Specifications are subject to change without notice (20.03.2020)

Photoelectrics Amplifier Type S142A..

	- mag	affer	
Product I	Descriptio	n	
	controlled one set of		

μ-processor controlled amplifier for one set of photoelectric through-beam sensors, type MOF.., MMF.. and MNF (see separate datasheets for MMFTR15 and MOFT20). Utilizes an 11-pin circular plug for easy connection.

8 A SPDT relay output, NPN / PNP transistor output or

alarm output. Diagnostics for sensor test during operation. Alignment help via LED or alternation of alarm output. Level indication for dirt accumulation. Manual or automatic emitter power regulation. Two emitter codes available for high neighbour immunity.

- Amplifier relay for photoelectric switches
- Automatic or manual emitter power regulation
- Self-diagnostic functions
- Alignment help
- Timer option, S142B..
- Rated operational voltage: 24 VAC/DC, 24 VAC, 115 VAC or 230 VAC
- Output 8 A/250 VAC SPDT relay and 100 mA NPN
- LED indication: Automatic gain, output, level, emitter or receiver fault

CARLO GAVAZZI

S142 A RNN 924

Ordering Key

Type ______ Special function ______ Output type ______ (R-Relay, N-NPN, P-PNP, T-Test) Power supply _____

Type Selection

Function	Ordering no.	Ordering no.	Ordering no.	Ordering no.
diameter	Supply: 24 VAC/DC	Supply: 24 VAC	Supply: 115 VAC	Supply: 230 VAC
NPN output & Test input NPN output & Alarm output PNP out., PNP alarm & Test	S142 A RNT 924 S142 A RNN 924 ¹⁾ S142 A PPT 924	S142 A RNT 024 S142 A RNN 024 ¹⁾	S142 A RNT 115 S142 A RNN 115 ¹⁾ S142 A PPT 115	S142 A RNT 230 S142 A RNN 230 ¹⁾ S142 A PPT 230

¹⁾ Amplifier replacement for S1421156xxx

Specifications

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Rated operational vo Pins 2 & 10	Itage (U _₿) 230 115 024 924	195 to 265 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz 98 to 132 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz 20.4 to 27.6 VAC, 45 to 65 Hz 20.4 to 27.6 VAC/DC Class 2	Output function Relay Transistor Alarm	Make or break on DIP-switch SPDT NPN / PNP, 100 mA, 10-40 VDC NPN / PNP, 100 mA,
Rated operational po AC supply	wer	3.3 VA		10-40 VDC Delay on alarm 10 sec
AC/DC supply		1.6 VA / 1.4 W	Test input (Mute)	NPN PNP
Delay on operate (t _v)		< 300 mS	Emitter enabled	$> 5.0 \text{ VDC} < V_{\text{CC}} - 3 \text{ VDC}$
Outputs			Emitter disabled Imax @ 40 VDC	$< 3.0 \text{ VDC} > V_{CC} - 5 \text{ VDC}$ 1 mA
Relay Rating (AgCd Resistive loads	AC1 DC1 or	μ (micro gap) 8 A / 250 VAC (2500 VA) 0.2 A / 250 VDC (50 W) 2 A 25 VDC (50 W)	Protection output transistor	Reverse polarity, short circuit and transients
Electrical life (typica		> 100.000 operations	Supply to sensors	
Transistor output da	,	·	Emitter	Pins 5 & 7
Output current	(I _e)	< 100 mA @ 10-40 VDC (max. load capacity 100 nF)	Supply voltage (open loop) Current	15 V square wave < 450 mA, short circuit
Voltage drop	(U _d)	< 2,5 VDC @ 100 mA	Output resistance Receiver Supply voltage (open loop) Short-circuit current Input resistance	protected 10 Ω Pins 6 & 8 5 VDC 10 mA 470 Ω

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Specifications

Emitter power Power	Settings on DIP switch no 4, 50 % or 100 % range
Sensitivity adjustment Manual Automatic /Auto LED ON)	240° Potentiometer Potentiometer settings fully counter clockwise
Max. sensing distance	Maximum range indicated on photoelectric switch data- sheets in 100 % settings
Rated insulation voltage (U _I)	250 VAC
Dielectric voltage	>2.0 KVAC (rms) (contacts / electronics)
Rated impulse withstand volt.	4 kV (1.2/50 µS) (contacts / electronics) (IEC 664)
Operating frequency (f) Light / Dark ratio Relay output Transistor output	1:1 20 HZ 20 HZ

Response time OFF-ON (t _{ON}) ON-OFF (t _{OFF})	20 mS 30 mS
Environment Overvoltage category Degree of protection Pollution degree	III (IEC 60664) IP 20 /IEC 60529, 60947-1) 3 (IEC 60664/60664A, 60947-1)
Temperature Operating Storage	-20° to +50°C (-4° to +122°F) -50° to +85°C (-58° to +185°F)
Housing material	NORYL SE1, light grey
Weight AC supply AC/DC supply	200 g 125 g
Approvals	UL508, UL325*, CSA
CE marking	EN12445, EN12453**, EN12978

Must be approved in the final door installation

* EN12453 (applies only when using Carlo Gavazzi MOF sensors with 2- and 5-degrees optical angle)

Specifications

Diagnostics

If a fault occurs on either the emitter or receiver the Alarm LED and output will turn ON.

Receiver fault

During normal operation the receiver is monitored for faults.

If the wires are short-circuited the "Code A, Yellow LED" flashes at a rate of 2 Hz.

If the wires are broken the "Code A, Yellow LED" flashes at a rate of 4 Hz.

Emitter fault

During normal operation the emitter is monitored for faults.

If the wires are short-circuited the "Code B, Green LED" flashes at a rate of 2 Hz.

If the wires are broken the "Code B, Green LED" flashes at a rate of 4 Hz.

Alignment

If the alignment DIP switch is set the Yellow Signal LED Flashes according to the signal quality.

Low frequency means weak signal.

Steady indication means maximum signal. On long distance it is not possible to get a steady signal but the alignment is optimal when the led flashes with the highest frequency.

On short distance the sensitivity can be reduced using the potentiometer and then get better readings in the alignment LED.

The ALARM output will follow the Signal LED in alignment mode, so a Sensor tester (optional) can be connected to serve as a remote indication during alignment of the sensors.

NB! In alignment mode the output is off.

Code A or B

When two sensor pairs are mounted close to each other

it is recommended to select one set to Code A and the other to Code B to minimize crosstalk.

Dirt reserve

For optimal detection excess gain settings can be selected using the Level Low/High DIP switch:

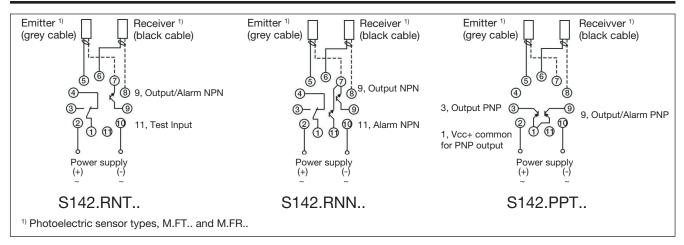
- High: Allows high dirt build-up.
- Low: Allows detection of semi-transparent objects.

Power settings

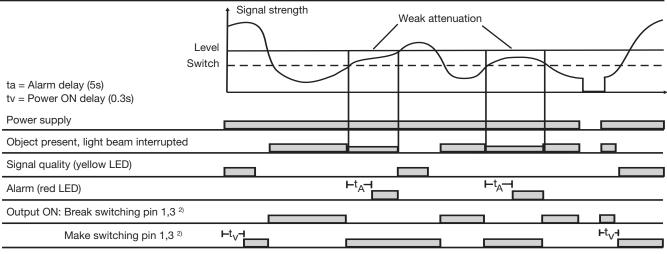
To avoid a too strong emitter the power can be reduced to 50% reducing the max distance to 25%

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Wiring Diagram



Operation Diagram



 $^{\mbox{\tiny 2)}}$ Switching function selected by DIP-switch, inverted function on pin 1, 4

Dimensions

