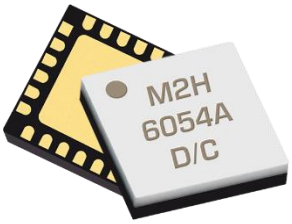
GaAs MMIC Triple Balanced Mixer

MM2-0530HSM

The MM2-0530HSM is a passive MMIC triple balanced mixer. It features a broadband IF port that spans from 2 to 20 GHz, and has excellent spurious suppression. GaAs MMIC technology improves upon the previous generation of hand assembled, hybrid M2 triple balanced mixers with improved isolations, unit-to-unit repeatability and reliability. The MM2-0530HSM is 4x4 mm QFN packaged. Evaluation boards are available. For a list of recommended LO driver amps for all mixers and IQ mixers, see here.



QFN

Features

- Broadband IF Port
- Typical Input 1 dB Compression of +15 dBm
- High Input IP3 of +21 dBm
- Excellent LO to RF Isolation
- Unit-to-Unit Repeatability
- RoHS Compliant

Electrical Specifications - Specifications guaranteed from -55 to +100°C, measured in a 50Ω system.
Specifications are shown for Configurations A (B). See page 2 for port locations.

Parameter	LO (GHz)	RF (GHz)	IF (GHz)	Min	Typ	Max	LO drive level (dBm)
Conversion Loss (dB) [1]	5-30	5-30	2-20		8 (9)		+20
Isolation (dB) LO-RF LO-IF RF-IF					See Plots		Config. A: + 16 to + 22 Config. B: + 16 to + 22
Input 1 dB Compression (dBm)					14 19		
Input Two-Tone Third Order Intercept Point (dBm)[2]					+ 21 + 28		

[1]Measured Conversion Loss measured at 3 GHz fixed IF

[2]IP3 depends on LO drive conditions, see plots for more details

Part Number Options

Model Number	Description
MM2-0530HSM-2 [1]	Surface Mount, IF Port Configuration -2
EVAL-MM2-0530H	Connectorized Evaluation Fixture

[1]Note: For port locations and I/O designations, refer to the drawings on page 2 of this document.

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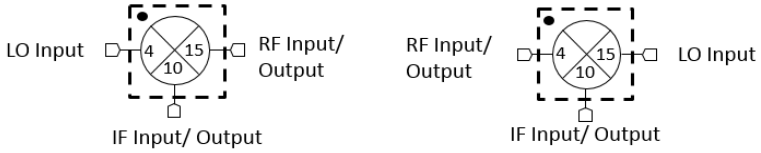
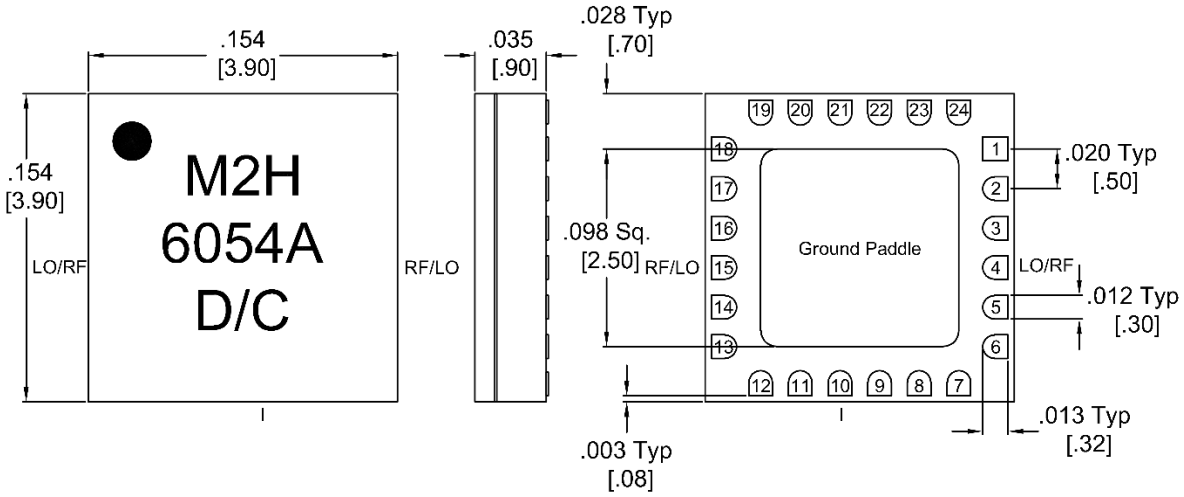


Configuration A **Configuration B**

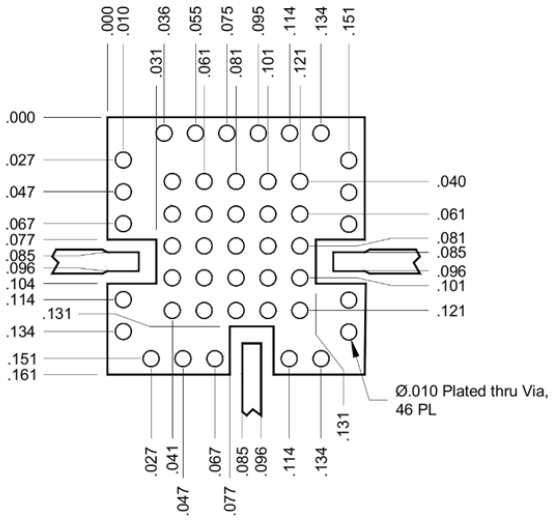
1. Configuration A/B refer to the same part number (MM2-0530HSM) used in one of two different ways for optimal spurious performance. For the lowest conversion loss, use the mixer in Configuration A (pin 4 as the LO input, pin 15 as the RF input or output). If you need to use a lower LO drive, use the mixer in Configuration B (pin 4 as the RF input or output, pin 15 as the LO input). For optimal spurious suppression, experimentation or simulation is required to choose between Configuration A and B. For more information, see here.



Pad #	Config A	Config B
1	N/C	N/C
2	N/C	N/C
3	N/C	N/C
4	LO	RF
5	N/C	N/C
6	N/C	N/C
7	N/C	N/C
8	N/C	N/C
9	N/C	N/C
10	IF	IF
11	N/C	N/C
12	N/C	N/C
13	N/C	N/C
14	N/C	N/C
15	RF	LO
16	N/C	N/C
17	N/C	N/C
18	N/C	N/C
19	N/C	N/C
20	N/C	N/C
21	N/C	N/C
22	N/C	N/C
23	N/C	N/C
24	N/C	N/C

Outline Drawing – 4mm QFN package

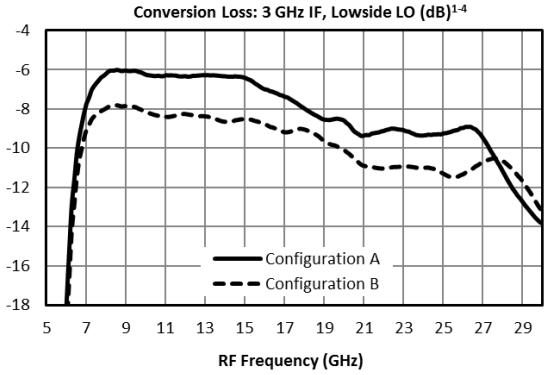
1. Substrate material is Ceramic.
2. I/O leads and Die Paddle are: Ni: 8.89um MAX 1.27um MIN. Pd : 0.17um MAX 0.07um MIN. Au : 0.254um MAX 0.03um MIN
3. All unconnected pads should be connected to PCB RF ground



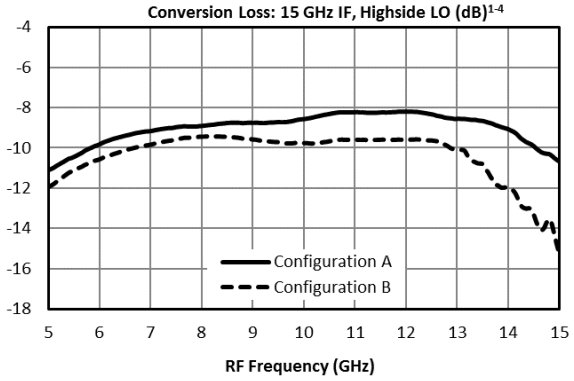
QFN-Package Surface-Mount Landing Pattern
Click here for a DXF of the above layout.
Click here for leaded solder reflow. Click here for lead-free solder reflow.

Typical Performance

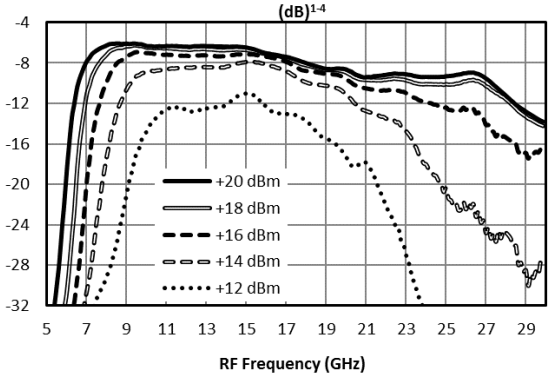
Conversion Loss: 3 GHz IF, Lowside LO (dB)[1-4]



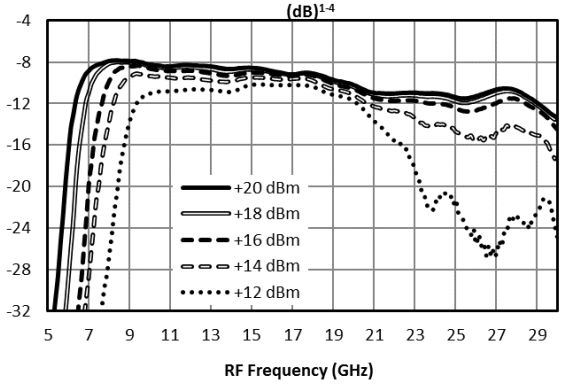
Conversion Loss: 15 GHz IF, Highside LO (dB)[1-4]



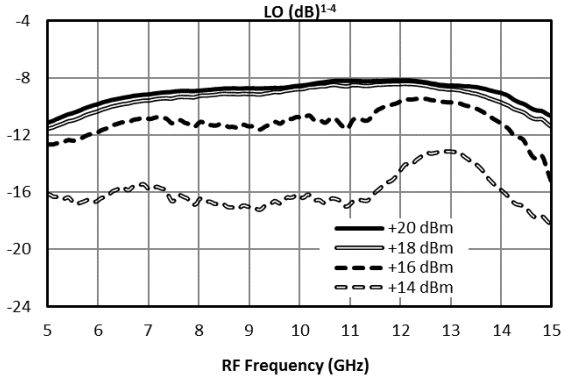
Configuration A Conversion Loss vs. LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Lowside LO (dB)[1-4]



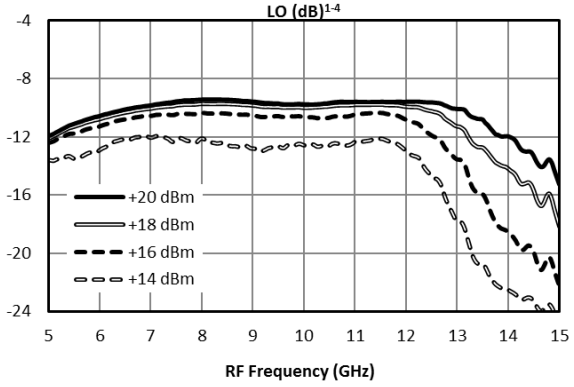
Configuration B Conversion Loss vs. LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Lowside LO (dB)[1-4]



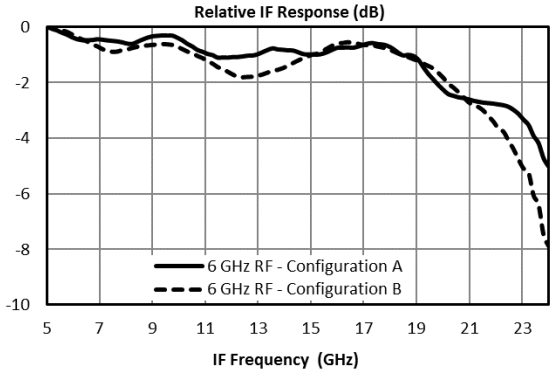
Configuration A Conversion Loss vs. LO Power: 15 GHz IF, Highside LO (dB)[1-4]



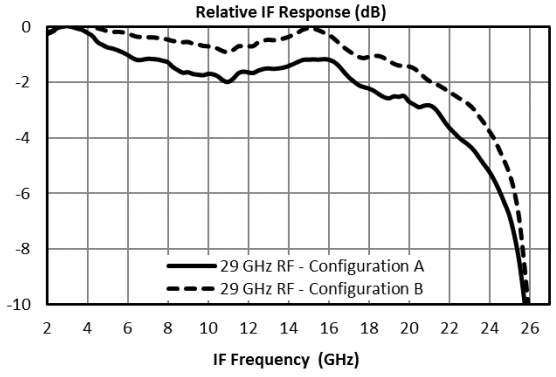
Configuration B Conversion Loss vs. LO Power: 15 GHz IF, Highside LO (dB)[1-4]



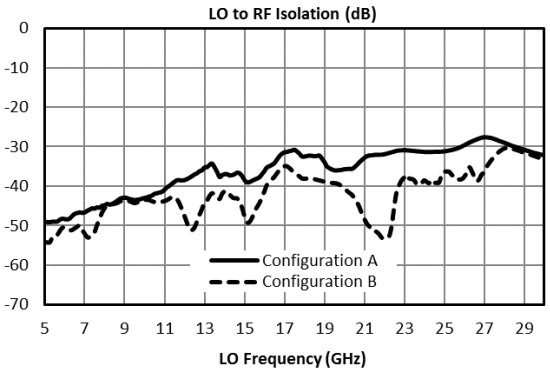
Relative IF Response (dB)

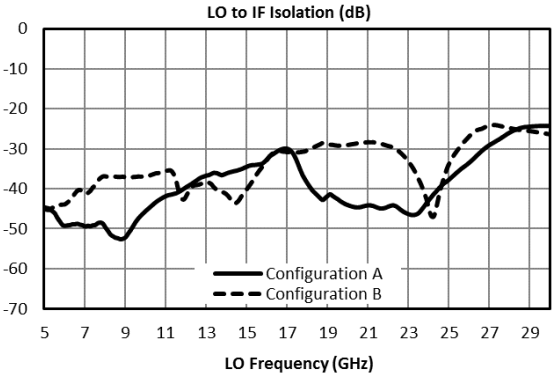


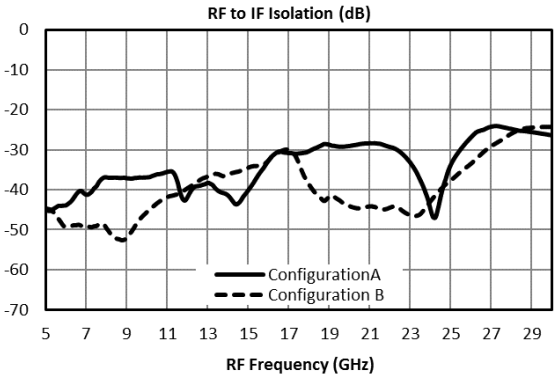
Relative IF Response (dB)

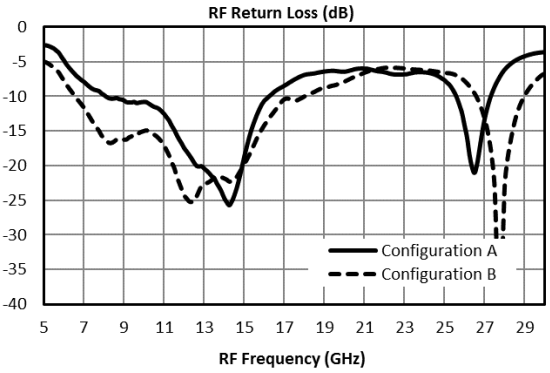


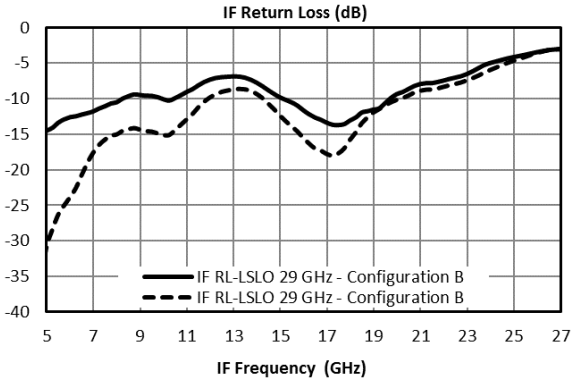
Typical Performance

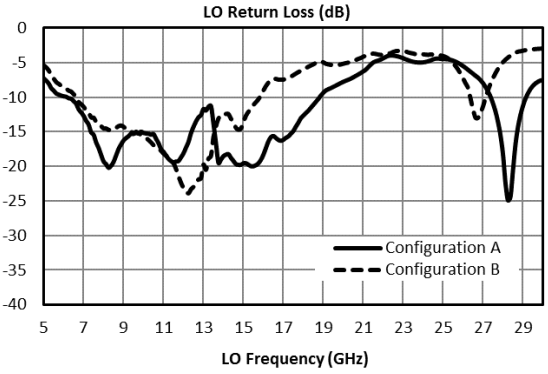






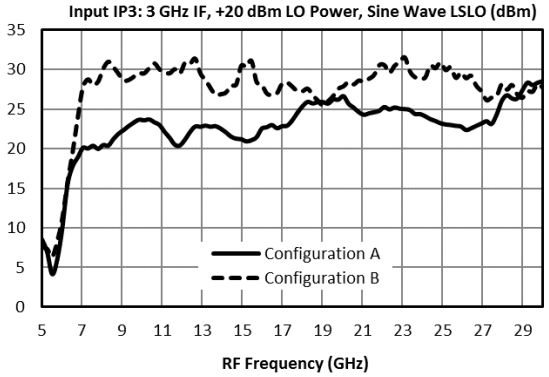




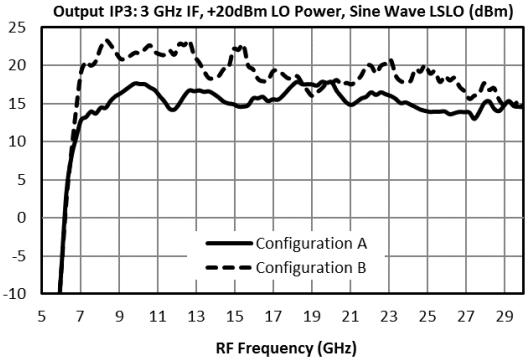


Typical Performance

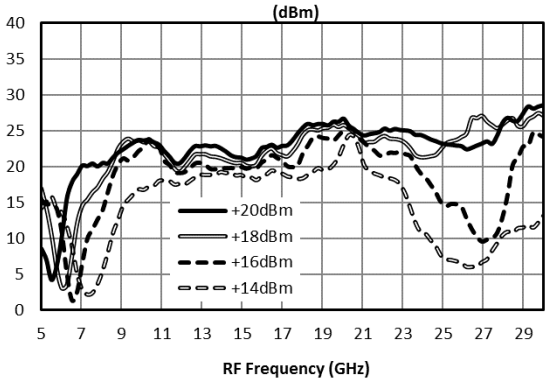
Input IP3: 3 GHz IF, +20 dBm LO Power, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



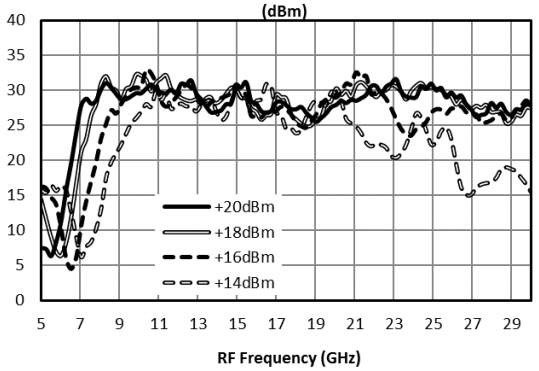
Output IP3: 3 GHz IF, +20dBm LO Power, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



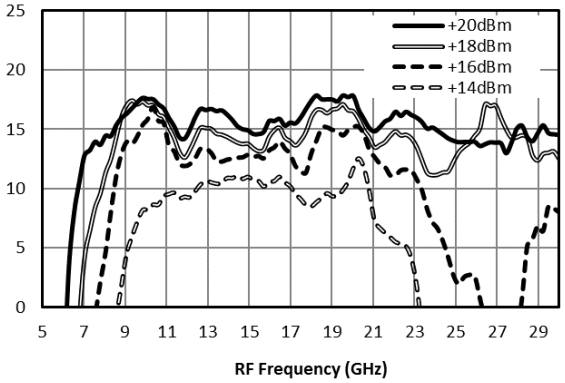
Configuration A Input IP3 vs LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



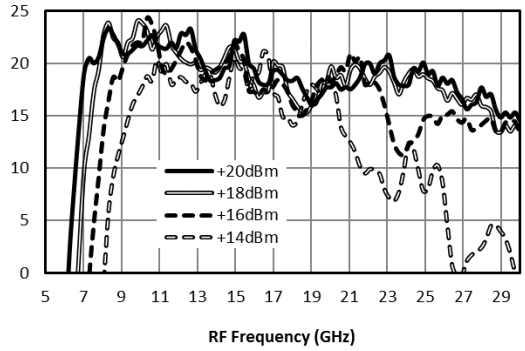
Configuration B Input IP3 vs LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



Configuration A Output IP3 vs LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



Configuration B Output IP3 vs LO Power: 3 GHz IF, Sine Wave LSLO (dBm)



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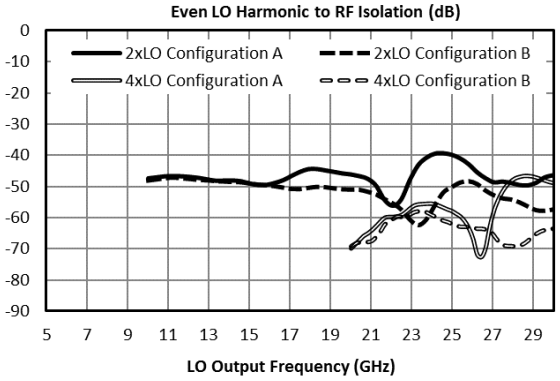

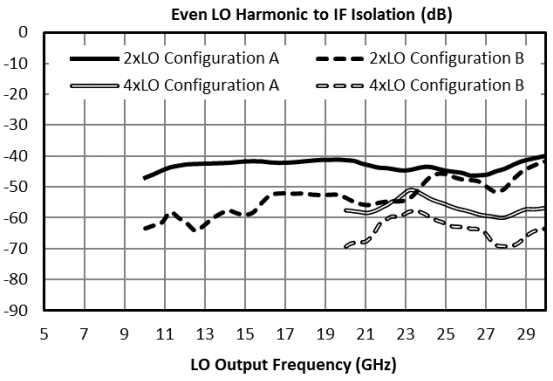

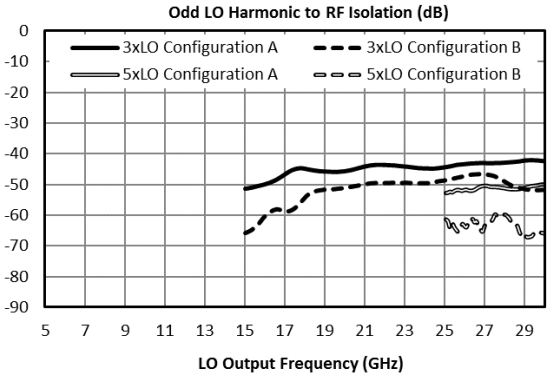

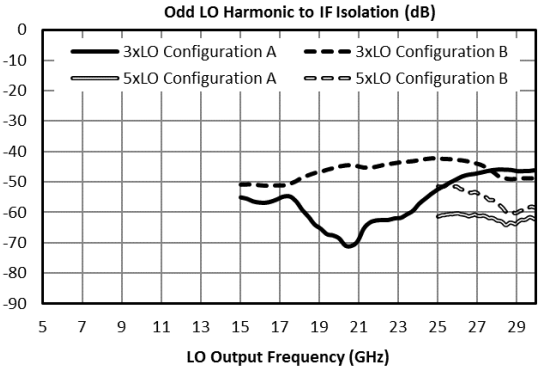

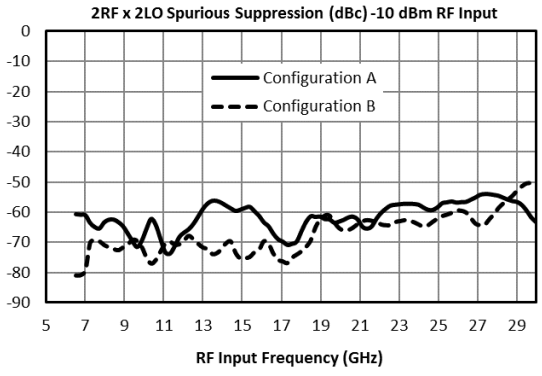

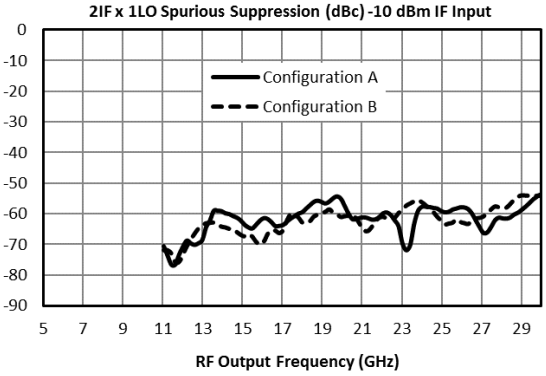

Downconversion Spurious Suppression

Spurious data is taken by selecting RF and LO frequencies (±mLO±nRF) within the 5 to 30 GHz RF/LO bands, which create a 3 GHz IF spurious output. The mixer is swept across the full spurious band and the mean is calculated. The numbers shown in the table below are for a -10 dBm RF input. Spurious suppression is scaled for different RF power levels by (n-1), where "n" is the RF spur order. For example, the 2RFx2LO spur is 62 dBc for the A configuration for a -10 dBm input, so a -20 dBm RF input creates a spur that is (2-1) x (-10 dB) dB lower, or 72 dBc.

Typical Downconversion Spurious Suppression (dBc): A Configuration (B Configuration), Sine Wave LO [5]

-10 dBm RF Input	0xLO	1xLO	2xLO	3xLO	4xLO	5xLO
1xRF	27 (30)	Reference	33 (41)	18 (13)	35 (43)	25 (28)
2xRF	72 (69)	62 (61)	62 (67)	63 (66)	66 (72)	71 (72)
3xRF	107 (102)	74 (80)	95 (95)	78 (84)	96 (102)	79 (87)
4xRF	155 (152)	88 (123)	123 (124)	119 (126)	117 (127)	120 (127)
5xRF	174 (172)	138 (142)	148 (152)	136 (146)	146 (152)	143 (149)

Upconversion Spurious Suppression

Spurious data is taken by mixing a 3 GHz IF with LO frequencies (±mLO±nIF), which creates an RF within the 5 to 30 GHz RF band. The mixer is swept across the full spurious output band and the mean is calculated. The numbers shown in the table below are for a -10 dBm IF input. Spurious suppression is scaled for different IF input power levels by (n-1), where "n" is the IF spur order. For example, the 2IFx1LO spur is typically 62 dBc for the A configuration for a -10 dBm input, so a -20 dBm IF input creates a spur that is (2-1) x (-10 dB) dB lower, or 72 dBc.

Typical Upconversion Spurious Suppression (dBc): A Configuration (B Configuration), Sine Wave LO [5]

-10 dBm IF Input	0xLO	1xLO	2xLO	3xLO	4xLO	5xLO
1xIF	30 (34)	Reference	34 (34)	13 (12)	35 (35)	23 (20)
2xIF	77 (73)	62 (62)	63 (62)	63 (67)	72 (69)	59 (65)
3xIF	109 (110)	89 (90)	100 (103)	82 (87)	96 (107)	82 (85)
4xIF	126 (122)	113 (119)	115 (119)	120 (125)	124 (125)	113 (125)
5xIF	145 (154)	130 (140)	141 (152)	132 (148)	141 (145)	124 (139)