

Datasheet SDP3x-Analog

Differential Pressure Sensor with Analog Output

- Smallest size enables portable applications
- Reflow solderable Pick & Place
- Configurable analog output
- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- Excellent repeatability, no drift



Product Summary

The SDP3x sensor family is Sensirion's series of small differential pressure sensors designed for high-volume applications where size is a key requirement. It builds on the next generation CMOSens® sensor chip that is at the heart of Sensirion's new differential pressure and flow sensing platform.

The analog SDP3x sensors offer a calibrated and temperature compensated analog voltage output. The output signal is configurable: different measurement speeds, output curves and temperature compensations can be selected – even dynamically during operation mode.

Benefits of Sensirion's CMOSens® Technology

- High reliability and long-term stability
- Best signal to noise ratio
- Industry-proven technology with a track record of more than 15 years
- Designed for mass production
- High process capability

Content

1.	Sensor Performance	. 2				
2.	Specifications	. 3				
3.	Pin Assignment	. 4				
4.	Package Outline	. 6				
5.	Soldering	. 7				
6.	Shipping Package	. 8				
7.	Ordering Information	. 8				
Rev	Revision History					
Impo	Important Notices					
Hea	Headquarters and Subsidiaries9					



1. Sensor Performance

1.1 Differential Pressure Specification¹

Parameter	Configuration	SDP36	SDP37	
Measurement range ²	Linear	- 50 to 500 Pa (-0.2 to 2 inH ₂ O)	- 12.5 to 125 Pa (-0.05 to 0.5 inH ₂ O)	
	Square Root	- 500 to 500 Pa (- 2 to 2 inH₂O)	- 125 to 125 Pa (- 0.5 to 0.5 inH ₂ O)	
Zero point accuracy 3,4,5		0.1 Pa⁵	0.08 Pa ⁵	
Span accuracy 3,4,5		3% of reading ⁵	3% of reading ^₅	
Zero point repeatability 4,5		0.03 Pa ⁵	0.025 Pa⁵	
Span repeatability 4,5		0.5% of reading ⁵	0.5% of reading ⁵	
Span shift due to temperature variation		< 0.5% of reading per 10°C	< 0.5% of reading per 10°C	
Offset stability		< 0.01 Pa/year	< 0.01 Pa/year	
Deenense time (z.)	Slow	< 9 ms		
Response time (T ₆₃)	Fast	< 5	ms	
Internal digital resolution	Internal digital resolution 16 bit		bit	
Calibrated for	Calibrated for		, N ₂	
Media compatibility Air, N ₂ , O ₂ , non-condensing		on-condensing		
Calibrated temperature range		-40 °C t	o +85 °C	

¹ Unless otherwise noted, all sensor specifications are valid at 25°C with VDD = 3.3 V and absolute pressure = 966 mbar.

² For other pressure ranges contact Sensirion

³ Includes repeatability

⁴ Total accuracy/repeatability is a sum of zero-point and span accuracy/repeatability.

⁵ Output voltage integral non linearity and output voltage noise are not included and defined later in chapter 2.1. Note that the effect of output voltage integral non linearity and output voltage noise on accuracy is highly dependent on the output configuration (linear or square root).

2. Specifications

2.1 Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Comments	
Supply								
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		2.7	3.3	5.5	V		
Power-up/down level	V _{POR}		2.3	2.5	2.7	V		
Supply current	I _{DD}			3.8	5.5	mA		
Ratiometric analog voltage	ge output							
Output range			10%		90%	V _{DD}		
Resistive load to GND			10 ¹	100		kOhm		
Resistive load to VDD			1000			kOhm		
Capacitive load	Cload				100	nF		
Output voltage Integral Non Linearity (INL)					5	mV		
Output voltage noise (RMS)				0.5		mV		

2.2 Timing Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Comments
Power-up time	t _{PU}				25	ms	Time to first reliable measurement

2.3 Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Comments
Allowable overpressure ²	P _{max}			1		bar	
Rated burst pressure	P _{burst}		3			bar	
Weight	W				0.2	g	

2.4 Materials

Parameter	
Wetted materials	glass (silicon nitride, silicon oxide), LCP, green epoxy-based mold compound, epoxy-based resins
REACH, RoHS	REACH and RoHS compliant

2.5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Units
Supply Voltage V _{DD}	-0.3 to 5.5	V
Max Voltage on pins (Inputs)	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Input current on any pin	±70	mA
Operating temperature range ³	-40 to +85	0°
Storage temperature range ⁴	-40 to +85	0°
Max. humidity for long term exposure	40°C dew point	
ESD HBM (human body model)	2	kV

¹ For a resistive load to GND less than 100kOhm a 1nF capacitor to GND on the AOUT is recommended

² Allowable overpressure during operation. Refer to the SDP selection guide for pressure dependency of the measured signal. Fast absolute pressure changes on both ports can result in dynamic effects on the sensor signal. For higher overpressures or continuous high overpressures contact Sensirion. ³ For Air and N₂. Long term exposure to high temperatures and (high concentrations of) O₂ can reduce the product lifetime

⁴ For long term storage in Tape and Reel refer to the SDP3x handling instructions



3. Pin Assignment

The SDP3x consists of a QFN package with a plastic cap covering the top and providing the pneumatic connections to the sensor. Table 1 shows the pin assignments of the SDP3x-Analog sensor.

Pin no.	Name	Description
1	GND	Connect to ground
2	GND	Connect to ground
3	GND	Connect to ground
4	BWS	Bandwidth selection input
5	TCS	Temperature compensation selection input
6	GND	Connect to ground
7	VDD	VDD Supply
8	OCS	Output curve selection input
9	AOut	Ratiometric analog voltage output
10	GND	Connect to ground
11	GND	Connect to ground
12-16	-	Reserved. Do not connect

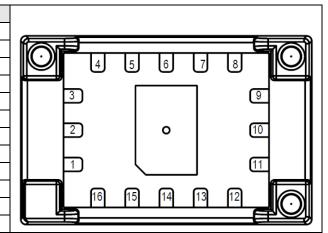


Table 1: SDP3x-Analog pin assignment (bottom view).

3.1 Power Pins (VDD, GND)

The power supply pins must be decoupled with a 100 nF capacitor that shall be placed as close to the sensor as possible.

3.2 OCS: Output Curve Selection Input

Config.	Polarity	Description		sion to physical values , VDD[V], Differential Pressure (DP) [Pa]
	Law	Analog output is configured as a linear output. The sensor is not fully bi- directional in this configuration: -10% full- scale to 100% full scale.		$DP = \frac{750 \cdot AOut}{VDD} - 150$
Linear	Low (GND)	(1 75% - 50% - -20% 20% 60% 100% DP (%FS)	SDP37 (125Pa)	$DP = \frac{190 \cdot AOut}{VDD} - 38$
Square	High	Analog output is a fully bi-directional output with square root conversion. The benefits are that the bidirectional output has a more stable zero point and higher sensitivity at lower pressures $\widehat{Q} = \frac{100.0\%}{2}$	SDP36	$DP = sign\left(\frac{AOut}{VDD} - 0.5\right) \cdot \left(\frac{AOut}{VDD \cdot 0.4} - 1.25\right)^2 \cdot 525$
Root	(VĎD)	-100% -50% 0% 50% 100% DP (%FS)	SDP37 (125Pa)	$DP = sign\left(\frac{AOut}{VDD} - 0.5\right) \cdot \left(\frac{AOut}{VDD \cdot 0.4} - 1.25\right)^2 \cdot 133$

3.3 TCS: Temperature Compensation Selection Input

Configuration	Polarity	Description
Temperature	Low (GND)	In this configuration temperature compensation is optimized for applications where
compensation for		mass flow measurements in bypass are performed
mass flow		
Temperature	High (VDD)	In this configuration the analog output signal is temperature compensated for
compensation for		differential pressure. This configuration is recommended for applications where real
differential pressure		differential pressure measurements are required.

For more information about temperature compensation for differential pressure sensors, for example volume flow measurements in bypass, refer to the selection guide in the differential pressure download center on our website.

3.4 BWS: Bandwidth Selection Input

Configuration	Polarity	Description
Fast	Low (GND)	In this configuration the chip will output the differential pressure value on the analog output with the highest possible bandwidth and lowest latency. This configuration is recommended to be used in use cases where small changes need to be detected as quickly as possible. The response time in this configuration is less than 5ms
Slow	High (VDD)	In this configuration extra averaging is in place in order to achieve an excellent signal to noise ratio. The response time in this configuration is less than 9ms

3.5 AOut Pin

The AOut pin gives out an analog ratiometric voltage, representing the measured differential pressure value. Please note the resistive and capacitive loads as mentioned in section 2.1.

Formulas for converting AOut [V] to differential pressure [Pa] can be found in section 3.2.

3.6 Die Pad (Center Pad)

The die pad or center pad is visible from below and located in the center of the package. It is internally connected to GND and therefore there are no electrical constraints on connecting or not connecting the die pad to GND. For mechanical stability it is recommended to solder the center pad to the PCB.

The hole in the middle of the die pad must stay open during and after soldering.



4. Package Outline

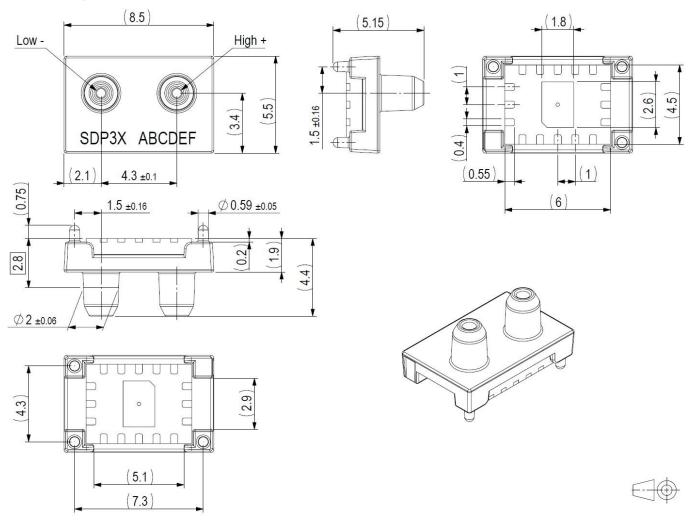
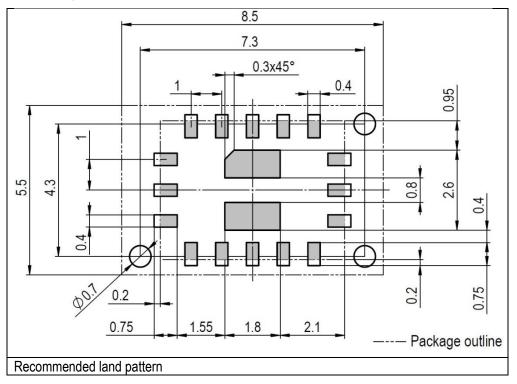


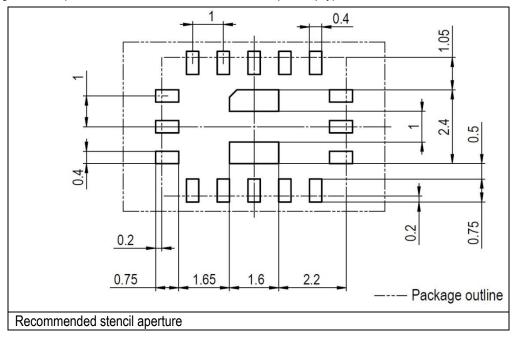
Figure 1: SDP3x. All dimensions in mm.



5. Soldering



The solder mask is understood to be the insulating layer on top of the PCB covering the copper traces. It is recommended to design the land pattern as a Non-Solder Mask Defined (NSMD) type.



The sensor must enter the reflow process only once and with a minimal temperature and exposure time. When both sides of the PCB are reflow soldered or multiple reflow runs are required, the sensor must be soldered in the last soldering run. In any case the temperature should not exceed 260°C; temperatures above 200°C should be limited in time to a maximum of 150 seconds.

Ensure that the ports of the sensor are well protected during assembly and soldering so that no dust, solder flux or other liquids can enter the flow channel. In no case, a board wash shall be applied. It is strongly recommended to use "no-clean" solder paste.

It is important to note that the diced edge or side faces of the I/O pads may oxidize over time, therefore a solder fillet may or may not form. Hence there is no guarantee for solder joint fillet heights of any kind.

Refer to the SDP3x handling instructions on our website for more details.



6. Shipping Package

SDP3x are provided in tape & reel shipment packaging. Standard packaging size is 1500 or 250 units per reel. The drawing of the packaging tapes with sensor orientation is shown in *Figure* 2.

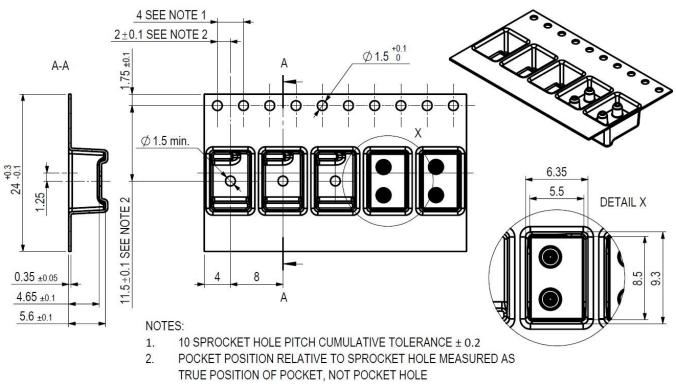


Figure 2: Packaging tape and sensor orientation. Header tape is to the right and trailer tape to the left on this drawing

7. Ordering Information

Use the part names and product numbers shown in the following table when ordering SDP3x differential pressure sensor. For the latest product information and local distributors, visit <u>www.sensirion.com</u>.

Part name	Description / Output	Product number	Packaging	Tape & Reel size
00026	DP36 Analog, 500Pa	1-101471-02	Tape & Reel (QFN Quad 2 configuration)	1500
3DP30		1-101571-02	Tape & Reel (QFN Quad 2 configuration)	250
20027	ODD27 Angles 195Da	1-101497-02	Tape & Reel (QFN Quad 2 configuration)	1500
SDP37	Analog, 125Pa	1-101572-02	Tape & Reel (QFN Quad 2 configuration)	250

Revision History

Date	Author	Version	Changes
14.12.2017	ANB		Released. Chip revision update. Product numbers updated. Voltage range extended. Operating temperature extended. TCS now available.