



FEATURES

- Flexibility Every unit offers linear position up to 400" (10m) providing flexibility to work across a wide range of aerial applications. This off-theshelf series offers a wide selection of industry standard output signals (4-20mA, 0-10Vdc, CANOpen and J1939 CANbus).
- Ease of use A compact design, a stainless-steel mounting bracket for multiple installation options and an easily-adjustable measuring cable orientation make this sensor easy to install and manage.
- Superior engineering TE provides engineering partnership to customize for specific applications. There is also an option to have two sensors elements in the same package with no additional space requirement. This provides fail-safe security for aerial applications.

APPLICATIONS

Accurate measurement in customized applications industrial and commercial transportation like:

- Fork lifts
- Telescopic arms
- Boom lifts
- Scissor lifts

SKJ

Cable Actuated Sensor J1939 CANBus Output Signal

The SKJ is an easily customizable linear position sensor for applications from mobile construction equipment to hydraulic lift tables and anything else in between. Available in both 250 and 400-inch stroke ranges, this model offers ease-of-use, compact design and user flexibility. Need to mount it upside down? Simply rotate its stainless mounting bracket to where you want it. Need the electrical connector to point in a different direction? Just rotate the rear cover to point the connector to the desired direction.

Our unique electronic circuitry and an extremely durable spring-loaded stainless steel measuring cable deliver an accurate reliable "absolute" position feedback signal over the entire stroke.

Linear Position to 400 inches (10 m) Compact Design • Simple To Install User Adjustable Measuring Cable orientation

Specifications

Stroke Range Options 250 inches (6.4 m), 400 inches (10.2 m)

Accuracy 0.35% FS.

Repeatability 0.05% FS.

Resolution 12-bit
Input Voltage 10-36 VDC
Input Current 100 mA, max.

Measuring Cable 0.031-inch dia. bare stainless steel

Maximum Cable

Velocity

5 g

Maximum Cable Acceleration

Measuring Cable Tension

23 oz. (6,4 N) ±40%

60 inches per second

Sensor plastic-hybrid precision potentiometer

Cycle Life ≥ 250,000

Electrical Connection M12 connector, mating plug included

Enclosure glass-filled polycarbonate

Environmental

IP67

Operating Temperature -40° to 185° F (-40° to 85° C)

CANopen Specifications

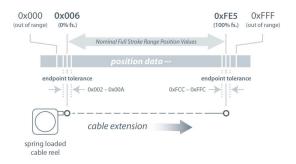
Communication ProfileCANbus SAE J1939ProtocolProprietary B

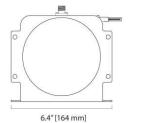
Node ID Adjustable via dipswitch (0-63), default set to 0

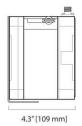
Baud Rate Options 125K (default), 250K, 500K

Data Rate 5ms (default), 20ms, 50ms, 100ms

Output Signal



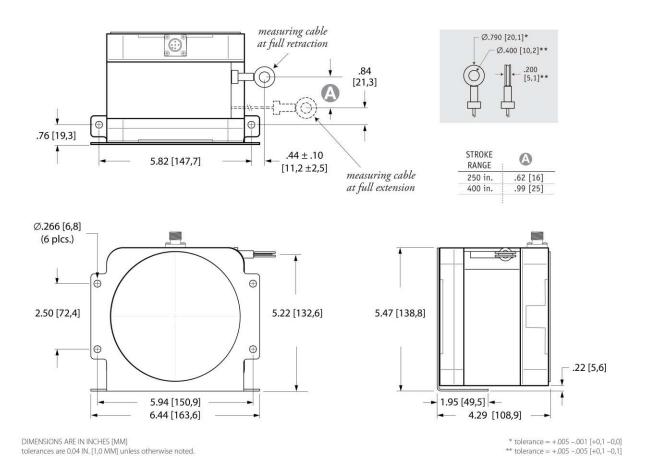




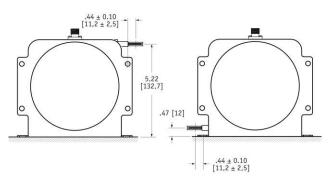
SENSOR SOLUTIONS /// SKJ

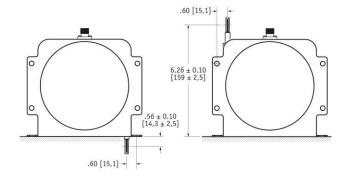
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Outline Drawing



Mounting Options

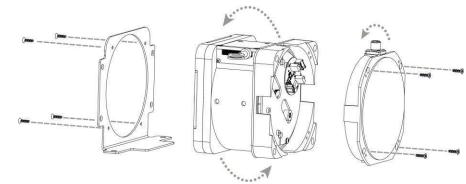




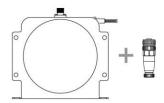
To change cable exit direction:

simply remove the 4 bracket mounting screws and rotate sensor body to desired direction.

To change electrical connector orientation: remove the 4 rear screws and carefully remove the rear cover and rotate cover.



Ordering Information

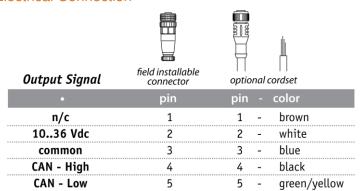


Part Number	full stroke range	accuracy	max. acceleration	measuring cable tension (± 40%)
SKJ-250-4	250 in (6.4 m)	.35%	5 g	23 oz. (6,4 N)
SKJ-400-4	400 in (10.2 m)	.35%	5 g	23 oz. (6,4N)

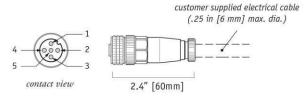
includes mounting bracket & mating connector.

Optional Cordsets	Part Number	length	wire size	connector
	9036810-0030	13 ft (4 m)	22 AWG (.34mm²)	straight 5-pin M12
	9036810-0031	13 ft (4 m)	22 AWG (.34mm²)	90° 5-pin M12

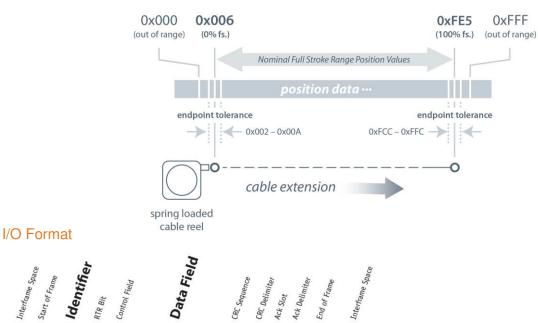
Electrical Connection



Field Installable Connector



Position Data Overview



1 bit 1 bit

7 bits

3 bits

Identifier

1 bit

29 bits

0-8 bytes

15 bits

_	Mess	age Pr	ority	Fut U:	ure se		J1939 Reference Proprietary B							Data Field Type*								Not	Used	Node ID**					
Example –	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Identifier Bit No. –	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Hex Value –			()			F		F			5			3					:	3		F						

^{*}Sensor field data can be factory set to customer specific value. **Customer defined, set via Dips 1-6. Bit values shown for example only, see Address Setting below.

Data Field



Current Measurement Count

The Current Measurement Count (CMC) is the output data that indicates the present position of the measuring cable. The CMC is a 12-bit value that occupies bytes $\mathbf{B_0}$ and $\mathbf{B_1}$ of the data field. $\mathbf{B_0}$ is the LSB (least significant byte) and $\mathbf{B_1}$ is the MSB (most significant byte).

The CMC starts at 0x006 with the measuring cable fully retracted and continues upward to the end of the stroke range stopping at 0xFE5. This holds true for all ranges.

Converting CMC to Linear Measurement

To convert the current measurment count to inches or millimeters, simply divide the count by 4061 (total counts over the range) and then multiply that value by the full stroke range:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{CMC - 6} \\ \hline 4063 \end{array}\right)$$
 X full stroke range

Sample Conversion:

If the full stroke range is **250 inches** and the current position is **0x4FF** (1279 Decimal) then,

$$\left(\frac{1279-6}{4061}\right)$$
 x 250 = 78.8 inches



Error Flags



RED and GREEN Indicator LEDS (controller board)

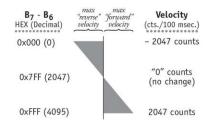
0x00 (GREEN - ON, RED - OFF) indicates the sensor is operating within normal calibrated limits.

Ox33, Ox55, OxAA, OxCC (RED or GREEN - FLASHING) indicates sensor is at or beyond it's calibrated measurment range. Should any of these conditions occur within calibrated range, return unit to factory for evaluation or service.



Velocity

Data in bytes ${\bf B_7}$ - ${\bf B_6}$ is the change in the CMC (current measurement count) over a 100 msec time period. This data can then be used to calculate velocity in a post processing operation.



Velocity Calculation

$$\left(\frac{\text{count change} - 2047}{\text{.1 sec. time period}}\right) X \left(\frac{\text{full stroke range}}{4063}\right)$$

Sample Calculations

Cable Extension (positive direction):

 $B_7...B_6 = 0x8D3$ (2259Dec), full stroke = 250 in.

$$\left(\frac{2259 - 2047}{.1 \text{ sec}}\right) X \left(\frac{250 \text{ in.}}{4063}\right) = 130.45 \text{ in.}/\text{sec}$$

Cable Retraction (negative direction):

 $B_7..B_6 = 0x7D0$ (2000Dec), full stroke = 250 in.

$$\left(\frac{2000 - 2047}{.1 \text{ sec}}\right) \chi \left(\frac{250 \text{ in.}}{4063}\right) = -28.92 \text{ in.} / \text{sec.}$$