

Features

- MoCA Compliant Front-End GaAs IC
- Linear Power Amplifier
- Integrated PA Bias Control
- PA Power Down Mode
- Transmit/Receive Switch
- Transmit Power Detector
- 0/3 dB Transmit Attenuator
- 0/15 dB Receive Attenuator
- 3.3 Volt Single Bias
- Integrated Digital Control Logic
- Compatible with EN2512 & EN2552
- Lead-free 3 mm 16-lead PQFN Package
- RoHS* Compliant
- 50 Ω Characteristic Impedance

Description

The XZ1004-QT is an integrated front end GaAs IC for MoCA mid-band RF applications which is fully compatible with Entropic Communications chipset. It is housed in an industry standard 3 mm PQFN package and operates from a single 3.3 V bias. The chip includes a power amplifier, transmit/receive switch, power detector, switched attenuators, bias circuits and digital control circuitry. The transmit path includes a 3 dB switched attenuator and power detector for gain adjustment and linearity optimization. A switched attenuator in the receiver provides a 15 dB gain step. The integrated bias circuit stabilizes transmit amplifier performance over temperature and process variation with power down functionality and optional bias adjustment. The device typically delivers 20 dBm at P1dB and +34 dBm OIP3 across the operating temperature range. The digital inputs control all circuit operating modes and are compatible with Entropic's MoCA chipsets.

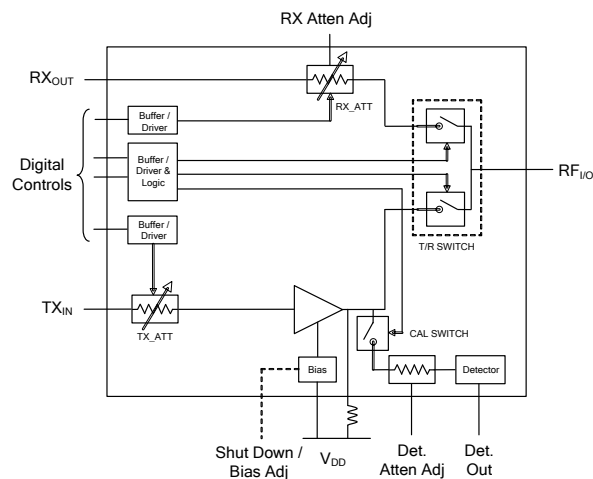
Ordering Information^{1,2}

Part Number	Package
XZ1004-QT-0G0T	Tape and Reel
XZ1004-QT-EV1	Sample Test Board

1. Reference Application Note M513 for reel size information.
2. All sample boards include 5 loose parts.

* Restrictions on Hazardous Substances, European Union Directive 2011/65/EU.

Functional Block Diagram



Pin Configuration

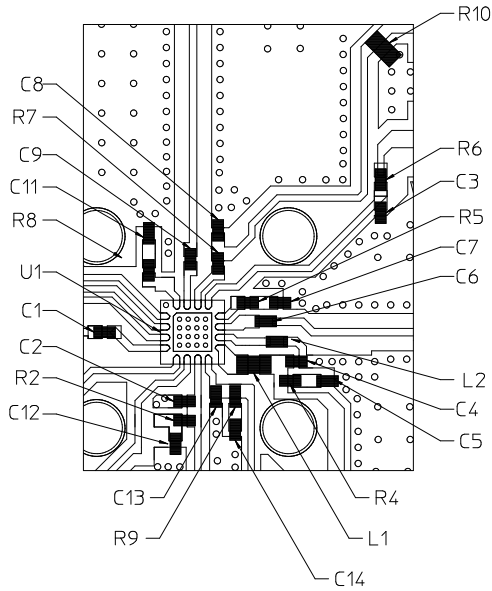
Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	RX_ATT	9	VD1
2	TX_RX	10	L_OP
3	CAL	11	I_O
4	TX_IN	12	DET_ATT
5	TX_ATT	13	VD3
6	PWR_DWN	14	VDET
7	VD2	15	RX_OUT
8	BIAS_ADJ	16	RX_ADJ
		17	Paddle ³

3. The exposed pad centered on the package bottom must be connected to RF and DC ground.

Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	RX_ATT	Digital input. A logic high input voltage enables the 15 dB receive attenuator.
2	TX_RX	Digital input. A logic high voltage selects transmit mode, logic low selects receive mode.
3	CAL	Digital input. A logic high selects calibration mode (transmit amplifier output is diverted into the power detector). This pin overrides the TX_RX control input.
4	TX_IN	Transmit RF input (50 Ω).
5	TX_ATT	Digital input. A logic low input voltage enables the 3 dB transmit attenuator.
6	PWR_DWN	Digital input. A logic low input voltage reduces the I_{D1} current.
7	VD2	Bias supply.
8	BIAS_ADJ	Bias adjustment of transmit amplifier using pull-up/down resistor (normally connected to V_{DD}).
9	VD1	Amplifier bias supply.
10	L_OP	External inductor connected to this pin sets the transmit return loss and linearity levels.
11	I_O	RF input in the receive mode and RF output in the transmit mode (50 Ω).
12	DET_ATT	External RC network connected to this pin sets the power detector sensitivity.
13	VD3	Detector bias supply.
14	VDET	Power detector output voltage. Used during calibration mode to measure output power.
15	RX_OUT	Receive RF output (50 Ω).
16	RX_ADJ	External RC network connected to this pin sets the receive attenuator gain step.

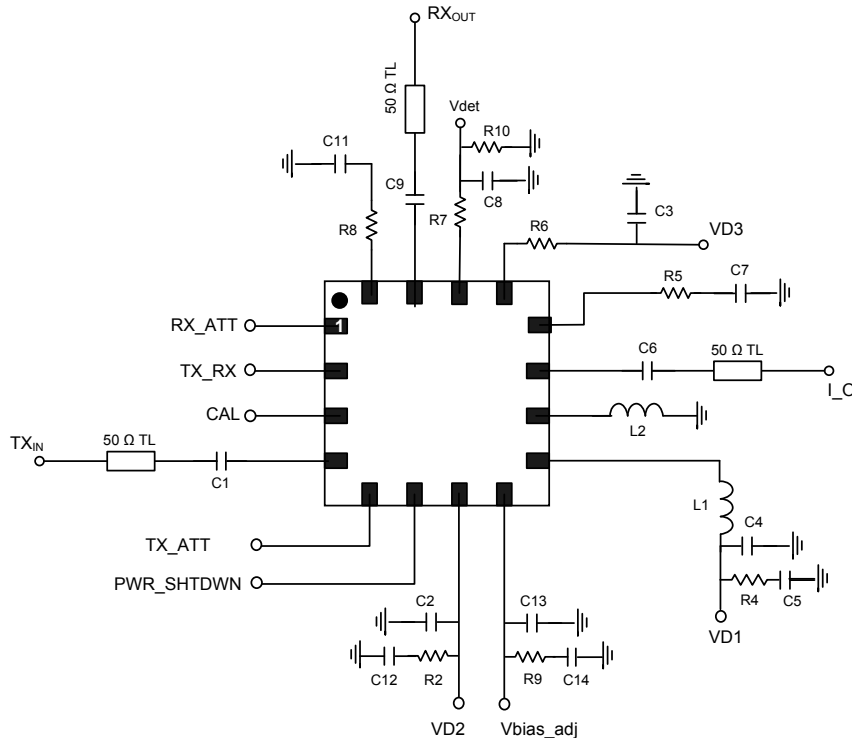
Evaluation Board Layout



Component Values

Component	Value	Package
R2, R4, R9	3.3 Ω	0402
R5	100 Ω	0402
R6	0 Ω	0402
R7	2 k Ω	0402
R8	5.6 Ω	0402
R10	100 k Ω	0603
L1	68 nH	0603
L2	8.2 nH	0402
C1 - C4, C6, C7, C9, C13	100 pF	0402
C5, C12, C14	0.1 μ F	0402
C8	470 pF	0402
C11	33 pF	0402

Evaluation Board Schematic



DC Specifications

Parameter	Units	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Supply Voltage (V_{DD})	V	3.13	3.3	3.47
Supply Current (I_{DD})	mA	—	200	265
Supply Current (I_{D1})	mA	—	185	—
Supply Current (I_{D2})	mA	—	12	—
Supply Current (I_{D3})	mA	—	2.2	—
Supply Current (I_{bias_adj})	mA	—	2.5	—
Supply Current Power Shut Down State (I_{DD})	mA	—	8	—
Logic Low (L)	V	-0.5	0	0.2
Logic High (H)	V	1.2	3.3	3.47
Logic Low Current	mA	-0.5	—	1
Logic High Current	mA	-0.5	—	1

Absolute Maximum Ratings^{4,5}

Parameter	Absolute Max.
Supply Voltage (V_{DD}) to Ground	+7 V
V_{DD} to any other V_{DD}	+7 V
All other pins to ground	+6 V
Power Dissipation (P_{diss})	1.0 W
Operating Temperature (T_a)	-40°C to +85°C
Operating Humidity Range	0% to 95% non-condensing
Storage Temperature (T_{stg})	-55°C to +150°C
Storage Humidity Range	0% to 100% non-condensing
Junction Temperature	150°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case ⁶	53°C/W
ESD (HBM)	Class 0
ESD (HBM), I_O, TX_IN & RX_OUT	Class 1A
Lead Temperature (soldering)	Refer to App Note S2083
RF Input Power @ pin 4 (TX_IN)	10 dBm
RF Input Power @ pin 11 (I_O)	20 dBm

4. Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.

5. MACOM does not recommend sustained operation above these survivability limits.

4 6. Thermal Resistance is calculated using XZ1004-QT-EV1 evaluation sample board.

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Digital Control Specifications

Operating Mode	Control Inputs				
	CAL	TX_RX	TX_ATT	RX_ATT	PWR_DWN
TX Gain 1 (0 dB attenuation), GT1	L	H	H	L/H	H
TX Gain 2 (3 dB attenuation), GT2	L	H	L	L/H	H
CAL	H	L/H	L/H	L/H	H
RX Gain 1 (0 dB attenuation), GR1	L	L	L/H	L	H
RX Gain 2 (15 dB attenuation), GR2	L	L	L/H	H	H
Power Shut Down	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L

Receive Specifications:

Freq = 475 - 625 MHz, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.13 - 3.47\text{ V}$, $Z_0 = 50\ \Omega$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Units	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Receive Gain 1 (RX_ATT = L)	—	dB	-1.2	-0.8	—
Receive Gain 2 (RX_ATT = H)	—	dB	-17	-15.8	-14.5
Receive Gain Step Difference	Gain 1, Gain 2	dB	14.4	15	15.8
Pass Band Ripple	Over Any 50 MHz	dB	—	0.5	—
Switch Time	50% Control to 10/90% RF, Gain 1 or 2 to Gain 2 or 1	ns	—	—	100
Noise Figure	Exclusive of Receive Added Noise Gain 1 Gain 2	dB	—	1.0 16.7	1.44 17.9
Receive Added Noise	Noise Contribution from Amplifier Output to RX_OUT In Gain 1	dBm/Hz	—	—	-177
Input Return Loss	—	dB	11	15	—
Output Return Loss	—	dB	11	15	—
Input Third Order Intercept Point	RX Power In = 0 dBm, 10 MHz spacing Gain 1, Gain 2	dBm	28	30	—
Input P1dB	Gain 1, Gain 2	dBm	16	—	—

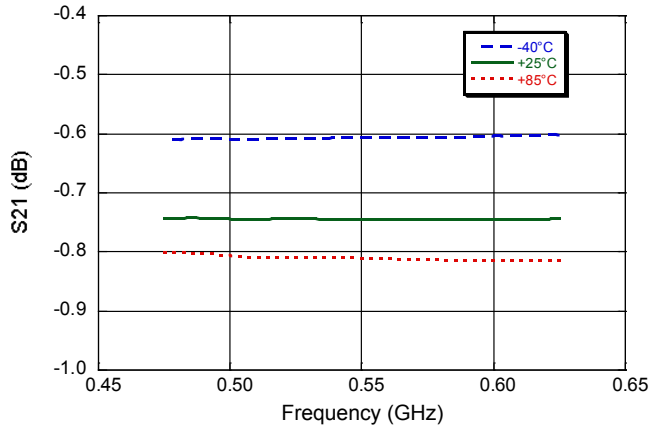
Transmit Specifications:

Freq = 475 - 625 MHz, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, V_{DD} = 3.13 - 3.47 V, Z₀ = 50 Ω

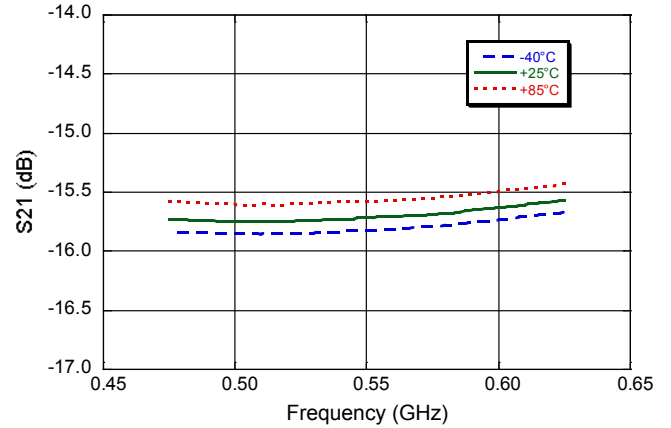
Parameter	Test Conditions	Units	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Transmit Gain 1 (TX_ATT = H)	-40°C to +85°C, 475 MHz -40°C to +85°C, 625 MHz	dB	16.5 15.5	18.5 17.5	20.5 19.5
Transmit Gain 2 (TX_ATT = L)	-40°C to +85°C, 475 MHz -40°C to +85°C, 625 MHz	dB	13.5 12.5	15.5 14.5	17.5 16.5
Transmit Gain Step Difference	Gain 1, Gain 2	dB	2.5	3.0	3.5
Pass Band Ripple	Over Any 50 MHz	dB	—	0.5	—
Input Return Loss	—	dB	9	11	—
Output Return Loss	—	dB	11	15	—
Output Third Order Intercept Point	TX Power Out =+ 7 dBm, 10 MHz spacing -40°C +25°C +85°C	dBm	30.7 30.0 29.0	42.5 38.5 34.5	—
Output P1dB	-40°C +25°C +85°C	dBm	19.2 18.5 17.0	22.0 21.5 20.5	—
PA Output to RX Output Isolation	TX Mode (TX_RX=H; CAL=L; RX_ATT=L) Calibration Mode (CAL=H)	dB	24 30	—	38 40
PA Output to I_O Isolation	Calibration Mode (CAL=H)	dB	22	—	—
Power Detector Min Output Voltage (No TX Output Power)	Detector Output Load 100 kΩ -40°C +25°C +85°C	mV	405 425 445	—	—
Power Detector CW Output Voltage	Detector Output Load 100 kΩ TX Power Out = +3.3 dBm TX Power Out = +7.0 dBm	mV	600 734	675 814	750 894
Power Detector Delta Voltage	Detector Output Load 100 kΩ TX Power Out = +3.3 dBm, +25°C & 3.3 V TX Power Out = +7.0 dBm, +25°C & 3.3 V	mV	241 369	256 392	271 416
Power Detector Video Bandwidth	—	MHz	—	50	—
Power Detector Switch Time	Detector Output Load 100 kΩ 50% Control to 10/90% RF	ns	—	—	150
Noise Figure	Gain 1 Gain 2	dB	—	—	6 9
Spurious (2nd Harmonics)	TX Power Out = +7 dBm	dBm	—	-38	-30
Spurious (All Others)	TX Power Out = +7 dBm	dBm	—	-60	-50

Typical Performance Curves Receive Path (RX)

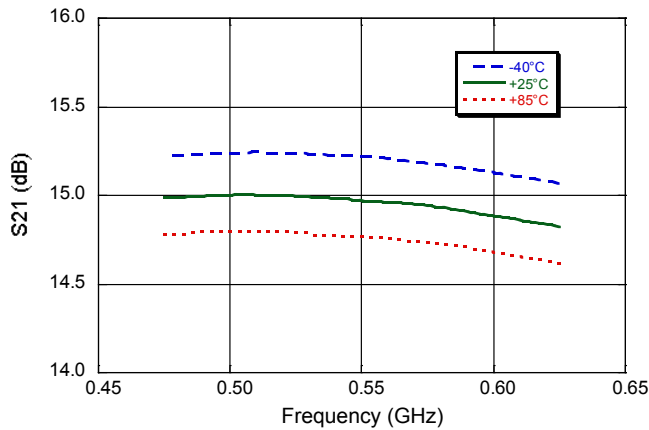
Gain - RX1



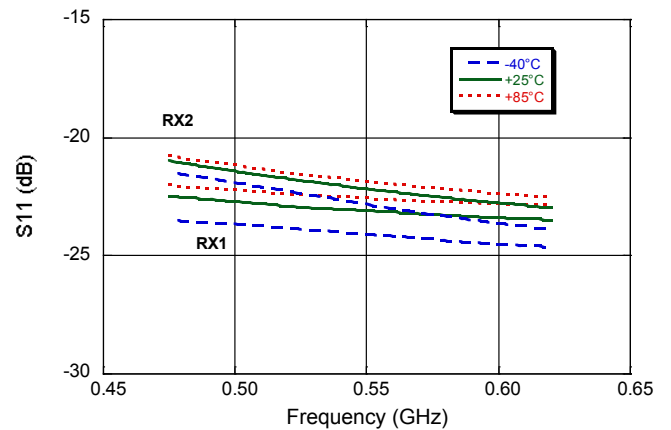
Gain - RX2



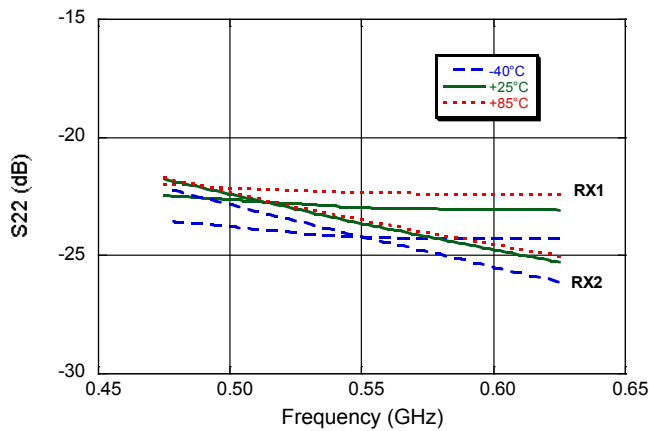
Gain - Step Difference



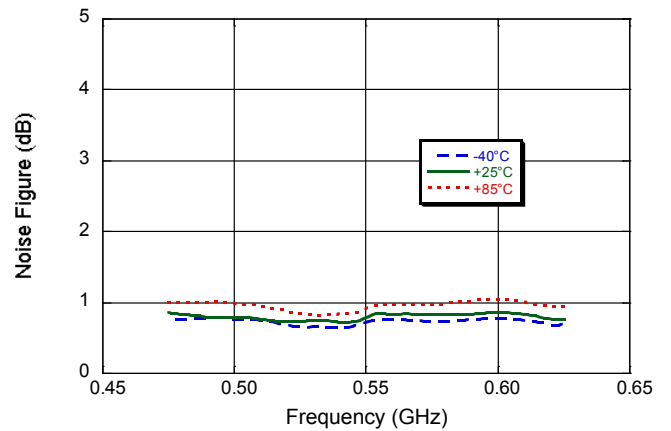
Input Return Loss



Output Return Loss

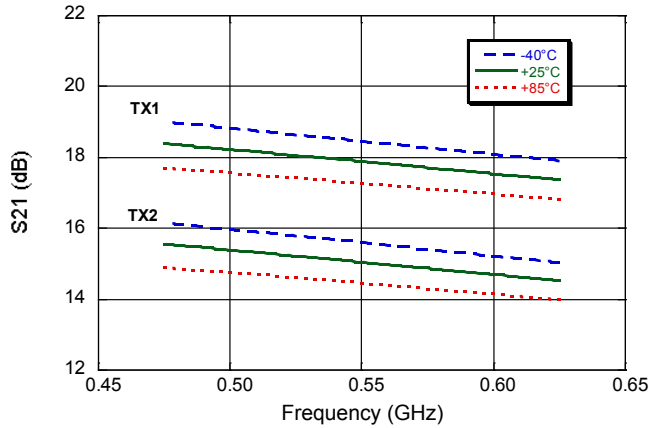


Noise Figure _RX1

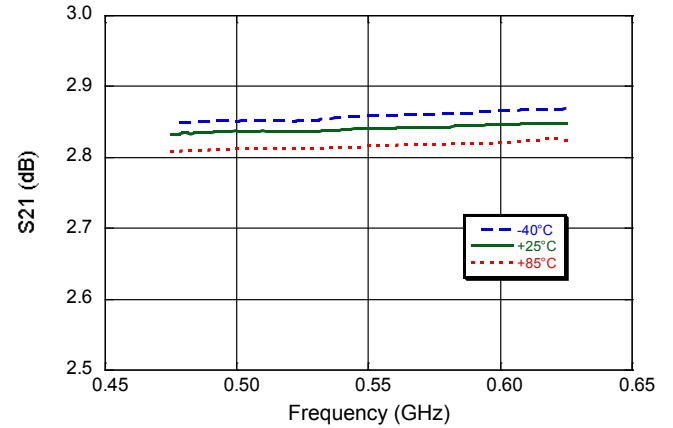


Typical Performance Curves Transmit Path (TX)

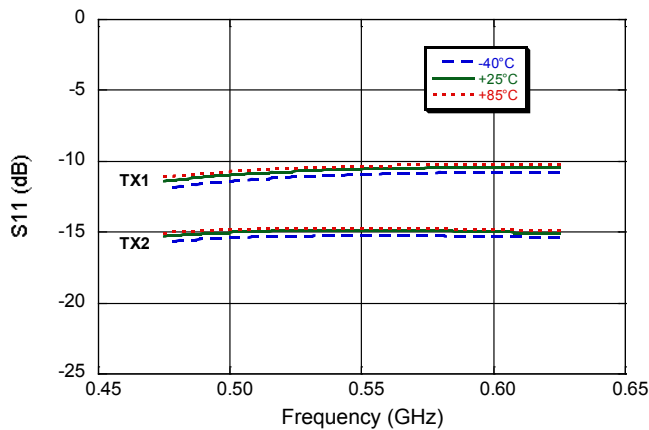
Gain



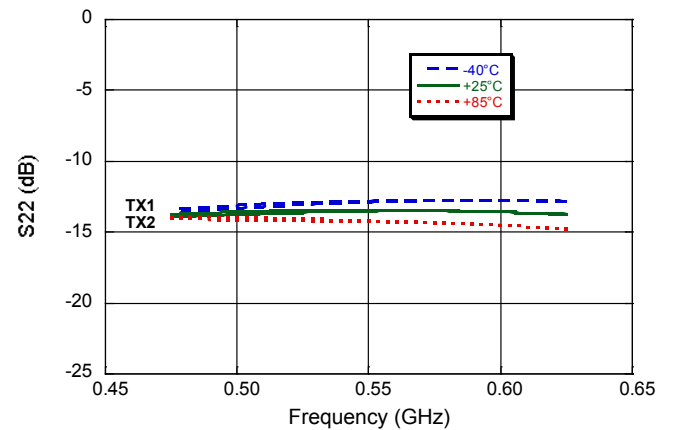
Gain - Step Difference



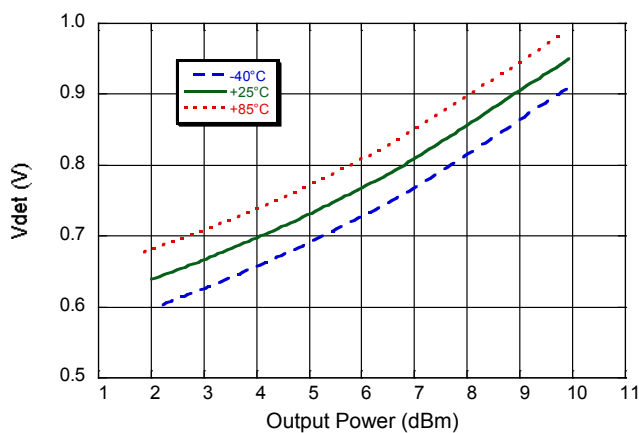
Input Return Loss



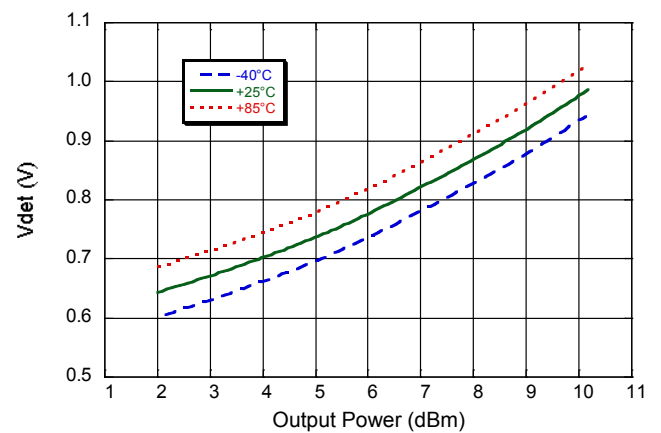
Output Return Loss



Voltage Detector @ 475 MHz

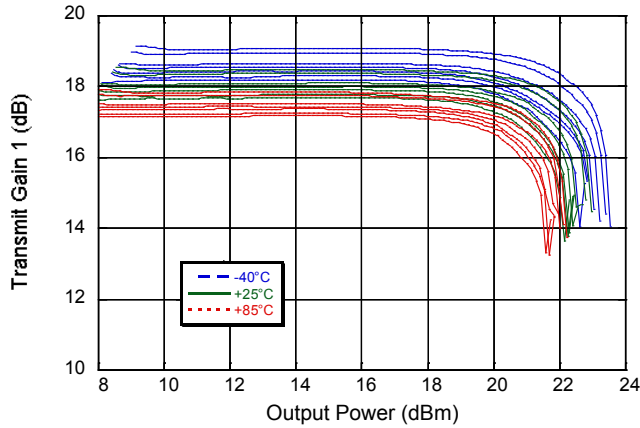


Voltage Detector @ 625 MHz

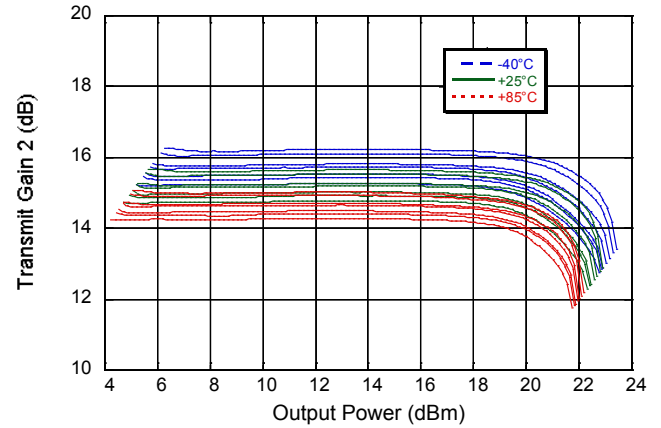


Typical Performance Curves Transmit Path (TX)

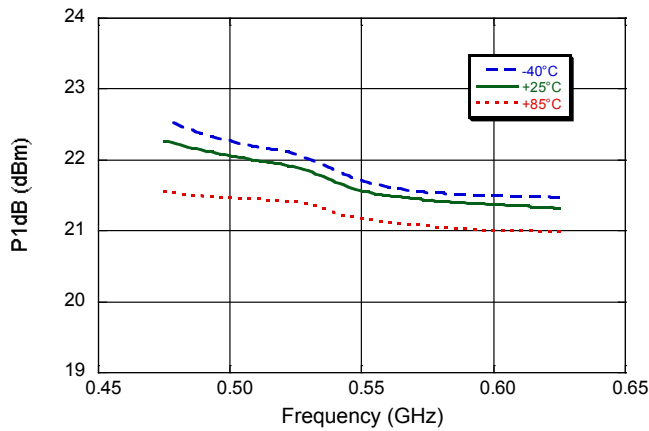
Gain_TX1



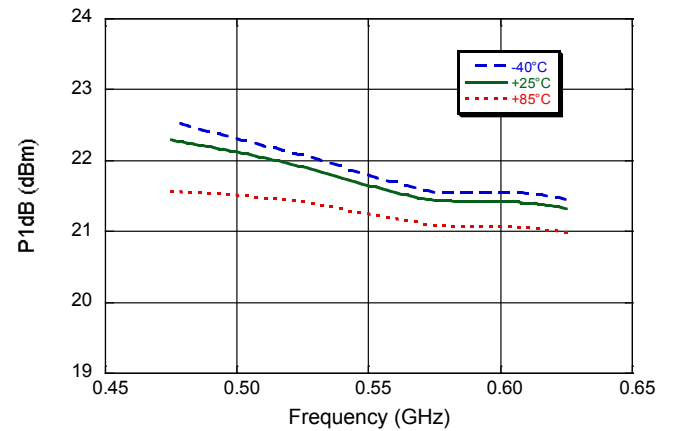
Gain_TX2



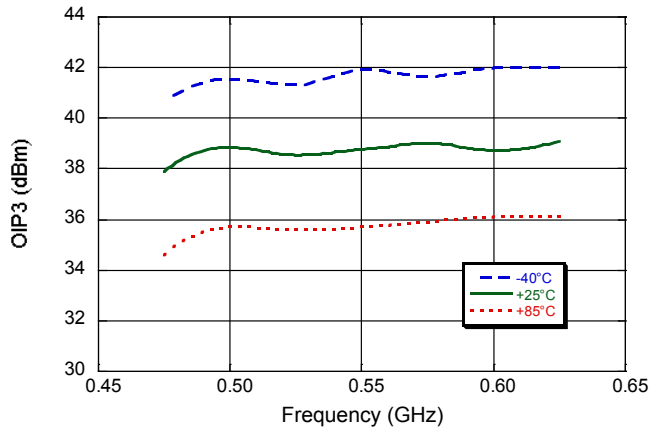
P1dB_TX1



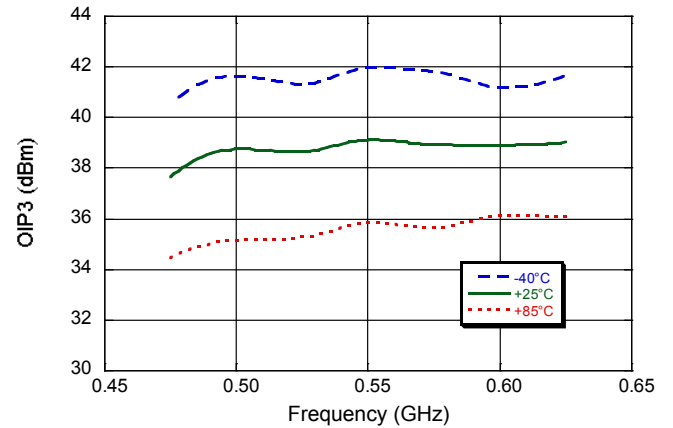
P1dB_TX2



Output IP3_TX1

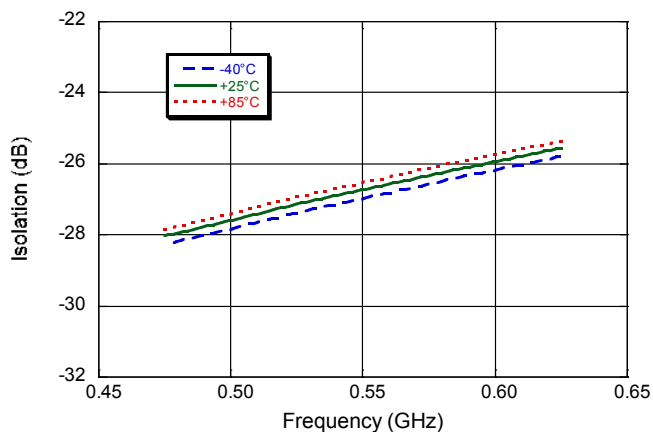


Output IP3_TX2

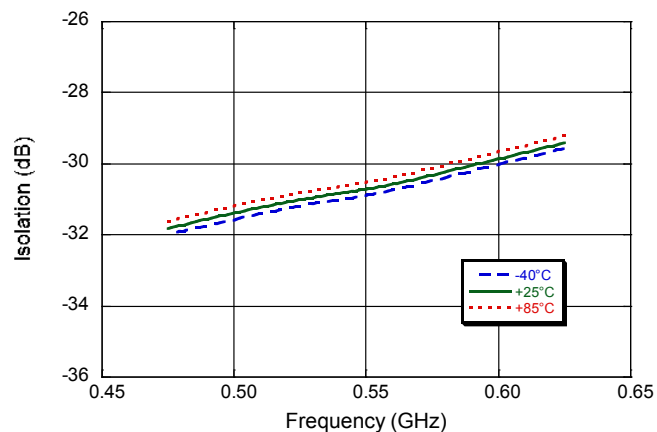


Typical Performance Curves

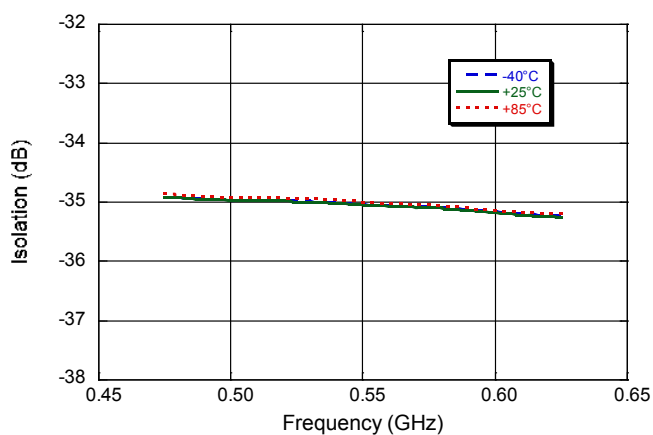
Isolation PA to IO in Cal Mode



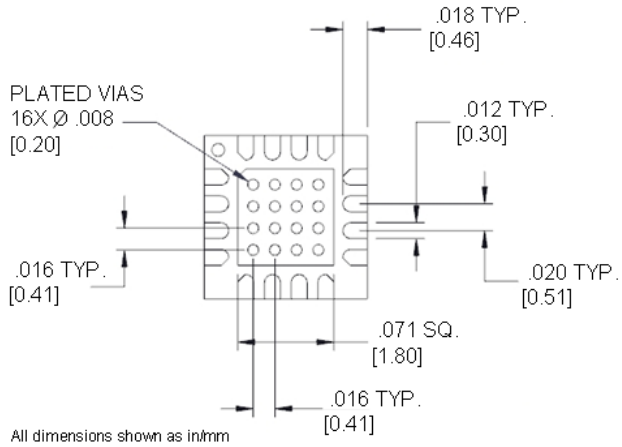
Isolation PA to RX in TX Mode



Isolation PA to RX in Cal Mode



PCB Land Pattern



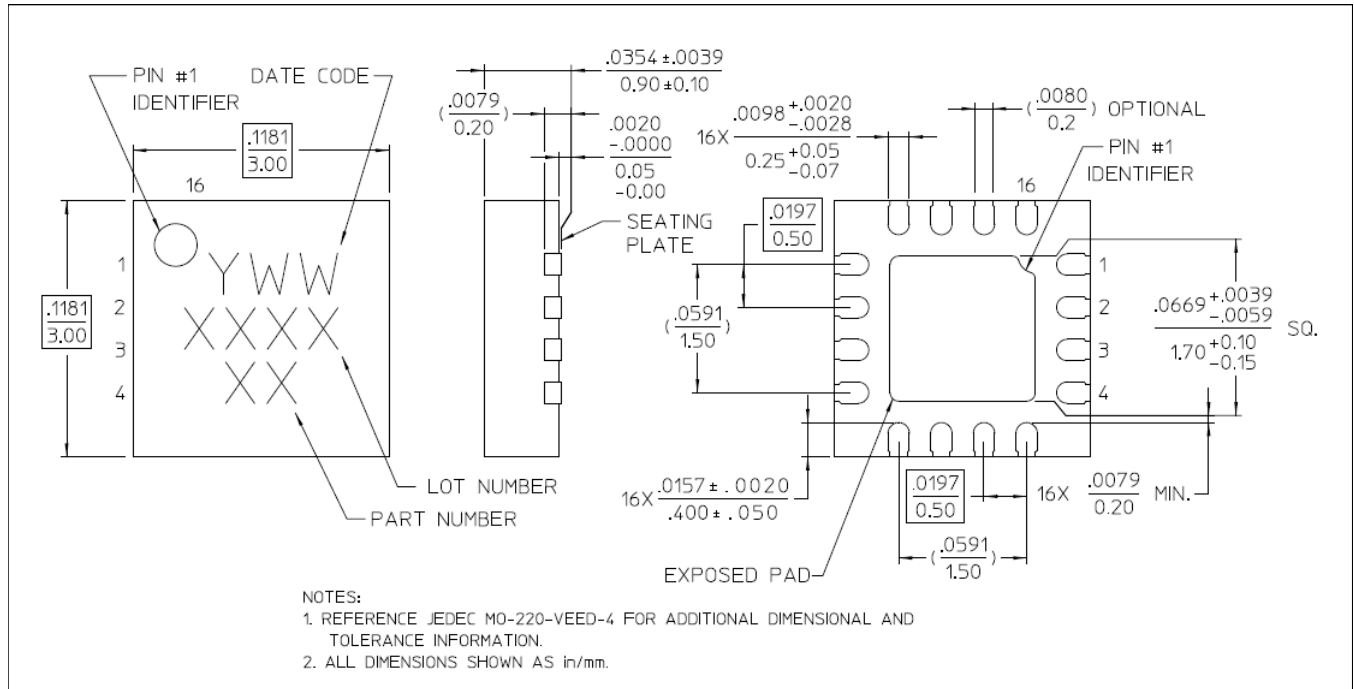
Handling Procedures

Please observe the following precautions to avoid damage:

Static Sensitivity

Gallium Arsenide Integrated Circuits are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) and can be damaged by static electricity. Proper ESD control techniques should be used when handling these devices.

Lead-Free 3 mm 16-Lead PQFN[†]



[†] Reference Application Note S2083 for lead-free solder reflow recommendations and PCB footprint information.
Meets JEDEC moisture sensitivity level 1 requirements.
Plating is 100% matte tin over copper.