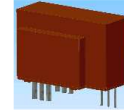


K-No.: 24578
25 A Current Sensor

For the electronic measurement of currents:
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic
isolation between the primary circuit
(high power) and the secondary circuit
(electronic circuit)


Date: 17.08.2015
Customer: Standard type
Customers Part no.:
Page 1 of 5
Description

- Closed loop (compensation)
Current Sensor with magnetic field probe
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Casing and materials UL-listed

Characteristics

- Excellent accuracy
- Very low offset current
- Very low temperature dependency and offset current drift
- Very low hysteresis of offset current
- Low response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- Compact design
- Reduced offset ripple

Applications

Mainly used for stationary operation in industrial applications:

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power Supplies for welding applications
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies (UPS)

Electrical data – Ratings

I_{PN}	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	25	A
R_M	Measuring resistance $V_C = \pm 12V$	10 ... 200	Ω
	$V_C = \pm 15V$	22 ... 400	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	25	mA
K_N	Turns ratio	1...3 : 1000	

Accuracy – Dynamic performance data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{P,max}$	Max. measuring range				
	@ $V_C = \pm 12V, R_M = 10 \Omega$ ($t_{max} = 10sec$)	± 120			A
	@ $V_C = \pm 15V, R_M = 22 \Omega$ ($t_{max} = 10sec$)	± 130			A
X	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}, \theta_A = 25^\circ C$		0.1	0.5	%
ϵ_L	Linearity			0.1	%
I_0	Offset current @ $I_P = 0A, \theta_A = 25^\circ C$		0.02	0.1	mA
t_r	Response time		500		ns
t_{ra}	Reaction time at $di/dt = 100 A/\mu s$		200		ns
f_{BW}	Frequency bandwidth	DC...200			kHz

General data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
ϑ_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40		+85	$^\circ C$
ϑ_S	Ambient storage temperature	-40		+90	$^\circ C$
m	Mass		12		g
V_C	Supply voltage	± 11.4	± 12 or ± 15	± 15.75	V
I_C	Current consumption		18,5		mA
* S_{clear}	clearance (component without solder pad)	10.2			mm
* S_{creep}	creepage (component without solder pad)	10.2			mm
* U_{sys}	System voltage			600	V_{RMS}
* U_{AC}	Working voltage			1020	V_{RMS}
* U_{PD}	Rated discharge voltage			1400	V_S
	Max. potential difference acc. to UL 508			600	V_{AC}

*Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800-5-1:2007 (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 9)

Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2, overvoltage category 3

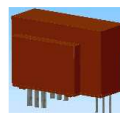
Date	Name	Issue	Amendment
17.08.15	DJ	82	Marking of item-no, value of primary resistance in page 2 (possibilities of wiring).changed. CN-15-420
17.04.13	KRe.	82	Mechanical outline: marking with UL-sign. and max. potential difference added. CN-658

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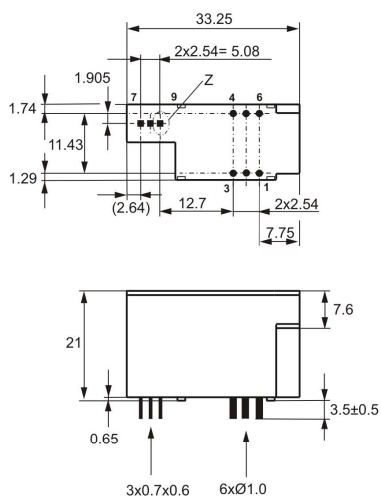
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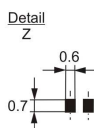
Page 2 of 5

Mechanical outline (mm):

General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c



Tolerances of grid distance
±0,2mm



Marking

Connections:

- 1...6: Ø 1.0 mm
- 7...9: 0.6x0.7 mm

Marking:

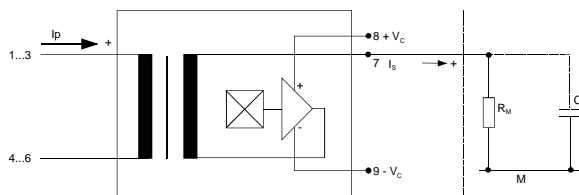
4646-X400
F DC

Explanation:

DC = Date Code
F = Factory

Current direction: A positive output current appears at point I_S, by primary current in direction of the arrow.

Schematic diagram



Possibilities of wiring for V_C = ±15V (@ θ_A = 85°C, R_M = 22 Ω)

primary windings N _P	primary current RMS I _P [A]	primary current maximal I _{P,max} [A]	output current RMS I _S (I _P) [mA]	turns ratio K _N	primary resistance R _P [mΩ]	wiring
1	25	130	25	1:1000	0.3	
2	10	65	20	2:1000	1.35	
3	8	43	24	3:1000	2.4	

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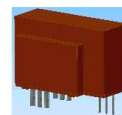
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Electrical Data (investigate by a type checking)

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{Ctot}	Maximum supply voltage (without function) $\pm 15.75 \dots \pm 18 \text{ V}$: for 1s per hour			± 18	V
R_s	Secondary coil resistance @ $\theta_A=85^\circ\text{C}$			88	Ω
R_p	Primary coil resistance per turn @ $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			1	m Ω
X_{TI}	Temperature drift of X @ $\vartheta_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ\text{C}$			0.1	%
I_{0ges}	Offset current (including I_0 , I_{0t} , I_{0T})			0.15	mA
I_{0t}	Long term drift Offset current I_0		0.05		mA
I_{0T}	Offset current temperature drift I_0 @ $\vartheta_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.05		mA
I_{0H}	Hysteresis current @ $I_P=0$ (caused by primary current $3 \times I_{PN}$)		0.04	0.1	mA
$\Delta I_0/\Delta V_C$	Supply voltage rejection ratio			0.01	mA/V
i_{oss}	Offset ripple (with 1 MHz- filter first order)			0.15	mA
i_{oss}	Offset ripple (with 100 kHz- filter first order)		0.03	0.05	mA
i_{oss}	Offset ripple (with 20 kHz- filter first order)		0.007	0.015	mA
C_k	Maximum possible coupling capacity (primary – secondary)		4		pF
	Mechanical Stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Oktave, 2 hours			10g	

Inspection (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature)

$K_N(N_1/N_2)$	(V)	M3011/6	Transformation ratio ($I_P=3 \times 10A$, 40-80 Hz)	1...3 : 1000 \pm 0.5 %
I_0	(V)	M3226	Offset current	< 0.1 mA
$V_{P,eff}$	(V)	M3014	Test voltage, rms, 1s Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 9	2.5 kV
V_e	(AQL 1/S4)		Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)	1300 V 1625 V

Type Testing (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 – 9)

Designed according standard EN 61800-5-1:2007 with insulation material group 1

V_W	HV transient test according (to M3064) (1.2 μs / 50 μs -wave form)			8 kV
V_d	Testing voltage acc. M3014 (RMS)		(5 s)	5 kV
V_e	Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)			1500 V 1875 V

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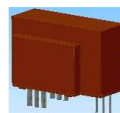
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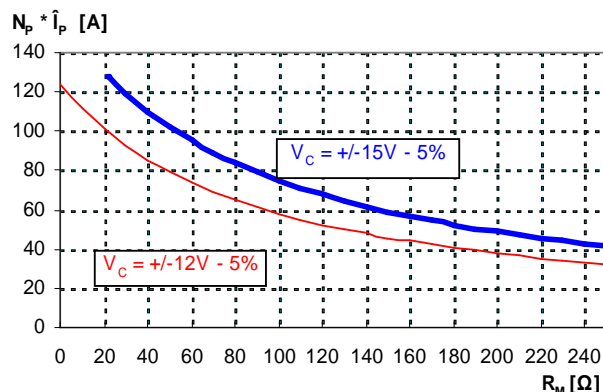
Customer: Standard type

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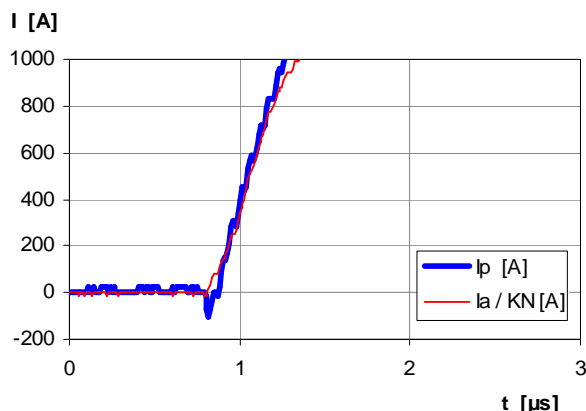
Limit curve of measurable current $\hat{I}_P(R_M)$

@ ambient temperature $T_A \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$



Maximum measuring range (μs -range)

Output current behaviour of a 3kA current pulse
@ $V_C = \pm 15V$ und $R_M = 25\Omega$



Fast increasing currents (higher than the specified $I_{p,max}$), e.g. in case of a short circuit, can be transmitted because the currents are transformed directly.

The offset ripple can be reduced by an external low pass. Simplest solution is a passive low pass filter of 1st order with

$$f_g = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_M \cdot C_a}$$

In this case is the response time enlarged.
It is calculated from:

$$t'_r \leq t_r + 2.5R_M \cdot C_a$$

Applicable documents

Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800.
Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100°C.
Further standards UL 508 ; file E317483, category NMTR2 / NMTR8

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