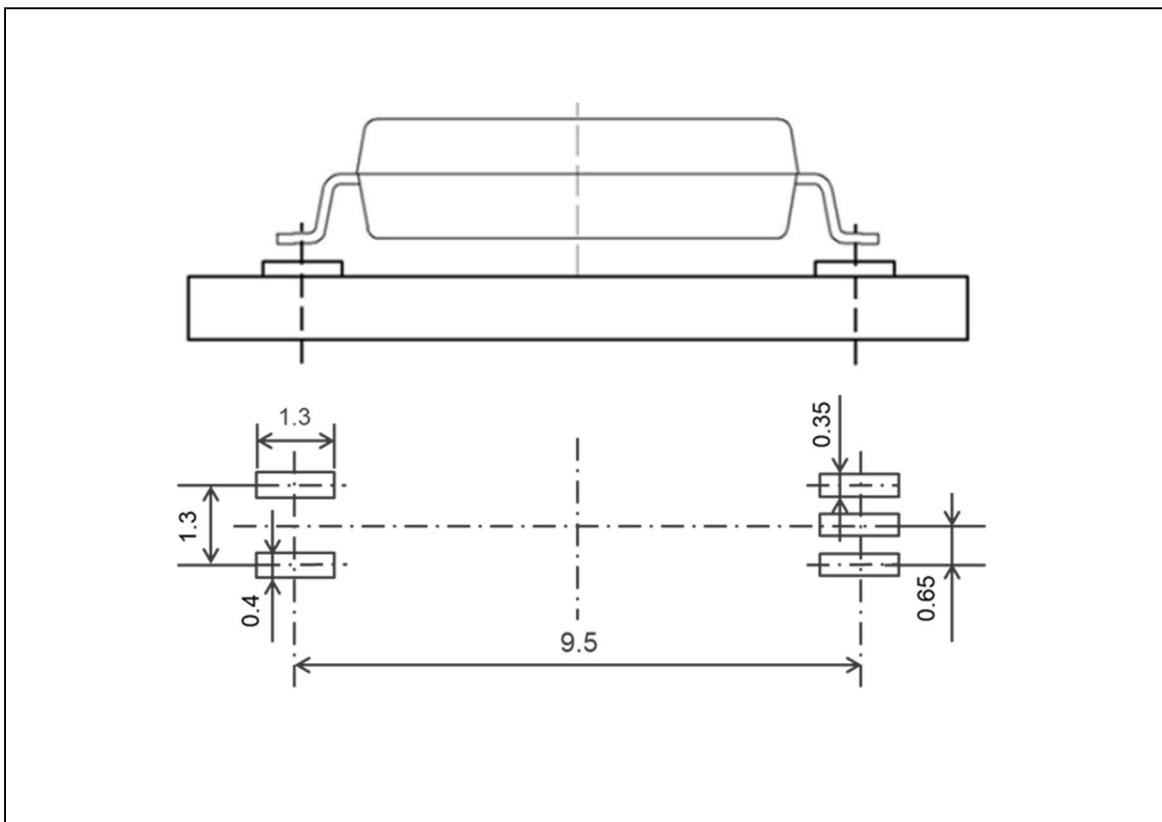
## Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



## Outline and Dimensions (Reel)



## RECOMMENDED MOUNT PAD DIMENSIONS (UNIT : mm)



Remark All dimensions in this figure must be evaluated before use.

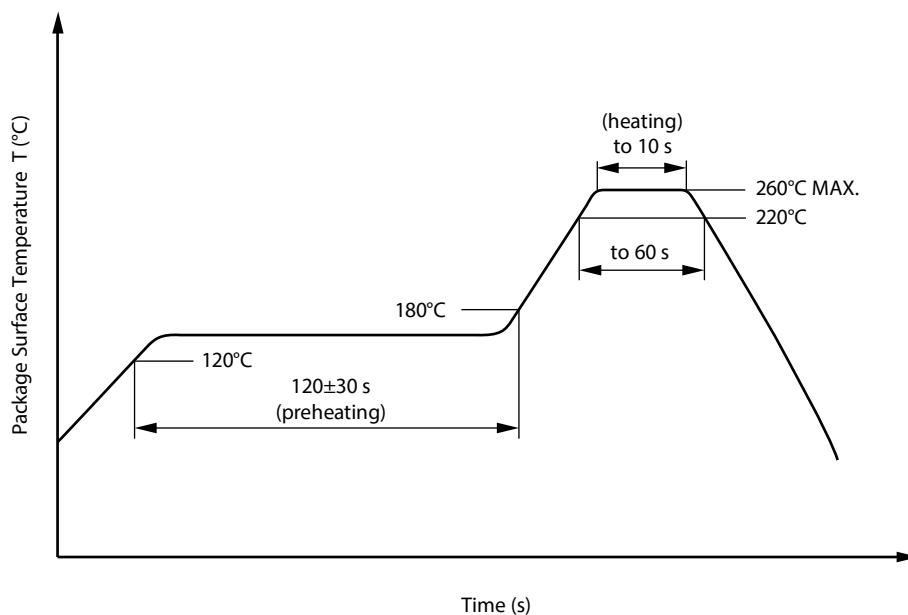
## NOTES ON HANDLING

### 1. Recommended soldering conditions

#### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

- Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less
- Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less
- Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s
- Number of reflows Three
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



#### (2) Wave soldering

- Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)
- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

#### (3) Soldering by Soldering Iron

- Peak Temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below
- Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine  
(The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C

#### (4) Cautions

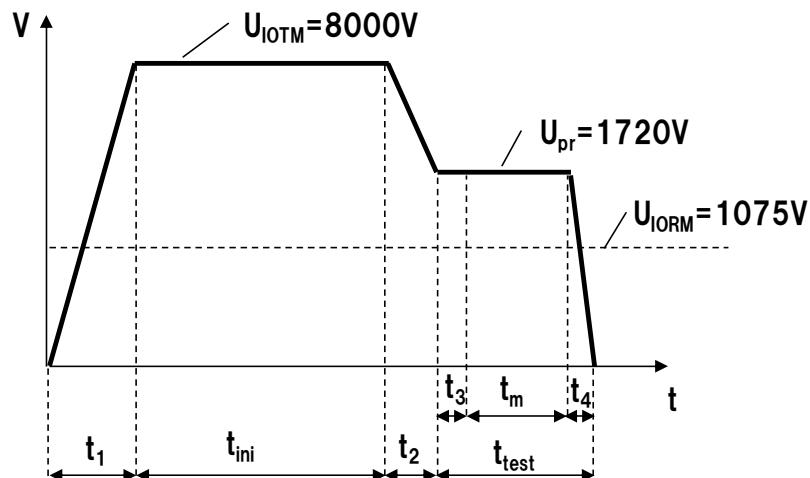
- Flux Cleaning Avoid cleaning with Freon based or halogen-based (chlorinated etc.) solvents.
- Do not use fixing agents or coatings containing halogen-based substances.

### 2. Cautions regarding noise

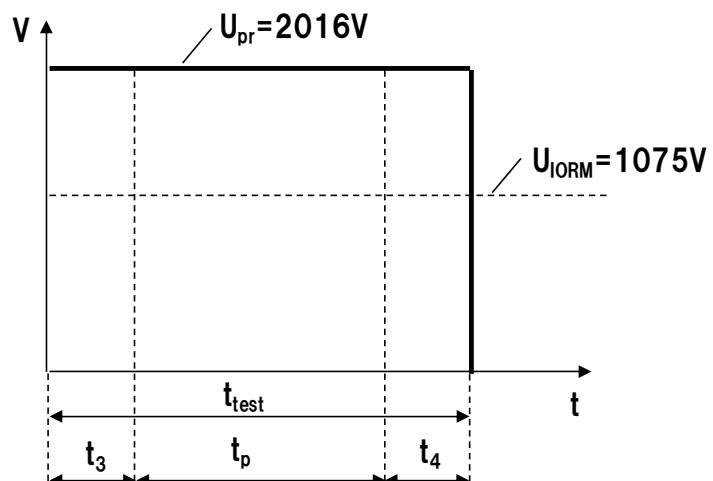
Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

## SPECIFICATION OF VDE MARKS LICENSE DOCUMENT

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Climatic test class (IEC 60068-1/DIN EN 60068-1)		40/125/21	
Dielectric strength maximum operating isolation voltage Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure a for type test and random test) $U_{pr} = 1.6 \times U_{IORM}$ , $P_d < 5 \text{ pC}$	$U_{IORM}$ $U_{pr}$	1 075 1 720	$V_{peak}$ $V_{peak}$
Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure b for all devices) $U_{pr} = 1.875 \times U_{IORM}$ , $P_d < 5 \text{ pC}$	$U_{pr}$	2 016	$V_{peak}$
Highest permissible overvoltage	$U_{IOTM}$	8 000	$V_{peak}$
Degree of pollution (IEC 60664-1/DIN EN 60664-1 (VDE 0110-1))		2	
Comparative tracking index (IEC 60112/DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303-11))	CTI	400	
Material group (IEC 60664-1/DIN EN 60664-1 (VDE 0110-1))		II	
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-55 ~ +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating temperature range	$T_A$	-40 ~ +125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Isolation resistance, minimum value $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc at } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc at } T_A \text{ MAX. at least } 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ris MIN. Ris MIN.	$10^{12}$ $10^{11}$	$\Omega$ $\Omega$
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible in case of fault, see thermal derating curve)			
Package temperature	$T_{si}$	175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Current (input current $I_F$ , $Psi = 0$ )	$I_{si}$	400	mA
Power (output or total power dissipation)	$Psi$	700	mW
Isolation resistance $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc at } T_A = T_{si}$	Ris MIN.	$10^9$	$\Omega$

**Method a) Destructive Test, Type and Sample Test**

$t_1, t_2 = 1 \text{ to } 10 \text{ sec}$   
 $t_3, t_4 = 1 \text{ sec}$   
 $t_m (\text{PARTIAL DISCHARGE}) = 10 \text{ sec}$   
 $t_{test} = 12 \text{ sec}$   
 $t_{ini} = 60 \text{ sec}$

**Method b) Non-destructive Test, 100% Production Test**

$$t_3, t_4 = 0.1 \text{ sec}$$

$$t_p \text{ (PARTIAL DISCHARGE)} = 1.0 \text{ sec}$$

$$t_{test} = 1.2 \text{ sec}$$

<b>Caution</b>	GaAs Products
<p>This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs). GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.</li><li>1. Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.</li><li>2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.</li><li>• Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.</li><li>• Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.</li></ul>	

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