

DATA SHEET

SKY12210-478LF: 0.9 to 4.0 GHz, 100 W High Power Silicon PIN Diode SPDT Switch

Applications

- Transmit/receive switching and failsafe switching in TD-SCDMA, WiMAX, and LTE base stations
- Transmit/receive switching in land mobile radios and military communication systems

Features

- High power handling: 100 W CW, 480 W peak
- Low insertion loss: 0.4 dB typical
- \bullet High antenna to receive isolation: 44 dB @ 2.6 GHz typical
- Controlled with positive power supply
- Bias driver circuit available on request
- Small, QFN (16-pin, 4 x 4 mm) Pb-free package (MSL1, 260 °C per JEDEC J-STD-020)



Skyworks GreenTM products are compliant with all applicable legislation and are halogen-free. For additional information, refer to *Skyworks Definition of Green*TM, document number SQ04-0074.

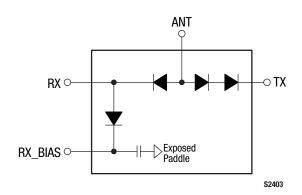


Figure 1. SKY12210-478LF Block Diagram

Description

The SKY12210-478LF is a high power handling, single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) silicon PIN diode switch. The device operates over the 900 MHz to 4 GHz band. It features low insertion loss, excellent power handling, and superb linearity with low DC power consumption.

The SKY12210-478LF is well-suited for use as a high power transmit/receive switch in a variety of telecommunication systems such as WiMAX, TD-SCDMA, or LTE base stations.

The device is provided in a 4 x 4 mm, 16-pin Quad Flat No-Lead (QFN) package. A functional block diagram is shown in Figure 1. The pin configuration and package are shown in Figure 2. Signal pin assignments and functional pin descriptions are provided in Table 1.

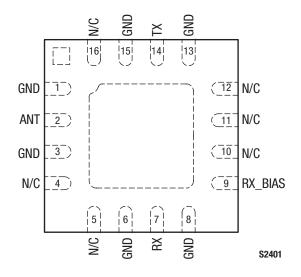


Figure 2. SKY12210-478LF Pinout – 16-Pin QFN (Top View)

Table 1. SKY12210-478LF Signal Descriptions

Pin	Name	Description	Pin	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.	9	RX_BIAS	RF ground port and DC bias input port
2	ANT	Antenna RF port and DC bias input port	10	N/C	No connection
3	GND	Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.	11	N/C	No connection
4	N/C	No connection		N/C	No connection
5	N/C	No connection		GND	Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.
6	GND	GND Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.		ТХ	Transmit RF input port and DC bias input port
7	RX	Receive output port and DC bias input port		GND	Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.
8	GND	Ground. Must be connected to ground using lowest possible impedance.	16	N/C	No connection

Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

The absolute maximum ratings of the SKY12210-478LF are provided in Table 2. Recommended operating conditions are specified in Table 3 and electrical specifications are provided in Table 4.

Typical performance characteristics of the SKY12210-478LF are illustrated in Figures 3 through 9.

The state of the SKY12210-478LF is determined by the logic provided in Table 6. Table 7 provides the logic for use with the SKY12210-478LF Evaluation Board.

Power derating data is plotted against temperature in Figures 10 and 11. Equivalent circuit diagrams for transmit and receive are shown in Figure 12.

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
RF CW input power, TX and ANT ports (Tsubstrate = 25 $^\circ\text{C}$)	Pin		120	W
RF peak input power, TX and ANT ports (TSUBSTRATE = 25 °C, RF burst width = 10 μ s, RF burst repition rate = 25 kHz)	Pin		480	W
RF CW input power, RX port (Tsubstrate = 25 °C)	Pin		60	W
RF peak input power, RX port (Tsubstrate = 25 °C, RF burst width = 10 μ s, RF burst repition rate = 25 kHz)	Pin		240	W
Control port reverse voltage	Vctl		200	V
Control port forward current	Ictl		200	mA
Operating temperature	Тор	-55	+175	°C
Storage temperature	Тята	-55	+200	٥°
Electrostatic discharge:	ESD			
Charged Device Model (CDM), Class 4 Human Body Model (HBM), Class 1C Machine Model (MM), Class B			1000 1500 200	V V V

Table 2. SKY12210-478LF Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Note 1: Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may reduce device reliability. There is no damage to device with only one parameter set at the limit and all other parameters set at or below their nominal value. Exceeding any of the limits listed here may result in permanent damage to the device.

CAUTION: Although this device is designed to be as robust as possible, electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage this device. This device must be protected at all times from ESD. Static charges may easily produce potentials of several kilovolts on the human body or equipment, which can discharge without detection. Industry-standard ESD precautions should be used at all times.

Table 3. Recommended Operating Conditions (Per ANT, TX, RX, and RX_BIAS Inputs)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Мах	Units
Control port reverse voltage	VCTL	5	28	100	V
Control port forward current	ICTL	50	100	100	mA

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Insertion loss, TX to ANT ports	ILtx-ant	$V_{PIN_22} = 2 V,$ $I_{PIN_14} = -100 \text{ mA},$ $I_{PIN_9} = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{PIN_7} = 28 V,$ TX port PIN @ pin 14 = 0 dBm:				
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz		0.52 0.33 0.38 0.48 0.47	0.70 0.70	dB dB dB dB dB
Insertion loss, ANT to RX ports	ILant-rx					
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz		0.56 0.26 0.29 0.34 0.36	0.50 0.50	dB dB dB dB dB dB
Isolation, TX to RX ports	ISO_TX-RX	$V_{PIN_22} = 1 V,$ $I_{PIN_14} = -100 \text{ mA},$ $I_{PIN_9} = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{PIN_7} = 28 V,$ TX port PIN @ pin 14 = 0 dBm:				
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz	40 31	34 37 39 50 34		dB dB dB dB dB dB
Isolation, ANT to TX ports	ISO_ANT-TX	$\label{eq:VPIN_2} \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{PIN}_1} = 1 \ \text{V}, \\ V_{\text{PIN}_1} 4 = 28 \ \text{V}, \\ I_{\text{PIN}_7} = -133 \ \text{mA}, \\ V_{\text{PIN}_9} = 28 \ \text{V}, \\ \text{ANT port } P_{\text{IN}} @ \ \text{pin } 2 = 0 \ \text{dBm}; \end{array}$				
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz	25 22	35 30 29 28 25		dB dB dB dB dB
Isolation, ANT to RX ports	ISO_ANT-RX	$V_{PIN_22} = 2 V, \\ I_{PIN_14} = -100 \text{ mA}, \\ I_{PIN_9} = -100 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{PIN_7} = 28 V, \\ ANT \text{ port } P_{IN} @ \text{ pin } 2 = 0 \text{ dBm}: \\ \end{cases}$				
		900 MHz 1.8 to 2.1 GHz 2.3 to 2.7 GHz 2.6 GHz 3.5 GHz	36 37 40 30	33 37 43 44 33		dB dB dB dB dB
Input return loss		1.8 to 3.5 GHz: RX insertion loss state, ANT port (@ pin 2)		25		dB
		TX insertion loss state, TX port (@ pin 14)		20		dB

Table 4. SKY12210-478LF Electrical Specifications (1 of 2) (Note 1) (Top = +25 °C, Characteristic Impedance [Zo] = 50 Ω , EVB Optimized for 2.6 GHz Operation, Unless Otherwise Noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Transmit 2 nd harmonic	2fo	TX insertion loss state, TX port PiN @ pin 14 = +30 dBm:				
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz		88 85 95 95 89		dBc dBc dBc dBc dBc dBc
Transmit 3 rd harmonic	3fo	TX insertion loss state, TX port P_{IN} @ pin 14 = +30 dBm:				
		900 MHz 1.80 GHz 2.01 GHz 2.60 GHz 3.50 GHz		-99 -97 -105 -97 -90		dBc dBc dBc dBc dBc dBc
Transmit 3 rd Order Input Intercept Point	IIP3	$V_{PIN}_2 = 2 V,$ $I_{PIN}_14 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $I_{PIN}_9 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{PIN}_7 = 28 V,$ TX port PIN @ pin 14 = +30 dBm/tone, tone spacing = 1 MHz: @ 2.6 GHz		+78		dBm
Transmit 0.1 dB Input Compression Point	IPO.1dB	$V_{PIN}_2 = 2 V,$ $I_{PIN}_14 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $I_{PIN}_9 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{PIN}_7 = 28 V:$				
Receive 0.1 dB Input Compression Point	IPO.1dB	@ 1.8 to 2.6 GHz VPIN_2 = 1 V, VPIN_14 = 28 V, IPIN_7 = -133 mA, VPIN_9 = 28 V: @ 1.8 to 2.6 GHz		+49 +46		dBm
Maximum transmit CW input power	Pin_cw	$V_{PIN}_2 = 2 V,$ $I_{PIN}_14 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $I_{PIN}_9 = -100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{PIN}_7 = 28 V:$ @ 0.9 to 3.5 GHz		100		w
Maximum receive CW input power	Pin_cw	$V_{PIN}_2 = 1 V,$ $V_{PIN}_14 = 28 V,$ $I_{PIN}_7 = -133 mA,$ $V_{PIN}_9 = 28 V:$ @ 0.9 to 3.5 GHz		40		w
Transmit RF switching time	tsw	10% to 90% RF on, repetition rate = 0.1 MHz, @ 2.60 GHz		157		ns
Thermal resistance (junction to case)	OJC			14		°C/W

Table 4. SKY12210-478LF Electrical Specifications (2 of 2) (Note 1)(Top = +25 °C, Characteristic Impedance [Zo] = 50 Ω , EVB Optimized for 2.6 GHz Operation, Unless Otherwise Noted)

Note 1: Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in this table.

Typical Performance Characteristics

(Top = +25 °C, Characteristic Impedance [Zo] = 50 Ω, EVB Optimized for 2.6 GHz Operation, Bias = 28 V/100 mA, Unless Otherwise Noted)

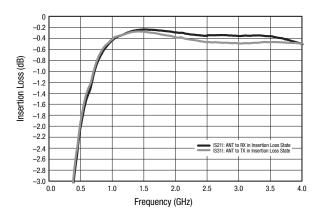


Figure 3. Insertion Loss vs Frequency

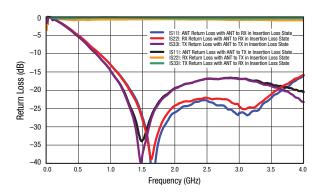


Figure 5. Return Loss vs Frequency

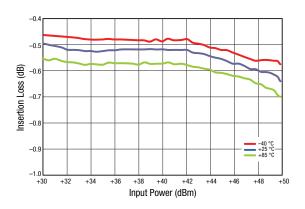


Figure 7. Insertion Loss vs CW Input Power (TX to ANT Port, f = 2300 MHz, 28 V, 100 mA, EVB Loss Included)

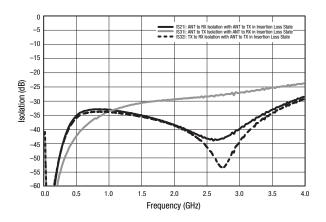


Figure 4. Isolation vs Frequency

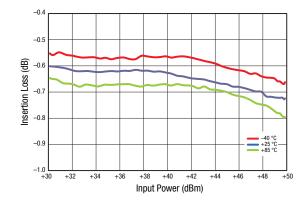


Figure 6. Insertion Loss vs CW Input Power (TX to ANT Port, f = 2600 MHz, 28 V, 100 mA, EVB Loss Included)

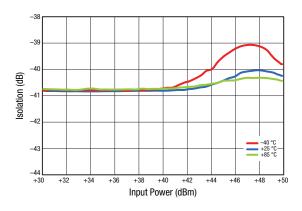


Figure 8. Isolation vs CW Input Power (ANT to RX Port, f = 2300 MHz, 28 V, 100 mA, EVB Loss Included)

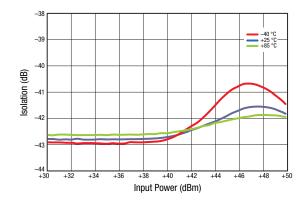


Figure 9. Isolation vs CW Input Power (ANT to RX Port, f = 2600 MHz, 28 V, 100 mA, EVB Loss Included)

Table 5. SKY12210-478LF Truth Table

	Ра	ith	Control Conditions				
Switch State	Antenna-to- Receiver Port (Pin 2 to Pin 7)	Transmitter-to- Antenna Port (Pin 14 to Pin 2)	Antenna Port Bias Input (Pin 2)	Nominal Receiver Output Port (Pin 7)	Nominal Transmitter Port Bias Input (Pin 14)	RX_BIAS Input (Pin 9)	
Receive (see Figure 12)	Low insertion loss	High isolation	1 V	–133 mA	28 V	28 V	
Transmit (see Figure 12)	High isolation	Low insertion loss	2 V	28 V	-100 mA	-100 mA	

Table 6. SKY12210-478LF Evaluation Board Truth Table

	Pa	th	Control Conditions				
Switch State	Antenna-to- Receiver Port	Transmitter-to- Antenna Port	Antenna Port Bias Input	Receiver Output Port	Transmitter Port Bias Input	RX_BIAS Input	
Receive (see Figure 12)	Low insertion loss	High isolation	5 V	0 V (ground)	28 V	28 V	
Transmit (see Figure 12)	High isolation	Low insertion loss	5 V	28 V	0 V (ground)	0 V (ground)	

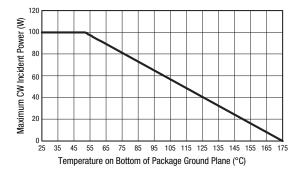


Figure 10. Transmit Power Derating, Maximum CW Incident Power (Frequency = 2.6 GHz) vs Ground Plane Temperature

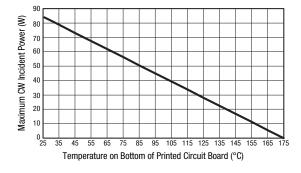


Figure 11. Transmit Power Derating, Maximum CW Incident Power (Frequency = 2.6 GHz) vs Printed Circuit Board Temperature

Evaluation Board Description

The SKY12210-478LF Evaluation Board is used to test the performance of the SKY12210-478LF PIN Diode SPDT switch. An assembly drawing for the Evaluation Board is shown in Figure 13. The layer detail physical characteristics are provided in Figure 14.

The SKY12210-478LF is designed to handle very large signals. Sufficient power may be dissipated by this switch to cause heating of the PIN diodes contained in the switch. It is very important to use a printed circuit board design that provides adequate cooling capability to keep the junction temperature of the PIN diodes below their maximum rated operating temperature.

As indicated in Figure 10, the x-axis temperature is referenced to the bottom of the QFN package. A printed circuit board with a very low thermal resistance and external heat sink design must be used to achieve the results shown in this Figure. The power derating curve with the x-axis temperature referenced to the bottom of the printed circuit board is provided in Figure 11.

The evaluation circuit is designed to facilitate control of the SKY12210-478LF transmit/receive switch with bias signals derived from positive voltages. The state of the PIN diodes within the SKY12210-478LF is controlled with 5 V applied to the ANT port and bias voltages of either 28 V or 0 V applied to the

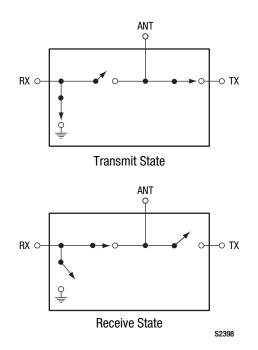


Figure 12. SKY12210-478LF Equivalent Circuit Diagrams

remaining bias inputs (RX and TX ports). The switch state circuit diagrams are shown in Figure 12.

The value of resistor R1, 31 Ω , is selected to provide 100 mA of forward current through the "on" series diode with 5 V applied to the ANT port bias pin. The R2 resistance value of 262 Ω is selected to produce approximately 100 mA of forward bias current in the RX shunt diode with a source voltage of 28 V.

The magnitudes of the voltages applied to the TX and RX ports determine which of the RX or TX series diodes is biased into forward conduction. For example, to place the SKY12210-478LF into the transmit state, 0 V is applied to the TX port (which forward biases the diode between pins 2 and 14), 28 V is applied to the RX port (which reverse biases the diode between pins 2 and 7), and 0 V is applied to the RX_BIAS port (which applies a forward bias through R2 to the diode connected between pins 7 and 9).

The component values shown in the Evaluation Board circuit diagram (Figure 15) were selected to optimize performance in the 2.0 to 3.5 GHz band.

Refer to Table 7 for the Evaluation Board Bill of Materials. Table 8 provides voltage, current, and resistor values for bias adjustments.

Package Dimensions

The PCB layout footprint for the SKY12210-478LF is shown in Figure 16. Typical case markings are noted in Figure 17. Package dimensions for the 16-pin QFN are shown in Figure 18, and tape and reel dimensions are provided in Figure 19.

Package and Handling Information

Instructions on the shipping container label regarding exposure to moisture after the container seal is broken must be followed. Otherwise, problems related to moisture absorption may occur

when the part is subjected to high temperature during solder assembly.

The SKY12210-478LF is rated to Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (MSL1) at 260 °C. It can be used for lead or lead-free soldering. For additional information, refer to the Skyworks Application Note, *Solder Reflow Information*, document number 200164.

Care must be taken when attaching this product, whether it is done manually or in a production solder reflow environment. Production quantities of this product are shipped in a standard tape and reel format.

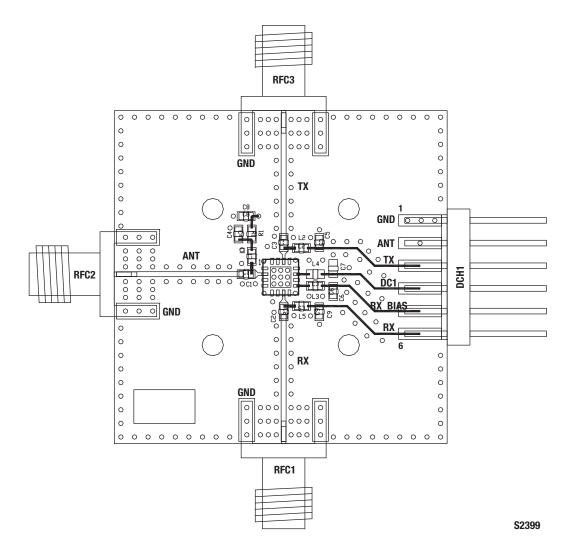
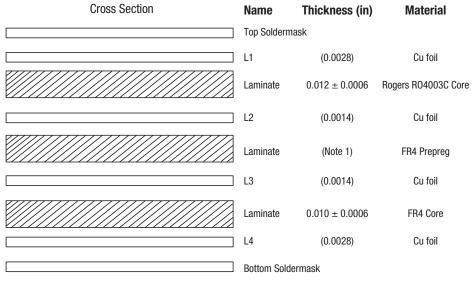


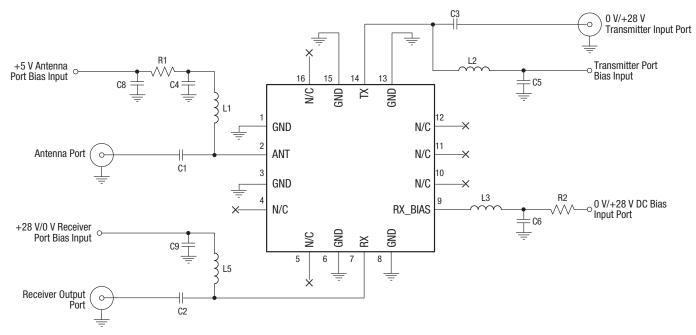
Figure 13. SKY12210-478LF Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram



Note 1: Adjust this thickness to meet total thickness goal of 0.062 ± 0.005 inches.

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Figure 14. Layer Detail Physical Characteristics



NOTE: The N/C pins (4, 5, 10, 11, 12, and 16) are not internally connected, so they can be left open or grounded.

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Table 7. Evaluation Board Bill of Materials (Note 1)

Component	Value	Size	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number	Characteristics
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C9	1000 pF	0603	TDK	C1608C0G1H102JT	COG, 50 V, ±5%
C8	1 μF	0603	TDK	C2012X7R1H104K	X7R, 50 V, ±10%
L1, L2, L5	22 nH	0603	Taiyo-Yuden	HK160822NJ-T	SRF, 1600 MHz, ±5%
L3	560 nH	0603	Coil Craft	0603LS-561XJLB	SRF, 525 MHz, ±5%
R1 (Note 2)	62 Ω	0603	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ620V	0.2 W, ±5%
R2 (Note 3)	262 Ω	-	-	-	Axial leaded (off board)

Figure 15. Evaluation Board Schematic

Note 1: Component values selected are based on the desired frequency and bias level. Values may be adjusted for a specific response.

Note 2: Two 62 Ω resistors are combined in parallel to achieve a minimum power handling requirement and 31 Ω resistance.

Note 3: Evaluation Board does not include resistor R2. Operating at 28 V and 100 mA requires resistor R2 with a power dissipation greater than 2.7 W.

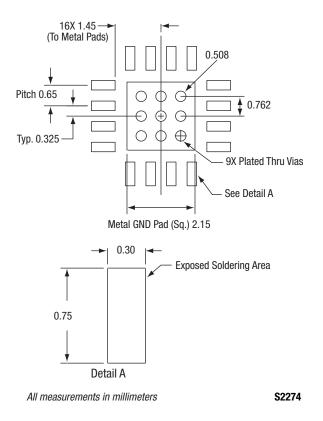
Table 8. Component Calculation Values

Vs (V)	Vdiode (V)	Vres (V)	Current (A)	Resistance (Ω)	Power Dissipation (W)
28	1	27	0.10	262	2.7
5	2	3	0.10	30	0.3

Notes: Vs = supply voltage; VDIODE = voltage drop across the diode; VRES = voltage drop across the resistor.

R1 and R2 values are calculated by (Vs – VDIODE)/I, where I is the desired bias current.

The power dissipation in R1 or R2 is calculated by I x (Vs - VDIODE). The resistor selected must be safely rated with a power greater than the dissipated power.





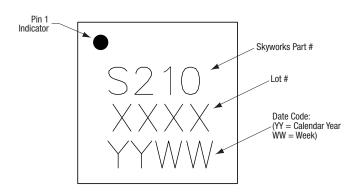
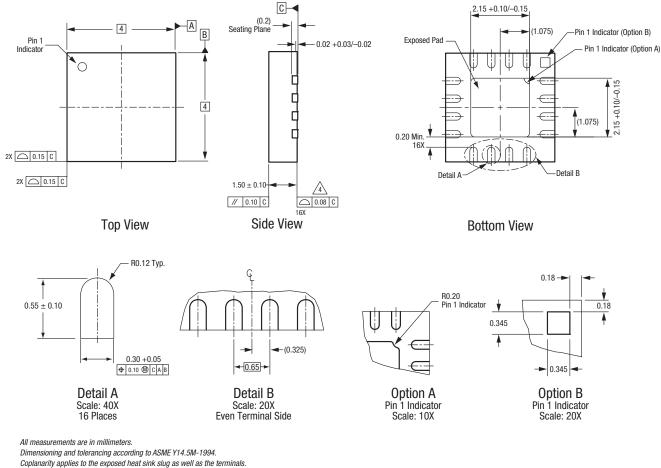


Figure 17. Typical Case Markings

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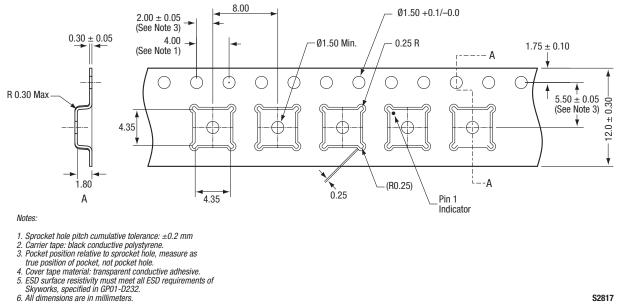


Package may have option A or option B pin 1 indicator.

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Figure 18. SKY12210-478LF 16-Pin QFN Package Dimensions

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Figure 19. SKY12210-478LF Tape and Reel Dimensions